

#### OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

May 28, 2024

Noelle Sanfilippo Regulatory Affairs Specialist Phaeton Corporation 1501 East Woodfield Road, 200W Schaumburg, Illinois 60173

Subject: Notification per PRN 98-10 – Added marketing language, added graphic images

for optional use and manufacturing, and added optional text for manufacturing

use.

Product Name: UNICORN 2.5% PERMETHRIN CONCENTRATE/

REPELLENT

EPA Registration Number: 28293-271

Application Date: 4/4/24 Case Number: 561874

#### Dear Noelle Sanfilippo:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 for the above referenced product. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10.

The label submitted with the application has been stamped "NOTIFICATION" and placed in our records.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

Page 2 of 2 EPA Reg. No. 28293-271 Case No. 561874

If you have any questions, please contact Eric Ingram at 202-566-0061 or at <a href="mailto:ingram.eric@epa.gov">ingram.eric@epa.gov</a>.

Sincerely,

Elizabeth Fertich Product Manager 4

Invertebrate-Vertebrate Branch 1

Registration Division

Office of Pesticide Programs

## **Unicorn 2.5% Permethrin Concentrate /Repellent**

For Use Around Residential [Home] Areas Only (editors note: [] brackets indicate alternate/optional text)

#### **Optional Marketing Statements:**

Up to 4 Week Control

Kills [Controls] Mosquitoes, Fleas, Ticks and Ants

Water Based

[Also] Kills [Fleas,] [Ticks,] Japanese Beetles, [Mosquitoes], [Fire Ants] and many other insects [garden pests as listed]

Kills and Repels

Kills Wood Infesting Insects

Kills [Deer] Ticks that [which] may carry Lyme Disease

Kills Carpenter Bees & Beetles

[Also] Stops[s] Bugs in Your [Also use on] [Use on]

- Lawns
- Trees & Shrubs
- Roses & Flowers
- Fruits & Nuts
- Vegetables
- Gardens

Kills Termites, Carpenter Ants, Carpenter Bees, Powderpost Beetles and other listed insects Treat outside surfaces of buildings, porches, wooden decks, patios. fences, foundations, wood piles and tree stumps (editors note: for final printed labels with wood infesting insects directions)
Spray Around Yard Perimeter

32 oz. Treats Up to 5,000 Square Feet

Hose End Use – Always Shake Well Before Using

Easy To Use Hose-End Spray

Kills 60+ Insects

Contains Permethrin, a long lasting Insecticide which provides contact and residual control for up to 4 weeks of many hard-to-kill sucking and chewing insects.

## PRODUCT USAGE [FACTS] [QUICK FACTS]

KILLS: [Ants,] Aphids, Beetles, [Chinch Bugs, Crickets, Japanese Beetles,] [Cutworms,] [Earwigs,] [Fleas,] [Japanese Beetle Grubs,] Mealybugs, [Mites,] [Mole Crickets,] [Mosquitoes,] [Sod Webworms,] Spider Mites, [Tent Caterpillars,] [Ticks,] Whiteflies and many other[s] [garden [nuisance] pests] [more insects] as listed.

Also kills wood-infesting insects including termites and Carpenter Ants. (editors note: for final printed labels with wood infesting insects directions)

USE ON [WHERE TO USE]: Fruits [Fruit Trees], Vegetables, Roses, Flowers, Lawns, Trees, and Shrubs, [Flowers] [and as a residual spray to outside surfaces of buildings, foundations, porches, patios, window frames, and other areas where pests congregate.] [Outdoors around the home] Use on lawn[s] and other outdoor areas where pests congregate.

NOTIFICATION

28293-271

The applicant has certified that no changes, other than those reported to the Agency have been made to the labeling. The Agency acknowledges this notification by letter dated:

05/28/2024

AMOUNT TO USE: See detailed instruction inside label. [Roses, Flowers, Trees, Shrubs, Fruits, Vegetables: 1-3 fl. oz. per gallon of water] [Lawns: 2-6 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.] [Nuisance pests: 6 2/3 oz. per 400 linear ft. by 6 inch spray band] [See directions for specific application rates.]

#### PRODUCT FACTS [QUICK FACTS]

- KILLS Lawn Pests: Chinch bugs, Cutworms, Mole Crickets, Japanese Beetle Grubs & Sod Webworms
  - Tree, Shrub & Flower pests: Aphids, Beetles, Tent caterpillars, Mealybugs, Mites, Whiteflies & other garden pests
  - Nuisance Pests (outdoors): Ants, Earwigs, Fleas, Mosquitoes and other nuisance pests

WHERE TO USE • On Roses, Flowers Trees, Shrubs & Lawns

· Outdoors around the home

(Optional text below in italics can be used for final printed labels with wood infesting insects directions)

[PRODUCT USAGE [QUICK FACTS]

KILLS: Termites (including dry wood termites), Carpenter Ants, Carpenter Bees, Powderpost Beetles and other wood infesting pests.

USE ON: Outside surface of buildings, porches, wooden decks and patios, wooden fences, window frames, doorways, foundations, eaves, patios, garages, wood piles, tree stumps and other areas where you may find these pests.

AMOUNT TO USE: Mix 10 fl. oz. with 1 gallon of water to treat 100 sq. ft.]

(Optional text below in italics used when packaged in a hose-end applicator container only.) *PRODUCT USAGE [QUICK FACTS]* 

KILLS: Ants, Chinch Bugs, Crickets, Japanese Beetles, Mosquitoes, Ticks, Whiteflies, and many other insects as listed [other listed insects].

USE ON: Lawns, Trees, Shrubs, Roses, Flowers, and as a residual spray to outside surfaces of buildings, porches, patios, window frames, and other areas where pests congregate.

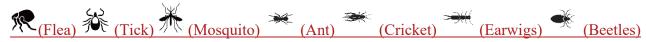
AMOUNT TO USE: No mixing required. Connect to hose and spray. [Ready to use Hose-End Spray]

(Optional text below in italics used when packaged in certain 32 fl. oz. hose-end applicator container only.)

Kills: Kills troublesome and damaging insects as listed.

*Use On: Lawn and other outdoor areas where pests congregate.* 

Amount to Use: NO MIXING. Connect to hose and spray. Treats up to 5,000 sq. ft. (Graphic icons for optional use on label:)





#### **ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

Permethrin*	2.5%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	
	100.0%

<sup>\*</sup>Cis/trans isomer ratio: Min. 35% (±) cis, Max. 65% (±) trans

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See Side/Back/Other Label Panel(s) for Additional Precautionary Statements & First Aid

## NET CONTENTS: PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### **Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals**

**CAUTION:** Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

FIRST AID		
If on skin or	Take off contaminated clothing.	
clothing	• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.	
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.	
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or		
doctor, or going for treatment. [You may also contact 1-800-222-1222 (or specific		
company number) for emergency medical treatment information.]		

#### **Environmental Hazards**

This pesticide is extremely toxic to aquatic organisms, including fish and invertebrates. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems. This pesticide is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

#### Use Restrictions

Do not allow adults, children or pets to enter the treated area until vapors, mists and aerosols have dispersed and the treated area has been thoroughly ventilated. Do not spray animals. Do not water the treated area to the point of run-off. Do not make applications during rain. All outdoor applications must be limited to spot or crack-and-crevice treatments only, except for the following permitted uses:

- 1) Treatment to soil or vegetation around structures;
- 2) Applications to lawns, turf, and other vegetation;

3) Applications to building foundations, up to a maximum height of 3 feet. Other than applications to building foundations, all outdoor applications to impervious surfaces such as sidewalks, driveways, patios, porches, and structural surfaces (such as windows, doors, and eaves) are limited to spot and crack-and-crevice applications only. Application is prohibited directly into sewers or drains, or to any area like a gutter where drainage to sewers, storm drains, water bodies, or aquatic habitat can occur. Do not allow the product to enter any drain during or after application. Not for use in outdoor residential misting systems.

This product kills troublesome outdoor insects which destroy lawns, roses, flowers, trees and shrubs: Ants, Bagworms, Aphids, Borers, Armyworms, Chinch Bugs, Inchworms, Spider mites, Green Fruitworms, Beetles, Fleas, Cicadas, Thrips, Leafhoppers, Cutworms, Sod webworms, Leafrollers, Whiteflies, Moths, Weevils.

Also, kills Alfalfa loopers, Brown dog ticks Budworms, Cabbageworms, Citrus black flies, Cluster flies, Codling moths, Corn earworms, Crickets, Earwigs, Elm spanworms, Fall cankerworms, Gnats, Grasshoppers, House flies, Japanese beetles, Leafminers, Lone star ticks, Lygus bugs, Mealybugs, Millipedes, Mole crickets, Mosquitoes, Navy orangeworms, Scales, Sowbugs (pillbugs), Spring cankerworms, Tent caterpillars, Ticks including Deer tick (which may carry Lyme disease) Tobacco budworms and many others.

#### THREE EASY STEPS TO MIX AND APPLY:

**Step #1**: For lawns and vegetables, measure the area to be sprayed. Calculate square feet by multiplying length by width.

**Step #2:** Use a clean sprayer. Carefully measure and mix the amount of concentrate and water as directed.

**Step #3:** Spray as directed. Thorough coverage is important. Flush sprayer with clean water after each use. Make applications when insects first appear. Repeat applications as directed. See directions for complete insect list.

Use dilution rates as indicated. 1 fl. oz. = 6 tsp. or 2 Tbsp; 8 fl. oz. =  $\frac{1}{2}$  pint or 1 cup. Food utensils such as teaspoons or measuring cups should not be used for food purposes after use with insecticides.

#### NUISANCE PESTS IN OUTDOOR AREAS

TREATMENT	PESTS	REMARKS [How to Use]	USE RATE
			USE KATE
AREAS	[Controlled]	[General Directions]	( 2/2 C
Outside surfaces	Ants (including foraging	To help prevent infestation of	6 2/3 fl. oz. in 1 quart
Of buildings	fire ants), Chiggers,	buildings, treat the building foundation	of water, treating 400
	Clover mites, Crickets,	to a height of 3 feet, where pests are	linear feet with a 6-
	Earwigs, Millipedes,	active and may find entrance. Also,	inch spray band
	Sowbugs (pillbugs),	apply as a residual spray to outside	
	Mosquitoes	surfaces of building, including porches,	
		screens, window frames, eaves, patios,	
		garages, refuse dumps and other areas	
		where these pests congregate or have	
		been seen. Repeat treatment as needed	
0.1		to maintain effectiveness.	
Other outdoor	Ants (including foraging	For treatment of localized infestations	
areas	fire ants), Chiggers,	of these insects in areas where there	
	Crickets, Earwigs, Fleas,	are weeds or bushy non-crop areas,	
	Lone star ticks, Ticks,	spray infested areas thoroughly. For	
	including Deer tick	Ants, thoroughly wet hills and	
	(which may carry Lyme disease)	runways. Repeat application as	
	Cluster flies, Flying	reinfestation occurs.  For use only as an aid in reducing	
	moths, Gnats, House	annoyance from these insects. Spray	
	Flies, Mosquitoes	outside surfaces of screens, doors,	
	Thes, wosquitoes	window frames or wherever these	
		insects may enter the room. Also treat	
		surfaces around light fixtures on	
		porches, in garages and other places	
		where these insects alight or	
		congregate. Repeat as necessary.	
	Tent caterpillars	Application should be made when	
	1	caterpillars are young and tents are first	
		noticed. For best results, apply in the	
		late afternoon or evening, when	
		caterpillars have returned to their tents.	
		Wet tents with spray on all sides. A	
		few caterpillars may be seen escaping	
		from the tent, however, they should die	
		within several hours.	

#### WOOD-INFESTING INSECTS INCLUDING TERMITES\*\* (OUTDOOR USE):

WOOD INFESTING INSECTS INCLUDING TERMITES: For Beetles (Furniture, Deathwatch, False powderpost, Longhorned, Powderpost), Carpenter ants (and other wood-infesting ants), Carpenter bees and Termites (for localized control only) (including dry-wood termites):

Treat outside surfaces of building, porches, wooden decks and patios, wooden fences, window frames, doorways, foundations, eaves, patios, garages, garage areas and other areas where you may find these pests.

Mix 10 fl. oz. with 1 gallon of water to treat 100 sq. ft. Spray infested surfaces until thoroughly wet, avoiding dripping and runoff. Apply evenly on wood surfaces. To treat small areas, apply by brushing or spraying the diluted spray. For large areas, use coarse, low-pressure spray. Repeat treatment as needed to maintain effectiveness. Do not spray into electrical outlets or utilities.

Spray infested areas and areas likely to be infested, such as wood surfaces, voids and channels in damaged wood, spaces between wooden parts of a structure, and between wood and foundations where infestation is likely to occur, also around fence posts, wood piles (do not use on firewood) and tree stumps.

Suitable protective clothing should be worn in confined or overhead areas to prevent exposure to eyes and skin. The use of gloves and footwear, a long-sleeved shirt and long pants or coveralls are recommended. Do not permit contact with treated surfaces until spray has dried. Treated confined areas, such as detached garages, under porches and decks, should be ventilated during and immediately following application before the areas are re-occupied.

For carpenter ants, spray around doors and windows and other places where ants may enter or crawl and hide. Also treat cracks and crevices or openings into wall voids or other areas where these ants may be present.

For carpenter bees, spray or inject into holes and tunnels already made by the bees with a tank sprayer, and spray areas where they are beginning to build tunnels into the wood.

For termites\*\* (including dry-wood termites): treat as for other wood-infesting insects. This product will kill workers and winged reproductive forms of termites in the treated areas. Re-treat as needed to maintain effectiveness. For localized control only. For active infestation get a professional inspection.

\*\* USE OF THIS TYPE OF PRODUCT TO CONTROL (KILL) TERMITES SHOULD NOT BE CONSIDERED A SUBSTITUTE FOR SOIL TREATMENT OF SUBTERRANEAN TERMITES DONE BY A PROFESSIONAL PEST CONTROL OPERATOR.

## **HOME LAWNS**

TREATMENT	PESTS [Controlled]	REMARKS [How to Use]	USE RATE
AREAS [Plants]		[General Directions]	
Bent, Bermuda, Bluegrass, Dichondra, Fescue, Irish Moss, Merion, St. Augustine	Armyworms, Brown dog ticks, Chiggers, Chinch bugs, Cutworms, Fleas, Japanese beetle grubs, Mole crickets, Mosquitoes, Sod webworms, Ticks, including Deer Tick (which may carry Lyme disease)	Thoroughly wet down grass a few hours before applying. Home lawns should be no taller than 3 inches at time of application. Slightly more water may be used as long as the amount of product per area is as listed below. For heavy infestations, repeat application after 2 weeks.	6 fl. oz. in 10 gals. Of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.
	Ants (including foraging fire ants), Crickets, Grasshoppers		2 fl. oz. in 3 gallons of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.
Bent, Bermuda, Bluegrass, Dichondra, Fescue, Irish Moss, Merion, St. Augustine	Fire ants (mound treatment)	Apply 1 gallon of solution as a gentle rain to each fire ant mound using a sprinkler can. Thoroughly wet the mound and surrounding area to a 4 foot diameter. For best results, apply in cool weather, 65°-80° F, or in early morning or late evening hours. Treat new mounds as they appear. Do not disturb the mound prior to treatment. If possible, treat all mounds in the vicinity, and treat all colonies which may not as yet have constructed a mound. Larger quantities of solution can be prepared for multiple mound treatments. Equipment to deliver the diluted product as a gentle rain at the rate of 1 gallon per mound is still required. Do not use equipment that produces a pressurized spray as pressurized sprays may disturb fire ants and cause migration, reducing product effectiveness.	6 fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to treat one mound

## TREES & SHRUBS

TREATMENT	PESTS [Controlled]	REMARKS [How to Use]	USE RATE
AREAS [Plants]		[General Directions]	
Arizona cypress, Azalea,	Aphids, Bagworms,	Apply as a thorough spray, wetting	1 fl. oz. in 1
Birch, Cherry, Non-	Cicadas, Exposed	leaves and branches to the dripping	gallon of water
bearing citrus, Conifers,	thrips, Fall	point. Try to penetrate dense foliage.	
Elm, English ivy,	cankerworms,	Spray in the late afternoon or evening,	
Euonymus, Weeping fig,	Inchworms,	when the temperature ranges from 50°	
Fir, Honeysuckle, Lilac,	Leafminers,	to 75° F and when there is little or no	
Mock-orange, Oak,	Leafrollers, Mealybugs,	wind. Spray at the first sign of	
Palm, Philodendron,	Spider mites,	insects. Repeat as necessary; use	
Pine, Poinsettia, Tulip,	Whiteflies	intervals of 4-8 days. Application can	
Poplar, Rhododendron,		be made up to the day of collection.	
Taxus			
Cherry, Honeysuckle	Fall webworms		
Conifers	Budworms		
Elm	Elm leaf beetles, Elm		
	spanworms, Fall		
	webworms		
Douglas and Grand firs	Tussock moths		
Non-bearing citrus	Citrus black flies		
Oak	Oakworms		
Pine	Pine beetles, Pine		
	moths, Pine		
	needleminers, Needle		
	scales		

### **ROSES & FLOWERS**

	PROMOTO : II II	DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF	TION DAME
TREATMENT	PESTS [Controlled]	REMARKS [How to Use]	USE RATE
AREAS [Plants]		[General Directions]	
Ageratum, Aster,	Aphids, Bagworms,	Apply as a thorough spray, wetting	1 fl. oz. in 1
Azalea, Begonia, Coleus,	Cicadas, Exposed	the plants to the dripping point. Try	gallon of water
Common ninebark and	thrips, Fall	to hit underside of leaves and	
snowberry, Exacum,	cankerworms, Fall	penetrate dense foliage. Spray in the	
Gladiolus, Gold bells,	webworms, Inchworms,	late afternoon or evening, when the	
Hypoestes, Ivy, Lilac,	Leafminers,	temperature ranges from 50° to 75° F	
Marigold, Mock-orange,	Leafrollers, Mealybugs,	and when there is little or no wind.	
Nannyberry, Orchid,	Spider mites,	Spray at the first sign of insects.	
Pansy, Pea shrub,	Whiteflies	Repeat as necessary; use intervals of	
Petunia, Poinsettia,		4-8 days. Application can be made	
Rhododendron, Rose,		up to the day of collection.	
Snapdragon, Zinnia			

## FRUIT & NUT TREES

AREAS [Plants]  Almonds  Navel orangeworms, Peach twig borers  Apply when insects appear. Wet the plants to the dripping point. Try to hit underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage. Do not make more than 2 applications per season. Can be applied up to 7 days prior to harvest.  Apples  Green fruitworms, Leafrollers (Oblique-banded; Redbanded), Plum curculio, Rosy apple aphids, Spotted tentiform leafminers, Tarmished plant bugs, White apple leafhoppers  Peaches  Borers (Lesser peachtree, Peach twig), Green fruitworms, Plum curculio, Oriental fruit moths, Tarmished plant bugs  Pears  Pear sylia  Pear sylia  Pears  Codling moths, Green fruitwoms, Pear psylla  Codling moths, Green fruitwoms, Pear psylla  Pears (summer)  Codling moths, Green fruitwoms, Pear psylla  Apply when insects appear. Wet the plants to the dripping point. Try to hit underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not make more than 8 applications per season.  Apply when insects appear. Wet the plants to the dripping point. Try to hit underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not make more than 2 applications per season.  Apply when insects appear. Wet the plants to the dripping point. Try to hit underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage. Apply during the dormant through delayed dormant growth period only. Do not make more than 2 applications per season.  Apply when insects appear. Wet the plants to the dripping point. Try to hit underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage. Do not make more than 3 applications per season.  Apply when insects appear. Wet the plants to the dripping point. Try to hit underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage. Do not make more than 3 applications per season.  Apply when insects appear. Wet the plants to the dripping point. Try to hit underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage. Do not make more than 3 applications per season.  Apply when insects appear. Wet the plants to the dripping point. Try to h	TREATMENT	PESTS [Controlled]	REMARKS [How to Use]	USE RATE
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## **VEGETABLES**

TREATMENT	PESTS [Controlled]	REMARKS [How to Use]	USE RATE
AREAS [Plants]		[General Directions]	
Asparagus (pre- harvest)	Asparagus beetles, Cutworms	Apply for uniform coverage as needed. Do not make more than 4 applications per crop. Can be applied up to 3 days prior to harvest.	1½ fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to cover 1000 sq. ft.
Asparagus (post- harvest)	Beetles (Adult Japanese, Larval stages of asparagus), Lygus bugs, Tarnished plant bugs	Treat ferns or bush growth after spear harvest when insects are present.	
Celery	Armyworms, (beet, Fall, Southern), Cabbage loopers, Cutworms (black, granulate), Vegetable leafminers	Apply every 3-5 days or as needed. Can be applied up to 3 days prior to harvest. Do not make more than 10 applications per season.	
Broccoli, Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower	Beet armyworms, Cabbage aphides and loopers, Diamondback moths, Imported cabbageworms	Apply every 5 days or as needed. Can be applied up to 1 day prior to harvest. Do not make more than 8 applications on Cauliflower, Brussels Sprouts, and Broccoli and 10 applications on Cabbage.	1 fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.
Eggplant	Colorado Potato beetles, Vegetable leafminers	Apply for uniform coverage as needed. Do not exceed 16 applications. Can be applied up to 3 days prior to harvest.	3 fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.
Horseradish (foliar application)	Imported crucifer weevils	Apply as needed. Do not exceed 3 foliar applications. Can be applied up to 22 days prior to harvest.	
Head lettuce	Corn earworms, Beet armyworms, Loopers (Alfalfa, Cabbage), Tobacco budworms	Apply every 5-10 days as needed. Do not make more than 10 applications per season. Can be applied up to 1 day prior to harvest.	2 fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.
Potatoes	Beetles (Colorade potato, Potato flea), Beet armyworms, Cabbage loopers, Cutworms, European corn borers, Leafhoppers (Aster, Potato), Potato aphids, Potato psyllids, Potato tuberworms, Tarnished plant bugs	Apply as needed. Do not make more than 12 applications. Can be applied up to 7 days prior to harvest.	1½ fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.
Peppers	Cabbage loopers, Corn earworms, European corn borers, Flea beetles, Pepper weevils, Vegetable leafminers	Apply as needed, but not more than 8 applications per season. Can be applied up to 3 days prior to harvest.	2 fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.

Spinach	Beet armyworms, Cabbage loopers, Corn earworms, Cutworms, European corn borers, Green cloverworms, Leafhoppers	Apply for uniform coverage when needed, but not more than 7 applications per season. Can be applied up to 7 days prior to harvest.	1½ fl. oz in 1 gallon of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.
Sweet Corn	Armyworms (Fall, Southern), Corn earworms, European corn borers	Apply every 5 days and when needed, but not more than 6 applications per season. Can be applied up to 1 day prior to harvest.	
Tomatoes (Do not apply on Cherry Tomatoes and varieties yielding tomatoes less than one inch in diameter)	Armyworms, (Beet, Southern), Cabbage loopers, Colorado potato beetles, Granulate cutworms, Hornworms, Tomato Fruitworms, Tomato pinworms	Apply as needed. Do not make more than 6 applications per season. Can be applied up to day of harvest.	1½ fl. oz in 1 gallon of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.

## ORNAMENTAL HOUSE PLANTS

**INDOORS:** To protect plants in home greenhouses, lathhouses, and indoor landscapes

TREATMENT	PESTS [Controlled]	REMARKS [How to Use]	USE RATE
AREAS [Plants]		[General Directions]	
Ageratum, Ardisia,	Aphids, Armyworms,	Contact and residual spray. Use	1 fl. oz. in 1
Aster, Azalea, Baby's	Corn earworms,	sufficient spray to obtain full	gallon of water
breath, Begonia,	Exposed thrips, Fall	coverage of all foliage. Adjust spray	
Birdsnest fern, Bleeding	cankerworms,	volume used to plant size. Spray	
heart, Carnation,	Inchworms, Japanese	directly on insects. If application is to	
Chrysanthemum, Coleus,	beetles, Leafminers,	be made indoors, remove infested	
Crown of thorns,	Leafrollers, Mealybugs,	plants from living areas prior to	
Cockscomb, Cyclamen,	Scales, Spider mites,	application. Spray plants in an area	
Dracaena, Dumbcane,	Spring cankerworms,	not likely to be occupied by people or	
English ivy, Fuchsia,	Whiteflies	pets (particularly fish). When leaves	
Gladiolus, Grape ivy,		dry, plants can be returned to original	
Hypoestes, Ivy, Juniper,		location. Do not use more product	
Lily, Marigold, Orchid,		than recommended, as this may cause	
Palm, Pansy, Peperomia,		some plant injury. Use with care on	
Petunia, Philodendron,		ferns, palms and fuchsia. As with all	
Piggy-back plant,		plants listed above, especially	
Poinsettia, Portulaca,		carnations, chrysanthemums and	
Pothos, Prayer plant,		roses, there exists a wide variety of	
Purple passion, Rabbits		species and cultivars, and therefore, a	
foot fern, Rose,		wide variety of susceptibility to	
Schefflera, Snapdragon,		injury. To ascertain possible	
Snake plant, Statice,		phytotoxicity, spray a few plants as	
Velvet plant, Verbena,		described above, wait 24 hours, and	
Zinnia		check for possible injury. Repeat	
Chrysanthemums	Armyworms,	applications may be necessary to	
	Cabbageworms,	control citrus blackflies on non-	
	Cutworms, Leafrollers	bearing citrus and adult Japanese	
Velvet plants	Fungus gnats	beetles on roses.	

HOSE END SPRAYER: Easy to Use. For Application to Lawns, Outdoor Ornamentals, Outside Surfaces of Buildings, and Other Outdoor Residential Areas. 32 oz. Treats Up to 5,000 Square Feet

- 1. Make sure Knob is twisted fully clockwise to OFF position. Shake well before attaching to hose.
- 2. Turn Product Control Button clockwise until the flat portion is flush with the lock tab, then push button all the way in. Avoid squeezing bottle.
- 3. Turn water on at faucet, aim nozzle toward lawn and turn Knob counterclockwise to begin spraying.
- 4. When finished push Product Control Button to OFF position from opposite side. Return Knob and faucet to OFF position. Discharge water pressure by turning Knob ON and OFF again. Turn Product Control Button counterclockwise away from lock tab to prevent accidental discharge. Store out of reach of children.

(Alternate Hose End Sprayer Directions – Used in accordance with type of Hose End packaged) HOSE END SPRAYER: Easy to Use. For Application to Lawns, Outdoor Ornamentals, Outside Surfaces of Buildings, and Other Outdoor Residential Areas.

32 oz. Treats Up to 5,000 Square Feet

[Snap off tab on top of sprayer before first use.] [Editor Note: when using K1 hose end]

- 1. Make sure knob Control lever is in the OFF position. Shake well and attach to hose.
- 2. Turn water on at faucet, aim nozzle toward lawn and turn knob Control lever to ON to begin spraying.
- 3. When finished turn Control lever to OFF position. Turn faucet to OFF Position. Discharge residual water pressure by turning ON and OFF again. Store out of reach of children.

(Alternate Hose End Sprayer Directions – Use in accordance with type of Hose End packaged) HOSE END SPRAYER: Easy to Use. For Application to Lawns, Outdoor Ornamentals, Outside Surfaces of Buildings, and Other Outdoor Residential Areas.

32 oz. Treats Up to 5,000 Square Feet

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. Make sure [white] Water [Control] Valve [on top of bottle] is in the OFF or back position and the red Product Mixing Valve is [pointed] in the CLOSED or upright position.
- 2. Shake the product well and firmly attach to garden hose.
- 3. Turn water on at faucet and aim nozzle toward lawn. To begin water flow, turn [white] Water Valve ON by pushing forward. To begin spraying mixture, rotate [red] Product Mixing Valve OPEN by turning it ¼ of a turn counter clockwise.
- 4. Walk at a steady pace spraying in a side to side arc slightly overlapping treated areas. [Refer to graduated side of container to guide coverage.]
- 5. To stop spraying, turn the [red] Product Mixing Valve to the CLOSED or upright position and return the [white] Water Valve to the OFF or back position.
- 6. For product storage, both valves should be in the CLOSED/OFF position.

(Editors Note: The following two sets of alternate hose end sprayer directions are for specific customer packaging and used only be that customer on their final printed labels.)

(Alternate Hose End Sprayer Directions – use in accordance with type of Hose End packaged) [FOR USE WITH THE Lock 'N Spray® SYSTEM

Lock 'N Spray makes lawn and garden care easy. Simply attach this cartridge to the Lock 'N Spray sprayer (sold separately). Eliminates mixing, measuring and messy clean up, Automatically mixes the right amount of product and water.]

HOW TO USE THE Lock	HOW TO USE THE Lock 'N Spray® SYSTEM		
CONNECT	Connect sprayer to hose.		
	Attach cartridge to sprayer. Turn cartridge until it clicks		
	into place.		
SPRAY	To begin spraying, rotate sprayer nozzle tip to direct spray		
	up or down, or remove for a 20 to 25 ft. jet spray. Turn on		
	water and squeeze trigger.		
FINISH	<ul> <li>To stop spraying, release trigger, unlock cartridge</li> </ul>		
	and remove from sprayer. (No need to turn off		
	water.)		
	To clean sprayer, flush with water, squeezing and		
	releasing trigger in 2 short bursts. Turn off water.		
	To disconnect sprayer, relieve water pressure by		
	squeezing trigger.		
Cartridge reseals itself automatically – No spills, no leaks!			

(Alternate Hose End Sprayer Directions – Use in accordance with type of hose End packaged) [HOW TO USE THE Ready-Spray® SYSTEM

#### CONNECT:

- 1. Shake well before using.
- 2. Connect sprayer to hose. Be sure larger green ON/OFF switch located at hose end is set to "OFF"
- 3. Turn on water.
- 4. Activate smaller green switch at sprayer opening to "OPEN" position. (Coin or key may be needed to activate switch.)

#### SPRAY:

- 1. To begin spraying, point nozzle in the direction you want to spray.
- 2. Turn larger green ON/OFF switch at hose end counterclockwise to on position.
- 3. Spray evenly over measured area.

#### FINISH:

- 1. To stop spraying, turn larger green ON/OFF switch clockwise to "OFF".
- 2. Deactivate smaller green switch at sprayer opening to "CLOSED" position.
- 3. Turn off water.
- 4. Relieve water pressure by turning larger green ON/OFF switch counterclockwise to on position until water slows to a drip. Then, turn same ON/OFF switch back to "OFF".
- 5. Disconnect sprayer from hose.

(Alternate Hose End Sprayer Directions – Use in accordance with type of Hose End packaged) HOW TO USE: Always keep nozzle pointed away from people and pets.

- 1) Shake well before using. Connect sprayer to hose. Be sure the larger ON/OFF dial located at the hose end is set to "OFF" (tab is vertical when "OFF").
- 2) Turn on water at faucet.
- Turn the smaller, star shaped button so that the flat side is aligned with the lock tab and push to the "OPEN" position.
- 4) To begin spraying, turn the larger ON/OFF dial at the hose end counterclockwise to the "ON" position.
- 5) To STOP spraying, turn the larger ON/OFF dial to the "OFF" position. Push the star shaped button to the "CLOSED" position. Twist the star shaped button so that the flat side is no longer aligned with the lock tab. Turn water off at faucet. To relieve pressure, turn the larger ON/OFF dial to the "ON" position then back to the "OFF" position. Disconnect sprayer from hose.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in a cool, dry area away from heat or open flame.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** *If partly filled* – Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

**CONTAINER DISPOSAL:** *If empty* – Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Place in trash or offer for recycling if available.

NOTICE: To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer assumes all responsibility for safety and use not in accordance with directions.

[Manufactured for:]

**==PHAETON CORPORATION** 

P.O. Box 290, Madison, GA 30650

(Lot no. added at production)

[Optional supplemental distributor website: www.enforcer.com]