



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY  
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY  
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

May 24, 2023

Mary M. Hunt  
Authorized Agent  
Allied Universal Corporation  
3901 NW 115<sup>th</sup> Avenue  
Miami, FL 33178-1859

Subject: Label Amendment – Addition to Directions for Use  
Product Name: Aqua Guard Bleach  
EPA Registration Number: 33458-22  
Received Date: 11/16/2018  
Decision Number: 546521

Dear Mary Hunt:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. Pursuant to 40 CFR 156.10(a)(6) you must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under FIFRA and is subject to review by the Agency. See FIFRA section 2(p)(2). If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process, FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(B). Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Assurance.

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Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6. If you have any questions, please contact Wanda Henson by phone at (202)566-0650, or via email at [henson.wanda@epa.gov](mailto:henson.wanda@epa.gov).

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'DF', with a horizontal line extending to the right.

Demson Fuller, Product Manager 32  
Regulatory Management Branch I  
Antimicrobials Division (7510P)  
Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure

**ACCEPTED**

05/24/2023

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 33458-22

## AQUA GUARD BLEACH

Active Ingredient:  
Sodium Hypochlorite.....12.5%  
Other Ingredients.....87.5%  
Total.....100.0%

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
DANGER**

### FIRST AID

Route of Exposure	First Aid Statement
Eye	If in eyes, hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye for 10-15 minutes. Call a poison control center or medical physician for further treatment advice.
Skin Irritation	If on skin or clothing, take off all contaminated clothing and rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or medical physician for treatment advice.
Ingestion	If swallowed, call poison control center or medical physician immediately for treatment advice. Have exposed person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING unless told to do so by poison control center or medical physician. DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Inhalation	If inhaled, move exposed person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or medical physician for further treatment advice.
Have the product label with you when calling or going for medical treatment.	
Note to Physician	Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

**DANGER. Corrosive.** Causes irreversible eye damage or skin burns. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. Wear goggles, or face shield. Wear protective clothing and rubber gloves. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

[For containers less than five (5) gallons and including all container sizes for swimming pool/spa]

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms.

[For containers equal to or greater than five (5) gallons in accordance with PR Notice 95-1 and excluding swimming pool/spa containers regardless of size:]

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to fish and aquatic organisms. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System, (NPDES), permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

*{If swimming pool/spa directions are used, the following statement is required:}* In the Directions for Use section, under swimming pools/spas, see specific "Discharge Directions for Commercial and Residential Pool, Spa and Hot Tub Uses."

#### PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

**STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT:** Mix only with water according to label directions. Mixing this product with chemicals (e.g. ammonia, acids, detergents, etc.) or organic matter (e.g. urine, feces, etc.) will release chlorine gas which is irritating to eyes, lungs and mucous membranes.

*{The following is for use only on marketplace labels that include the directions "Disinfection of Drinking Water (Emergency/Public/Individual Systems.)"}*

#### DRINKING WATER DISINFECTION

The following practices help to minimize degradant formation in drinking water disinfection:

- It is recommended to minimize storage time.
- It is recommended that the pH solution be in the range of 11-13.
- It is recommended to minimize sunlight exposure by storing in opaque containers and / or in a covered area. Solutions should be stored at lower temperatures. Every 5°C reduction in storage temperature will reduce degradant formation by a factor of two.

- Dilution significantly reduces degradant formation. For products with higher concentrations, it is recommended to dilute hypochlorite solutions with cool, softened water upon delivery, if practical for the application.

OR

*{The following may be used on marketplace labels with space issues or separate service bulletins with directions}*

[For drinking water uses, see additional precautions on [service bulletin, product bulletin, other use label, side [back] panel]

## **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

This product may be applied only by the methods specified on the label. It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. This product can be used in Federally Inspected Meat and Poultry Facilities as a sanitizer. **NOTE:** This product degrades with age. Use a chlorine test kit and increase dosage, as necessary, to obtain the required level of available chlorine.

### **SWIMMING POOL WATER DISINFECTION**

For a new pool or spring start-up, superchlorinate with 52 to 104 **OZ.** of product for each 10,000 gallons of water to yield 5 to 10 **ppm** available chlorine by weight. Check the level of available chlorine with a test kit. Adjust and maintain pool water pH to between 7.2 to 7.6. Adjust and maintain the alkalinity of the pool to between 50 to 100 **ppm**.

To maintain the pool, add manually or by a feeder device 11 **OZ.** of this product for each 10,000 gallons of water to yield an available chlorine residual between 0.6 to 1.0 **ppm** by weight. Stabilized pools should maintain a residual of 1.0 to 1.5 **ppm** available chlorine. Test the pH, available chlorine residual and alkalinity of the water frequently with appropriate test kits. Frequency of water treatment will depend upon temperature and number of swimmers.

Every 7 days, or as necessary, superchlorinate the pool with 52 to 104 **OZ.** of product for each 10,000 gallons of water to yield 5 to 10 **ppm** available chlorine by weight. Check the level of available chlorine with a test kit. Reentry is prohibited above level of 4 **ppm** available chlorine due to risk of bodily injury.

At the end of the swimming pool season or when water is to be drained from the pool, chlorine must be allowed to dissipate from treated pool water before discharge. Do not chlorinate the pool within 24 hours prior to discharge.

**WINTERIZING POOLS** - While water is still clear & clean, apply 3 **OZ.** of product per 1,000 gallons, while filter is running, to obtain a 3 **ppm** available chlorine residual, as determined by a suitable test kit. Cover pool, prepare heater, filter and heater components for winter by following manufacturers' instructions.

### **SPAS, HOT-TUBS, IMMERSION TANKS, ETC.**

**SPAS/HOT-TUBS** - Apply 5 **OZ.** of product per 1,000 gallons of water to obtain a free available chlorine concentration of 5 **ppm**, as determined by a suitable chlorine test kit. Adjust and maintain pool water pH to between 7.2 and 7.8. Some oils, lotions, fragrances, cleaners, etc., may cause foaming or cloudy water as well as reduce the efficiency of the product.

To maintain the water, apply 5 **OZ.** of product per 1,000 gallons of water over the surface to maintain a chlorine concentration of 5 **ppm**. Reentry is prohibited above level of 5 **ppm** available chlorine due to risk of bodily injury.

After each use, shock treat with 8 **OZ.** of this product per 500 gallons of water to control odor and algae.

During extended periods of disuse, add 3 **OZ.** of product daily per 1,000 gallons of water to maintain a 3 **ppm** chlorine concentration.

**HUBBARD AND IMMERSION TANKS** - Add 5 **OZ.** of this product per 200 gallons of water before patient use to obtain a chlorine residual of 25 **ppm**, as determined by a suitable test kit. Adjust and maintain the water pH to between 7.2 and 7.6. After each use drain the tank. Add 5 **OZ.** to a bucket of water and circulate this solution through the agitator of the tank for 15 minutes and then rinse out the solution. Clean tank thoroughly and dry with clean cloths.

**HYDROTHERAPY TANKS** - Add 1 **OZ.** of this product per 1,000 of water to obtain a chlorine residual of 1 **ppm**, as determined by a suitable chlorine test kit. Pool should not be entered until the chlorine residual is below 3 **ppm**. Adjust and maintain the water pH to between 7.2 and 7.6. Operate pool filter continuously. Drain pool weekly, and clean before refilling.

### **DISCHARGE DIRECTIONS FOR COMMERCIAL AND RESIDENTIAL POOL, SPA, AND HOT TUB USES**

Before draining a treated pool, spa, or hot tub, contact your local sanitary sewer and storm drain authorities and follow their discharge instructions. Do not discharge treated pool, spa, or hot tub water to any location that flows to a gutter, storm drain or natural water body unless discharge is allowed by state and local authorities.

*{For end-use products, NPDES permit language for pool, spa, or hot tub use is not required and must be removed if currently on the label associated with these uses.}*

### **SANITIZATION OF NONPOROUS FOOD CONTACT SURFACES**

**RINSE METHOD** - A solution of 100 **ppm** available chlorine may be used in the sanitizing solution if a chlorine test kit is available. Solutions containing an initial concentration of 100 **ppm** available chlorine must be tested and adjusted periodically to insure that the available chlorine does not drop below 50 **ppm**. Prepare a 100 **ppm** sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 1 **OZ.** of this product with 10 gallons of water. If no test kit is available, prepare a sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 2 **OZ.** of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide approximately 200 **ppm** available chlorine by weight.

Clean equipment surfaces in the normal manner. Prior to use, rinse all surfaces thoroughly with the sanitizing solution, maintaining contact with the sanitizer for at least 2 minutes. If solution contains less than 50 **ppm** available chlorine, as determined by a suitable test kit, either discard the solution or add sufficient product to re-establish a 200 **ppm** residual. Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment and do not soak equipment overnight.

Sanitizers used in automated systems may be used for general cleaning but may not be re-used for sanitizing purposes.

**IMMERSION METHOD** - A solution of 100 **ppm** available chlorine may be used in the sanitizing solution if a chlorine test kit is available. Solutions containing an initial concentration of 100 **ppm** available chlorine must be tested and adjusted periodically to insure that the available chlorine does not drop below 50 **ppm**. Prepare a 100 **ppm** sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 1 **OZ.** of this product with 10 gallons of water. If no test kit is available, prepare a sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 2 **OZ.** of this

product with 10 gallons of water to provide approximately 200 **ppm** available chlorine by weight. Clean equipment in the normal manner. Prior to use, immerse equipment in the sanitizing solution for at least 2 minutes and allow the sanitizer to drain. If solution contains less than 50 **ppm** available chlorine, as determined by a suitable test kit, either discard the solution or add sufficient product to re-establish a 200 **ppm** residual. Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment. Sanitizers used in automatic systems may be used for general cleaning but may not be re-used for sanitizing purposes.

**FLOW/PRESSURE METHOD** - Disassemble equipment and thoroughly clean after use. Assemble equipment in operating position prior to use. Prepare a volume of a 200 **ppm** available chlorine sanitizing solution equal to 110% of volume capacity of the equipment by mixing the product in a ratio of 2 **OZ.** product with 10 gallons of water. Pump solution through the system until full flow is obtained at all extremities, the system is completely filled with the sanitizer and all air is removed from the system. Close drain valves and hold under pressure for at least 2 minutes to insure contact with all internal surfaces. Remove some cleaning solution from drain valve and test with a chlorine tests kit. Repeat entire cleaning/sanitizing process if effluent contains less than 50 **ppm** available chlorine.

**CLEAN-IN-PLACE METHOD** - Thoroughly clean equipment after use. Prepare a volume of a 200 **ppm** available chlorine sanitizing solution equal to 110% of volume capacity of the equipment by mixing the product in a ratio of 2 **OZ.** product with 10 gallons of water. Pump solution through the system until full flow is obtained at all extremities, the system is completely filled with the sanitizer and all air is removed from the system. Close drain valves and hold under pressure for at least 10 minutes to insure contact with all internal surfaces. Remove some cleaning solution from drain valve and test with a chlorine test kit. Repeat entire cleaning/sanitizing process if effluent contains less than 50 **ppm** available chlorine.

**SPRAY METHOD** - Preclean all surfaces after use. Use a 200 **ppm** available chlorine solution to control bacteria, mold or fungi and a 600 **ppm** solution to control bacteriophage. Prepare a 200 **ppm** sanitizing solution of sufficient size by thoroughly mixing the product in a ratio of 2 **OZ.** product with 10 gallons of water. Prepare a 600 **ppm** solution by thoroughly mixing the product in a ratio of 6 **OZ.** product with 10 gallons of water. Use spray equipment which can resist hypochlorite solutions. Always empty and rinse spray equipment with potable water after use. Thoroughly spray all surfaces until wet, allowing excess sanitizer to drain. Vacate area for at least 2 hours. Prior to using equipment, rinse all surfaces treated with a 600 **ppm** solution with a 200 **ppm** solution.

#### **SANITIZATION OF POROUS FOOD CONTACT SURFACES**

**RINSE METHOD** - Prepare a sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 6 **OZ.** of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide approximately 600 **ppm** available chlorine by weight. Clean surfaces in the normal manner. Prior to use, rinse all surfaces thoroughly with the sanitizing solution, maintaining contact with the sanitizer for at least 2 minutes. Do not soak equipment overnight.

**IMMERSION METHOD** - Prepare a sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing, in an immersion tank, 6 **OZ.** of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide approximately 600 **ppm** available chlorine by weight. Clean equipment in the normal manner. Prior to use, immerse equipment in the sanitizing solution for at least 2 minutes and allow the sanitizer to drain.

**SPRAY METHOD** - Preclean all surfaces after use. Prepare a 600 **ppm** available chlorine sanitizing solution of sufficient size by thoroughly mixing the product in a ratio of 6 **OZ.** product with 10 gallons of water. Use spray equipment which can resist hypochlorite solutions. Always empty and rinse spray equipment with potable water after use. Thoroughly spray all surfaces until wet, allowing excess sanitizer to drain. Vacate area for at least 2 hours. Prior to using equipment, rinse all surfaces with a 200 **ppm** available chlorine solution. Prepare a 200 **ppm** sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 2 **OZ.** of this product with 10 gallons of water.

#### **SANITIZATION OF NONPOROUS NON-FOOD CONTACT SURFACES**

**RINSE METHOD** - Prepare a sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 2 **OZ.** of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide approximately 200 **ppm** available chlorine by weight. Clean equipment surfaces in the normal manner. Prior to use, rinse all surfaces thoroughly with the sanitizing solution, maintaining contact with the sanitizer for at least 2 minutes. Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment and do not soak equipment overnight.

**IMMERSION METHOD** - Prepare a sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing, in an immersion tank, 2 **OZ.** of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide approximately 200 **ppm** available chlorine by weight. Clean equipment in the normal manner. Prior to use, immerse equipment in the sanitizing solution for at least 2 minutes and allow the sanitizer to drain. Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment.

**SPRAY METHOD** - Preclean all surfaces after use. Prepare a 200 **ppm** available chlorine sanitizing solution of sufficient size by thoroughly mixing the product in a ratio of 2 **OZ.** product with 10 gallons of water. use spray equipment which can resist hypochlorite solutions. Prior to using equipment, thoroughly spray all surfaces until wet, allowing excess sanitizer to drain. Vacate area for at least 2 hours.

#### **DISINFECTION OF NONPOROUS NON-FOOD CONTACT SURFACES**

**RINSE METHOD** - Prepare a disinfecting solution by thoroughly mixing 6 **OZ.** of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide approximately 600 **ppm** available chlorine by weight. Clean equipment surfaces in the normal manner. Prior to use, rinse all surfaces thoroughly with the disinfecting solution, maintaining contact with the solution for at least 10 minutes. Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment and do not soak equipment overnight.

**IMMERSION METHOD** - Prepare a disinfecting solution by thoroughly mixing, in an immersion tank, 6 **OZ.** of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide approximately 600 **ppm** available chlorine by weight. Clean equipment in the normal manner. Prior to use, immerse equipment in the disinfecting solution for at least 10 minutes and allow the sanitizer to drain. Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment.

#### **SANITIZATION OF POROUS NON-FOOD CONTACT SURFACES**

**RINSE METHOD** - Prepare a sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing 6 **OZ.** of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide approximately 600 **ppm** available chlorine by weight. Clean surfaces in the normal manner. Prior to use, rinse all surfaces thoroughly with the sanitizing solution, maintaining contact with the sanitizer for at least 2 minutes. Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment and do not soak equipment overnight.

**IMMERSION METHOD** - Prepare a sanitizing solution by thoroughly mixing, in an immersion tank, 6 **OZ.** of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide approximately 600 **ppm** available chlorine by weight. Clean equipment in the normal manner. Prior to use, immerse equipment in the sanitizing solution for at least 2 minutes and allow the sanitizer to drain. Do not rinse equipment with water after treatment.



**SPRAY METHOD** - After cleaning, sanitize non-food contact surfaces with 600 **ppm** available chlorine by thoroughly mixing the product in a ratio of 6 **OZ.** of this product with 10 gallons of water. Use spray equipment which can resist hypochlorite solutions. Always empty and rinse spray equipment with potable water after use. Prior to using equipment, thoroughly spray all surfaces until wet, allowing excess sanitizer to drain. Vacate area for at least 2 hours.

### **SEWAGE & WASTEWATER EFFLUENT TREATMENT**

The disinfection of sewage effluent must be evaluated by determining the total number of coliform bacteria and/or fecal coliform bacteria, as determined by the Most Probable Number (MPN) procedure, to ensure that the chlorinated effluent has been reduced to or below the maximum permitted by the controlling regulatory jurisdiction.

On the average, satisfactory disinfection of secondary wastewater effluent can be obtained when the chlorine residual is 0.5 **ppm** after 15 minutes contact. Although the chlorine residual is the critical factor in disinfection, the importance of correlating chlorine residual with bacteria kill must be emphasized. The MPN of the effluent, which is directly related to the water quality standards requirements, should be the final and primary standard and the chlorine residual should be considered an operating standard valid only to the extent verified by the coliform quality of the effluent.

The following are critical factors affecting wastewater disinfection.

1. **Mixing:** It is imperative that the product and the wastewater be instantaneously and completely flash mixed to assure reaction with every chemically active soluble and particulate component of the wastewater.
2. **Contacting:** Upon flash mixing, the flow through the system must be maintained.
3. **Dosage/Residual Control:** Successful disinfection is extremely dependent on response to fluctuating chlorine demand to maintain a predetermined, desirable chlorine level. Secondary effluent should contain 0.2 to 1.0 **ppm** chlorine residual after a 15 to 30 minute contact time. A reasonable average of residual chlorine is 0.5 **ppm** after 15 minutes contact time.

### **SEWAGE AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT**

**EFFLUENT SLIME CONTROL** - Apply a 100 to 1,000 **ppm** available chlorine solution at a location which will allow complete mixing. Prepare this solution by mixing 10 to 100 **OZ.** of this product with 100 gallons of water. Once control is evident, apply a 15 **ppm** available chlorine solution. Prepare this solution by mixing 3 **OZ.** of this product with 100 gallons of water.

**FILTER BEDS - SLIME CONTROL:** Remove filter from service, drain to a depth of 1 ft. above filter sand, and add 80 **OZ.** of product per 20 sq. ft. evenly over the surface. Wait 30 minutes before draining water to a level that is even with the top of the filter. Wait for 4 to 6 hours before completely draining and backwashing filter.

### **DISINFECTION OF DRINKING WATER (EMERGENCY/PUBLIC/INDIVIDUAL SYSTEMS)**

**PUBLIC SYSTEMS:** Mix a ratio of 1 **OZ.** of this product to 100 gallons of water. Begin feeding this solution with a hypochlorinator until a free available chlorine residual of at least 0.2 **ppm** and no more than 0.6 **ppm** is attained throughout the distribution system. Check water frequently with a chlorine test kit. Bacteriological sampling must be conducted at a frequency no less than that prescribed by the National Primary Drinking Water Regulations. Contact your local Health Department for further details.

**INDIVIDUAL SYSTEMS: DUG WELLS** Upon completion of the casing (lining) wash the interior of the casing (lining) with a 100 **ppm** available chlorine solution using a stiff brush. This solution can be made by thoroughly mixing 1 **OZ.** of this product into 10 gallons of water. After covering the well, pour the sanitizing solution into the well through both the pipe sleeve opening and the pipeline. Wash the exterior of the pump cylinder also with the sanitizing solution. Start pump and pump water until strong odor of chlorine in water is noted. Stop pump and wait at least 24 hours flush well until all traces of chlorine have been removed from the water. Consult your local Health Department for further details.

**INDIVIDUAL WATER SYSTEMS: DRILLED, DRIVEN & BORED WELLS** Run pump until water is as free from turbidity as possible. Pour a 100 **ppm** available chlorine sanitizing solution into the well. This dilution can be made by thoroughly mixing 1 **OZ.** of this product into 10 gallons of water. Add 5 to 10 gallons of clean, chlorinated water to the well in order to force the sanitizer into the rock formation. Wash the exterior of pump cylinder with the sanitizer. Drop pipeline into well, start pump and pump water until strong odor of chlorine in water is noted. Stop pump and wait at least 24 hours. After 24 hours, flush well until all traces of chlorine have been removed from the water. Deep wells with high water levels may necessitate the use of special methods for introduction of the sanitizer into the well. Consult your local Health Department for further details.

**INDIVIDUAL WATER SYSTEMS: FLOWING ARTESIAN WELLS** Artesian wells generally do not require disinfection. If analysis indicates persistent contamination, the well should be disinfected. Consult your local Health Department for further details.

**EMERGENCY DISINFECTION** - When boiling of water for 1 minute is not practical, water can be made potable by using this product. Prior to addition of the sanitizer, remove all suspended material by filtration or by allowing it to settle to the bottom. Decant the clarified, contaminated water to a clean container and add 1 drop of this product to 20 gallons of water. Allow the treated water to stand for 30 minutes. Properly treated water should have a slight chlorine odor, if not, repeat dosage and allow the water to stand an additional 15 minutes. The treated water can then be made palatable by pouring it between clean containers for several times.

### **PUBLIC WATER SYSTEMS**

**RESERVOIRS - ALGAE CONTROL:** Hypo chlorinate streams feeding the reservoir. Suitable feeding points should be selected on each stream at least 50 yards upstream from the points of entry into the reservoir.

**MAINS** - Thoroughly flush section to be sanitized by discharging from hydrants. Permit a water flow of at least 2.5 feet per minute to continue under pressure while injecting this product by means of a hypochlorinator. Stop water flow when a chlorine residual test of 50 **ppm** is obtained at the low pressure end of the new main section after a 24 hour retention time. When chlorination is completed, the system must be flushed free of all heavily chlorinated water.

**NEW TANKS, BASINS, ETC.** - Remove all physical soil forms surfaces. Place 20 **OZ.** of this product for each 5 cubic feet of working capacity (500 **ppm** available chlorine). Fill to working capacity and allow to stand for at least 4 hours. Drain and flush with potable water and return to service.

**NEW FILTER SAND** - Apply 80 **OZ.** of this product for each 150 to 200 cubic feet of sand. The action of the product dissolving as the water passes through the bed will aid in sanitizing the new sand.

**NEW WELLS** - Flush the casing with a 50 **ppm** available chlorine solution of water containing 5 **OZ.** of this product for each 100 gallons of water. The solution should be pumped or fed by gravity into the well after thorough mixing with agitation. The well should stand for several hours or overnight under chlorination. It may then be pumped until a representative raw water sample is obtained. Bacterial examination of the water will indicate whether further treatment is necessary.

EXISTING EQUIPMENT - Remove equipment from service, thoroughly clean surfaces of all physical soil. Sanitize by placing 21 **OZ.** of this product for each 5 cubic feet capacity (approximately 500 **ppm** available chlorine). Fill to working capacity and let stand at least 4 hours. Drain and place in service. If the previous treatment is not practical, surfaces may be sprayed with a solution containing 5 **OZ.** of this product for each 5 gallons of water (approximately 1000 **ppm** available chlorine). After drying, flush with water and return to service.

#### **EMERGENCY DISINFECTION AFTER FLOODS**

WELLS - Thoroughly flush contaminated casing with a 500 **ppm** available chlorine solution. Prepare this solution by mixing 5 **OZ.** of this product with 10 gallons of water. Backwash the well to increase yield and reduce turbidity, adding sufficient chlorinating solution to be backwash to produce a 10 **ppm** available chlorine residual, as determined by a chlorine test kit. After the turbidity has been reduced and the casing has been treated, add sufficient chlorinating solution to produce a 50 **ppm** available chlorine residual. Agitate the well water for several hours and take a representative water sample. Retreat well if water samples are biologically unacceptable.

RESERVOIRS - In case of contamination by overflowing streams, establish hypochlorinating stations upstream of the reservoir. Chlorinate the inlet water until the entire reservoir obtains a 0.2 **ppm** available chlorine residual, as determined by a suitable chlorine test kit. In case of contamination from surface drainage, apply sufficient product directly to the reservoir to obtain a 0.2 **ppm** available chlorine residual in all parts of the reservoir.

BASINS, TANKS, FLUMES, ETC. - Thoroughly clean all equipment, then apply 20 **OZ.** of product per 5 cu. ft. of water to obtain 500 **ppm** available chlorine, as determined by a suitable test kit. After 24 hours drain, flush, and return to service. If the previous method is not suitable, spray or flush the equipment with a solution containing 5 **OZ.** of this product for each 5 gallons of water (1000 **ppm** available chlorine). Allow to stand for 2 to 4 hours, flush and return to service.

FILTERS - When the sand filter needs replacement, apply 80 **OZ.** of this product for each 150 to 200 cubic feet of sand. When the filter is severely contaminated, additional product should be distributed over the surface at the rate of 80 **OZ.** per 20 sq. ft. Water should stand at a depth of 1 ft. above the surface of the filter bed for 4 to 24 hours. When filter beds can be backwashed of mud and silt, apply 80 **OZ.** of this product per each 50 sq. ft., allowing the water to stand at a depth of 1 foot above the filter sand. After 30 minutes, drain water to the level of the filter. After 4 to 6 hours drain, and proceed with normal backwashing.

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM - Flush repaired or replaced section with water. Establish a hypochlorinating station and apply sufficient product until a consistent available chlorine residual of at least 10 **ppm** remains after a 24 hour retention time. Use a chlorine test kit.

#### **EMERGENCY DISINFECTION AFTER FIRES**

CROSS CONNECTIONS OR EMERGENCY CONNECTIONS - Hypochlorination or gravity feed equipment should be set up near the intake of the untreated water supply. Apply sufficient product to give a chlorine residual of at least 0.1 to 0.2 **ppm** at the point where the untreated supply enters the regular distribution system. Use a chlorine test kit.

#### **EMERGENCY DISINFECTION AFTER DROUGHTS**

SUPPLEMENTARY WATER SUPPLIES - Gravity or mechanical hypochlorite feeders should be set up on a supplementary line to dose the water to a minimum chlorine residual of 0.2 **ppm** after a 20 minute contact time. Use a chlorine test kit.

WATER SHIPPED IN BY TANKS, TANK CARS, TRUCKS, ETC. - Thoroughly clean all containers and equipment. Spray a 500 **ppm** available chlorine solution and rinse with potable water after 5 minutes. This solution is made by mixing 5 **OZ.** of this product for each 10 gallons of water. During the filling of the containers, dose with sufficient amounts of this product to provide at least a 0.2 **ppm** chlorine residual. Use a chlorine test kit.

#### **EMERGENCY DISINFECTION AFTER MAIN BREAKS**

MAINS - Before assembly of the repaired section, flush out mud and soil. Permit a water flow of at least 2.5 feet per minute to continue under pressure while injecting this product by means of a hypochlorinator. Stop water flow when a chlorine residual test of 50 **ppm** is obtained at the low pressure end of the new main section after a 24 hour retention time. When chlorination is completed, the system must be flushed free of all heavily chlorinated water.

#### **COOLING TOWER/EVAPORATIVE CONDENSER WATER**

SLUG FEED METHOD - Initial Dose: When system is noticeably fouled, apply 52 to 104 **OZ.** of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain from 5 to 10 **ppm** available chlorine. Repeat until control is achieved.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 11 **OZ.** of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system daily, or as needed to maintain control and keep the chlorine residual at 1 **ppm**. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

INTERMITTENT FEED METHOD - Initial Dose: When system is noticeably fouled, apply 52 to 104 **OZ.** of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain 5 to 10 **ppm** available chlorine. Apply half, (or 1/3, 1/4, or 1/5), of this initial dose when half, (or 1/3, 1/4, or 1/5), of the water in the system has been lost by blowdown.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 11 **OZ.** of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain a 1 **ppm** residual. Apply half, (or 1/3, 1/4, or 1/5), of this initial dose when half, (or 1/3, 1/4, or 1/5), of the water in the system has been lost by blowdown. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD - Initial Dose: When system is noticeably fouled, apply 52 to 104 **OZ.** of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain 5 to 10 **ppm** available chlorine.

Subsequent Dose: Maintain this treatment level by starting a continuous feed of 1 **OZ.** of this product per 1,000 gallons of water lost by blowdown to maintain a 1 **ppm** residual. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

BRIQUETTES OR TABLETS - Initially slug dose the system with 52 **OZ.** of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 11 **OZ.** of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system daily, or as needed to maintain control and keep the chlorine residual at 1 **ppm**. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

#### **LAUNDRY SANITIZERS**

##### **Household Laundry Sanitizers**

IN SOAKING SUDS - Thoroughly mix 2 **OZ.** of this product to 10 gallons of wash water to provide 200 **ppm** available chlorine. Wait 5 minutes, then add soap or detergent. Immerse laundry for at least 11 minutes prior starting the wash/rinse cycle.

IN WASHING SUDS - Thoroughly mix 2 **OZ.** of this product to 10 gallons of wash water containing clothes to provide 200 **ppm** available chlorine. Wait 5 minutes, then add soap or detergent and start the wash/rinse cycle.

#### **Commercial Laundry Sanitizers**

Wet fabrics or clothes should be spun dry prior to sanitation. Thoroughly mix 2 **OZ.** of this product with 10 gallons of water to yield 200 **ppm** available chlorine. Promptly after mixing the sanitizer, add the solution into the prewash prior to washing fabrics/clothes in the regular wash cycle with a good detergent. Test the level of available chlorine, if solution has been allowed to stand. Add more of this product if the available chlorine level has dropped below 200 **ppm**.

#### **WAREWASHING**

FOR SANITIZING TABLEWARE IN LOW TEMPERATURE DISHWASHING MACHINE - Dispense this product into the final rinse water at 100 **ppm** available chlorine. Do not allow concentration to fall below 50 **ppm**. Air dry. Dispenser should be set to deliver a sanitizing solution of 1 **OZ.** per 10 gallons of water to give 100 **ppm** of available chlorine. Only a qualified service representative should set or adjust dispense on the machine.

EATING AND DRINKING UTENSILS – Prepare sanitizing solution immediately prior to use. Scrape and pre-wash utensils and glass whenever possible with clean water. Wash with good detergent or compatible cleaner. Sanitize by thoroughly mixing 2 **OZ.** of this product with 10 gallons of water to provide 200 **ppm** available chlorine. Immerse utensils and glassware at least 2 minutes or for contact time specified by governing sanitary code. Do not reuse sanitizing solution.

#### **PULP AND PAPER MILL PROCESS WATER SYSTEMS**

SLUG FEED METHOD - Initial Dose: When system is noticeably fouled, apply 52 to 104 **OZ.** of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain from 5 to 10 **ppm** available chlorine. Repeat until control is achieved.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 11 **OZ.** of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system daily, or as needed to maintain control and keep the chlorine residual at 1 **ppm**. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

INTERMITTENT FEED METHOD - Initial Dose: When system is noticeable fouled, apply 52 to 104 **OZ.** of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain 5 to 10 **ppm** available chlorine. Apply half, (or 1/3, 1/4, or 1/5) of this initial dose when half, (or 1/3, 1/4, or 1/5) of the water in the system has been lost by blowdown.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 11 **OZ.** of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain a 1 **ppm** residual. Apply half, (or 1/3, 1/4, or 1/5) of this initial dose when half (or 1/3, 1/4, or 1/5) of the water in the system has been lost by blowdown. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD - Initial Dose: When system is noticeably fouled, apply 52 to 104 **OZ.** of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system to obtain 5 to 10 **ppm** available chlorine.

Subsequent Dose: Maintain this treatment level by starting a continuous feed of 1 **OZ.** of this product per 1,000 gallons of water lost by blowdown to maintain a 1 **ppm** residual. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

BRIQUETTES OR TABLETS - Initially slug dose the system with 52 **OZ.** of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 11 **OZ.** of this product per 10,000 gallons of water in the system daily, or as needed to maintain control and keep the chlorine residual at 1 **ppm**. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

#### **FARM PREMISES**

Remove all animals, poultry, and feed from premises, vehicles, and enclosures. Remove all litter and manure from floors, walls and surfaces of barns, pens, stalls, chutes and other facilities occupied or traversed by animals or poultry. Empty all troughs, racks and other feeding and watering appliances. Thoroughly clean all surfaces with soap or detergent and rinse with water. To disinfect, saturate all surfaces with a solution of at least 1,000 **ppm** available chlorine for a period of 10 minutes. A 1,000 **ppm** solution can be made by thoroughly mixing 11 **OZ.** of this product with 10 gallons of water. Immerse all halters, ropes and other types of equipment used in handling and restraining animals or poultry, as well as the cleaned forks, shovels and scrapers used for removing litter and manure. Ventilate buildings, cars, boats and other closed spaces. Do not house livestock or poultry or employ equipment until chlorine has been dissipated. All treated feed racks, mangers, troughs, automatic feeders, fountains and waterers must be rinsed with potable water before reuse.

#### **AGRICULTURAL USES**

POST-HARVEST PROTECTION - Potatoes can be sanitized after cleaning and prior to storage by spraying with a sanitizing solution at a level of 1 gallon of sanitizing solution per tons of potatoes. Thoroughly mix 1 **OZ.** of this product to 2 gallons of water to obtain 500 **ppm** available chlorine.

LEAF-CUTTING BEE CELLS & BEE BOARDS - Disinfect leaf cutting bee cells and bee boards by immersion in a solution containing 1 **ppm** available chlorine for 3 minutes. Allow cells to drain for 2 minutes and dry 4 to 5 hours or until no chlorine odor can be detected. This solution is made by thoroughly mixing 1 tsp. of this product per 100 gallons of water. The bee domicile is disinfected by spraying 0.1 **ppm** solution until all surfaces are thoroughly wet. Allow domicile to dry until all chlorine odor has dissipated.

FOOD EGG SANITIZATION - To sanitize clean shell eggs intended for food or food products, spray with a solution of 2 **OZ.** of product in 10 gallons of water (providing 200 **ppm** active). The solution must be equal to or warmer than the eggs, but not to exceed 130°F. Wet eggs thoroughly and allow to drain. Eggs that have been sanitized with this chlorine compound may be broken for use in the manufacture of egg products without a prior potable water rinse. Eggs must be reasonably dry before casing or breaking. The solution must not be reused for sanitizing eggs.

EGG DESTAINING – the destaining solution recommended for use for shell egg destaining is a 250 **ppm** solution of this product (see table of proportions). The destainer solution must be at least 20°F warmer than the shell eggs with a minimum solution temperature of 90°F. Total elapsed time in the destainer solution may not exceed 5 minutes. Eggs are to be rewashed and spray rinsed after destaining. Destainer solution should be replaced daily or whenever it becomes dirty. Destaining is to be done after the initial washing has been completed. It is recommended that all eggs be shell protected after they have been destained. Never reuse sanitizing/washing solution. Aqua Guard Bleach is not deleterious to shell eggs or egg products.



FRUIT & VEGETABLE WASHING - Thoroughly clean all fruits and vegetables in a wash tank. Thoroughly mix 5 **OZ.** of this product in 200 gallons of water to make a sanitizing solution of 25 **ppm** available chlorine. After draining the tank, submerge fruit or vegetables for 2 minutes in a second wash tank containing the recirculating sanitizing solution. Spray rinse vegetables with the sanitizing solution prior to packaging. Rinse fruit with potable water only prior to packaging.

DISINFECTION OF POULTRY DRINKING WATER – Water for founts, use up to 25 **ppm**. For open vessels, use up to 25 **ppm**. Change water daily. Place founts where they will not be contaminated by droppings.

MEAT & POULTRY PLANTS - Chlorine may be present in processing water of meat and poultry plants at concentrations up to 5 **ppm** calculated as available chlorine. Also, chlorine may be present in poultry chiller intake water, and in carcass wash water at concentrations up to 50 **ppm** calculated as available chlorine. Chlorine must be dispensed at a constant and uniform level and the method or system must be such that a controlled rate is maintained. Thoroughly mix 1.15 **OZ.** of this product in 200 gallons of water to make a sanitizing solution of 5 **ppm** available chlorine, or 11.5 **OZ.** in 200 gallons of water for 50 **ppm** available chlorine

#### **WATER TREATMENT COMPOUNDS**

FOOD PROCESSING PLANTS – PROCESS WATER - Systems in establishments operating under the Federal Meat, Poultry, Shell Egg Grading and Egg Product Inspections Program. See table of proportions and treat poultry process water to a dosage of 5 **ppm** calculated as available chlorine. Chlorine may be used in poultry chiller intake water and in carcass wash water in poultry plants up to 50 **ppm** calculated as available chlorine. Chlorine must be dispensed at a constant and uniform level and the method or system must be such that a controlled rate is maintained. Chlorine may be present in process water of meat plants at concentrations of 5 **ppm** calculated as available chlorine. Under reliable controls, the chlorine level may be increased in water used on meat carcasses up to 50 **ppm**.

#### **AQUACULTURAL USES**

FISH PONDS - Remove fish from ponds prior to treatment. Thoroughly mix 103 **OZ.** of this product to 10,000 gallons of water to obtain 10 **ppm** available chlorine. Add more product to the water if the available chlorine level is below 1 **ppm** after 5 minutes. Return fish to pond after the available chlorine level reaches zero.

FISH POND EQUIPMENT - Thoroughly clean all equipment prior to treatment. Thoroughly mix 2 **OZ.** of this product to 10 gallons of water to obtain 200 **ppm** available chlorine. Porous equipment should soak for one hour.

MAINE LOBSTER PONDS - Remove lobsters, seaweed, etc., from ponds prior to treatment. Drain the pond. Thoroughly mix 6,200 **OZ.** of this product to 10,000 gallons of water to obtain at least 600 **ppm** available chlorine. Apply so that all barrows, gates, rock and dam are treated with product. Permit high tide to fill the pond and then close gates. Allow water to stand for 2 to 3 days until the available chlorine level reaches zero. Open gates and allow 2 tidal cycles to flush the pond before returning lobsters to pond.

CONDITIONING LIVE OYSTERS - Thoroughly mix 6 **OZ.** of this product to 10,000 gallons of water at 50 to 70° to obtain 0.5 **ppm** available chlorine. Expose oysters to this solution for at least 15 minutes, monitoring the available chlorine level so that it does not fall below 0.05 **ppm**. Repeat entire process if the available chlorine level drops below 0.05 **ppm** or the temperature falls below 50°F.

CONTROL OF SCAVENGERS IN FISH HATCHERY PONDS - Prepare a solution containing 200 **ppm** of available chlorine by mixing 2 **OZ.** of product with 10 gallons of water. Pour into drained pond potholes. Repeat if necessary. Do not put desirable fish back into refilled ponds until chlorine residual has dropped to 0 **ppm**, as determined by a test kit.

#### **SANITIZATION OF DIALYSIS MACHINES**

Flush equipment thoroughly with water prior to using this product. Thoroughly mix 6 **OZ.** of this product to 10 gallons of water to obtain at least 600 **ppm** available chlorine. Immediately use this product in the hemodialysate system allowing for a minimum contact time of 15 minutes at 20°C. Drain system of the sanitizing solution and thoroughly rinse with water. Discard and DO NOT reuse the spent sanitizer. Rinsate must be monitored with a suitable test kit to insure that no available chlorine remains in the system.

This product is recommended for decontaminating single and multipatient hemodialysate systems. This product has been shown to be an effective disinfectant, (virucide, fungicide, bactericide, pseudomonicide) when tested by AOAC and EPA test methods. This product may not totally eliminate all vegetative microorganisms in hemodialysate delivery systems due to their construction and/or assembly, but can be relied upon to reduce the number of microorganism to acceptable levels when used as directed. This product should be used in a disinfectant program which includes bacteriological monitoring of the hemodialysate delivery system. This product is NOT recommended for use in hemodialysate or reverse osmosis (RO) membranes.

Consult the guidelines for hemodialysate systems which are available from the Hepatitis Laboratories, CDC, Phoenix, AZ 85021.

#### **ASPHALT OR WOOD ROOFS AND SIDINGS**

To control fungus and mildew, first remove all physical soil by brushing and hosing with clean water, and apply a 5,000 **ppm** available chlorine solution. Mix 5 **OZ.** of this product per gallon of water and brush or spray roof or siding. After 30 minutes, rinse by hosing with clean water.

#### **BOAT BOTTOMS**

To control slime on boat bottoms, sling a plastic tarp under boat, retaining enough water to cover the fouled bottom area, but not allowing water to enter enclosed area. This envelope should contain approximately 500 gallons of water for a fourteen foot boat. Add 18 **OZ.** of this product to this water to obtain a 35 **ppm** available chlorine concentration. Leave immersed for 8 to 12 hours. Repeat if necessary. Do not discharge the solution until the free chlorine level has dropped to 0 **ppm**, as determined by a swimming pool test kit.

#### **ARTIFICIAL SAND BEACHES**

To sanitize the sand, spray a 500 **ppm** available chlorine solution containing 5 **OZ.** of this product per 10 gal. of water at frequent intervals. Small areas can be sprinkled with a watering can.

#### **KITCHENS AND BATHROOMS**

To disinfect, deodorize and eliminate mold or mildew from washable surfaces such as tubs, showers, countertops, sinks, ceramic tile and vinyl flooring, spread solution of 2 **OZ.** of this product per 10 gallons of water on a clean surface. Let it stand for 5 minutes, then drain and air dry. Food contact surfaces must be rinsed with potable water before use.

**TOILET BOWL SANITIZERS**

To sanitize and deodorize pre-cleaned toilet bowls, flush toilet and pour in 0.5 **OZ.** of this product per 2.5 gallons of water – swab with brush, making sure to get under the rim and let it stand for 10 minutes. Flush. DO NOT use with bowl cleaners or any other household products.

TABLE OF PROPORTIONS - AVAILABLE CHLORINE

<b>500 PPM</b>	<b>250 PPM</b>	<b>100 PPM</b>
use 5 fluid oz. in 10 gal. water	use 2.5 fluid oz. in 10 gal. water	use 1 fluid oz. in 10 gal. water
<b>50 PPM</b>	<b>10 PPM</b>	<b>5 PPM</b>
use 45 fluid oz. in 1000 gal. water	use 9 fluid oz. in 1000 gal. water	Use 5 fluid oz. in 1000 gal. water

**<INSERT STORAGE AND DISPOSAL STATEMENT OF EITHER REFILLABLE CONTAINER OR NON-REFILLABLE CONTAINER DEPENDING UPON THE TYPE OF CONTAINER BEING USED:>**

**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store this product in a cool dry area, away from direct sunlight and heat to avoid deterioration. Do not contaminate food or feed by storage, disposal, or cleaning of equipment. In case of spill, flood areas with large quantities of water. Product or rinsates that cannot be used should be diluted with water before disposal in a sanitary sewer.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes may be hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**CONTAINER HANDLING:**

**REFILLABLE CONTAINER** - Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. Cleaning the container according to label instructions before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. If disposing refillable container, offer for recycling if available or place in trash collection.

**CONTAINER CLEANING** - Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple Rinse: If container has a capacity greater than five (5) gallons, triple rinse as follows: Empty remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

If the container has a capacity of five (5) gallons or less, triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container ¼ full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

Pressure Rinse: Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

{OR}

**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store this product in a cool dry area, away from direct sunlight and heat to avoid deterioration. Do not contaminate food or feed by storage, disposal, or cleaning of equipment. In case of spill, flood areas with large quantities of water. Product or rinsates that cannot be used should be diluted with water before disposal in a sanitary sewer.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes may be hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

**CONTAINER HANDLING:**

**NON-REFILLABLE CONTAINER** – Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available or place in trash. Cleaning the container according to label instructions before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container.

**CONTAINER CLEANING** - Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

Triple Rinse: If container has a capacity greater than five (5) gallons, triple rinse as follows: Empty remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container ¼ full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

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**Manufactured by:**

**Allied Universal Corporation**  
3901 NW 115<sup>TH</sup> Avenue, Miami, FL 33178-1859

EPA Reg. No. 33458-22

EPA Est. No.: <insert applicable EPA Est. No.>.

Net Contents: <X Gallon(s) {or} Bulk>

UN1791 Hypochlorite Solutions <insert if required by the US DOT>

RQ <insert if required by the US DOT>

<INSERT REQUIRED NSF LOGO & MAX USE STATEMENT, if applicable>