

A QUA-TECHNIC A SSOCIATES, INC.

ADVANCE AQUA-TECHNIC ASSOCIATES, INC.

# EPC-7

- Features a dry chlorine that dissolves immediately.
- A most effective germicide and algaecide.
- Will not cause cloudiness in water.
- Will not add scale forming minerals in the water.
- Will maintain your pool crystal clear.

The control of pH is greatly simplified using (EPC-7) concentrated Pool Chlorine. In fact, you will require from ½ to ¼ times the amount of acid usually applied. EPC-7 concentrated Pool Chlorine provides a more stable form of chlorine for easier maintenance of an effective chlorine residual in pool water for disinfecting action. It requires less storage space and maintains constant strength regardless of storage ime. It is economical to use in that, after the pool is stabilized, you will need to apply EPC-7 concentrated gol Chlorine less often.

# CONCENTRATED POOL CHLORINE

# Concentrated Pool Chlorine

DCI

## Granular Chlorine

NET WT. 100 LBS. **ACTIVE INGREDIENT:** 

SODIUM DICHLORO-S-TRIAZINETRIONE **AVAILABLE CHLORINE** 

### DANGER: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN SEE FIRST-AID AND PRECAUTIONS

CORROSIVE Causes eye damage. Do not get in eyes or on skin. Do not breathe dust. May cause skin, nose and throat arritation. Wear safety goggles, dust respirator and protective clothing when handling. May be fatal if swallowed. May cause burns to broken skin.

FIRST AID. In case of personal contact remove excess material and flush skin or eyes with cold water for at least 15 minutes, For eyes get medical attention. Clean containinated clothing before reuse.

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If swallowed, feed gruet or cooked cereal followed by olive oil or cooking oil. Call a Physician immediately.

# INSTRUCTIONS

When starting up a new pool, superchlorinate to satisfy chlorine demand and to establish a chlorine residual of 1.0 ppm to 1.5 ppm available chlorine. To accomplish this, add 2 oz. EPC 7 concentrated Pool Chlorine per 1,000 gallons of pool water. The next morning, add cyanuric acid at the rate of 4 oz, per 1,000 gallons to stabilize the pool.

EPC 7 Concentrated Pool Chlorine should be added daily or as needed at the rate of 12 to 14 oz. per 1,000 gallons of pool water to maintain a chlorine residual at all times of 1.0 ppm to 1.5 ppm as determined by a suitable test kit. The pH should be maintained between 7.2 and 7.6

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FIRST AID—In case of personal contact remove excess material and flush skin or eyes with cold water for at least 15 minutes. For eyes get medical attention. Clean contaminated clothing before reuse.

If swallowed, feed gruel or cooked cereal followed by olive oil or cooking oil. Call a Physician immediately.

Strong oxidizing agent; "contamination with any organic or foreign matter may cause fire." Moisture contamination may liberate irritating and hazardous chlorine - containing gases. Decomposes at 350-475 degrees F with liberation of harmful gases. In case of decomposition, if possible isolate container in open air or well ventilated area. Flood with large volume of water if necessary.

Mix only with water. Do not mix with other pool chemicals. Use only dry clean measuring utensils. Store in a cool dry place. Keep closed when not being used.

Do not rease container. Rinse empty container thoroughly with water and discard.

EPA Reg. No. 32456-2

PACKAGED BY: ADVANCE AQUA TECHNIC ASSOC. INC. 11222 ASTRONAUT BLVD. ORLANDO, FLA' 32809 (EPC-7) concentrated Pool Chlorine. In fact, you will require from ½ to ¼ times the amount of acid usually applied. EPC-7 concentrated Pool Chlorine provides a more stable form of chlorine for easier maintenance of an effective chlorine residual in pool water for disinfecting action. It requires less storage space and maintains constant strength regardless of storage time. It is economical to use in that, after the pool is stabilized, you will need to apply EPC 7 concentrated to al Chlorine less often.

### **INSTRUCTIONS**

When starting up a new pool, superchlorinate to satisfy chlorine demand and to establish a chlorine residual of 1.0 ppm to 1.5 ppm available chlorine. To accomplish this, add 2 oz. EPC-7 concentrated Pool Chlorine per 1,000 gallons of pool water. The next morning, add cyanuric acid at the rate of 4 oz. per 1,000 gallons to stabilize the pool.

EPC-7. Concentrated Pool Chlorine should be added daily or as needed at the rate of ½ to ¼ oz. per 1,000 gallons of pool water to maintain a chlorine residual at all times of 1.0 ppm to 1.5 ppm as determined by a suitable test kit. The pH should be maintained between 7.2 and 4.7.6.

A shock treatment should be made every week during hot weather or after heavy rains. Less frequent shock treatments may be made during cool weather. For the shock treatment, add 2 oz. of EPC-7 concentrated Pool Chlorine per 1,000 gallons of pool water. Swimmers should not be permitted in the pool after the shock treatment until the chlorine residual has reached the 1.0 ppm to 1.5 ppm range.

Keep in mind that a slight flexibility must be maintained in the event of heavy accumulations of dust and dirt caused by storms or super heavy bathing loads which require additional dosages as needed to maintain the chlorine residual between 1.0 ppm and 1.5 ppm.

This product is toxic to fish. Treated pool effluent water should not be discharged where it will drain into lakes, streams, ponds or public water. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

APPLY THIS PRODUCT ONLY AS SPECIFIED ON THIS LABEL