OCT 27 2000

Mr. Lee Tharrington Unicorn Laboratories 12385 Automobile Blvd. Clearwater, FL 33762

Dear Mr. Tharrington:

Subject: Amendment - add termites, hose- end applicator and fire

ants

Unicorn 2.5% Permethrin Concentrate

EPA Registration No. 28293-271

Your Submissions dated June 13 and June 27, 2000

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA section 3(c)(7)(a), is acceptable provided that you:

- 1. Submit and/or cite all data or other material required for registration/reregistration of your product under FIFRA section 3(c)(5) or FIFRA section 4 when the Agency requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.
- 2. Make the labeling changes listed below before you release the product for shipment bearing the amended labeling:
- a) Change the use statement on the front panel to read "For Use Around Residential (Home) Areas Only".
- b) Following the fluid oz equivalent add the following precaution "Food utensils such as teaspoons or measuring cups should not be used for food purposes after use with insecticides.".
- c) Add "Outdoor Use" in parenthesis following the heading "Wood-Infesting Insects including Termites". Also add the double asterisk above the pest name Termites.
- d) Delete, "xx and provide temporary protection from infestation" under Termite directions since there is no data to support this claim and add the following sentence to the end of the paragraph, "For active infestations get a professional inspection.".
- e) Under vegetables delete the term "Cole Crops". Just list the crops.
- f) Qualify "House Plants" to read "Ornamental House Plants". Also revise the beginning of the statement to read, "To protect plants in home greenhouses, lathhouses and indoor landscapes.".
- g) Change "non-crop" to "residential" under hose end spray directions.

- h) Delete the refill paragraph. We will no longer accept this practice since complete directions for use and precautions are no listed. We are concerned that should the user not have labeled Unicorn .25 Permethrin WB label and container they may mix in any spray tank and use without having completer directions. If you are interested in a refill product then request a separate registration and include complete labeling.
- 3. Submit two (2) copies of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely,

George T. LaRocca Product Manager 13 Insecticide Branch Registration Division (7505C)

Enclosure

ACCEPTED

with COMMENTS in EPA Letter Dated

OCI 57 2000

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungiside, and Rodenticide Act

as amended, for the posticide registered under PA Reg. No. 27

# Unicorn 2.5% Permethrin Concentrate /Repellent

For Use On Residential Lawns and Gardens Only

- Up to 4 Week Control
  - Water Based
  - Kills and Repels
- Kills Ticks that may carry Lyme Disease
   Stop Bugs in Your
  - Lawns
  - Trees & Shrubs
  - Roses & Flowers
    - Fruits & Nuts
    - Vegetables
  - Spray Around Yard Perimeter
  - 32 oz. Treats Up to 5,000 Square Feet
- Hose End Use Always Shake Well Before Using

Contains Permethrin, a long lasting insecticide which provides contact and residual control for up to 4 weeks of many hard-to-kill sucking and chewing insects.

(Optional text below in *italics* used when packaged in a hose-end applicator container only.) PRODUCT USAGE

KILLS: Ants, Chinch Bugs, Crickets, Japanese Beetles, Mosquitoes, Ticks, Whiteflies, and many other insects as listed.

USE ON: Lawns, Trees, Shrubs, Roses, Flowers, and as a residual spray to outside surfaces of buildings, porches, patios, window frames, and other areas where pests congregate.

AMOUNT TO USE: No mixing required. Connect to hose and spray.

#### **ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

\* Cis/trans isomer ratio:

Min. 35% (±) cis Max. 65% (+) trans

# CAUTION

See Side/Back Label Panel for Additional Precautionary Statements

**NET CONTENTS: Manufactured By:** 

Unicorn Laboratories 12385 Automobile Blvd. Clearwater, Florida 33762

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

#### Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

**CAUTION:** May be harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

#### **Statement of Practical Treatment**

IF SWALLOWED: Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

IF ON SKIN: Wash promptly with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing.

**IF IN EYES:** Rinse eyes for at least 15 minutes with plenty of water. Call a physician if irritation persists.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air. Apply artificial respiration if indicated.

#### **Environmental Hazards**

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water. Drifts and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in a cool, dry area away from heat or open flame. Do not reuse container. Rinse thoroughly before discarding in trash.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This product kills troublesome outdoor insects which destroy lawns, roses, flowers, trees and shrubs: Ants, Bagworms, Aphids, Borers, Armyworms, Chinch Bugs, Inchworms, Spider mites, Green fruitworms, Beetles, Fleas, Cicadas, Thrips, Leafhoppers, Cutworms, Sod webworms, Leafrollers, Whiteflies, Moths, Weevils.

Also kills Alfalfa loopers, Brown dog ticks, Budworms, Cabbageworms, Citrus black flies, Cluster flies, Codling moths, Corn earworms, Crickets, Earwigs, Elm spanworms, Fall cankerworms, Gnats, Grasshoppers, House flies, Japanese beetles, Leafminers, Lone star ticks, Lygus bugs, Mealybugs, Millipedes, Mole crickets, Mosquitoes, Navy orangeworms, Scales, Sowbugs (pillbugs), Spring cankerworms, Tent caterpillars, Ticks including Deer tick (which may carry Lyme disease) Tobacco budworms and many others.

EPA REG. NO. 28293-271 (AMD 9/29/99, 6/13/00) EPA EST. NO. 62478-FL-1A; 44616-MO-1B Subscript used is first letter of run code on container.

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#### REFILL INSTRUCTIONS

For Unicorn .25 Permethrin WB: To kill pests Indoors such as Ants, Ticks, Cockroaches, Fleas, Silverfish, Spiders, and Waterbugs, use this product as a refill for Unicorn .25 Permethrin WB. Unicorn .25 Permethrin WB is ideal for home insect control applications. Follow the directions on the Unicorn .25 Permethrin WB label to control insects indoors. Add 12 ½ fl.oz. of concentrate and dilute to 1 gallon with water.

#### THREE EASY STEPS TO MIX AND APPLY:

**Step #1:** For lawns and vegetables, measure the area to be sprayed. Calculate square feet by multiplying length by width. For all other applications, apply as a thorough cover spray.

**Step #2:** Use a clean sprayer. Carefully measure and mix the amount of concentrate and water as directed.

**Step #3:** Spray as directed. Thorough coverage is important. Flush sprayer with clean water after each use. **Make applications when insects first appear.** Repeat applications as directed. See directions for complete insect list.

Use dilution rates as indicated. 1 fl. oz. = 6 tsp. or 2 Tbsp; 8 fl. oz. = ½ pint or 1 cup.

#### **NUISANCE PESTS IN OUTDOOR AREAS**

TREATMENT	PESTS	REMARKS	USE RATE
AREAS			
Outside surfaces	Ants (including	To help prevent infestation of buildings, treat the	6 2/3 fl. oz. in 1
Of buildings	foraging fire	building foundation to a height of 2 to 3 feet,	quart of water,
	ants), Chiggers,	where pests are active and may find entrance.	treating 400
	Clover mites,	Also, apply as a residual spray to outside surfaces	linear feet with
	Crickets,	of building, including porches, screens, window	a 6-inch spray
	Earwigs,	frames, eaves, patios, garages, refuse dumps and	band
	Millipedes,	other areas where these pests congregate or	
	Sowbugs	have been seen. Repeat treatment as needed to	
	(pillbugs),	maintain effectiveness.	į
	Mosquitoes		
Other outdoor	Ants (including	For treatment of localized infestations of these	
areas	foraging fire	insects in areas where there are weeds or bushy	
	ants), Chiggers,	non-crop areas, spray infested areas thoroughly.	
	Crickets,	For Ants, thoroughly wet hills and runways.	
	Earwigs, Fleas,	Repeat application as reinfestation occurs.	
	Lone star ticks,		
	Ticks, including		
	Deer tick (which		į
	may carry Lyme		
	disease)		
	Cluster flies,	For use only as an aid in reducing annoyance	
	Flying moths,	from these insects. Spray outside surfaces of	
	Gnats, House	screens, doors, window frames or wherever these	
	Flies,	insects may enter the room. Also treat surfaces	į
	Mosquitoes	around light fixtures on porches, in garages and	
		other places where these insects alight or	
		congregate. Repeat as necessary.	
	Tent caterpillars	Application should be made when caterpillars are	
		young and tents are first noticed. For best results,	
	Į	apply in the late afternoon or evening, when	:
		caterpillars have returned to their tents. Wet tents	
		with spray on all sides. A few caterpillars may be	
		seen escaping from the tent, however, they	
		should die within several hours.	

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Do not spray animals. People and pets should not be allowed in treated areas until spray has dried.

#### **WOOD-INFESTING INSECTS INCLUDING TERMITES:**

WOOD INFESTING INSECTS INCLUDING TERMITES: For Beetles (Furniture, Deathwatch, False powderpost, Longhorned, Powderpost, Carpenter ants (and other wood-infesting ants), Carpenter bees and Termites (for localized control only) (including dry-wood termites):

Treat outside surfaces of building, porches, wooden decks and patios, wooden fences, window frames, doorways, foundations, eaves, patios, garages, garage areas and other areas where you may find these pests.

Mix 10 fl.oz. with 1 gallon of water to treat 100 sq.ft. Spray infested surfaces until thoroughly wet, avoiding dripping and runoff. Apply evenly on wood surfaces. To treat small areas, apply by brushing or spraying the diluted spray. For large areas, use a coarse, low-pressure spray. Repeat treatment as needed to maintain effectiveness. Do not spray into electrical outlets or utilities.

Spray infested areas and areas likely to be infested, such as wood surfaces, voids and channels in damaged wood, spaces between wooden parts of a structure, and between wood and foundations where infestation is likely to occur, also around fenceposts, wood piles (do not use on firewood) and tree stumps.

Suitable protective clothing should be worn in confined or overhead areas to prevent exposure to eyes and skin. The use of gloves and footwear, a long-sleeved shirt and long pants or coveralls are recommended. Do not permit contact with treated surfaces until spray has dried. Treated confined areas, such as detached garages, under porches and decks, should be ventilated during and immediately following application before the areas are re-occupied.

For carpenter ants, spray around doors and windows and other places where ants may enter or crawl and hide. Also treat cracks and crevices or openings into wall voids or other areas where these ants may be present.

For carpenter bees, spray or inject into holes and tunnels already made by the bees with a tank sprayer, and spray areas where they are beginning to build tunnels into the wood.

For termites\*\* (including dry-wood termites): treat as for other wood-infesting insects. This product will kill workers and winged reproductive forms of termites in the treated areas and provide temporary protection from infestation. Re-treat as needed to maintain effectiveness. For localized control only.

\*\* USE OF THIS TYPE OF PRODUCT TO CONTROL (KILL) TERMITES SHOULD 'NOT BE CONSIDERED A SUBSTITUTE FOR SOIL TREATMENT OF

# SUBTERRANEAN TERMITES DONE BY A PROFESSIONAL PEST CONTROL OPERATOR.

### **HOME LAWNS**

TREATMENT AREAS	PESTS	REMARKS	USE RATE
Bent, Bermuda, Bluegrass, Dichondra, Fescue, Irish Moss, Merion, St. Augustine	Armyworms, Brown dog ticks, Chiggers, Chinch bugs, Cutworms, Fleas, Japanese beetle grubs, Mole crickets, Mosquitoes, Sod webworms, Ticks, including Deer Tick (which may carry Lyme disease) Ants (including foraging fire ants), Crickets, Grasshoppers	Thoroughly wet down grass a few hours before applying. Home lawns should be no taller than 3 inches at time of application. Slightly more water may be used as long as the amount of product per area is as listed below. For heavy infestations, repeat application after 2 weeks.	6 fl. oz. in 10 gals. Of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.  2 fl. oz. in 3 gallons of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.
	Fire ants (mound treatment)	Apply 1 gallon of solution as a gentle rain to each fire ant mound using a sprinkler can. Thoroughly wet the mound and surrounding area to a 4 foot diameter. For best results, apply in cool weather, 65°-80°F, or in early morning or late evening hours. Treat new mounds as they appear. Do not disturb the mound prior to treatment. If possible, treat all mounds in the vicinity, and treat all colonies which may not as yet have constructed a mound. Larger quantities of solution can be prepared for multiple mound treatments. Equipment to deliver the diluted product as a gentle rain at the rate of 1 gallon per mound is still required. Do not use equipment that produces a pressurized spray as pressurized sprays may disturb fire ants and cause migration, reducing product effectiveness.	6 fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to treat one mound



#### **TREES & SHRUBS**

TREATMENT AREAS	PESTS	REMARKS	USE RATE
Arizona cypress, Azalea, Birch, Cherry, Non- bearing citrus, Conifers, Elm, English ivy, Euonymus, Weeping fig, Fir, Honeysuckle, Lilac, Mock-orange, Oak, Palm,	Aphids, Bagworms, Cicadas, Exposed thrips, Fall cankerworms, Inchworms, Leafminers, Leafrollers, Mealybugs, Spider mites, Whiteflies	Apply as a thorough spray, wetting leaves and branches to the dripping point. Try to penetrate dense foliage. Spray in the late afternoon or	1 fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water
Philodendron, Pine, Poinsettia, Tulip, Poplar, Rhododendron, Taxus Cherry, Honeysuckle	Fall webworms	evening, when the temperature ranges from 50° to 75° F and when there is little or no wind.  Spray at the first sign of	
Conifers	Budworms	insects. Repeat as	
Elm	Elm leaf beetles, Elm spanworms, Fall webworms	necessary; use intervals of 4-8 days. Application can be made up to the	
Douglas and Grand firs	Tussock moths	day of collection.	
Non-bearing citrus	Citrus black flies		
Oak	Oakworms	]	
Pine	Pine beetles, Pine moths, Pine needleminers, Needle scales		

### **ROSES & FLOWERS**

TREATMENT AREAS	PESTS	REMARKS	USE RATE
Ageratum, Aster, Azalea, Begonia, Coleus, Common ninebark and snowberry, Exacum, Gladiolus, Gold bells, Hypoestes, Ivy, Lilac, Marigold, Mock-orange, Nannyberry, Orchid, Pansy, Pea shrub, Petunia, Poinsettia, Rhododendron, Rose, Snapdragon, Zinnia	Aphids, Bagworms, Cicadas, Exposed thrips, Fall cankerworms, Fall webworms, Inchworms, Leafminers, Leafrollers, Mealybugs, Spider mites, Whiteflies	Apply as a thorough spray, wetting the plants to the dripping point. Try to hit underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage. Spray in the later afternoon or evening, when the temperature ranges from 50° to 75° F and when there is little or no wind. Spray at the first sign of insects. Repeat as necessary; use intervals of 4-8 days. Application can be made up to the day of collection.	1 fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water

## **FRUIT & NUT TREES**

TREATMENT AREAS	PESTS	REMARKS	USE RATE
Almonds	Navel orangeworms, Peach twig borers	Apply when insects appear. Wet the plants to the dripping point. Try to hit underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage. Do not make more than 2 applications during hull split and 5 applications per season. Can be applied up to 7 days prior to harvest.	2 fl. oz. in 1 gallon water
Apples	Green fruitworms, Leafrollers (Oblique-banded; Redbanded), Plum curculio, Rosy apple aphids, Spotted tentiform leafminers, Tarnished plant bugs, White apple leafhoppers	Apply when insects appear. Wet the plants to the dripping point. Try to hit underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage. Repeat as required to maintain control. Do not make more than 3 applications. Do not apply after petal fall.	
Peaches	Borers (Lesser peachtree, Peach twig), Green fruitworms, Plum curculio, Oriental fruit moths, Tarnished plant bugs	Apply when insects appear. Wet the plants to the dripping point. Try to hit underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not make more than 8 applications per season.	
Pears	Pear psylla	Apply when insects appear. Wet the plants to the dripping point. Try to hit underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage. Apply during the dormant through delayed dormant growth period only. Do not make more than 2 applications per season.	
Pears (summer)	Codling moths, Green fruitworms, Pear psylla	Apply when insects appear. Wet the plants to the dripping point. Try to hit underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage. Do not make more than 3 applications per season. Can be applied up to 14 days prior to harvest.	

### **VEGETABLES**

TREATMENT AREAS	PESTS	REMARKS	USE RATE
Asparagus (pre-harvest)	Asparagus beetles, Cutworms	Apply for uniform coverage as needed.  Do not make more than 4 applications per crop. Can be applied up to 3 days prior to harvest.	1½ fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to cover 1000 sq. ft.
Asparagus (post-harvest)	Beetles (Adult Japanese, Larval stages of asparagus), Lygus bugs, Tarnished plant bugs	Treat ferns or bush growth after spear harvest when insects are present.	
Celery	Armyworms (beet, Fail, Southern), Cabbage loopers, Cutworms (black, granulate), Vegetable leafminers	Apply every 3-5 days or as needed. Can be applied up to 3 days prior to harvest. Do not make more than 10 applications per season.	
Cole crops: Broccoli, Brussels sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower	Beet armyworms, Cabbage aphids and loopers, Diamondback moths, Imported cabbageworms	Apply every 5 days or as needed. Can be applied up to 1 day prior to harvest. Do not make more than 8 applications on Cauliflower, Brussels Sprouts, and Broccoli and 10 applications on Cabbage.	1 fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.
Eggplant	Colorado Potato beetles, Vegetable leafminers	Apply for uniform coverage as needed.  Do not exceed 16 applications. Can be applied up to 3 days prior to harvest.	3 fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.
Horseradish (foliar application)	Imported crucifer weevils	Apply as needed. Do not exceed 3 foliar applications. Can be applied up to 22 days prior to harvest.	
Head lettuce	Corn earworms, Beet armyworms, Loopers (Alfalfa, Cabbage), Tobacco budworms	Apply every 5-10 days as needed. Do not make more than 10 applications per season. Can be applied up to 1 day prior to harvest.	2 fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.
Potatoes	Beetles (Colorado potato, Potato flea), Beet armyworms, Cabbage loopers, Cutworms, European corn borers, Leafhoppers (Aster, Potato), Potato aphids, Potato psyllids, Potato tuberworms, Tarnished plant bugs	Apply as needed. Do not make more than 12 applications. Can be applied up to 7 days prior to harvest.	1½ fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.
Peppers	Cabbage loopers, Corn earworms, European corn borers, Flea beetles, Pepper weevils, Vegetable leafminers	Apply as needed, but not more than 8 applications per season. Can be applied up to 3 days prior to harvest.	2 fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.
Spinach	Beet armyworms, Cabbage loopers, Corn earworms, Cutworms, European corn borers, Green cloverworms, Leafhoppers	Apply for uniform coverage when needed, but not more than 7 applications per season. Can be applied to up to 7 days prior to harvest.	1½ fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.
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(AMD 9/29/99, 6/13/00)

Subscript used is first letter of run code on container.

TREATMENT AREAS	PESTS	REMARKS	USE RATE
Sweet corn	Armyworms (Fall, Southern), Com earworms, European com borers	Apply every 5 days and when needed, but not more than 6 applications per season. Can be applied up to 1 day prior to harvest.	
Tomatoes (Do not apply on Cherry Tomatoes and varieties yielding tomatoes less than one inch in diameter)	Armyworms (Beet, Southern), Cabbage loopers, Colorado potato beetles, Granulate cutworms, Hornworms, Tomato fruitworms, Tomato pinworms	Apply as needed. Do not make more than 6 applications per season. Can be applied up to day of harvest.	1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.

# HOUSE PLANTS INDOORS: To protect plants in greenhouses and lathhouses, and for indoor landscaping

TREATMENT AREAS	PESTS	REMARKS	USE RATE
Ageratum, Ardisia, Aster, Azalea,	Aphids,	Contact and residual spray.	1 fl. oz. in 1
Baby's breath, Begonia, Birdsnest	Armyworms,	Use sufficient spray to obtain	gallon of
fern, Bleeding heart, Carnation,	Corn earworms,	full coverage of all foliage.	water
Chrysanthemum, Coleus, Crown of	Exposed thrips,	Adjust spray volume used to	i l
thorns, Cockscomb, Cyclamen,	Fall	plant size. Spray directly on	
Dracaena, Dumbcane, English ivy,	cankerworms,	insects. If application is to be	
Fuchsia, Gladiolus, Grape ivy,	Inchworms,	made indoors, remove infested	]
Hypoestes, Ivy, Juniper, Lily,	Japanese	plants from living areas prior to	
Marigold, Orchid, Palm, Pansy,	beetles,	application. Spray plants in an	
Peperomia, Petunia, Philodendron,	Leafminers,	area not likely to be occupied	
Piggy-back plant, Poinsettia,	Leafrollers,	by people or pets (particularly	
Portulaca, Pothos, Prayer plant,	Mealybugs,	fish). When leaves dry, plants	
Purple passion, Rabbits foot fern,	Scales, Spider	can be returned to original	
Rose, Schefflera, Snapdragon,	mites, Spring	location. Do not use more	
Snake plant, Statice, Velvet plant,	cankerworms,	product than recommended,	
Verbena, Zinnia	Whiteflies	as this may cause some plant	ì
		injury. Use with care on ferns,	
	ļ	palms and fuchsia. As with all	}
Chrysanthemums	Armyworms,	plants listed above, especially	
	Cabbageworms	carnations, chrysanthemums	ļ
}	Cutworms,	and roses, there exists a wide	
	Leafrollers	variety of species and	}
Velvet plants	Fungus gnats	cultivars, and, therefore, a	]
		wide variety of susceptibility to	
1		injury. To ascertain possible	
		phytotoxicity, spray a few	1.1
		plants as described above,	(
		wait 24 hours, and check for	
		possible injury. Repeat	
		applications may be necessary	• • •
	[	to control citrus blackflies on	
		non-bearing citrus and adult	(
	<u> </u>	Japanese beetles on roses.	

HOSE END SPRAYER: Easy to Use. For Application to Lawns, Outdoor Ornamentals, Outside Surfaces of Buildings, and Other Outdoor Non-Crop Areas. 32 oz. Treats Up to 5,000 Square Feet

- Make sure Knob is twisted fully clockwise to OFF position. Shake well before attaching to hose.
- 2. Turn Product Control Button clockwise until the flat portion is flush with the lock tab, then push button all the way in. Avoid squeezing bottle.
- 3. Turn water on at faucet, aim nozzle toward lawn and turn Knob counterclockwise to begin spraying.
- 4. When finished push Product Control Button to OFF position from opposite side. Return Knob and faucet to OFF position. Discharge water pressure by turning Knob ON and OFF again. Turn Product Control Button counterclockwise away from lock tab to prevent accidental discharge. Store out of reach of children.

(Alternate Hose End Sprayer Directions – Used in accordance with type of Hose End packaged) HOSE END SPRAYER: Easy to Use. For Application to Lawns, Outdoor Ornamentals, Outside Surfaces of Buildings, and Other Outdoor Non-Crop Areas.

32 oz. Treats Up to 5,000 Square Feet

- Make sure knob Control lever is in the OFF position. Shake well and attach to hose.
- 2. Turn water on at faucet, aim nozzle toward lawn and turn knob Control lever to **ON** to begin spraying.
- 3. When finished turn Control lever to OFF position. Turn faucet to OFF Position. Discharge residual water pressure by turning ON and OFF again. Store out of reach of children.

(Alternate Hose End Sprayer Directions – Use in accordance with type of Hose End packaged) HOSE END SPRAYER: Easy to Use. For Application to Lawns, Outdoor Ornamentals, Outside Surfaces of Buildings, and Other Outdoor Non-Crop Areas.

32 oz. Treats Up to 5,000 Square Feet INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Make sure Water Valve is in the OFF or back position and the red Product Mixing Valve is in the CLOSED or upright position.
- 2. Shake the product well and firmly attach to garden hose.
- 3. Turn water on at faucet and aim nozzle toward lawn. To begin water flow, turn Water Valve ON by pushing forward. To begin spraying mixture, rotate Product Mixing Valve OPEN by turning it ¼ of a turn counter clockwise.
- 4. Walk at a steady pace spraying in a side to side arc slightly overlapping treated areas. Refer to graduated side of container to guide coverage.
- 5. To stop spraying, turn the Product Mixing Valve to the CLOSED or upright position and return the Water Valve to the OFF or back position.
- 6. For product storage, both valves should be in the CLOSED/OFF position.

NOTICE: Buyer assumes all responsibility for safety and use not in accordance with directions.

EPA REG. NO. 28293-271 (AMD 9/29/99, 6/13/00) EPA EST. NO. 62478-FL-1A; 44616-MQ-1B



