

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
CAUTION**

CAUSE IRRITATION OF EYES AND SKIN. DO NOT GET IN EYES. AVOID CONTACT WITH SKIN AND CLOTHING. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.

Do not store near food, fertilizer or seeds.
Do not contaminate water used for irrigation, domestic or spray purposes.
Keep containers closed when not in use, and do not re-use for other purposes.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

WARNING—Extreme care must be used when applying 2,4-D to prevent injuring desirable plants and crops. 2,4-D should not be used in susceptible crops such as cotton, tomatoes, vegetables, grapes, fruit trees, soybeans, tobacco, or beans. Do not allow spray mist to drift onto such plants. Since even minute quantities of spray may cause severe injury. Use low pressures when spraying to produce coarse sprays which are less likely to drift.

Do not use in greenhouses.
Large amounts of 2,4-D in the soil may temporarily inhibit seed germination.
Do not use in any manner other than recommended on the label to avoid possible crop injury or residues at harvest.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Store above 25°F. to keep from freezing.
If allowed to freeze, warm to 70°F. and redissolve before using by rolling or shaking the container.

GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is an amine salt formulation useful for the selective control of certain broadleaved annual and perennial weeds in rice, small grains, corn, rice, pastures, turf, and in non-crop areas. CLEAN CROP Amine 4 Weed Killer is suitable for both hard and soft water. It is equally adaptable for use in low gallonage equipment (5 to 20 gallons per acre), or high-volume equipment. Agitation is helpful to assure uniform mixing, but not necessary after the product has been completely dissolved.

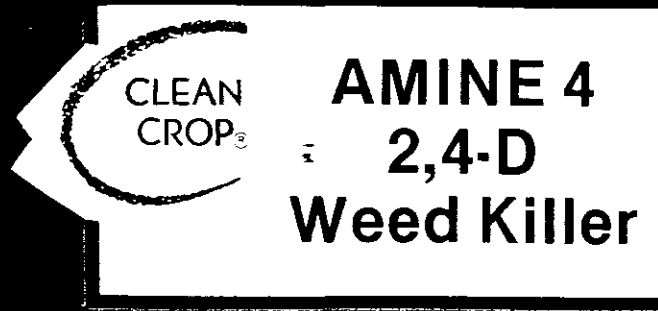
The recommended rates for specific crops should be considered as general. Consult your state agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialist for local recommendations regarding dosages, method of application and timing of sprays. When used in food crops, do not apply after edible portion of crop has begun to form. Use of this product may be governed in certain areas by local regulations. CLEAN CROP Amine 4 Weed Killer produces best results when applied to weeds growing rapidly. Lack of moisture may cause less effective control. Thorough coverage is important. Some perennial weeds may require repeat treatment for control. Treat such weeds at bud stage if this occurs during periods when crops are not readily susceptible.

SUSCEPTIBLE WEEDS

| | | |
|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Alligator Weed | Marsh Elder | Ragweed |
| Arrowweed | Mustard | Shepherd's Purse |
| Buckhorn | Morning glory | Sunflower |
| Cardenweed | Kochia | Pigweed |
| Cockspur | Wild Carrot | |
| Dandelion | Prickly Lettuce | |

WEEDS MORE DIFFICULT TO KILL

| | | |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| Bindweed | Cottonwood | Whitewort |
| Buckweed | Hemp | Hoary Cress |
| Blueweed | Horse Nettle | Wild Onion |
| Buckbrush | Indigo | Willows |
| Canada thistle | Klamath Weed | Sheep Sorrel |



For selective weed control in small grains, corn, sugar cane, pastures, rice, turf and non-crop areas.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:
* Dimethylamine salt of 2,4-Dichloro-phenoxyacetic acid. 46.5%
INERT INGREDIENTS: 53.5%
100.0%

* Equivalent to 38.6% 2,4-D acid or 3.8 pounds per gallon.
* Isomer specific by AOAC Method No. 6.D01-5.

**Keep Out Of Reach Of Children
CAUTION**

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT
In case of contact, flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention. Wash skin with plenty of soap and water.

SEE SIDE PANELS
FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

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NET CONTENTS _____ U.S. GALLONS

EPA REG. NO. 34704-5

ACCEPTED
OCT 23 1980
Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 34704-5

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROHIBITIONS: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.
PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide spray mixture or rinsate that cannot be used or chemically processed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticides or buried in a safe place away from water supplies.
CONTAINER DISPOSAL: (a) Reseal container and offer for reconditioning, or (b) Triple rinse (or equivalent) and offer for recycling, reconditioning, or disposal in approved landfill, or bury in a safe place.
GENERAL: Consult federal, state or local disposal authorities for approved alternative procedures.

DIRECTIONS

SMALL GRAINS (Wheat, Oats, Barley, Rye)—Use 1/2 to 1 pint 2,4-D Amine Weed Killer per acre for annual and biennial weeds such as Ragweed, Mustard, Lambsquarter or Pigweed. Apply when crop is 6 inches tall, after the plants are well tillered, or after the bloom stage. Consult your state agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialist for exceptions on oats. For perennial weeds use 1 to 1 1/2 pints when weeds are in the pre-bloom stage but avoid application when crop is in the boot or dough stage. Fall planted grains should not be treated until the following spring when the crop is fully tillered and before the bud stage. Do not use on grain underseeded with legumes. Do not forage or graze treated grain fields within 2 weeks after treatment with 2,4-D. Do not feed treated straw to livestock.

CORN—For controlling susceptible annual or perennial weeds, apply not more than 1/2 to 1 pint per acre. If crop is 8 inches or taller, avoid application of 2,4-D to the growing point. Use drop nozzles and direct spray near base of the crop. Do not use after tassels appear. Different varieties may vary in susceptibility to 2,4-D. Do not use 2,4-D on corn grown for the production of hybrid seed. Consult your state agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialist for specific recommendations. Avoid cultivating soon after treating when corn may be brittle.

SORGHUM—Apply 1/2 to 1 pint per acre. Crop is most tolerant to 2,4-D when 4 to 12 inches tall. Use drop nozzles when crop is over 10 inches high. Do not use when plants are less than 3 inches tall, or after 12 inches tall. Do not apply during flowering or early dough stage. Consult your state agricultural experiment station or extension service weed specialist for specific recommendations.

PASTURES, LAWNS, GOLF COURSES AND SIMILAR TURF—Apply 2 pints of CLEAN CROP 2,4-D Amine Weed Killer per acre in sufficient water to produce good coverage. For small areas, use 1 tablespoon per gallon of water. Do not apply to newly seeded areas until grass has become well established. Do not use on bent or other creeping grasses. Clovers or other legumes may be injured by 2,4-D, especially during hot summer weather. Avoid spraying grains or seed grasses when in the blossoming or pollinating stage. Spray or vapors from this product may injure Dichondra. Do not graze treated areas by dairy animals within 7 days after treatment.

RICE—Use 1 to 2 pints of 2,4-D Amine Weed Killer in 5 to 7 gallons of water per acre. Treat only when rice is well established—6 to 8 inches above water. Water should be at least 3 inches deep everywhere in the field. Resistant weeds such as Curly Indigo may require 3 pints. 2,4-D Amine Weed Killer per acre. Do not treat if temperatures are over 90°F. Do not treat after seed stalks emerge.

SUGAR CANE—For controlling Tie Vine, Alligator Weed, and other susceptible weeds, use 1 to 2 quarts per acre when cane is 1 to 2 feet tall.

NON-CROP AREAS, such as fence-rows and drainage ditch banks—Use 1 to 2 quarts CLEAN CROP 2,4-D Amine Weed Killer per acre in sufficient water to obtain good coverage of foliage. Deep rooted broadleaved perennials may require 3 quarts per acre, with repeat treatments made as necessary.

TREE INJECTION—To kill undesirable trees for timber stand improvement use undiluted in an acceptable tree injection at the rate of 1 cc per injection. Inject around the tree at 6 inches or less above the ground line. Injection spacing should be 2 1/2 inches apart or less.

NOTICE

Platte Chemical Co. warrants that this material conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the directions for use. This product is sold subject to the understanding that the buyer assumes all risks of use or handling which may result in loss or damage which are beyond the control of the seller, such as for example incompatibility with other products, the manner of use or application, or the presence of other products or materials in or on the soil or crop. Platte Chemical Co. makes no other express or implied warranty of fitness or merchantability. The exclusive remedy of the buyer or user, and the limit of the liability of Platte Chemical Co. or any other seller, for any and all losses, injuries or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product shall be the purchase price paid by the user or buyer for the quantity of this product involved. The buyer and all users are deemed to have accepted the terms of this notice, which may not be varied by any verbal or written agreement.



FORMULATED FOR

PLATTE CHEMICAL CO., Inc.
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