MAR 20 1973

UNION AND AUDUN'S CIDE ACT FOR ECONOMIC POSSESS HEG STERED UNDER NOJEKT (ZSUBJECT TO ATTACHED COMMENTS.

GIL-CIDE

E.P.A. Reg. No. 20957-2

	Percent by weight
Active Ingredient	
Poly (oxyethylene) (dimethyliminio) ethylene dichloride	10.0 percent
Inert Ingredient	90.0 percent
Weight per gallon	8.49 pounds
Weight per active ingredient per gall	on0.85 pound

DANGER

Keep Out of Reach of Children

Harmful is swallowed. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. In case of contact flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists get medical attention. Avoid contamination of food.

CAUTION

This product is toxic to fish. Treated effluent should not be discharged where it will drain into lakes, streams, ponds, or public water. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of waste. Use only as directed on label. Do not reuse container. Destroy when empty.

GIL-CIDE

- Is non injurious to metal, paint, plastic, and tile.
- Prevents unsightly growths of aigae.
- Requires no special equipment for treating water.

Directions for Use:

- Prior to its use, systems must be cleaned to remove algal growth, microbiological slime and other deposits.
- An initial slug addition of 6.13 to 15.32 fluid ounces of Gil-Cide per 1000 gallons of water to provide a concentration of 48 to 120 parts per million of Gil-Cide based on the total weight of water in the system is recommended.
- Repeat initial dosage until control is evident.
- Subsequent slug additions of 1.53 to 15.32 fl. ounces of Gil-Cide per 1000 gallons of water every 2 to 5 days or as needed.
- The frequency of addition depends upon the relative amount of bleedoff and the severity of the microbiological problem.
- Slug additions should be made in the sump of water cooling towers.

Manufactured By
ANCO REFINING COMPANY

681 Main Street Belleville, New Jersey **NET CONTENTS**

GIL-CIDE LABEL