Field and garden seeds can be protected against the above grain pests with a dosage of 1/2 pt. of Malathion 55 Premium Grade in 1 to 2's gallons of water per 500 bu, of seed.

To protect stored grains from attack by Indian meal moth, apply Malathion 55 Premium Grade to the surface of clean or uninfested grain at the rate of % pt. in 1 to 2 gallons of water per 1000 sq. ft. of grain surface area. Apply the spray eventy Over the surface of the grain. Apply immediately after grain is loaded into storage and repeat if necessary

For a residual wall, floor, and machinery spray in grain elevators, in treating truck beds, box cars and ships' holds before loading grain, apply 1 gatten of Malathion 55 Premium Grade per 25 gallons of water making thorough application, Before applying spray, clean elevators, box cars, etc. thoroughly. Remove and burn all sweepings and debris.

DIRECTIONS FOR CROPUSE

Begin applications when insects first appear and repeat as required. Full coverage is essential for control. Observe days interval between last application and harvest indicated by the number in () following the cron-

When applying this material by aircraft, mix the required amount with sufficient water to provide a minimum of 1 gal-Ion finished spray per acre. Care should be taken that this material is not allowed to drift onto neighboring crop or non-

FRUIT: AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED ARE AMOUNTS TO USE PER 100 GALLONS OF WATER APPLY AT PETAL FALL AND EVERY 10 to 14 DAYS THEREAFTER UNTIL CONTROL IS ACHIEVED.

APPLES (3): Wooly Aphid, Bud Moth, Forbes Scale - use 1 pt. Green Apple Aphld, Rosy Apple Aphld - use 1% pt. Mealy bug, Spider Mites - use 1 to 2 pts. Codling Moth, Plum Curculio, Red banded Leafroller - use 2 pts. Applications of this material may cause injury on McIntosh and related varieties of apples.

PEARS (1): Spider Mites, Pear Psylla, Mealybugs - use 1 to 2 pts. Codling Moth, Plum Curculio, Fruit Tree Leafroller. Red banded Leafroller - use 2 pts. Applications may cause injury to Bosc pears under certain conditions.

PEACHES (7): Oriental Fruit Moth, Plum Curculio

PLUMS (3); PRUNES (3): Meaty Plum Aphid - use 1 pt.

SMALL FRUIT, VEGETABLES ORNAMENTALS. FIELD CROPS: AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED ARE AMOUNTS TO USE PER ACRE IN SUFFICIENT WATER TO COVER.

BLACKBERRY (1): BOYSENBERRY (1): DEWBERRY (1): LOGANBERRY (1): RASPBERRY (1): Japanese Beetle. Leafhopper, Thrips, Mites - use 1½ pts.

CRANBERRY (3): Leathopper, Black-Headed Fireworms, Spittlebug Nymph, Cranberry Fruitworm - use 1½ pts. Do not apply close to or during the bloom and berry-set period. Do not apply when foliage is wet,

GRAPES (3): Spider Mites, Mealybugs - use 1% pts. Applications may cause injury to Ribier grapes.

STRAWBERRY (3): Spider Mites, Aphids - use 11/2 pts. Thrins - use 1½ to 3 pts.

BEANS (1): Spider Mites, Mexican Bean Beetle - use 1½ pts. BEETS (7): BRUSSELS SPROUTS (7): Aphids - use 1 to

CABBAGE (7); KALE (7); MUSTARD (7); CAULIFLOWER (7); BRCCCOLI (3); TURNIP (3): Aphids, Imported Cabbageworm, Cabbage Looper - use 1 to 2 pts.

CELERY (7): Spider Mites, Aphids - use 1% pts.

CUCUMBER (1); MELON (1); SQUASH (1): Spider Mite, Aphids - use 1½ pts. Do not apply unless plants are dry. EGGPLANT (3): Spider Mite, Aphids - use 1 pt. Lacebug use 3 pts

LETTUCE (LEAF 14) (HEAD 7): Aphids, leafhopper -- use 2 nts

ONIONS: Thrips - use 1½ pts. Do not apply on green onions within 3 days of harvest

PEAS (3): Pea Aphid - use 1½ pts. per acre. Pea Weevil use 1% to 2 pts, per acre. For Pea Weevil apply during early bloom before eggs are oviposited. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest if forage will be fed to livestock.

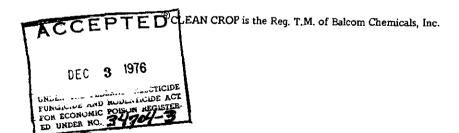
PEPPERS (3); SPINACH (7): Aphids - use 1 pt

TOMATOES (1): Aphids - use 2 pts. Spider Mites - use

ALFALFA, CLOVER: Grasshoppers, Aphids, Leafhoppers, Mites, Alfalfa Weevil Larvae, Clover Leaf Weevil - use 1% to 2 pts, per acre. Do not apply when plants are in bloom, BARLEY (7); OATS (7); RYE (7); WHEAT (7): Armyworm

- use 2 pts. per acre. English Grain Aphids, Greenbug - use

ORNAMENTALS: Aphids, Spider Mites, Whitefly, Mealybugs, Thrips, Japanese Beetle Adults, Scurfy Scale, Four-Lines Leaf Bug, Tarnished Plant Bug, Rose Leafhopper, European Pine Shoot Moth - use 11/2 pts. Birch Leafminer, Boxwood Leafminer, Bagworms, Tent Caterpillar, Azalea Scale, Pine Leaf Scale, Magnolia Scale, Oak Kermes, Fletcher Scale use 2 pts. Monterey Pine Scale, Soft Scales - use 2% pts. Pine Needle Scale - use 4 pts. Use of this material may cause injury on certain ferns, including Boston Maidenhair and Pteris, as well as on some species of Crassula and Canaerti





ACTIVE INGREDIENTS: MALATHION* 55.21% AROMATIC PETROLEUM DERIVATIVE ... 39.79% INERT INGREDIENTS 5.00% 100.00%



*0,8-dimethyl phosphorodithioate of diethyl mercapotosuccinate.

Contains 5 pounds of Malathion per gallon.

CAUTION KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Harmful if swallowed. Avoid breathing of spray mist. 'Avoid'contact with skin; wash thoroughly after using. Avoid contamination of feed and foodstuffs. Do not use treated seed for food, feed or oil purposes.

WARNING! FLAMMABLE KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT AND OPEN PLAME KEEP CONTAINER CLOSED LEAKING PACKAGES SHOULD BE REMOVED TO A SAFE PLACE. Do not store at temperatures below be F. EPA REG. NO. 34704-3 Net Contents ___

DIRECTIONS FOR LIVESTOCK USE

Apply as a complete coverage spray. Begin 2 weeks intervals if needed. Observe use limitations. Avoid contamination of feed, food containers and water troughs.

CATTLE (BEEF AND NON-MILKING): Lice - use 1 gallon per 100 gallons of water or 61/2 ounces per 5 gallons of water. One treatment may be sufficient. Repeat only if needed. Ticks - use 1 to 2 gallons per 100-gallons of water or 61/2 to 13 ounces per 5 gallons of water. Hornflies - use 1 to 1½ gallons per 100 gallons of water or 6% to 10 ounces per 5 gallons of water. Do not treat calves under 1 month of age. Do not apply to factating dairy animals, or to nonfactating dairy animals within 2 weeks of freshening. HOGS: Lice - use 1 gallon per 100 gallons of water or 6½ ounces per 5 gattons of water. Spray animals, pens and litter. One treatment may be sufficient. Repeat only if needed.

SHEEP, GOATS: Lice, Ticks, Keds - use 1 gallon per 100 gallons of water or 6½ ounces per 5 gallons of water. Spray animals thoroughly. Repeat application after 2 or 3 weeks if needed. Do not apply to milk goats. Do not treat animals under one month of

POULTRY (DIRECT APPLICATION): Northern Foul Mite Poultry Lice - use 2 tablespoons per 1 gallon of water per 100 to 150 birds and spray on birds.

POULTRY HOUSE: Northern Foul Mite, Chicken Red Mite, Poultry Lice, Flies - use 4 tablespoons per 1 gallon of water. Poultry Ticks - use 6 to 7 ounces per 1 gallon of water. Apply spray liberally to litter, walls, ceiling, roosts, nests and adjacent areas. Force spray into all cracks and crevices.

ROOST PAINT: Chicken Red Mite. Poultry Lice use 2 to 7 ounces per 1 gallon of water. Brush on DEALERS SHOULD SELL IN ORIGINA roosts at the rate of 1 pint per 150 feet of roosts. Repeat as necessary.

DIRECTIONS FOR MOSQUITO CONTROL

MOSQUITO LARVAE: Use 13 ounces per acre in sufficient water or oil to obtain coverage when applied by air or ground equipment. Repeat application as necessary. Do not apply oil-based sprays to valuable ornamental plants as injury may occur. When applying this material by aircraft, mix the recommended amount with sufficient water to provide one to ten gallons of finished spray per acre. Care should be taken that this material is not allowed to drift onto neighboring crops or non-crop areas. Observe the fish warning statement on this label.

DIRECTIONS FOR FLY CONTROL USE

Use in and around buildings which house domestic applications when insects first appear and repeat at animals, around yards and around homes. Apply to surfaces where flies alight or congregate, such as walls stanchions, barn windows, fence and garbage cans Repeat application as required. Eliminate fly breed ing sites. Do not apply sprays to freshly white washer surfaces for a period of 14 days. Do not contaminat milk, milk equipment or water.

> WATER DILUTED FLY SPRAY - use 2 gallons pe 100 gallons of water. Spray the diluted mix at th W rate of 1 gallon per 1000 square feet on painted sur faces or 2 gallons per 1000 square feet on unpainter surfaces. BAIT SPRAYS - use 2 gallons of Malathio 55 Premium Grade with 2 gallons of unsulfurize O molasses or corn syrup, or 20 pounds of sugar pe 🖈 100 gallons of water. (Use 3 gallons with 40 pound of sugar per 100 gallons of water if the fly populatio is severe). Sugar, unsuffurized molasses or corn syru have been found in most cases to prolong the inserticidal activity of Malathion against flies.

This product is toxic to fish. (a) Do not apply whe weather conditions favor drift from areas treated (b) do not apply where runoff is likely to occur (c) Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equit ment, or disposal of wastes. (d) Apply this produc only as specified on this label. (e) Dispose of excetreated seeds by burial.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective informatic may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultur Extension Service.

DISPOSAL WARNING

DESTROY CONTAINERS WHEN EMPTY Punch holes in the top and the bottom of the cacrush the can and bury in an isolated locatio

PACKAGES ONLY

USAGE CAUTION: DO NOT USE IN UNDILUTE FORM DO NOT ALLOW THIS MATERIAL T DRIFT ON TO NEIGHBORING CROP OR NO! CROP AREAS OR USE IN A MANNER OR AT TIME OTHER THAN IN ACCORDANCE WIT DIRECTIONS, BECAUSE PLANT INJURY, E CESSIVE RESIDUES OR OTHER UNDESIRABLE RESULTS MAY OCCUR.

NOTICE: Buyer assumes all risk of use, storage, handling of this product when not in strict accordan with directions given herewith.

MANUFACTURED BY PLATTE CHEMICAL CO., Inc.

150 SO. MAIN STREET,

FREMONT, NEBRASKA 68025

