



**OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION**

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

January 23, 2024

Eliot Harrison  
Agent for Drexel Chemical Company  
Drexel Chemical Company  
P.O. Box 13327  
Memphis, TN 38113-0327

Subject: Label Amendment – Update label to remove RUP language  
Product Name: Imitator TVC  
EPA Registration Number: 19713-737  
Application Date: November 2, 2023  
Case Number: 493918

Dear Eliot Harrison:

The amended label referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is acceptable. This approval does not affect any conditions that were previously imposed on this registration. You continue to be subject to existing conditions on your registration and any deadlines connected with them.

A stamped copy of your labeling is enclosed for your records. This labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling. You must submit one copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment with the new labeling. In accordance with 40 CFR 152.130(c), you may distribute or sell this product under the previously approved labeling for 18 months from the date of this letter. After 18 months, you may only distribute or sell this product if it bears this new revised labeling or subsequently approved labeling. "To distribute or sell" is defined under FIFRA section 2(gg) and its implementing regulation at 40 CFR 152.3.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company's website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under FIFRA and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) lists examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product's label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or

claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance.

Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6.

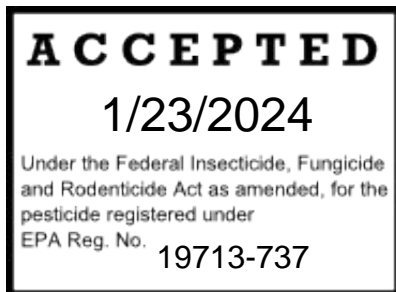
If you have any questions, please contact Lydia Crawford by phone at 202-566-2575, or via email at [Crawford.Lydia@epa.gov](mailto:Crawford.Lydia@epa.gov).

Sincerely,



Emily Schmid, Product Manager 25  
Herbicide Branch  
Registration Division (7505P)  
Office of Pesticide Programs

Enclosure



GLYPHOSATE	GROUP	9	HERBICIDE
IMAZAPYR	GROUP	2	HERBICIDE

# *Imitator<sup>®</sup> TVC*

[Super Concentrate]

## ACTIVE INGREDIENTS\*:

Glyphosate, Isopropylamine salt .....43.68%  
Imazapyr, Isopropylamine salt.....0.78%

OTHER INGREDIENTS:.....55.54%  
**TOTAL:** .....100.00%

\*Acid Equivalents:

Glyphosate 3.2 lb./gal.  
Imazapyr 0.062 lb./gal.

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER/PELIGRO

[See Container Labeling for Complete Directions for Use] [See (Attached)  
Booklet (Container Labeling) for Complete Directions for Use]

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

EPA Reg. No. 19713-737  
EPA Est. No. 19713-XX-X

Net Content:  
\_\_\_\_\_ Gals. (\_\_\_\_ L)

### FIRST AID

#### IF IN EYES:

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also call CHEMTREC at 800-424-9300 for emergency medical treatment information.

**Note to Physician:** Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

**DANGER: Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage.**

**Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.**

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

**Mixers, loaders, applicators, and other handlers must wear:**

- Protective Eyewear
- Long-sleeve shirt and long pants
- Shoes plus socks

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning / maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.



Manufactured By:  
**Drexel Chemical Company**  
P.O. Box 13327, Memphis, TN 38113-0327

**SINCE 1972**

IMITATOR and the DREXEL logo are registered trademarks of Drexel Chemical Company.

## USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

**Users should:** 1) Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. 2) Remove clothing / PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. If pesticide gets on skin, wash immediately with soap and water. 3) Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash

## ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to plants. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to plants in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate. See "DIRECTIONS FOR USE" for additional precautions and requirements.

## PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not mix or allow product to come into contact with oxidizing agents. Hazardous chemical reaction may occur.

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ALL DIRECTIONS COMPLETELY BEFORE USE.

- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your state or tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.
- Do not enter or allow others to enter treated areas until sprays have dried.
- Do not use on feed or food crops.
- Keep people and pets out of the area during application.
- Applicators are required to use a nozzle height below 4 feet above the ground or plant canopy and coarse or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572) or, if specifically using a spinning atomizer nozzle, applicators are required to use a volume, ocean diameter (VMD) of 385 microns or greater. Applications with wind speeds greater than 10 mph are prohibited. Applications into temperature inversions are prohibited.

## RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT:

GLYPHOSATE	GROUP 9	HERBICIDE
IMAZAPYR	GROUP 2	HERBICIDE

For resistance management, please note that IMITATOR TVC contains both a Group 9 Glyphosate Herbicide and a Group 2 Imazapyr Herbicide. Any weed population may contain plants naturally resistant to Group 9 Glyphosate Herbicide and a Group 2 Imazapyr Herbicide. The resistant individuals may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same fields. Appropriate resistance management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance, take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of this product or other Group 9 Glyphosate Herbicide and a Group 2 Imazapyr Herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank-mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Scout after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include:
  - (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds;
  - (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species;
  - (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method such as hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistance-management and / or integrated weed-management recommendations for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact Drexel Chemical Company at (901)774-4370 or at [www.drexchem.com](http://www.drexchem.com).

## WHERE TO USE

Use on non-crops areas: [Industrial sites], [Petroleum tank farms], [Lumberyards], [Manufacturing Sites], [Storage Areas], [Airports], [Roadsides], [Curbs], [Sidewalks], [Driveways], [Parking areas], [Brick walks], [Gravel paths], [Patios], [Vacant lots], [Paved Areas] (including crack and crevice), [Warehouse areas], [Urban areas], [Recreational areas], [Play areas], [Tennis courts], [Fencerows], [Along fences of paddocks, corrals, feedlots, and livestock holding areas], [Hedgerows], [Dry Ditchbanks], [Around domestic dwellings\*], [Around farm buildings and barns], [Agricultural uncultivated areas], [Shelter beds], [Farm yards], [Farm premises], [Outdoor buildings, structures and shelters including beef barns, hog barns, dairy barns, stables, dog kennels and poultry houses] and [For establishment and maintenance of wildlife openings]

Apply only [to locations] where no vegetation growth is desired for up to [1] [one] year.

**\*For Commercial Application By Professional Applicators Only.**

## WHEN TO USE

Apply [to bare ground] [or] [when weeds are present]. If weeds are taller than [6] [six] [inches] ["], mow or cut down weeds and remove debris before treatment, and allow for 2 weeks of new growth. If woody vines or brush is mowed or cut, wait until full leaf formation before treatment. To prevent growth of weeds under asphalt driveways, play areas, tennis courts and parking areas, apply this product before laying surfacing materials.

Treat area uniformly to maximize results.

Re-treatment every 6 to 8 months may be necessary in areas of heavy rainfall.

## RESTRICTIONS

- Apply on a sunny day with temperatures above 60°F.
- Do not apply to or allow product to drift onto desirable plants.
- Only apply to areas where no vegetation is desired for [1] [one] year.
- Do not apply near bodies of water including, fish pools, ponds, lakes or streams.

- Do not apply over the roots systems of desirable plants. For trees and shrubs do not apply closer than twice the distance from the trunk to the drip line as roots may be within this area.
- Do not apply to slopes in landscape as movement on soil surfaces may damage desirable plants down slope.
- Do not apply next to a fence if desirable vegetation is growing on the other side, or if future planting is intended.
- Do not use before planting lawns, fruits, vegetables, flowers or other plants because this product remains active in soil for up to one year.
- Do not use on desirable [lawns] [turf].
- Do not apply when wind speeds are greater than 10 [mph] [miles per hours].
- Do not apply to powdery, dry or light *Sandy soils* when the soil may be blown by wind. If necessary, soil surface should be settled by rain or irrigation.

## HOW TO APPLY

### Total Vegetation Control (Bare ground)

Use hand operated spray equipment including backpack sprayers, pump-up sprayers or sprinkling cans, or ATV/Tractor mounted sprayers. Mix 7.4 fluid ounces (0.46 pt.) of product with water to produce 1 to 10 gallons of spray solution. Optimum performance will be achieved from applications to actively growing weeds in early summer.

Uniformly spray the mix over areas where total vegetation control and bare ground is desired. Apply 7.4 fluid ounces of product within 1 to 10 gallons of spray solution to 1,000 square feet.

Maximum application rate of this product is 2.5 gallons per acre per year (7.4 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft./year).

### Spot Control of Brush, Vines and Weeds

Use hand operated spray equipment including backpack sprayers, pump-up sprayers or sprinkling cans, or ATV/Tractor mounted sprayers. Mix 6 fluid ounces of product per 1 gallon of spray solution. Thoroughly and uniformly spray foliage of woody plants to wet. For optimum performance:

- Apply to actively growing brush, vines and weeds.
- Woody brush and vines are controlled better in late summer and fall after fruit formation.
- If woody vines and brush are mowed or cut, wait until full leaf formation before treatment.
- Do not cut or mow brush, vines or perennial weeds for 2 months following treatment.

Maximum application rate of this product is 2.5 gallons per acre per year (7.4 fl. oz./1,000 sq. ft./year).

## WEEDS CONTROLLED

GRASS/NUTSEGE WEEDS	
Common Name	Scientific Name
Bahiagrass	<i>Paspalum notatum</i>
Bentgrass	<i>Agrostis</i> spp.
Bermudagrass	<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>
Bluegrass, Kentucky	<i>Poa</i> spp.
Brome	<i>Bromus</i> spp.
Bromegrass, Smooth	<i>Bromus inermis</i>
Canarygrass, Reed	<i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>
Cattail	<i>Typha</i> spp.
Cogongrass	<i>Imperata cylindrical</i>
Dallisgrass	<i>Paspalum dilatatum</i>
Fescues	<i>Festuca</i> spp.
Fescue, Tall	<i>Festuca arundinacea</i>
Guineagrass	<i>Panicum maximum</i>
Johnsongrass	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>
Kikuyugrass	<i>Pennisetum clandestinum</i>
Knotgrass	<i>Paspalum distichum</i>
Muhly, Wirestem	<i>Muhlenbergia frondosa</i>
Napier grass	<i>Pennisetum purpureum</i>
Nutsedge; Purple Yellow	<i>Cyperus rotundus</i> <i>Cyperus esculentus</i>
Orchardgrass	<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>
Pampasgrass	<i>Cortaderia</i> spp.
Panicum	<i>Panicum</i> spp.
Para grass	<i>Brachiaria mutica</i>
Phragmites*	<i>Phragmites</i> spp.
Quackgrass	<i>Agropyron repens</i>
Reed, Giant	<i>Arundo donax</i>
Ryegrass, Perennial	<i>Lolium perenne</i>
Timothy	<i>Phleum pratense</i>
Torpedograss*	<i>Panicum repens</i>
Vaseygrass	<i>Paspalum urvillei</i>
Velvetgrass	<i>Holcus</i> spp.
Wheatgrass, Western	<i>Agropyron smithii</i>
BROADLEAF WEEDS	
Alfalfa	<i>Medicago sativa</i>
Alligatorweed*	<i>Alternanthera philoxeroides</i>
Anise (fennel)	<i>Foeniculum vulgare</i>
Artichoke, Jerusalem	<i>Helianthus tuberosus</i>
Bassia, Fivehook	<i>Bassia hyssopifolia</i>
Bindweed, Field	<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>
Blueweed, Texas	<i>Helianthus ciliaris</i>
Bracken fern	<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i>
Bursage, Woollyleaf	<i>Franseria tomentosa</i>

(Continued)

<b>BROADLEAF WEEDS (Cont.)</b>	
<b>Common Name</b>	<b>Scientific Name</b>
Clover, Red	<i>Trifolium pretense</i>
Clover, White	<i>Trifolium repens</i>
Dandelion	<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>
Dock, Curly	<i>Rumex crispus</i>
Dogbane, Hemp	<i>Apocynum cannabinum</i>
Fiddleneck	<i>Amsinckia</i> spp.
Fleabane	<i>Erigeron</i> spp.
Fleabane, Hairy	<i>Conyza bonariensis</i>
Horsenettle	<i>Solanum carolinense</i>
Horseradish	<i>Armoracia rusticana</i>
Ice plant	<i>Mesembryanthemum crystallinum</i>
Knapweed	<i>Centaurea repens</i>
Kochia	<i>Kochia scoparia</i>
Lantana	<i>Lantana camara</i>
Lespedeza	<i>Lespedeza</i> spp.
Lettuce, Prickly	<i>Lactuca serriola</i>
Milkweed	<i>Asclepias</i> spp.
Mullein, Common	<i>Verbascum thapsus</i>
Nightshade, Silverleaf	<i>Solanum elaeagnifolium</i>
Poison hemlock	<i>Conium maculatum</i>
Ragweed, Common	<i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i>
Ragweed, Giant	<i>Ambrosia trifida</i>
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	<i>Polygonum pennsylvanicum</i>
Smartweed, Swamp	<i>Polygonum coccineum</i>
Sowthistle, Annual	<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>
Spurge, Leafy*	<i>Euphorbia esula</i>
Starthistle, Yellow	<i>Centaurea solstitialis</i>
Sunflower	<i>Helianthus annuus</i>
Thistle, Artichoke	<i>Cynara cardunculus</i>
Thistle, Canada	<i>Cirsium arvense</i>
Thistle, Russian	<i>Salsola kali</i>
Velvetleaf	<i>Abutilon theophrasti</i>
<b>TREE, BRUSH AND VINES</b>	
Alder	<i>Alnus</i> spp.
Ash	<i>Fraxinus</i> spp.
Aspen, Quaking	<i>Populus tremuloides</i>
Balsam apple*	<i>Momordica charantia</i>
Bearmat (Bearclover)	<i>Chamaebatia foliolosa</i>
Beech	<i>Fagus grandifolia</i>
Birch	<i>Betula</i> spp.
Blackberry	<i>Rubus</i> spp.
Blackgum	<i>Nyssa</i> spp.
Bracken	<i>Peridium</i> spp.
Broom: French Scotch	<i>Cytisus monspessulanus</i> <i>Cytisus scoparius</i>
Buckwheat, California*	<i>Eriogonum fasciculatum</i>
Cascara*	<i>Rhamnus purshiana</i>
Catsclaw*	<i>Acacia greggi</i>
Ceanothus*	<i>Ceanothus</i> spp.
Chamise	<i>Adenostoma fasciculatum</i>
Cherry: Bitter Black Pin	<i>Prunus emarginata</i> <i>Prunus serotina</i> <i>Prunus pensylvanica</i>
Coyote brush	<i>Baccharis consanguinea</i>
Creepers, Virginia*	<i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i>
Dewberry	<i>Rubus trivialis</i>
Dogwood*	<i>Cornus</i> spp.
Elderberry	<i>Sambucus</i> spp.
Eucalyptus	<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.
Elm*	<i>Ulmus</i> spp.
Eucalyptus	<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.
Gorse	<i>Ulex europaeus</i>
Hasardia*	<i>Haplopappus squamosus</i>
Hawthorn	<i>Crataegus</i> spp.
Hazel	<i>Corylus</i> spp.
Hickory*	<i>Carya</i> spp.
Holly, Florida/ Brazilian Peppertree*	<i>Schinus terebinthifolius</i>

(Continued)

TREE, BRUSH AND VINES (Cont.)	
Common Name	Scientific Name
Honeysuckle	<i>Lonicera</i> spp.
Hornbeam, American*	<i>Carpinus caroliniana</i>
Kudzu	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>
Locust, Black*	<i>Robinia pseudoacacia</i>
Madrone	<i>Arbutus menziesii</i>
Manzanita	<i>Arctostaphylos</i> spp.
Maple: Red** Sugar Vine	<i>Acer rubrum</i> <i>Acer saccharum</i> <i>Acer circinatum</i>
Monkey flower*	<i>Mimulus guttatus</i>
Oak: Black* Northern pin Post Red Southern red White*	<i>Quercus velutina</i> <i>Quercus palustris</i> <i>Quercus stellata</i> <i>Quercus rubra</i> <i>Quercus falcata</i> <i>Quercus alba</i>
Pine	<i>Pinus</i> spp.
Poison Ivy	<i>Rhus radicans</i>
Poison Oak	<i>Rhus toxicodendron</i>
Poplar, Yellow*	<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i>
Raspberry	<i>Rubus</i> spp.
Redbud, Eastern	<i>Cercis canadensis</i>
Redvine*	<i>Brunnichia ovata</i>
Rose, Multiflora	<i>Rosa multiflora</i>
Russian olive**	<i>Elaeagnus angustifolia</i>
Sage: Black, White	<i>Salvia</i> spp.
Sagebrush, California	<i>Artemisia californica</i>
Salmonberry	<i>Rubus spectabilis</i>
Salt cedar	<i>Tamarix</i> spp.
Sassafras	<i>Sassafras albidum</i>
Sourwood	<i>Oxydendrum arboreum</i>
Sumac: Poison* Smooth* Winged*	<i>Rhus vernix</i> <i>Rhus glabra</i> <i>Rhus copallina</i>
Sweet potato, Wild*	<i>Ipomoea pandurata</i>
Sweetgum	<i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i>
Swordfern*	<i>Polystichum munitum</i>
Tallowtree, Chinese	<i>Sapium sebiferum</i>
Tan Oak	<i>Lithocarpus densiflorus</i>
Thimbleberry	<i>Rubus parviflorus</i>
Tobacco, Tree*	<i>Nicotiana glauca</i>
Trumpetcreeper*	<i>Campsis radicans</i>
Waxmyrtle, Southern*	<i>Myrica cerifera</i>
Willow	<i>Salix</i> spp.
*Partial Control	
**This product is not registered in California for use on Russian olive.	



## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed in a safe place and protect from freezing. Keep away from heat and flame.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** To avoid waste, use all materials in this container by application according to label directions. If wastes cannot be avoided, offer remaining product to a waste disposal facility or pesticide disposal program (often, such programs are run by state or local governments or by industry).

### CONTAINER HANDLING:

**Nonrefillable Container (rigid material; ≤ 5 gallons):** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container one-fourth full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

**Nonrefillable Container (rigid material; > 5 gallons up to < 250 gallons):** Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container one-fourth full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

**Refillable Container (≥ 250 gallons & Bulk):** Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

## WARRANTY—CONDITIONS OF SALE

OUR DIRECTIONS FOR USE of this product are based upon tests believed reliable. Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixture with other chemicals not specifically directed and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable laws, Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage and handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith. To the extent consistent with applicable laws, in no case shall the Manufacturer or the Seller be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product when such use and/or handling is not in strict accordance with directions given herewith. The foregoing is a condition of sale by the Seller and is accepted as such by the Buyer.

IMITATOR and the DREXEL logo are registered trademarks of Drexel Chemical Company.



*[OPTIONAL MARKETING CLAIMS]*

- Outdoor Use Only
- Fast acting
- [Kills weeds] [&] [and] their germinating seeds
- [Kills weeds] [&] [and] [prevents [weeds] [vegetation] [plants] [and] [plant growth] up to [1] [one] year]
- [A] [2] [Two] way killer
- Prevents new [weeds] [vegetation] [plants] [and] [plant growth] for up to [1] [one] year
- No [weeds] [vegetation] [plants] [and] [plant growth] for up to [1] [one] year
- Works [2] [Two] Ways
- Kills weeds and grasses, roots [&] [and] all
- One application [kills] [controls] [weeds] [vegetation] [plants] [and] [plant growth] for up to [1] [one] year
- [To] Keep treated ground clear of [weeds] [vegetation] [plants] [and] [plant growth] for up to [1] [one] year
- [Covers] [Treats] [4324] [17,296] [43,240] [square feet] [sq. ft.] [ft.<sup>2</sup>]
- Not for use [on] [near] [around] desirable [grasses] [vegetation] [plants]
- Prevents [weeds] [vegetation] [plants] [and] [plant growth] from [emerging] [growing] for up to [1] [one] year
- Rainfast within [1] [one] [hr.] [hour] [60] [min.] [minutes]
- [Controls] [Prevents] [[perennial] [annual] [broadleaf weeds]] [vines] [and] [grasses] [for up to [1] [one] year]
- [Controls] [Prevents] [grasses] [broadleaf weeds] [brush] [&] [vine] [for up to [1] [one] year]
- Pre-emergent and post-emergent [weeds] [vegetation] [plants] [and] [plant growth] control
- Season long control
- Total Vegetation Control
- TVC - Total Vegetation Control