19713-587

03/27/2006

P. O. Box 13327	EPA Reg. Number: 19713-587 Term of Issuance: Conditional Name of Pesticide Prod Drexel Glyphosa Herbicide	
X_Registration Reregistration (under FIFRA, as amended) Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code): Drexel Chemical Company	Conditional Name of Pesticide Prod Drexel Glyphosa	
(under FIFRA, as amended) Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code): Drexel Chemical Company P. O. Box 13327	Name of Pesticide Prod Drexel Glyphosa	
Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code): Drexel Chemical Company P. O. Box 13327	Drexel Glyphosa	
Drexel Chemical Company P. O. Box 13327		ate NH Pro
Drexel Chemical Company P. O. Box 13327		
P. O. Box 13327		
Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product al		
On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registere and Rodenticide Act.	d/reregistered under the Fe	deral Insecticide, Fungicide
Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as g or to its use if it has been covered by others.	a pesticide in accordance v	with the Act. The acceptance
This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFI you:	RA section 3(c)(7)	(A) provided that
1. Submit the results of the one-year storage stability (830.6317) ar 6320) studies when they are available.	nd corrosion chara	cteristics (830.
2. Submit and/or cite all data required for registration/reregistration requires all registrants of similar products to submit such data.	n of your product	when the Agency
3. Make the labeling changes listed below before you release the pr	roduct for shipmer	nt:
Signature of Approving Official:	Date:	
James A. Tompkins, Product Manager (25) Herbicide Branch, Registration Division (7505C)	3-27-06	

1/19

Page 2 EPA Reg. No. 19713-587

a. Add the phrase "EPA Registration No. 19713-587"

b. Revise the last sentence of your Environmental Hazards section to read "Do not contaminate water when cleaning equipment or disposing of equipment washwaters.

c. Refer to the attachment entitled "Spray Drift Management" for language required on the labels of products permitting aerial application.

d. On page 9, under Industrial, Recreational and Public Areas, delete the phrase "other public areas and similar industrial or noncrop areas" from the first paragraph and replace with a list of specific use sites.

e. On page 9, under Tank-Mixes for Industrial and Forestry Site Preparations, delete the phrase "or other similar sites" and replace with a list of specific use sites.

f. On page 10, under Parks and Residential Areas, either delete "and residential areas" from the first sentence and replace with a list of specific use sites, or revise to read "and residential areas such as <u>list</u> of specific use sites.

g. Add a statement similar to the following to the areas of your label where generic tank-mix partners such as diuron, or 2,4-D are listed.

--This product may be tank-mixed with the products listed provided the product to be tank-mixed is registered for use on this site.

h. On page 13, under Cool Season Turf Growth Regulation, delete the phrase "other industrial areas" from the second sentence and replace with a list of specific use sites.

i.. Add the following Bulk Container language to your Storage and Disposal Section.

Container Disposal

# **Instructions** for Users

When the container is empty, replace the cap and seal all openings that have been opened during use; and return the container to the point of purchase of this product. If not returned to the point of purchase or to a designated location, triple rinse or pressure rinse the empty container and offer for recycling if available.

# **Instructions for Users and Refillers**

This container must only be refilled with this pesticide product. Do not Reuse the Container for Any Other Purpose. Do not transport if this container is damaged or leaking. If the container if damaged, leaking, or obsolete, or to obtain information about recycling refillable containers contact Drexel Chemical Company at (insert telephone number). Cleaning is not necessary prior to refilling with the

# Page 3 EPA Registration No. 19713-387

same product. Clean container before final disposal. Disposal of this container must be in compliance with state and local regulations.

# **Instructions for Refillers**

Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, worn-out threads and closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transporting. If the container cannot be refilled, triple rinse or pressure rinse the empty container and offer for recycling if available.

k. On page 13, under Warranty, revise the last sentence of the first paragraph to read "To the fullest extent permitted by law, all such risks shall be assumed by the user.

4. Submit one (1) copy of your final printed label before you release the product for shipment.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6 (e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Enclosure

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UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

> OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

# Attachment-Spray Drift Management

Under the heading Spray Drift Management the text should read as follows:

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment-and-weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions. The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

1. The distance of the outer most nozzles on the boom must not exceed 3/4 the length of the wingspan or rotor.

2. Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the <u>Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory</u> <u>Information</u>.

Importance of Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversion section of this label).

Controlling Droplet Size

Volume-Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spay volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.

Pressure-Use the lower spray pressures recommended for the nozzle. Higher pressure reduces droplet size and does not improve canopy penetration. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure. Number of nozzles-Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation-Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released backwards, parallel to the airstream will produce larger droplets than other orientations. Significant deflection from the horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.

Nozzle Type-Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.

Boom Length-For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than 3/4 of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application-Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

# Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a cross-wind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

# Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect drift.

# Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

# Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion, because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun set and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a connected cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upwards and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

# . Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, nontarget crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive areas).

# ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated: MAR 2 7 2006

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the posticide registered under EPA fleg. No.



# Glyphosate NH PRO Herbicide

THE COMPLETE BROAD SPECTRUM POSTEMERGENCE PROFESSIONAL HERBICIDE FOR INDUSTRIAL TURF, AND ORNAMENTAL WEED CONTROL.

Avoid herbicide contact with foliage, green stems, exposed non-woody roots or fruit of crops, desirable plants and trees because severe injury or destruction may result.

# ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Glyphosate

in the form of its diammonium sait*	34.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	66.0%
TOTAL:	100.0%
Contains 2.74 enveloped the entrie representation of the	

\*Contains 3.74 pounds of the active ingredient, glyphosate in the form of its diammonium salt per gallon or product. Equivalent to 28.3% or 3 pounds of the acid, glyphosate per gallon of product.

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See FIRST AID Below SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING

EPA Reg. No. 19713-EPA Est. No. 19713-TN-1

Net Contents:\_

Read the entire label before using this product. Use only according to label instructions. Read "WARRANTY-CONDITION OF SALE" before buying or using if terms are not acceptable, return product unopened without delay.

#### FIRST AID

IF IN EYES:

Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.
 Remove contact lenses if present after the first 5 minutes, then continue nosing eye

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:

Take off contaminated clothing

· Rinse skin immediately with pienty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.

IF SWALLOWED:

Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice
 Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow

 Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor

· Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person

IF INHALED:

Move person to fresh air.

• If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.

Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For information on this pestic de product (including health concerns medical emergencies or pesticide incidents), call the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7378 Domestic animals: This product is considered to be relatively nontoxic to dogs and other domestic animals; however, ingestion of this product or large amounts of freshly sprayed vegetation may result in temporary gastrointestinal irritation (vomiting, diarrhea, colic, etc.) If such symptoms are observed, provide the animal with plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration. Call a veterinarian if symptoms persist for more than 24 hours.

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, and shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry ENGINEERING CONTROLS STATEMENT

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170 240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should: 1) Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. 2) Remove clothing/PPE immediately before pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. 3) Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters

# PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Spray solutions of this product should be mixed, stored and applied using only stainless steel, aluminum, fiberglass, plastic or plastic-lined steel containers,

DO NOT MIX, STORE OR APPLY THIS PRODUCT OR SPRAY SO-LUTIONS OF THIS PRODUCT IN GALVANIZED STEEL OR UNLINED STEEL (EXCEPT STAINLESS STEEL) CONTAINERS OR SPRAY TANKS This product or spray solutions of this product react with such containers and lanks to produce hydrogen gas, which may form a highly combustible gas mixture. This gas mixture could flash or explode causing serious personal injury, if ignited by open flame, spark weiders torch, lighted cigarette or other ignition source

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

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It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in any manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift Only protected handlers may be in the area at the time of application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.



5875P-031706 (Penning) Glypnosale NH PRO Page 1 of 13

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this productions, in accordance with its fabeling and with the Worker Protection standard (MPS) 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains repurements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms intrests indirected and greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides in contains requirements for training, decontaination, not fluttor and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions in decempons pertaining to the statements on this label apply to use of this product that are doctered by the WPS.

Do not enter that two worlier entry into treated area during the REI of 12 hours

PPE required for early entry to treated area that is permitted under the WPS and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants solv or water is Coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves Dateoors A such as butyl rubber natural rubber, neoprene rubbe of nitrie rubber >14 mils, and shoes plus socks

#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements of this too apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the VPS for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170. The APS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on tarms, forests, nurseries or greenhouses Keep people and bets of treated areas until spray solution has dried

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

DO NOT APPLY THE PRODUCT USING AERIAL SPRAY EQUIP-MENT EXCEPT UNDER CONDITIONS AS SPECIFIED WITHIN THIS LABEL.

This product mixes read vivith water to be applied as a foliar spray for the control or destruction of most Herbaceous plants. It may be applied through most standard industrial or field-type sprayers after dilution and thorough mixing with water in accordance with label instructions.

This product moves include the plant from the point of foliage contact to and into the root system. Visible effects on most Annual weeds occur within 2 to 4 bays but on most Perennial weeds may not occur for T bays or more. Extremely cool or cloudy weather following thermatic may solve activity of this product and delay visible effects of control is ble effects are a gradual wilting and yellowing of the plant who may accurate to complete browning of aboveground growth and deter praction of underground plant parts.

Unless otherwise specified on this label, delay application until vegetation has emerged and reached the stages described for control of such vegetation under the ILEEDS CONTROLLED' section of this label Unemerged plants arising there unattached underground thizomes or root stocks of Perennia's in on the affected by the herbicide and will continue to grow Follth's reason best control of most Perennial weeds is obtained when the theument is made at late growth stages approaching maturity.

Always use the inighter are at this product per acre within the recommended range when in weep growth is heavy or dense, or 2) weeds are growing in an undisturbed inco-cultivated) area

Do not treat weeds uncer toor growing conditions such as drought stress, disease or inset that abe las reduced weed control may result. Reduced results may ill so boout when treating weeds heavily covered with dust.

Reduced control mail result of her applications are made to Annual and Perennia weeds that have been mowed grazed or out and have not been allowed to registaris the recommended stage for treatment Rainfall or throat or local ing within 6 hours after application may reduce effect leness measurantial or impation within 2 hours after application may start to chemical off the follage and a rebeat treatment may be reduced.

This product does not use residual weed control. For subsequent residual weed control for subsequent and carefully obscrive the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used.

Buver and all cuert are esconsible for all loss or damage in connection with the use of toring or mixtures of this product with heroicides or other materials for are not expressly recommended in this (abeling Mixing this cridual) with report des or other materials not recommended on this watch his result in reduced performance.

ATTENTION. - - - T ENTREME CARE MUST BE USED WHEN APPLYING THE POINT FRE ENTINUERY TO DESIRABLE PLANTS AND

Do not allow the relative shut on to mist, drip, drift or splash onto 1.1. Social to mist any and or shase childs in the submittee of this product can cause the trop plants of other areas on use of theorem. The tikelihood of injury occurring desirable veget ? severe dama which treath . 2. 1. 1 - 1 Patest when winds are gust, or in from the use excess of E minutes at en other conditions including lesser wind velocities in a . . av or frite occur. When spraving lavoid compinations indice type that will tesult in splatter TO DE LEVID drift THE E SPEED OR PRESSURE or fine part in 1. OID APE

Note: Use of this product in any manner not consistent with this label may result in injury to persons animals or crops, or other unintended consequences. Keep container closed to prevent spills and rootamination.

# MIXING, ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

APPLY THESE SPRAY SOLUTIONS IN PROPERLY MAINTAINED AND CALIBRATED EQUIPMENT CAPABLE OF DELIVERING DESIRED VOLUMES DO NOT APPLY WHEN WIND OR OTHER CONDITIONS FAVOR DRIFT HANDGUN APPLICATIONS SHOULD BE PROPERLY DIRECTED TO AVOID SPRAYING DESIRABLE PLANTS

Note: REDUCED RESULTS MAY OCCUR IF WATER CONTAINING SOIL IS USED SUCH AS WATER FROM PONDS AND UNLINED DITCHES

#### MIXING

This product mixes readily with water. Mix spray solutions of this product as follows. File the mixing or spray tank with the required amount of water. Add the recommended amount of this product (see the 'DIREC-TIONS FOR CSE' and 'WEEDS CONTROLLED' sections of this label) near the end of the filling process and mix well. Remove hose from tank immediately after filling to avoid siphoning back into the carrier source. During mixing and application foaming of the spray solution may occur. To prevent or minimize foam, avoid the use of mechanical agitators terminate oypass and return lines at the bottom of the tank and if needed use an approved anti-foam or defoaming agent TANK MIXTURES.

Always predetermine the compatibility of labeled tank mixtures of this product with water carrier by mixing small proportional quantities in advance

Mix labeled tany mixtures of this product with water as follows

- Place a 20- to 35-mesh screen or wetting basket over filling port
   Through the screen fill the spray tank one-half full of water and start agitation
- 3 If a wettable powder is used make a slurry with the water carrier and add it SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- 4 If a flowable formulation is used, premix one part flowable with one part water. Add diluted mixture SLOWLY through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- 5 If an emulsif able concentrate formulation is used, premix one part emulsif able concentrate with two parts water. Add diluted mixture slowly through the screen into the tank. Continue agitation.
- 6 Continue foling the spray tank with water and add the required amount of this product near the end of the filling process.
- 7 Where non- onic surfactant is recommended, add this to the spray tank before completing the filling process.
- 8 Add include tormulations to the spray tank as follows, wettable concer flowable emulsifiable concentrate drift control additive inate-scruble round followed by surfactant.

Maintain good agitation at all times until the contents of the tank are spraved. If the scray mixture is allowed to settle thorough agitation is required to resubend the mixture before spraying is resumed Keep bypass line on or near bottom of the tank to minimize foaming. Screen's ze in nozzle or line strainers should be no finer than 50-mesh. Carefully select proper nozzle to avoid spraying a fine mist for best results with conventional ground application equipment, use flat fan nozzles. Clean sprayer and parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water.

#### ADDITIVES

Surfactants: Non-Ionic Surfactants that are labeled "for use with herbicides may be used Co not reduce rates of this product when adding surfactant. When adding additional surfactant use 0.5% surfactant concentration. Juarts per 100 gallons of spray solutioni when using surfactants that contain at least 70% active ingregient or a 1% surfactant concentration -4 quarts per 100 gallons of spray solution) for those surfactants containing less than 70% active ingredient. Read and carefully observe surfactant cautionary statements and other information appealing on the surfactant label.

Ammonium Sulfate: The addition of 0.5 to 2% dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 4.25 to 17 pounds per 100 galions of water may increase the certormance of this product and this product plus 2.4-D Barvel or residual herbicide tank mixtures on Annual and Perennia weeds. The improvement in performance may be apparent where environmental stress is a concern. Low-guality ammonium sulfate may contain materia that will not readily dissolve which could resulf in rozzie tip bugging. To determine quality perform a partest by aboling. JL tup of ammonium sulfate to 1 galion of water and agrate for minute if undissolved sediment is observed predissolve the ammonium sulfate is added directly to the spray tank. If ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank if ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank of ammonium sulfate is completely dissolved in the spray tank of a the prepriodes or sufficiant. Thoroughly mise the spray tank bit is used after use to reduce corrosion.

Note the common um sufface as an additive does not preciude the riment additional suffactant. De not use herbic de rates lower that will suffact in this labe

Colorants or Dyes, earlou turally-approved colorants or marking dyes

may be addel to this product. Colorants or dives used in spray sofutions of this module may reduce performance, especially at lower rates or dilution - Use colorants or dyes according to the manufacturer s recommendar ons

### APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES

Do not apply this plotted through any type of irrigation system. This product may chave led with the following application equipment Aerial - Fixe wing and helicopter

#### Broadcast Spray

Controlled Droplet Applicator (CDA) - Handheid or boom-mounted applicators that croduce a spray consisting of a narrow range of drociet sizes

Handheld and High-volume Spray Equipment - Knapsack and backpack spravers, cump-up pressure sprayers, handguns, handwands, mistblowers' ances and other handheld and motorized spray equipment used to direct the spray into weed foliage

Selective Equipment - Recirculating sprayers shielded sprayers and wiper applicators

See the appropriate part of this section for specific instructions and rates of app cation

#### AERIAL EQUIPMENT

Use the recommended rates of this herbicide in 3 to 15 gallons of water per acre unless otherwise specified on this label. See the WEEDS CONTROLLED section of this label for specific rates. Unless otherwise specified as not exceed 1 quart per acre. Aerial applications of this product may be made in annual cropping conventional tillage systems fallow and reduced-tillage systems, pre-harvest. silvicultural sites and right-of-ways. Refer to the individual use area sections of this label for recommended volumes and application rates.

Avoid direct application to any body of water AVOID DRIFT - DD NOT APPLY DURING LOW-LEVEL INVERSION CONDITIONS CHEN WINDS ARE GUSTY OR UNDER ANY OTHER CONDITION WHICH FAVORS DRIFT DRIFT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO ANY VEGETATION CONTACTED TO WHICH TREATMENT IS NOT INTENDED TO PREVENT INJURY TO ADJACENT DESIRABLE VEG-ETATION, APPROPR ATE BUFFER ZONES MUST BE MAINTAINED

Coarse sprays are less likely to drift therefore do not use nozzles or nozzle configurations that dispense spray as fine spray droplets. Do not angle hozz es forward into the airstream and do not increase spray volume by increasing nozzle pressure

Drift control abolities may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefull, observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label

Ensure uniform application - To avoid streaked uneven or overlapped apprication is selappropriate marking devices

Thoroughiv was" a torait especialis landing gear after each day of spraying to remove residues of this product accumulated during spraying or from splits PROLONGED EXPOSURE OF THIS PRODUCT TO UNCOATED STEEL SUPFACES MAY RESULT IN CORROSION AND POSSIBLE FALLRE OF THE PART LANDING GEAR ARE MOST SUSCEPTIBLE. The maintenance of an organic coating (paint), which Meets aerospace specification ML-C-38412 may prevent corrosion THIS PRODUCT FLUE DUST' BANVEL OR 24-D TANK MIXTURES MAY NOT BE HFFLIED BY A FIN CA

#### BROADCAST EQUIPMENT

For control of Annual or Perennial weeds listed on this label using broadcast equipment - Use the recommended rates of this product in 2 to 4, pa one of water per acre as a proadcast spray unless otherwise specifica on this label. See the IWEEDS CONTROLLED section of this label for specific rates. As density of weeds increases spray volume should be increased within the recommended range to ensure complete lowerade. Carefully select proper nozzle to avoid spraying a time mist. For past results with ground application equipment use hat ran made an inec- for even distribution of spray droptets. CONTROLLED DROPLET APPLICATION (CDA)

The rate of this product and ed per acre by vehicle-mounted CDA equipment must and be ess than the amount recommended in this label when applied up tonuantional broadcast equipment. For vehiclemounted CDR equipment apply 5 to 15 gallons of water per acre

For the control in use es Annual weeds with handheld CDA units apply a 20%, so unit in times croduct at a flow rate of 2 fluid ounces per minute and a walk on sheep of 1.5 MPH (1 quart per acre). For the control of late = 1 for end a weeds apply a 22 to 40% solution of this product at the other of find ounces per minute and a waking speed of ( 111 minute and

Controlled or the out-of equipment produces a spray pattern that -from 6 care should be exercised to avoid spray is not eas or drift cont. - the sestruction may result vegetation

#### HANDHELD AND HIGH VOLUME EQUIPMENT

. Whites product in clean water and apply to the control ed. For applications made on a Use coars-"chage of . spray-to-wer much corral coverage should be uniform and complete Do not ser

For contr is and reach this are apply all & suctor of this product plus non-ionic surfactant to weeds less than 6 inches in height or runner length. Apply prior to seed-head formation in Grass or bud formation in Broadleaf weeds. Allow 3 or more days before tillage or mowing

For Annual weeds over 6 inches tall, or when not using additional surfactant or unless otherwise specified, use a 1% solution. For best results use a 2% solution on harder-to-control Perennials, such as Bermudagrass Canada thistle Dock Field bindweed Hemp dogbane and Milkweed

When using application methods that result in less than complete coverage. use a 5 to 104 solution for Annual and Perennial weeds or for Woody brush and Trees

Prepare the desired volume of spray solution by mixing the amount of this product in water as shown in the following table

		SPRAY	SOLUTIC	NN .		
Desired	Amount of This Product					
Volume	0.5%	1%	1.5%	2%	5%	10%
1 Gallon	2 66 DZ ,	1 33 ozs	2 025	2 66 025	65 ozs	13 ozs
25 Galions	ים י ס	· q!	1 5 ats	2 qts	5 qts	10 ais
100 Galions	2 qts	1 gai	1 5 gais	i 2 gais	5 gars	10 gais
	2 ta	blespoon	s = 1 fluid	ounce		

For use in Frapsack sprayers, it is suggested that the recommended amount of this product be mixed with water in a larger container. File sprayer with the mixed solution

#### SELECTIVE FOUIPMENT

This product may be applied through a recirculating spray system a shielded applicator or a wiper applicator after dilution and thorough mixing with water to listed weeds growing in any non-crop site specified on this abe and only when specifically recommended in cropping systems

A recirculating spray system directs the spray solution onto weeds growing above pesirable vegetation, while spray solution not intercepted. by weeds is collected and returned to the spray tank for reuse

A shielded applicator directs the herbicide solution onto weeds, while shielding desirable vegetation from the herbicide

A wiper applicator applies the heroicide solution onto weeds by rubbing the weep with an absorbent material containing the herbicide solution. AVOID CONTACT WITH DESIRABLE VEGETATION

Contact of the herbicide solution with desirable vegetation may result in damage or destruction. Applicators used above desired vegetation should be ad usted so that the lowest spray stream or wiper contact point is an east 2 inches above the desirable vegetation. Droplets mist foam or sciatter of the herbicide solution settling on desirable vegetation may result in discoloration, stunting or destruction

Applications made above the crops should be made when the weeds are a minimum of 5 inches above the desirable vegetation. Better results may be obtained when more of the weed is exposed to the herorside so whom Weeds not contacted by the herbicide solution will not the affected. This may occur in dense clumps, severe infestations or when the height of the weeds varies so that not all weeds are contacted in these instances repeat treatments may be necessary Shielded and Hooded Applicators

When appried as directed under conditions described for shielded applicators it is product will control those weeds listed in the "WEEDS" CONTROLLED section of this label

Use the following equation to convert from a broadcast rate per acre to a band rate per acre

Band width in incres		Herbicide broadcast RATE per acre	÷	Herbicide band RATE per acre
Row width	ì	Broadcast VOLUME	=	Band VOLUME
in indhes		of solution per acre		<ul> <li>of solution per acr</li> </ul>

use nozzles that provide uniform coverage within the treated area Need shields on shielded spravers adjusted to project desirable vegetabon, EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT. WITH DES RABLE VEGETATION

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various Annual weeds and Perennial weeds, see the IWEEDS CONTROLLED' section of this label

Wiper Applicators and Sponge Bars

A per librimators are devices that physically wipe appropriate amounts. of this is pound directly anto the weed.

Epuidment must be designed, maintained and operated to prevent the nerclinanise up on from contacting desirable vegetation. Operate this equipment at bround speeds no greater than 6 mph. Performance may be the liter of reducing speed in areas of heavy weed infestations. in ensure increasate wiper saturation. Better results may be obtained  $\pm 2$  at  $\pm$  ,  $\pm$  , are made in opposite directions

· .1. · unpping onto desirable vegetation. Adjust height of and the ensure adequate contact with weeds weep wiping surfaces clean. Be aware that, on sloping ground, the herbicide solution may migrate causing dripping on the lower end and drying of the wicks on the upper end of a wiper applicator.

Do not use wiper equipment when weeds are wet.

Mix only the amount of solution to be used during a 1-day period, as reduced activity may result from use of leftover solutions. Clean wiper parts immediately after using this product by thoroughly flushing with water

Do not add surfactant to the herbicide solution

For rope or sponge wick applicators — Mix 1 gallon of this product in 2 gallons of water to prepare a 33% solution. Apply this solution to weeds listed in this "Wiper Applicators" section

For porous-plastic applicators — Solutions ranging from 33% to 100% of this product in water may be used in porous-plastic wiper applicators.

When applied as recommended under the conditions described for "Wiper Applicators", this product CONTROLS the following weeds:

	Annual Grasses
Com (Volunteer) Zea mays Panicum, Texas Panicum texanum	Rye, common Secale cereale Shattercane Sorghum bicolor
A	nnual Broadleaves
Sicklepod Cassia oblusifolia Spanishneedles Bidens bipinnata	Starbur, bristly Acanthospermum hispidum

When applied as recommended under the conditions described for "Wiper Applicators", this product SUPPRESSES the following weeds:

Annual Broadleaves		
Beggarweed, Florida Desmodium tortuosum Dogfennel Eupatonum capilliflorium Pigweed, redroot Amaranthus retroflexus Ragweed, common Ambrosia artemisiifolia	Ragweed, giant Ambrosia trifida Sunflower Helianthus annuus Thistle, musk Cardiuus nutans Vetvetleaf Abubion theophrasti	
Perennial Grasses		
Bermudagrass Cynodon daclylon Guineagrass Panicum maximum Johnsongrass Sorghum nalepense	Smutgrass Sporobolus poiretii Vaseygrass Paspalum urvillei	
Perennia	al Broadleaves	
Dogbane, hemp Apocynum cannabinum Milkweed Asclepias synaca	Nightshade, silverleaf Solanum elaeagnifolium Thistle, Canada <i>Cirsium arvense</i>	

WEEDS CONTROLLED

This herbicide controls many Annual and Perennial grasses and Broadleaf weeds

ANNUAL WEEDS

- · Apply to actively growing Grass and Broadleaf weeds.
- · Allow at least 3 days after treatment before tillage
- For maximum agronomic benefit, apply when weeds are 6 inches or less in height
- To prevent seed production, applications should be made prior to seedhead formation
- This product does not provide residual control, therefore, delay application until maximum weed emergence. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control later germinating weeds.

Low-Volume Broadcast Application (Low-Rate Technology) When applied as directed under the conditions described, this product will control the weeds listed below when

- 1 Water carrier volumes of 3 to 10 gallons per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons per acre for aerial applications are recommended (See the "AERIAL EQUIPMENT" section of this label for approved sites.)
- 2 A non-ionic surfactant is added at 0.5 to 1% by total spray volume. Use 0.5% surfactant concentration when using surfactants which contain at least 70% active ingredient or a 1% surfactant concentration for those surfactants containing less than 70% active ingredient.

#### Notes:

- The addition of 2% dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 17 pounds per 100 gallons of water may increase the performance of this product on Annual weeds. The improvement in performance may be apparent where environmental stress is a concern. Refer to the "MIXING, ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" section of this label.
- Do not tank-mix with soil residual herbicides when using these rates unless otherwise specified.
- For weeds that have been mowed, grazed or cut, allow regrowth to occur prior to treatment.
- Refer to the "TANK MIXTURES" portion of this section for control
  of additional Broadleaf weeds.

Weed Species	Maximum Height-Length	Rate per Acre* (fl. ozs.)
Foxtail Setaria spp.	12 inches	8 fl ozs
Barnyardgrass Echinochioa crus-galli Bluegrass, annuai Poa annua Brome, downy** Bromus tectorum Mustard, blue Chonspora tenella Mustard, tansy Descuraina pinnata Mustard, tumble Sisymbrium albssimum Mustard, wild Brassica kaber Spurry, umbrella Holosteum umbellatum	6 inches 0 to 4 inches 4 to 6 inches	12 fl. ozs. 16 fl ozs.' 24 fl. ozs.'
Barley Hordeum vulgare Rye Secale cereale Sandbur, field Cenchrus spp. Shattercane Sorghum bicolor Stinkgrass Eragrostis cilianensis	12 inches	12 fl. ozs.
Wheat Triticum aestivum	18 inches	12 fl. ozs.
Morningglory Ipomoea spp. Sicklepod Cessia oblusifolia	2 inches	16 fl. ozs.
Bluegrass, bulbous Poa bulbosa Cheat Bromus secalinus Chickweed, common Stellana media Chickweed, mouseear Cerastium vulgatum Corn Zea mays Goatgrass, jointed Aegilaps cylindrica Groundsel, common Senecio vulgans Henbit Lamium amplexicaule Horseweed, marestail Conyza canadensis Lambaquarters, common Chenopodium album Pennycress, field (fanweed) Thlaspi arvense Rocket, London Sisymbrium ino Ryegrass, Italian Lolium multiforum Shepherdspurse Capsella bursa-pastoris Spurge, annual Euphorbia spp	6 inches	16 fl ozs A and TX for pre-
plant treatments, "For those rates less than 32 fl. ozs, per per scre may be used where heavy Wee "For control in no-tillage systems, use 16	acre, this product at ra- d densities exist.	

(Continued)

#### Weed Species (Cont.)

Weed Species	Maximum Height-Length	Rate per Acre* (fl. ozs.)
Buttercup	12 inches	16 fl ozs
Ranunculus .pp		
Cocklebur		
Xanthum strumenum		}
Crabgrass	1	
Digitaria spr:		, 
Dwarfdandelion		
Kngla cespilase		
Falseflax, smallseed	•	
Camelina microcaroa Foxtail, Carolina		
	,	
Alopecurus calo in anus		
Johnsongrass, seedling Sorghum na epense		
Oats, wild		
Avena falua	)	
Panicum, fall		
Panicum dicrotomiforuir	'	
Panicum, Texas		
Panicum texanum	[	
Pigweed, redroot	1	
Amaranthus reirofiexus		
Pigweed, smooth	(	
Amemithus hvondus	j.	
Witchgrass		
Panicum cao are	{	
Sicklepod	3 to 4 inches	24 fi ozs
Cassia obtus iona		
Signalgrass, broadleaf Brachiana piahonwia	4 inches	24 fl ozs
lorseweed, marestail	7 to 12 inches	24 fl ozs
Conyza canagensis		
amosquarters, common	1	
Chenopodium album		
Spurge, annual	1	
Euphorbia soo		
lice, red	4 inches	32 fl ozs
Oryza sativa	- 110/10/0	
eaweed		
Sida somose	]	
prangletop	6 incres	32 fi ozs
Leptochioa app	12 inches	48 f. ozs
eranium, Carolina	12 inches	32 fi ozs
Geranium carolinianum		32 024
loosegrass	1	
Eleusine indica		
rimrose, cutleaf evening		
Oenothera laciniate		
usley, Florida	ĺ.	
Richardia scapra		
icklepod	5 to 12 inches	32 fl ozs
Cassia obili siforia		JE " VED
panishneedles		1
Bidens bir nhara		i
ilaree	12 inches	48 fi ozs

"For those rates less than 32 fl. ozs. per acre, this product at rates up to 32 fl. ozs. per acre may be used where heavy Weed densities exist.

#### Tank Mixtures

This Product plus Banvel plus non-ionic surfactant

This Product plus 2.4-D plus non-ionic surfactant

DO NOT APPLY BAN, EL OR 2 44D TANK MIXTURES BY AIR IN CA These tank mixtures are recommended for use in fallow and reducedfillage areas only. Follow use directions as given in the "Low-volume Broadcast Hep hat on section

This product dius Earlye or 24-6 will control the Annual grasses and Broadleat weeds, step for this product alone at the indicated heights (exception for our ces per acre applications), plus the forlowing Broad ear weeds. For mose weeds previously instea at 8 fund ounces of the cruduat aprelicer acre, use 12 fluid ounces in these tank mixtures

Note: Relect: the specific product abels for crop rotation restrictions and californian statements for all products used in tank mixtures. Some into the state here of an products doed in the inter-tures. Some into the state here of a securi if Banvel is applied within 45 days of planting Tile about on of Sanvel in a mixture with this prop-ultimay product term residue, control of selected weed spe cies

 Status of this product bus 2.25 pound active status of the product bus 2.25 pound active status of the product of 2.4 Clinics status of the product of the point status of th Apply 12 \*\* ngredient . J 5 to 1\* inductions of the to owing Annual proadleaf virians control de when less 1 

Cocklebur (12 inches) Xanthium strumanum	'Morningglory (6 inches) Ipomaea spp
Horseweed/Marestail (6 inches)	Pigweed, redroot (12 inches)
Conyza canadensis	Amaranthus retroflexus
Kochia" (6 inches)	Pigweed, smooth (12 inches)
Kochia scopana	Amaranthus hybridus
Lambsquarters (12 inches)	Thistle, Russian (12 inches)
Chenopodium album	Salsola kali
Lettuce, prickly (6 inches)	i i
Lactuca semola	t

Apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound active ingredient of 2 4-D plus 0 5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume per acre to contro, the following Annual broadleaf weeds when less than 6 inches in height

Smartweed, Pennsylvania
Polygonum pensylvanicum
Velvetleaf
Abutilon theophrasti

#### High-Volume Broadcast Applications

When applied as directed under the conditions described, this product will control the weeds listed below when water carrier volumes. are 10 to 40 gallons per acre for ground applications

Apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product per acre plus 0.5 to 1% nonionic surfaciant by total spray volume. Use it quart per acre if weeps are less than 6 inches tail and 1.5 quarts per acre if weeds are over 6 inches tal of weeds have been mowed, grazed or cut allow adequate time for new growth to reach recommended stages phor to treatment These rates will also provide control of weeds i sted in the Low-volume Broadcast Application section.

Weed Species		
Balsamapple*	Panicum	
Momorpica charantia	) Panicum spp	
Bassia, fivehook	Ragweed, common	
Bassia hyssocitolia	Ambrosia artemisiifolia	
Brome	Ragweed, giant	
Bromus spo	<ul> <li>Ambrosia Infida</li> </ul>	
Fiddleneck	Smartweed, Pennsylvania	
Amsinckia sop	Polygonum pensylvanicum	
Fleabane, hairy	Sowthistle, annual	
Conyza bonarensis	Sonchus oleraceus	
Fleabane	Sunflower	
Engeror soc	Heliantnus annus	
Kochia	Thistle, Russian	
Kocnia scobana	Salsola kali	
Lettuce, prickly	Velvetleaf	
Lactuca sembra	Abution theophrast	

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PERENNIAL WEEDS

Apply this product as follows to control or destroy most Perennial weeds

Note: "weeds have been mowed or tilled, do not treat until plants have resumed active growth and have reached the recommended stages. Repeat treaments may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seed. Repeat treatments must be made prior to crop emergence

The addition of 1 to 2% dry ammonium sulfate by weight or 8.5 to 17 nounds per 100 gallons of water may increase the performance of this product on Perennial weeds. The improvement in the centermance may be apparent where environmental stress is a concern. Refer to the MIXING ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS' section of this label

When applied as recommended under the conditions described this product MEE CONTROL the following Perennial weeds

Alfalfa	Bermudagrass, water (Knotgrass)
Medicabo sativa	Paspalum disticnum
Alligatorweed'	Bindweed, field
Alternanthera pri loverbides	Convolvuius arvensis
Anise (fennel)	Bluegrass, Kentucky
Foeniculum vulgare	Poa pratensis
Artichoke, Jerusalem	Blueweed, Texas
Heilanthus tuberasus	Helianthus cilians
Bahiagrass	Brackenfern
Paspa um notatum	Ptenaium əavilinum
Bentgrass	Bromegrass, smooth
4211511 522	Bromus inermis
Berniudadrass	Bursage, woollyleaf
1,1702 - 19 7 CM	Fransena tomentosa
	(Continued)

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(Cont.) Canarygrass reed Phalans aningma. ea Cattail Typha spp Clover, red Trifolium praisinse Clover, white Trifolium repens Cogongrass imperata cvi-honca Dallisgrass Paspalum di atatum Dandelion Taraxacum criticinaie Dock, curly Rumex caseus Dogbane, hemp Apocynum carnabinum Fescues Festuca soc Fescue tall Festuca arung nacea Guineagrass Panicum maximum Horsenettle Solanum carolinense Horseradish Acmoracia rusticana ice plant Mesembryan:nemum crvstallinum Johnsongrass Sorphum natebense Kikuyugrass Pennisetum c andestinum Knapweed Centaurea repens Lantana Lantana camara Lespedeza Lespedeza spp Milkweed Asclepias spc Muhly, wirestem Muhlenbergia frondonsa Mullein, common Verbascum thapsus Napiergrass Penisetum purpureur \*Parual contro

Nightshade, silverleaf Solanum elaeagnifolium Nutsedge, purple, yellow Synerus rotundus Cyperus esculentus Orchardgrass Dactylis glomerata Pampasgrass Conadena spp Paragrass Brachlana mutica (Phragmitos) Phragmites spp Poison hemlock Conium maculatum Quackgrass Elvingia repens Redvine Brunnichia ovata Reed, giant Arundo donax Rvegrass, perennial Lolium perenne Smartweed, swamp Polygonum coccineum Spurge, loafy\* Euphorbia esula Starthistle, yellow Centaurea soistitalis Sweet potato, wild loomoea pandurata Thistle, Canada Cirsium arvense Thistle, artichoke Cynara cardunculus Timothy Phleum pralense Torpedograss" Panicum repens Trumpetcreeper Campsis radicans Vasøygrass Paspalum urvillei Velvetgrass Holcus sop Wheatgrass, western Agropyron smithii

#### THIS PRODUCT IS NOT REGISTERED IN CA FOR USE ON WATER BERMUDAGRASS See TDIRECTIONS FOR USE and MIXING ADDITIVES AND APPLI-

See TDIRECTIONS FOR USE and MIXING ADDITIVES AND APPLI-CATION INSTRUCTIONS sections of this label for labeled uses and specific application instructions.

Alfalfa—Apply 1 duart of this product per acre plus 0.5 to 1% nonionic surfactant by total scray to time in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Make abblication after the last hay cutting in the Fall. Allow Alfalfa to regrow to a neight of 6 to 8 inches or more prior to treatment Application should be followed with deep tillage at least 7 days after treatment, but before solitirezeup.

Alligatorweed—-bo, 4 quarts of this product per acre or apply a 1.5% solution with handheid equipment to provide partial control. Apply when most of the plants a Plin bloom. Repeat applications will be required to maintain such control.

Anise (Fennel). Poison hemtock—hobby a 1 to 2% solution of this product as a spray-to-ket freatment. Optimum results are obtained when plants are treated at the cub to full-bloom stage of growth. Repeat applications may be needed in succeeding years to control plants ansing from seeas.

Bentgrass—For subpression in Grass seed production areas. For ground applications only labor virial duarts of this product plus 0.5 to 1% non-tonic surfactant by total spra, volume in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. Ensure entire should areas has resumed growth prior to Fall applications. Sentgrass should be actively growing and have at least 3 inches of growth. Thage cription to realment should be avoided Tillage 7 to 10 days after accle be actively result in unacceptable control.

Bermudagrass — For control acc. Equarts of this product per acre For partial control acc. Sociaris cellace Treat when Bermudagrass is actively grow blond seepheaps are present. Re-treatment may be necessary collipsing control - by T or more days after apprcation before to spe-

Bermudagrass water (Knotgrass)—Hopy 1.5 quarts of this product of us 0.5  $\times$  1.5  $\times$  1.5 \times 1.5  $\times$  1.5  $\times$  1.5 \times 1.5  $\times$  1.

Fail applications only - Apply 1 quart of this product plus 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Fallow fields should be tilled prior to application. Apply prior to frost on Water bermudagrass that is actively growing and 12 to 18 inches in length. Allow 7 or more days before tillage.

Bindweed (Field)—For control apply 4 to 5 guarts of this product per acre West of the Mississippi River and 3 to 4 guarts East of the Mississippi River Apply when the weeds are actively growing and are at or beyond full bloom. Do not treat when weed is under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growin. For best results apply in late Summer or Fall. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Also for control apply 2 quarts of this product plus 0.5 pound active ingredient of Banvel in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre. At these rates apply using ground application only.

The following tank mixtures with 2.4-D may be applied using aerial application equipment (except in CA) in fallow and reduced tillage systems only

For suppression on irrigated agricultural land apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product plus 1 pound active ingredient of 2.4-D in 10 to 20 gallons of water per acre with ground equipment only Applications should be made following narvest or in Fall fallow ground when the Binoweed is actively growing and the majority of runners are 12 inches or more in length. The use of at feast one irrigation will promote active Bindweed growth.

For suppression apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 bound active ingrea ent of 2.4-D plus 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Applications should be delayed until maximum emergence has occurred and when vines are between 6 to 18 inches in length

In CA only apply 1 to 5 quarts of this product per acre. Actual rate needed for suppression or control will vary within this range depending on local conditions.

For suppression on irrigated land where annual tillage is performed apply 1 quart of this product plus 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing Bindweed that has reached a length of 12 incress or greater. Allow maximum weed emergence and runner growth. Do not treat when weeds are under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth. Allow 3 or more days after application before trilage.

Bluegrass (Kentucky), Bromegrass (Smooth), Orchardgrass—4oply 2 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre when the Grasses are actively growing and most plants have reached boot to-early seechead stage of development. For partial control in pasture or hay produce renovation apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product plus 0.5 to 1°, non-tonic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 garons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached 4 to 1° inches in height. Allow 7 or more days after application before tiltage.

Orchardgrass (sods going to no-till Corn)—Apply 1 to 1.5 quarts of this product per acre plus 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to Orchardgrass that is a minimum of 12 inches tall for Spring applications and 6 inches tall for Fall applications. Allow at least 3 days following application before planing. A sequential application of atrazine will be necessary for optimum results.

Blueweed (Texas)—apply 4 to 5 duarts of this product West of the Mississippi Priver and 3 to 4 quarts per acre East of the Mississippi River. Apply when weed is actively growing and is at or beyond full bloom. Do foil treat when weed is under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth. New leaf development indicates active growth. For best results apply in late Summer or Fail Fail treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow T or more days after application before tillage.

Brackenfern-Apply 3 to 4 quarts of this product per acre as a proapcast spray or as a 1 to 1.5% solution with handheid equipment. Apply to fully expanded fronds which are at least 18 inches long

Bursage (Woollyleaf)—For control apply 2 quarts of this product plus 1 pint of Banvel per acre. For partial control, apply 1 quart of this product plus 1 pint of Banvel per acre. Add 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by 10tal soray volume and apply in 3 to 20 galons of water per acre. Apply when plants are producing new active growth which has been init ated by moisture for at least 2 weeks and when plants are af or beyond flowering.

Canarygrass (Reed), Timothy, Wheatgrass (Western)—Apply 2 to 3 quarts of this broduct per acre. For best results apply to actively growing r ants when most have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth  $(-4, 2h)^2$  of more days after application before thage

Cogongrass—Appl. 3 to 5 quarts of this product blus C 5 to 1% non-unit unifactant in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Apply when upper traces is at least 16 inches tall and actively growing in tate Jumme to the Allow To more days after application before to apply those to uneven stages of growth and the dense nature of upper treation preventing good spray coverage repeat treatments in the dense to mainter the tenses the tenses to mainter the tenses the tenses the tenses the tenses to mainter the tenses the tenses the tenses tenses to mainter the tenses tenses to mainter the tenses tenses to mainter the tenses tenses to the tenses tenses to the tenses tenses tenses the tenses tenses to the tenses tens

Dandelion, Dock (Curly)—Apply 3 to 5 quarts of this product per acre when plants are actively growing and most have reached early bud stage of growth Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage Also for control, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 0 5 pound active ingredient 2.4-D plus 0 5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre.

Dogbane (Hemp)—Apply 4 quarts of this product per acre Apply when actively growing and when most weecs have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth Following crop harvest or mowing, allow weeds to regrow to a mature stage prior to treatment Allow 7 or more days after application before tiflage. For best results, apply in late Summer or Fall. For suppression, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound active ingredient 2,4-D plus 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre for ground applications and 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre for aerial applications. Delay applications until maximum emergence of Dogbane has occurred.

Fescue (Tail)—Apply 3 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre to actively growing plants when most have reached bool-to-early seedhead stage of development.

Fall applications only - Apply 1 quart of this product plus 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to Fescue in the Fall when actively growing and plants have 6 to 12 inches of new growth. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. A sequential application of 1 pint per acre of this product plus non-ionic surfactant will improve long-term control and control seedlings germinating after Fall treatments or the follow-ing Spring.

Guineagrass—Apply 3 gts of this product per acre or use a 1% solution with handheld equipment. Apply to actively growing Guineagrass when most has reached at least the 7-leaf stage of growth. Ensure thorough coverage when using handheld equipment. Allow 7 or more days after application before tiltage.

Johnsongrass, Ryegrass (Perennial)—Acply 1 to 3 quarts of this product per acre in annual cropping systems apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product per acre Apply 1 quart of this product plus 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 2 quarts of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. In non-crop or areas where annual tillage (notill) is not performed, apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. For best results, apply to actively growing plants when most have reached the boot-to-head stage of growth or in the Fall prior to frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Do not tank-mix with residual herbicides when using the 1 quart per acre. Fate

For burndown of Johnsongrass - Apply 1 pint per acre plus 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre before the plants reach a height of 12 inches. For this use, allow at least 3 days after treatment before tillage.

For spot freatment (partial control or suppression) - Apply a 1% solution of this product plus 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume when Johnsongrass is 12 to 18 inches in height. Coverage should be uniform and complete

Kikuyugrass—Apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product per acre. Spray when most Kikuyugrass is at least 8 inches in height (3- or 4-leaf stage of growth) and actively growing Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage

Knapweed, Horseradish—Apply 4 quarts of this product per acre. Apply when actively growing and when most weeds have reached the late bud to flower stage of growth. Following crop harvest or mowing, allow weeds to regrow to a mature stage prior to treatment. For best results, apply in fate Summer to Fall. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage

Lantana—Apply this product as a 1 to 1 25% solution using handheid equipment only Apply to actively growing Lantana at or beyond the bloom stage of growth. Use the higher application rate for plants that have reached the woody stage of growth. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Milkweed (Common)—Apply 3 quarts of this product per acre. Apply when actively growing and most of the Milkweed has reached the tate bud to flower stage of growth. Following small grain harvest or mowing, allow Milkweed to regrow to a mature stage prior to treatment. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage.

Muhly (Wirestem)—Apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product per acre. Use 1 quart of this product plus 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Use 2 quarts of this product when applying 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre or in pasture, sod or non-crop areas. Spray when Wiresteim muhly is 8 inches or more in height and actively growing. Do not till between harvest and Fall applications or in the Fall or Spring prior to Spring applications. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage. This product will not provide residual control of Wirestem muhly from seeds which germinate after application of this product. Do not tankmix with residual herbicides when using the 1-quart per acre rate.

Nightshade (Silverleaf)—For control, apply 2 quarts of this product plus 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gailons of water per acre. Applications should be made when at least 60% of the plants have berries. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Do not treat when weed is under drought stress as good soil moisture is necessary for active growth.

Nutsedge (Purple, Yellow)—Apply 3 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or apply a 1 to 2% solution from handheld equipment to control existing Nutsedge plants and immature nutlets attached to treated plants. Treat when plants are in flower or when new nutlets can be found at rhizome tips. Nutlets which have not germinated will not be controlled and may germinate following treatment. Repeat treatments will be required for long-term control of ungerminated tubers.

Sequential applications of 1 to 2 quarts of this product plus 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre will provide control. Make applications when a majority of the plants are in the 3- to 5-leaf stage (less than 6 inches tail). Repeat this application as necessary, when newly emerging plants reach the 3- to 5-leaf stage. Subsequent applications will be necessary for long-term control. For suppression to partial control of existing plants, apply 1 pint to 2 quarts of this product per acre, plus 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant in 3 to 40 gallons of water per acre treat when plants have 3 to 5 leaves and most are less than 6 inches tail. Repeat treatments will be required to control subsequent emerging plants or regrowth of existing plants. Wait 7 days after treatment before tillage or mowing.

Pampasgrass, ice plant—Apply this product as a 1.5 to 2% solution using handheld equipment. Apply to plants that are actively growing at or beyond the boot stage of growth. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.

Phragmites—For partial control of Phragmites in FL and the counties of other states bordering the Gulf of Mexico, apply 5 quarts per acre as a broadcast spray or apply as a 2% solution from handheid equipment. In other areas of the U.S., apply 3 quarts per acre as a broadcast spray or apply a 1% solution from handheid equipment for partial control. For best results, treat during late Summer or Fall months or when plants are actively growing and in full bloom. Treatment before or after this stage may lead to reduced control. Due to uneven stages of growth or the dense nature of the vegetation, which may prevent good spray coverage, repeat treatments may be necessary to maintain control. Visible symptoms of control will be stow to develop.

Quackgrass—In annual cropping systems or in pastures and sods followed by deep tillage: Apply 1 to 2 quarts of this product per acre. For the 1-quart rate, apply 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. For the 2quart rate, apply in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. For the 2quart rate, apply in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Do not tankmix with residual herbicides when using the 1-quart rate. Spray when Quackgrass is 6 to 8 inches in height and actively growing. Do not till between harvest and Fall applications or in Fall or Spring pipor to Spring application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage. In pastures or sods, for best results, use a moldboard piow.

Quackgrass—In pasture or sod or other non-crop areas where deep tillage is not planned following application: Apply 2 to 3 quarts in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre. Spray when the Quackgrass is greater than 8 inches tall and actively growing. Do not till between harvest and Fall application or in Fall or Spring prior to Spring application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage.

Redvine—For suppression, apply 24 fluid ounces of this product per acre at each of two applications 7 to 14 days apart, or a single application of 2 quarts per acre. Apply recommended rates in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre plus 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by total volume. Apply in late September or early October to actively growing plants, which are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation. Make applications at least 1 week before a killing frost

Reed (Glant)—For control of Glant reed, apply a 2% solution of this product when plants are actively growing. Best results are obtained when applications are made in tate Summer to Fall.

Smartweed (Swamp)—Apply 3 to 5 quarts of this product per acre when plants are actively growing and most have reached the early bud stage of growth Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage. Also for control, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound active ingredient of 2.4-D plus 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by total volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late Summer or Fall. Apply when plants are actively growing and most have reached the early bud stage of growth Allow 7 or more days after application before tiflage.

**Spurge (Leafy)**—For suppression, apply 16 fluid ounces of this product plus 0.5 pound active ingredient 2.4-D plus 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre in the late Summer or Fall Apply when plants are actively growing 1f mowing has occurred prior to treatment, apply when most of the plants are 12 inches tall Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage Starthistle (Yellow)—Best results are obtained when applications are made during periods of active growth, including the rosette bolting and early flower stages. For spray-to-wet applications, apply this product as a 2% solution. For broadcast applications, apply 2 quarts per acre in 10 to 40 gallons per acre of water carrier.

Sweet potato (Wild). Thistle (Artichoke)-Apply this product as a 2% solution using hananeld equipment. Apply to actively growing weeds that are at or pevond the ploom stage of growth Repeat applications will be required. Allow the plant to reach the recommended stage of growth before re-treatment. Allow 7 or more days before tillage to actively growing Thistles when most are at or beyond the bud stage of growth when narvest moving or tillage in the late Summer or Fall, allow at least 4 weeks for initiation of active growth and rosette development prior to the application of this product. Fall treatments must be applied before a killing frost. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage

For suppression of Canada thistle apply 1 quart per acre of this product or 1 pint of this product plus 0.5 bound active ingredient 2.4-D per acre plus 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume in 3 to 10 galions of water per acre in the late Summer or Fall after harvest mowing or tillage. Allow rose te regrowth to a minimum of 6 inches in diameter before treating. Applications can be made as long as leaves are still green and plants are actively growing at the time of application. Allow 3 or more days after application before tillage

Torpedograss-Apply 4 to E quarts of this product per acre to provide partial control of Terpedograss. Apply to actively growing Torpedograss when most plants are at or beyond the seedhead stage of growth. Receat applications will be required to maintain control. Fall treatments must be applied before trost. Allow 7 or more days after application. before tillage

Trumpetcreeper-Cor control aboly 2 quarts of this product per acre in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Apply to actively growing plants in late September and October which are at least 18 inches tall and have been growing 45 to 60 days since the last tillage operation. Make applications at least ' week before killing frost

Other Perennials listed on this label-Apply 3 to 5 quarts of this product per acre. Apply when actively growing and most have reached the early head to early bud stage of growth. Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage

WOODY BRUSH AND TREES

When applied as recommended under the conditions described, this product CONTROLS or PARTIALLY CONTROLS the following Woody brush plants and trees

Alder	Elm•	
Alnus spp	Ulmus sop	1
Ash*	Eucalyptus	
Fraxinus spp	Eucalyprus spp	
Aspen, Quaking	Gorse	
Populus tremu oraes	Ulex europaeus	
Bearmat (bearclover)	Hasardia'	ĥ
_Chamaebalia fonoiosa	Haplopappus squamosus	
Beech	Hawthorn	ļ
Fagus grandifolia	Crateegus spp	
Birch	Hazel	1
Betula spp	Corylus spp	Í
Blackberry	Hickory*	
Rubus spp	Carya sop	1
i Blackgum	Holly (Florida),	1
Nyssa spp	Brazilian Peppertree*	
Bracken	Schinus terebinthiloilus	ſ
Pendium spp	Honeysuckle	1
Broom:	Lonicera spp	İ
French	Hornbeam, American	i
Cytisus monspessularus	Carpinus caroliniana Kudzu	1
Scotch	Puerana lobata	I
Cytsis scopanus Buckwheat, California	Locust, black*	ì
Enogonum fasc zuratum		÷
Cascara*	Robinia pseudoncacia Madrone	ł
Rhamnus puisniana	Arbutus menziesii •	
Catsclaw*	Manzanita	÷
Acacia gregg:	Arctostephylos spp	t
'Ceanothus'	Maple:	•
! Ceanothus spp	Red <sup>**</sup> Acer rubrum	ŧ
Chamise	Sugar Acer saccharum	
Adenostoma fasciculatum	Vine <sup>*</sup> Acer circinatum	
Cherry:	Monkey flower*	
' Bitter Prunus emarginata	Mimulus guttalus	
Black Prunus servicite	Oak	
Pin Prunus perso val 15	Black' Quercus veruona	
Covote brush	Northern Pin Quercus parastris	
Bacchans CC ia C = 6	Post Quercus stellata	
Creeper, Virginia'	Red Quercus rubra	
Parthenocissus 12, 911 3	Southern Red Quercus faicata	
Dewberry	White* Quercus alba	
Pubus Invia	Persimmon*	
Dogwood"	Diospyios spp	
Comus spp	Pine	
Elderberry	Pinus spp	
Sambucus s m	(Continued)	

(Cont)				
Poison ivy	Sourwood			
Rhus radicans	Oxydendrum arboreum			
Poison oak	Sumac:			
Rhus toxicogendron	Poison <sup>•</sup> Rhus vemix			
Poplar, yellow* (Tulip tree)	Smooth Rhus glabra			
Linodendron tulipifera	Winged* Rhus copallina			
Raspberry	Sweetgum			
Rubus spo	<sup>1</sup> Liquidambar styracifiua			
Redbud, Eastern	Swordfern*			
Cercis canagensis	Polystichum munitum			
Rose Multiflora	Tallowtree, Chinese			
Rosa multiflora	Sapium sebiferum			
Russian olive***	Tan Oak			
Elaegnus angustifolia	Lithocarpus densiflorus			
Sage Black, White	Thimbleberry			
Salvia sop	Rubus parvillorus			
Sagebrush, California	Tobacco Tree*			
Artemisia californica	Nicotiana glauca			
Salmonberry	Trumpetcreeper			
Rubus spectabilis	Campsis radicans			
Saltcedar	Waxmyrtle, southern*			
Tamanx spc	Mynca centera			
Sassafras	Willow			
Sassafras a pigum	Salix spp			

Parbai Contro

"See the tousk no section for control or partial control instructions "THIS PRCCULT SINUT REGISTERED IN CA FOR USE ON RUSSIAN OLIVE

Note: If brush has been mowed or tilled or trees have been cut do not treat until regrowth has reached the recommended stages of growth Apply this product when plants are actively growing and, unless otherwise directed after full leaf expansion. Use the higher rate for larger plants and/or dense areas of growth. On vines, use the higher rate for plants that have reached the Woody stage of growth. Best results are obtained when application is made in the late Summer or Fall after fruit formation

in arid areas, best results are obtained when application is made in the Spring to early Summer when brush species are at high moisture content and are flowering

Ensure thorough coverage when using handheld equipment. Symptoms may not appear prior to frost or senescence with Fall treatments

Allow 7 or more days after application before tillage, moving or removal Repeat treatments may be necessary to control plants regenerating "om underground parts or seed. Some Autumn colors on undestrable Deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Reduced performance may result if Fall treatments are made following a frost

See "DIREC" ONS FOR USE" and "MIXING, ADDITIVES and APPLI-CATION INSTRUCTIONS sections of this label for labeled uses and specific application instructions

Apply this product as follows to control or partially control the following Wood, brush and trees

Alderberry Dewberry, Honeysuckle, Post oak, Raspberry-For control apply 3 12 4 clians per acre of this product as a proadcast spray or as a 1 to 1 5% solution with handheld equipment

Aspen (Quaking), Cherry (Bitter, Black, Pin), Hawthorn, Oak (Southern red), Sweetgum, Trumpetcreeper-For control apply 2 to 3 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1 to 1 5% solution with hand held equipment

Birch, Elderberry Hazel, Salmonberry, Thimbleberry-For control apply 2 quarts per acre of this product as a broadcast spray or as a 1% so tion with handheld equipment

Blackberry-For control apply 3 to 4 quarts per acre of this procuct as a broadcast spray or 1 to 1 5% solution with hand held equipment. Make application after plants have reached full leaf maturity Best results are obtained when applications are made in the late Summer or Fail. After perries have set or dropped in late Fail. Blackberries can be controlled by applying a 0.75% solution of this product plus 0.5 to 15, non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume with handheld equipment. For control of Blackberries after leaf drop and until killing frost or as long as stems are green apply 3 to 4 quarts of this product in 10 to 40 dallons of water per acre

Broom (French, Scotch) - For control apply a 1.5 to 2% solution with handne plequipment

Buckwheat (California), Hasardia, Monkey flower, Tobacco (Tree)-For partial tontrol of these species apply a 1 to 27 solution of this product as a thirar spray with handheld equipment. Thorough coverade of follage is necessary for best results

Catsolaw-Por partial control apply a 1 to 1.5% solution with handheld equichient

Coyote brush -- or control apply a 1.5 to  $2^{\theta_0}$  solution with handhe alload through when at least 50% of the new leaves are fully deve spent

Eucalyptus -Fire entrel of Eucalyptus resprouts apply a 2 solution with the equipment when resproves are 6 to 12 feet tall. Ensure the equipment when plants are growing actively. Account of the device of the second plants Glypnosale NH - R. Fage e of the Kudzu—For control apply 4 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast sproy or as a  $2^{s_0}$  solution with handheld equipment. Repeat applications will be required to maintain control.

Madrone resprouts—For suppression or partial control apply a 2% solution of this product to resprouts less than 3 to 6 feet tall. Best results are obtained with Spring/early Summer treatments.

Maple (Red)—For control apply as a 1 to 1 5% solution with handheld equipment when at least 50% of the new leaves are fully developed. For part a control apply 2 to 4 quarts of this product per acre as a broaceast spray.

Maple (Sugar). Oak (Northern pin), Oak (Red)—For control, apply as a 1 to 1.5 – solution with handheld equipment when at least 50% of the new leaves are fully developed.

Poison ivy, Poison oak—For control, apply 4 to 5 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 2% solution with handheid equipment. Repeat applications may be required to maintain control Fall treatments must be applied before leaves tose green color.

Rose (Multiflora)—<sup>c</sup> or control apply 2 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1% solution with handheld equipment. Treatments should be made prior to leaf deterioration by leaf-feeding insects.

Sage (Black), Sagebrush (California), Chamise, Tallowtree (Chinese)—For control of these species, apply a 1% solution of this product as a foliar spray with handheld equipment. Thorough coverage of foliage is necessary for best results.

Tan oak resprouts—For suppression or partial control, apply a 2% solution of this product to resprouts less than 3 to 6 feet tall. Best results are obtained with Fall applications.

Willow-For control apply 3 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1% solution with handheld equipment

Other Woody brush and trees listed on this label—For partial control, apply 2 to 5 quarts of this product per acre as a broadcast spray or as a 1 to 2% solution with handheld equipment

NON-CROP USES

See "GENERAL INFORMATION" and "MIXING, ADDITIVES AND AP-PLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" sections of this label for essential product performance information and the following NON-CROP sections for specific recommended uses

EXTREME CARE MUST BE EXERCISED TO AVOID CONTACT OF SPRAY WITH FOLIAGE BREEN STEMS EXPOSED NON-WOODY ROOTS OR FRUIT OF CROPS DESIRABLE TURFGRASSES, TREES, SHRUBS OR OTHER DESIRABLE VEGETATION SINCE SEVERE DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION MAY RESULT

Repeat treatments may be necessary to control weeds regenerating from underground parts or seeds

This product does not provide residual weed control. For subsequent weed control follow a labe approved herbicide program

Read and carefully observe all cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used

#### INDUSTRIAL, RECREATIONAL AND PUBLIC AREAS

When applied as directed for NON-CROP USES", under conditions described, this product controls Annual and Perennial weeds listed on this label growing in areas such as airports, ditchbanks, dry ditches, dry canals, fencerows golf courses, highways, industrial plant sites, lumberyards parking areas parks betroleum tank farms and pumping installations produces cower and telephone right-of-ways radiroads, roadsides schools storage areas utility substations other public areas and similar incustrial or non-crop areas.

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various Annual and Perennial weeds and Woody brush and trees see the 'WEEDS CONTROL\_SD' section of this label

This product may be applied with recirculating sprayers, shielded applicators or wiper applicators in any non-crop site specified on this label. See the "Selective Equipment part of the APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" section of this abel for information on proper use and calibration of this equipment:

Tank Mixtures for Industrial and Forestry Site Preparations This product plus Oust

Use on industrial sites including airports, industrial plants, lumberyards, petroleum tark farma camping stations, pipelines, rairpoads, roadsides, storage areas or other similar sries where bare ground is desired.

This tank mixture that also be used as a site preparation treatment for sites to be planted to label prine Lobfolly pine. Red pine, Stash pine and Virginia bine.

When applied as prected for "VON-CROP USES" under the conditions described insis product alus Oust provides control of Annual weeds listed in the stEEDS COVTROLLED' section of the labe for this product and "ust" and control or partial control of the following Perennial weeks

Apply 1 to 2 quality of this product with 2 to 4 ounces of Oust in 10 to 40 gallons of yorray so of on per acre as a broadcast spray to actively grow no wheas

This mixture must be applied by aerial equipment in site prepioperations. When upmiela by a lise the recommended rates in 5 to 15 gallons of spray silon certable.

THIS PRODUCTION IS DUST TAKE MIXTURES MAY NOT BE APPLIED BY AIR IN DA

For control of windal weeds, use the lower rates of these products

For control on the listed Perennial weeds use the higher rates of both products. For partial control, use the lower rates

Bahiagrass	Johnsongrass"	
Paspalum notatum	Sorghum halepense	
Bermudagrass*	Poorjoe**	
Cynodon dactvion	Diodia teres	
Broomsedge	Quackgrass	
Andropogon virginicus	. Elytrigia repens	
Dock, curly	Trumpetcreeper*	
Rumex crispus	Campsis radicans	
Dogfennel	Vaseygrass	
Eupatonum capilhtohum	Paspalum urviller	
Fescue, tall	Vervain, blue	
Festuca arundinacea	Verbena hastata	

Read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used

#### Tank Mixtures for Non-Crop Sites

When applied as a tank mixture, this product provides control of the emerged Annual weeds and partial control of the emerged Perennial weeds listed in this label. When applied as a tank mixture, the following residual herbicides will provide pre-emergence control of the weeds listed on the individual product labels.

This product ...

plus Diuron plus Krovar I plus Krovar II plus Ronstar 50WP plus Simazine plus Simazine 4L plus Simazine 80W plus Surflan 75W plus Surflan AS

When tank-mixing with residual herbicides and an agriculturallyapproved non-onic surfactant at 0.5 to 1% by volume of spray solution. See the MIXING ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUC-TIONS section of this label before preparing these tank mixtures. Read and carefully observe the tabel claims cautionary statements, recommended use rates and all other information on the labels of all products used in these tank mixtures. Use according to the most restrictive tabel prections for each product in the mixture

#### Control of Emerged Weeds

Annual weeds-Apply 1 quart of this product per acre in these tank mixtures when weeds are less than 6 inches tall and 1.5 quarts per acre when weeds are more than 6 inches tall

Perennial weeds—For partial control of Perennial weeds using tank mixtures apply 2 to 5 quarts of this product per acre. Follow the recommendations in the WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label for using of growth and rate of application for specific Perennial weeds.

#### Pre-emergence Weed Control

For pre-emergence weed control, refer to the individual product labels for specific non-crop sites, rates carrier volumes and precautionary statements.

Mix only the quantity of spray solution that can be used during the same day. Do not allow these tank mixtures to stand overnight as this may result in reduced weed control.

Apply these tank mixtures through conventional broadcast equipment only.

#### FARMSTEAD WEED CONTROL

When applied as directed for "NON-CROP USES" under conditions described this product controls undesirable vegetation listed on this labe, around farmstead building foundations along and in fences, shellerbelts and for general non-selective farmstead weed control. For specific tores of application and instructions for control of various Annua, and Perennial weeds see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

#### Farm Ditches

This product will suppress Perennial grasses along farm ditches. Apply this product at a rate of 6 to 8 fluid ounces per acre. Use 8 fluid ounces per acre when treating Tall (coarse) fescue. Fine fescue Orchardgrass of Quackgrass covers. For best suppression of these species add ammonium sulfate at a rate of 1.7 pounds per 10 gallons of soray solution. Use 6 fluid ounces per acre without ammonium sulfate when treating Kentucky bluegrass.

Apply treatments in 10 to 20 gallons of spray solution per acre to actively growing Perennial grass covers

For best scrav distribution and coverage use flat fan nozzles

Add non-on-t surfactant at a rate of 0.5% of the spray solution. Where Erobolical weed control or suppression is desired, tank-mix this product with the appropriate labeled Broadleaf weed herbicide CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM (CRP ACRES)

This big tuding the used to control undesirable vegetation when rotating but of DRF scres or to suppress competitive growth and seed probuction of unders rable vegetation in CRP acres For specific rates of application for various Annual and Perennial weeds, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

CRP applications may be made with wiper applicators or conventional spray equipment

For selective applications with broadcast spray equipment, apply 12 to 16 fluid ounces per acre of this product in early Spring before desirable CRP grasses, such as Crested and Tall wheatgrass, break dormancy and initiate green growth Late Fall applications can be made after desirable Perennial grasses have reached dormancy. Some stunting of CRP Perennial grasses will occur if applications are made when plants are not dormant.

#### HABITAT MANAGEMENT

This product is recommended for the restoration and/or maintenance of native habitats and in wildlife management areas. Apply as recommended in the "NON-CROP USES" section of this label.

#### Habitat Restoration and Maintenance

When applied as directed, exotic and other undesirable vegetation may be controlled in habitat management areas. Applications can be made to allow recovery of native plant species, prior to planting desirable native species, and for similar broadspectrum vegetation control requirements in habitat management areas. Spot treatments can be made selectively to remove unwanted plants for habitat maintenance and enhancement. For spot treatments, care should be exercised to keep spray off desirable plants.

#### Wildlife Food Plots

This product may be used as a site preparation treatment prior to planting wildlife food plots. Any wildlife food species may be planted after applying this product, or native species may be allowed to repopulate the area. If tillage is needed to prepare a seedbed, wait 7 days after applying this product before tilling.

#### ORNAMENTALS AND PLANT NURSERIES, CHRISTMAS TREES

THIS PRODUCT IS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR USE AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROADCAST SPRAY IN ORNAMENTALS AND CHRISTMAS TREES.

Note: Desirable plants may be protected from the spray solution by using shields or coverings made of cardboard or other impermeable material

When applied as instructed for the conditions described for "NON-CROP USES", this product controls undesirable vegetation listed on this label prior to planting, within and around greenhouses and shadehouses, and as a post-directed spray around established Ornamentals and Christmas trees

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various Annual and Perennial weeds, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label

Where repeat applications are necessary, do not exceed 10.6 quarts of this product (7.9 (bs. glyphosate a.r.) per acre per year.

#### Site Preparation

Following pre-plant applications of this product, any Ornamental, Nursery or Christmas tree species may be planted. Precautions should be taken to protect non-target plants during site preparation applications,

#### Greenhouse/Shadehouse Use

This product may be used to control weeds listed on this label that are growing inside greenhouses. Desirable vegetation must not be present during application and air circulation fans must be turned off.

#### **Post-directed Spray**

Use as a post-directed spray around established Woody ornamental species or Christmas trees such as those listed below. Care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of established Ornamental species.

Arborvitae	Lilac	
Thuja spp	Synnga spp.	
Azalea	Magnolia	
Rhododendron spp	Magnolia spp.	
Boxwood	Maple	
Buxus sop	Acer spp	
Crabapple	Oak	
Malus spp	Quercus spp.	
Douglas fir	Privet	
Pseudolsuga spp	Ligustrum spp.	
Euonymus	Pine	
Euonymus spp	Pinus spp	
Fir	Spruce	
Abres spp	Picea spp.	
Jojoba	Yew	
Simmondsia chinensis	Taxus spp.	
Holly		
llex spp		

#### PARKS AND RESIDENTIAL AREAS

This product may be used in parks and residential areas. It may be applied with any application equipment described in this label. This product may be used to trim-and-edge around trees, fences, paths, around buildings, sidewalks, and other objects in these areas. This product may be used to eliminate unwanted weeds growing in established shrub beds or ornamental plantings. This product may be used prior to planting an area to ornamentals. flowers, turfgrass (sod or seed), or prior to laying asphalt or beginning construction projects All of the instruction in the NONCROP USES and INDUSTRIAL, REC-REATIONAL AND PUBLIC AREAS sections apply to use in parks SILVICULTURAL SITES AND RIGHT-OF-WAYS

Note: NOT RECOMMENDED FOR USE AS AN OVER-THE-TOP BROAD-CAST SPRAY IN SILVICULTURAL NURSERIES.

When applied as directed for "NON-CROP USES" under conditions described, this product controls undesirable vegetation listed on this label. This product also suppresses or controls undesirable vegetation listed on this label when applied at recommended rates for release of established Coniferous species listed on this label.

For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various Brush, Annual and Perennial weeds, see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label. For specific rates of application for release of listed Coniferous species, see the "Conifer Release" part of this section of this label.

Where repeat applications are necessary, do not exceed 10.6 quarts of this product (7.9 lbs. glyphosate a.i.) per acre per year

#### Aerial Application

This product may be applied using aerial spray equipment for silvicultural site preparation, Conifer release and right-of-ways treatments. See the "APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND TECHNIQUES" part of the "MIXING, ADDITIVES AND APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS" section of this tabel for information on how to apply this product by air DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT BY AIR TO RIGHT-OF-WAY SITES

IN THE STATE OF CA. To reduce the aerial application drift hazard to aquatic sites", to non-

target sites or any site containing desirable vegetation, always maintain appropriate buffer zones. A buffer zone of the following minimum distances should be maintained:

 Helicopters using a Microfoil" boom, a Thru-Valve" boom (TVB-45) or equivalent drift control systems, should maintain at least a 50-foot buffer zone.

· When using other aerial equipment:

- 1. Maintain at least a 75-foot buffer zone for applications using 2 quarts or less per acre of this product.
- 2. Maintain at least a 125-foot buffer zone for applications using more than 2 quarts per acre of this product.
- Maintain at least a 400-foot buffer zone for applications on rightof-ways when applied from 75 feet or more above ground level.

These distances should be increased if conditions favoring drift exist \*Aquatic sites include all lakes, ponds and streams used for significant domestic purposes or angling.

#### Site Preparation

Following pre-plant applications of this product, any silvicultural species may be planted.

#### Post-directed Spray

In established silvicultural sites, use a spray on the foliage of undesirable vegetation. Care must be exercised to avoid contact of spray, drift or mist with foliage or green bark of desirable species. Conitar Release

For release, apply only where Conifers have been established for more than one year. Vegetation should not be disturbed prior to treatment or until visible symptoms appear after treatment. Symptoms of treatment are slow to appear, especially in Woody species treated in fate Fall, injury may occur to Conifers treated for release, especially where spray patterns overlap or the higher rates are applied or when applications are made during periods of active Conifer growth Do not use additional surfactant with Conifer release applications.

Applications must be made after formation of final conifer resting buds in the Fall or prior to initial bud swelling in Spring. Some Autumn colors on undesirable Deciduous species are acceptable provided no major leaf drop has occurred. Use the following rates for Conifer release to control or partially control the weeds listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

For release of the following Conifer species;

Douglas fir	Pine*
Pseudotsuga menziesii	Pinus spp.
Fir	Spruce
Abies spp.	Picea spp.
Hemlock	· · ·
Tsuga spp.	

Apply 15 to 2 quarts of this product per acre except in WA and OR, West of the crest of the Cascade Mountains. For Spring treatments West of the crest of the Cascade Mountains, apply 1 quart of this product per acre before Conifer bud swell for control of Annual weeds. For Fall treatments in WA and OR. West of the crest of the Cascade Mountains, apply 1 to 15 quarts of this product per acre before any major leaf drop of Deciduous species.

For release of Western hemlock, apply 1 quart of this product per acre

#### For release of the following Conifer species:

Lobiolly pine Pinus teeda Eastern white pine Pinus strobus

1

Slash pine Pinus elliottii

Late season application—Apply 1.5 to 2 quarts of this product in a minimum of 5 gallons of spray solution per acre in early Autumn. Applications made prior to September 1 or when conditions are conducive to rapid growth of Conifers will create the potential for increased injury in the form of tip and/or needle turn. Injury may decrease with later applications. Some Autumn colors are acceptable at the time of applications made according to fash drop of undesirable plants. Applications made according to label directions will release Lobiolity pine. Eastern white pine and Slash pine by reducing competition from the following species.

Ash	Persimmon
Fraxinus spp	Diospyros spp
Cherry:	Poplar, yellow (Tulip tree)
Black Prunus serotina	Linodendron tulipfera
Pin Prunus pensylvanica	Sassatras
Elm	Sassafras albidum
Ulmus spp	Sourwood
Hawthorn	Oxydendium arboreum
Crateegus spp	Sumac:
Locust, black	Polson Rhus vemix
Robina pseudoacacia	Smooth Rhus glabra
Maple, red	Winged Rhus copallina
Acer rubra	Sweetgum
Oak:	Liquidambar styraciflua
Black Quercus velutina	
Post Quarcus stellata	
Southern red Quercus falcata	1
White Quercus alba	

Apply only to those sites where Woody brush and trees listed in this label constitute the majority of the undesirable species.

This Product Plus Oust Tank Mixtures for Conifer Release from Herbaceous Weeds

To release Lobiolly pines from Herbaceous weeds, tank mixtures of this product with Oust will provide control of Annual weeds listed in the 'WEEDS CONTROLLED' section of this and the Oust (abe) and partial control of the Perennial weeds listed below

Apply 16 to 24 fluid ounces of this product with 2 to 4 ounces of Oust in 10 to 30 gallons of spray solution per acre. Make application to actively growing weeds as a broadcast spray over the top of the young Loblolly pines.

THIS PRODUCT PLUS OUST TANK MIXTURES MAY NOT BE APPLIED BY AIR IN CA

This tank mixture may be applied using aerial equipment. When applying by air use the recommended rate in 5 to 15 gallons of spray solution per acre

For control of Annual weeds below 12 inches in height (or runner length on annual vines) use the lower rates of both products. Use higher rates of both products when Annual weeds are in more advanced stages of growth and are approaching flower or seed formation.

Use the higher rates of both products for partial control of the following Perennial weeds. Use the lower rates for suppression of growth

Bahlagrass	Johnsongrass*
Paspalum notatum	Sorghum halepense
Broomsedge	Poorjoa
Anaropogon virginicus	Diodia teres
Dock, curly	Trumpetcreeper**
Rumex crispus	Campsis radicans
Dogtennel	Vaseygrass
Eupatonum capilitolium	Paspalum urvillei
Fescue, tall	'Vervain, plue
Festuca arundinacea	Verbenc hastala

"Suppression at higher rates only

Pine damage may occur or can be accentuated if treatment takes place when young trees are under stress from drought, flood water insects or disease

Read and observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of the herbicides used

Note to User: This product must not be used in areas where adverse impact on Federally designated endangered/threatened plant or aquatic species are likely.

Prior to making applications, the user of this product must determine no such species are located in or immediately adjacent to the area to be treated.

#### CUT STUMP TREATMENTS

Woody vegetation may be controlled by treating freshly out stumps of trees and resprouts with this product. Apply this product using suitable equipment to ensure coverage of the entire cambium. Out vegetation close to the soll surface. Apply a 50 to 100% solution of this product to the freshly cut surface immediately after cutting Delays in application may result in reduced performance. For best results, leaf application should be made during periods of active growth and full expansion.

When used according to directions for cut stump application this product will CONTROL, PARTIALLY CONTROL or SUPPRESS many types of Woody brush and tree species some of which are listed below

Alder	Saltcedar
Alnus spp	Temanx spp
Eucalyptus	Sweetgum
Eucalyptus spp	Liquidambar styracifiua
Madrone	Tan oak
Arbutus menziesii	Lithocarpus densiflorus
Í Oak	Willow
Quercus spp	Salix spp.
Reed, Giant	
Arundo donax	

#### INJECTION AND FRILL APPLICATIONS

Woody vegetation may be controlled by injection or frill application of this product. Apply this product using suitable equipment that must penetrate into living tissue. Apply the equivalent of 1 millitter of this product per each 2 to 3 incres of trunk diameter (DBH). This is best achieved by applying a 50 to 100% concentration of this material either to a continuous frill around the tree or as cuts evenly spaced around the tree below all branches. As tree diameter increases in size, better results are achieved by applying diluted material to a continuous frill or more closely spaced cuttings. Avoid application techniques that allow runolf to occur from frill or cut areas in species that exude sap freely after frills or cutting. In species such as this, make frill or cut at an oblique angle so as to produce a cupping effect and use undiluted material. For best results, application should be made during periods of active growth and after full leaf expansion.

This treatment WILL CONTROL the following Woody species

Oak	Sweetgum
Quercus spp	Liquidambar styraciflua
Popiar	Sycamore
Populus spp	Platanus occidentalis
This treatment WILL PARTI	ALLY CONTROL the following Woody species
Black gum	Hickory
Nyssa sylvatica	Carya spp.
Dogwood	Maple, Red
Comus spp	Acer rubrum

#### TURFGRASSES AND GRASSES FOR SEED PRODUCTION Pre-plant and Renovation

When applied as directed for "NON-CROP USES", under conditions described this product controls most existing vegetation prior to the planting and renovation of either Turfgrasses or Grass seed production areas. For specific rates of application and instructions for control of various Annual and Perennial weeds and Woody brush and trees see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label.

For maximum control of existing vegetation delay planting to determine if any regrowth from escaped underground plant parts occurs. Where repeat treatments are necessary, sufficient regrowth must be attained prior to application. For warm-season grasses, such as Bermudagrass. Summer or Fall applications provide best contro:

DO NOT DISTURE SOLOR UNDERGROUND PLANT PARTS 3E-FORE TREATMENT Tillage or renovation techniques such as vertical mowing coring or slicing should be delayed for 7 days after application to allow proper translocation into underground plant parts Turfgrasses: Where existing vegetation is growing in a field or unmowed situation apply this product to actively growing weeds at the stages of growth listed in the WEEDS CONTROLLED section of this label Where existing vegetation is growing under mowed Turfgrass management apply this product after omitting at least one regular mowing to allow sufficient growth for good interception of the spray Desirable Turfgrasses may be planted following the above procedure

Grasses for Seed Production: Apply this product to actively growing weeds at the stages of growth recommended in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED section of this label prior to planting or renovation of Turf or Forage grass areas grown for seed production DO NOT feed or graze treated areas within 8 weeks after application

Annual Weed Control in Dormant Bermudagrass and Bahlagrass Turf When applied as directed for 'NON-CROP USES' under the conditions described this product will provide control or subpression of dormant Bermudagrass and Bahlagrass turf. Refer to the rate table Weeds Controlled or Suppressed with This Product Alone, under the RELEASE OF BERMUDAGRASS OR BAHLAGRASS section of this label for recommended rates and volumes on the species to be suppressed or controlled. Treat only when turf is dormant of this product in Spring Spot treatments or broadcast applications of this product in excess of 16 fluid ounces per acre may result in injury or delayed greenup in highly maintained Turfgrass areas i.e., golf courses, lawns, etc. DO NOT APPLY TANK MIXTURES of this product plus Oust in highly maintained Turfgrass areas

### RELEASE OF BERMUDAGRASS OR BAHIAGRASS

Note: Use only in areas where Bermudagrass or Bahiagrass are desirable ground covers and where some temporary injury or discoloration can be tolerated. Use tank mixtures of this product plus Oust only on railroads, highways, utility plant sites or other right-of-way areas.

When applied as directed for "NON-CROP USES" under the conditions described, this product will provide control or suppression of many Winter annual weeds and Tall fescue for effective release of dormant Bermudagrass or Bahiagrass. This product may be tank-mixed with Oust as recommended for residual control. Make applications to dormant Bermudagrass or Bahiagrass. Tank mixtures of this product plus Oust may delay greenup. To avoid delays in greenup and minimize injury, do not add more than 1 ounce per acre of Oust on Bermudagrass or more than 0.5 ounce per acre on Bahiagrass, or avoid reating when these Grasses are in a semi-dormant condition

For best results on Winter annuals, treat when plants are in an early growth stage (below 6 inches in height) after most have germinated For best results on Tail fescue, treat when Fescue is in or beyond the 4- to 6-leaf stage.

#### Weeds Controlled

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Rate recommendations for control or suppression of Winter annuals and Tall tescue are listed below.

Apply the recommended rates of this product alone or as a tank mixture in 10 to 25 gallons of water, plus 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume per acre.

For the best recommendation for the mixture of weeds within your geographic area, contact your sales representative.

		This Product (fl. ozs. per acre)				
Weed Species	8	12	16	24	32	64
Barley, little Hordeum pusilium	s	C	C	C	C	j c
Bedstraw, catchweed Galum apenne	. S	C	C	С	С	c
Bluegrass, annual Poa annua	S	С	С	С	С	С
Chervil Chaerophylium tainturieri	S	С	С	C	С	C
Chickweed, common Stellana media	S	C	с	C	C	С
Clover, crimson Trifolium incamatum	•	S	S	С	С	C
Clover, large hop Trifolium campestre	•	S	S	С	С	l c
Fescue, tall Festuca arundinacea		·	•	•	S	s
Geranium, Carolina Geranium carolinianum			S	S	С	С
Henbit Lamium amplexicaule	•	s	С	С	С	С
Ryegrass, Italian Lolium multiflorum	•	•	S	С	С	C
Speedwell, corn Veronica arvensis	S	С	С	С	с	С
Vetch, common Vicia sativa	1.	•	S	С	C	С

Weeds Controlled or Suppressed with This Product Plus Oust This Product (fl. ozs. per acre)							
j		+ Oust (oz. per acre)				<del></del>	
	8	12	12	16	16	12	16
Weed Species	0.25	+ 0.25	+ 0.5	+ 0.25	0.5	+	+
Barley, little Hordeum pusilium	С	С	c	C	С	С	С
Bedstraw, catchweed Galium apanne	c	С	С	C	С	C	С
Bluegrass, annual Poa annual	S	С	С	С	c	С	С
Chervli Chaerophyllum taintunen	С	С	С	С	С	С	С
Chickweed, common Stellana media	Ş	С	С	С	С	С	С
Clover, crímson Trifolum incamatum	s	S	S	S	С	С	c
Clover, large hop Trifolium campestre		•	S	s	5	С	С
Fescue, tall Festuca arundinacea	·	•	•	•	•	5	s
Geranlum, Carolina Geranium carolinianum	·	s	s	С	С	С	С
Henbit Lamium amplexicaule	•	S	С	С	С	С	С
Ryegrass, Italian Lohum multiflorum		S	S	С	с	С	С
Speedwell, corn Veronica arvensis	S	С	с	С	С	С	С
Vetch, common Vicia sativa	c	C	C	С	С	С	С
Note: C ~ Convol S = Suppression These rates or mixtures of rates apply only to sites where established competitive Turf is present				,πfis			

Release of Actively Growing Bermudagrass

When applied as directed, this product will aid in the release of Bermudagrass by providing control of annual species listed in the "WEEDS CON-TROLLED" section of this and the Oust label and suppression or partial control of certain Perennial weeds

For control or suppression of those Annual species listed on this label, use 1 to 3 pints of this product as a broadcast spray in 10 to 45 gations of spray solution per acre. Use the lower rate when treating Annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or length of runner in Annual vines). Use the higher rate as Weeds increase in size or as they approach flower or seedhead formation.

Use the higher rate of this product for partial control of the following Perennial species. Use the lower rate for suppression of growth Far best results see the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this label for proper stage of growth.

Bahlagrass	Johnsongrass"
Paspalum notalum	Sorghum halepense
Bluestem, silver	Trumpetcreeper"
Andropogon saccharoides	Campsis radicans
Fescue, tall	Vaseygrass
Festuca arundinacea	Paspalum urvillei
"Control at higher rates "Suppression at higher rates only	

This product may be tank-mixed with Oust If tank-mixed use no more than 1 to 2 pints per acre of this product with 1 to 2 ounces of Oust per acre

Use the lower rates of both mixtures to control Annual weeds below 6 inches in height (or runner length in Annual vines) that are listed in the "WEEDS CONTROLLED" section of this booklet and the Oust label. Use the higher rates as Annual weeds increase in size and approach the flower and seedhead stages. Use the higher rates of this product to provide partial control of the following Perennial weeds. Use the lower rates for suppression of growth.

Bahiagrass	Johnsongrass*	
Paspalum notatum	Sorghum halepense	
Bluestem, silver	Poorjoe**	
Andropogon saccharoides	Diodia teres	
Broomsedge	Trumpetcreeper*	
Andropogon virginicus	Campsis radicans	
Dock, curly	Vaseygrass	
Rumex crispus	Paspalum urvillei	
Dogfennel	Vervain, blue	
Eupatorium capilliforium	Verbena hastata	
Fescue, tall		
Festuca arundinacea		

Use only on well-established Bermudagrass. Bermudagrass injury may result from the (reatment but regrowth will occur under moist conditions. Repeat applications in the same season are not recommended, since severe injury may result.

Read and carefully observe all cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the labels of all herbicides used.

COOL SEASON TURF GROWTH REGULATION

When applied as directed, this product will suppress growth and seedhead development of listed Turf species in industrial areas.

This product is recommended for management of coarse Turf on roadside right-of-ways or other industrial areas. Do not use on high-quality Turf or other areas where Turf color changes cannot be tolerated. Slight Turf discoloration may occur but Turf will re-green and regrow under moist conditions as effects of this product will wear off.

Apply 4 to 6 fluid ounces of this product per acre alone or in a recommended tank mixture. Spray volumes of 10 to 40 gallons per acre are recommended.

When using this product, mix 2 quarts of a non-ionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray solution.

This product can be used for growth and seedhead suppression of:

Tall fescue	Smooth brome

For best results, apply this product in a recommended tank mixture to actively growing Turfgrasses after greenup in the Spring of the year. For suppression of seedheads, applications must be made before boot-to-seedhead stage of development. Applications made from seedhead emergence until maturity may result in Turi discoloration or injury. After mowing or removal of seedheads, this product, in a recommended tank mixture may also be used to suppress the growth of certain Turfgrasses. Allow Turf to recover from stress caused by heat, drought or mowing before making applications. Applications made to Turf under stress may increase the potential for discoloration or injury.

#### Annual Grasses

For growth suppression of some Annual grasses such as Annual ryegrass, Wild barley and Wild oats, apply 3 to 4 fluid ounces of this product in 10 to 40 gallons of spray solution per acre. Applications should be when annual grasses are actively growing and before the seedheads are in the boot stage of development. Treatments made after seedhead emergence may cause injury to the desired grasses Tank Mixtures

For the following tank mixtures, consult each product label for weeds controlled and the correct stage of application. Do not treat Turf under stress

Tank mixtures plus 2,4-D Amine: For additional weed control benefits, up to 1 pound of active ingredient per acre of 2,4-D amine may be added to the following tank mixtures. Consult the label for 2,4-D amine for weeds controlled.

#### Tall Fescue

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This product plus Telar<sup>®</sup>: For suppression of Tall fescue growth and seedheads and control or partial control of some Annual weeds, apply this tank mixture after greenup and prior to boot-to-seedhead stage of development. Use 0.5 ounce of Talar per acre. This tank mixture can also be applied after mowing or removal of tall fescue seedheads for turf growth suppression. Make only one of the above appplications per growth season.

This product plus Oust: For suppression of Tall fescue growth and seedheads and control or partial control of some Annual weeds, apply this tank mixture after greenup and prior to boot-to-seedhead stage of development. Use up to 0.25 ounce of Oust per acre.

This product plus Escort<sup>a</sup>: This tank mixture can be applied after mowing or removal of Tall fescue seedheads for Turf growth suppression and control of some Annual weeds. Use up to 0.33 ounce of Escort per acre.

NOTE: THIS PRODUCT IS NOT REGISTERED FOR USE WITH ESCORT IN CA

#### Smooth Brome

This product plus Oust: For suppression of Smooth brome growth and seedheads and control or partial control of some Annual weeds, apply this tank mixture after greenup or prior to boot-to-seedhead stage of development. Use up to 0.25 ounce of Oust per acre.

#### BAHIAGRASS SEEDHEAD AND VEGETATIVE SUPPRESSION

When applied as directed in the indicated non-crop areas (roadsides, airports, golf course roughs and plant sites), this product will provide significant inhibition of seedhead emergence and will suppress vegetative growth for a period of approximately 45 days with single applications and approximately 120 days with sequential applications. Apply this product 1 to 2 weeks after full greenup of Bahagrass or after Bahagrass has been mowed to a uniform height of 3 to 4 inches. Applications must be made prior to seedhead emergence. Apply 6 fluid ounces per acre of this product plus 0.5 to 1% of non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

Sequential applications of this product plus 0.5 to 1% of non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume may be made at approximately 45-day intervals to extend the period of seedhead and vegetative growth suppression. For continued seedhead suppression, sequential applications must be made prior to seedhead emergence. Apply no more than 2 sequential applications per year. As a first sequential application, apply 4 fluid ounces of this product per acre plus nonionic surfactant. A second sequential application of 2 to 4 fluid ounces per acre plus non-ionic surfactant may be made approximately 45 days after the last application.

A tank mixture of this product plus Oust may be applied only on roadsides for seedhead inhibition and vegetative suppression. Apply 6 fluid ounces per acre of this product plus 0.25 ounce per acre of Oust, plus 0.5 to 1% non-ionic surfactant by total spray volume 1 to 2 weeks following an initial Spring mowing. When using this product plus Oust for suppression of Bahiagrass, make only 1 application per year.

NOTE TO USERS: Where maximum allowable rate of glyphosate per acre per year is indicated for this product, this also includes other glyphosate-containing products, such as Glyfos Herbicide, Glyfos X-TRA, Glyfos AU, Roundup, Roundup Ultra and Touchdown.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product that cannot be used or chemically reprocessed should be disposed of in a landfill approved for pesticide disposal or in accordance with applicable Federal. State or Local procedures.

Emptied container retains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is destroyed.

FOR BULK CONTAINERS: Triple rinse emptied bulk container. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning or dispose of in a manner approved by State and Local authorities.

FOR MINI-BULK REFILLABLE CONTAINERS: Do not reuse container, except for refill in accordance with a valid Toll Repackaging Agreement If not refilled or returned to an authorized repackaging facility, triple rinse container, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and Local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke,

FOR ALL OTHER NON-RETURNABLE/REFILLABLE CONTAINERS: Do not reuse container. Triple rinse container, then puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and Local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

# WARRANTY — DISCLAIMER

The label instructions for the use of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests. The directions are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which are beyond the control of DREXEL CHEMICAL. All such risks shall be assumed by the user.

DREXEL warrants only that the material contained herein conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the use therein described when used in accordance with the "DIRECTIONS FOR USE" set forth in the complete directions for use booklet ("Directions"), subject to the risks referred to above.

Any damage arising from a breach of this warranty shall be limited to direct damages and shall not include consequential commercial damages such as loss of profits or values or any other special or indirect damages.

DREXEL makes no other expressed or implied warranty including any other expressed or implied warranty of FITNESS or MERCHANTABL-ITY

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