

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

OCT 2 7 2009

Ms Luz G Chan Drexel Chemical Company PO BOX 13327 Memphis, TN 38113-0327

Subject: Label Notification(s) for Pesticide Registration Notice 2007-4 and 98-10

Dear Registrant:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application(s) for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 2007-4 and 98-10 dated August 26, 2009 for:

EPA Registration 19713-531 Drexel MSMA 660

The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for applicability under PRN 2007-4 and 98-10, and finds that the label change(s) requested falls within the scope of PRN-2007-4 and 98-10. The label has been date-stamped "Notification" and will be placed in our records.

Please be reminded that 40 CFR Part 156.140(a)(4) requires that a batch code, lot number, or other code identifying the batch of the pesticide distributed and sold be placed on nonrefillable containers. The code may appear either on the label (and can be added by non-notification/PR Notice 98-10) or durably marked on the container itself.

If you have any questions, please contact me directly at 703-305-6249 or Banza Djapao of my staff at 703-305-7269.

Sincerely,

Linda Arrington

Notifications & Minor Formulations Team Leader

Registration Division (7505P)

Office of Pesticide Programs

<i>1</i>	_
.om	7.

2/q 1 No. 2070-0060, Approval expires 2-28-95

9	F	PΔ

United States

_	
	Registration
	Amendment
٦	041

OPP Identifier Number

SEPA	Environmental Protection Agency Washington, DC 20460 Amendme Other			nt		,			
	Арг	plicatio	n for Pestic	ide - Sect	tion	1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
1. Company/Product Number 19713-960 53\	IF.			Product Man	ager		l —	posed Clas	sification Restricted
4. Company/Product (Name) DREXEL MSMA 660		PM# 25/H	1 1 1 1			Restricted			
5. Name and Address of Applicant (Include ZIP Code) Drexel Chemical Company P.O. Box 13327 Memphis, TN 38113-0327 Check if this is a new address		(b)(i), to: EPA	6. Expedited Reveiw. In accordance with FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) (b)(i), my product is similar or identical in composition and labeling to: EPA Reg. No. Product Name						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Section -						
Amendment - Explain	n below.	ıd	[<	1	er date			y 26, 20	
Notification - Explain below.			Other - Explain below.				OTIFICATION OCT 2 7 2009		
Explanation: Use addition	nal page(s) if necessary. (F	or section	I and Section II.)					71	
Submission of revised label Thank you.	(53t'SP-0609*). Details are in	n the cover	⁻ letter accompany	ing this submis	sion.				
			Section -	111		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
1. Material This Product Wil	l Be Packaged In:			•••	***************************************				
Child-Resistant Packaging Yes No	hild-Resistant Packaging Yes ✓ No Unit Packaging Yes ✓ No Value Value		Water Soluble Yes ✓ No If "Yes"	No Plastic Glass					
* Certification must be submitted		o. per entainer	Package wgt	100 100 1					
3. Location of Net Contents	Information 4. Si		ail Container 10,15, 30, 55 gal; B	i	5. Loc	cation of Label D	irection	is	
6. Manner in Which Label is Affixed to Product Lithograph Other									
			Section - I	IV					
1. Contact Point (Complete	items directly below for ide	ntification	of individual to l	be contacted, i	if nece	ssary, to proces	s this e	application.	1
Name LUZ G CHAN			Title REGISTRATION	Telephone No. (Include STRATION MANAGER (901) 774-4370					
	ments I have made on this f y knowlinglly false or misle		all attachments th			mprisonment or	te.	6. Date Ap Received	d mped)
2. Signature Cuz G. C	2009.08.26 han 10:53:11-05'00	0' 3	REGISTRATION	MANAGER		!			
4. Typed Name 5. D. LUZ G CHAN			5. Date Au	gust 26, 2	009			(((((((((((((((((((C



August 26, 2009

Document Processing Desk (NOTIF)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7504P)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Rm S-4900, One Potomac Yard
2777 S Crystal Drive
Arlington, VA 22202

Re: Submission of Final Label per EPA's Letter dated May 26, 2009 and PR Notice 2007-4 DREXEL MSMA 660 (EPA Reg. No. 19713-531)

Herewith:

- 1. Completed EPA Form 8570-1
- One copy of the label (531SP-0609*) with the following revisions per EPA's May 26, 2009 EPA Stamped Accepted label:
 - i) The statement appearing above the ingredient statement was revised.
 - ii) Under 'Precautionary Statements', "Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)]."

Please take note that we took the liberty to correct the CFR reference (i.e. [40 CFR 170.240(d)(60)]) stated in EPA's letter dated May 26,2009 to "40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)" as "40 CFR 170.240(d)(60)" does not exist.

- iii) Directions for pre-emergent applications to cotton were removed.
- iv) Section on spray drift management was added.

Also, the following changes were made:

- i) 'Shake Well Before Using" was deleted as this statement is not necessary. This product is a true solution.
- ii) Under 'Refillable Containers', "this product" was changed to "this pesticide".

The changes were highlighted.

3. Certification Statement

If you have questions/clarification regarding this submission, I can be reached at (901) 774-4370 or e-mail Lchan@drexchem.com.

ειιοι

Thank you.

Respectfully yours,

FOR DREXEL CHEMICAL COMPANY

Luz G Chan

Registration Manager

1700 Channel Avenue • Post Office Box 13327 • Memphis, Tennessee 38113-0327
Phone: (901) 774-4370 • Fax: (901) 774-4666 • E-Mail: info@drexchem.com • www.DrexChem.com

SINCE 1972

August 26, 2009

Submission of Final Label per EPA's Letter dated May 26, 2009 DREXEL MSMA 660 (EPA Reg. No. 19713-531)

This notification is consistent with the Provisions of PR Notice 98-10 and EPA Regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the Confidential Statement of Formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 98-10 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under Sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

FOR DREXEL CHEMICAL COMPANY

LUZ G CHAN

Registration Manager



August 26, 2009

Submission of Revised Label per PR Notice 2007-4 DREXEL MSMA 660 (EPA Reg. No. 19713-531)

This notification is consistent with the guidance of PR Notice 2007-4 and the requirements of EPA Regulations at 40 CFR 156.10, 156.140, 156.144, 156.146 and 156.156. No other changes have been made to the labeling or the Confidential Statement of Formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the requirements of 40 CFR 156.10, 156.140, 156.144, and 156.146 and 156.156, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under Sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

FOR DREXEL CHEMICAL COMPANY

LUZ G CHAN

Registration Manager



NOTIFICATION

OCT 2 7 2009

MSMA 660

Herbicide

MSMA liquid herbicide for selective postemergent weed control on Cotton, Golf courses and Sod farms, and Highway Rights-of-way.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Monosodium acid methanearsonate	51.3%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	48.7%
TOTAL:	100.0%
Total Arsenic (as elemental) all in water soluble form is 23.7	7% (Con-

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See FIRST AID Below

EPA Reg. No. 19713-531 EPA Est. No. 19713-XX-XXX

tains 6.6 lbs. MSMA per gallon.)

Net Content:

FIRST AID

IF SWALLOWED:

- · Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- · Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

IF IN EYES:

- · Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20
- · Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:

- · Take off contaminated clothing.
- · Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For information on this pesticide product (including health concerns, medical emergencies or pesticide incidents), call the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7378.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

(Continued)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS (Cont.)

All mixers, loaders, applicators, and other handlers must wear: Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves, and shoes plus socks.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit that meets the requirements listed in the WPS for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should: 1) Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. 2) Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. 3) Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water by cleaning equipment or disposal of wastes. Do not contaminate water used by wildlife or aquatic life or water used for domestic or irrigation purposes.

USE INFORMATION

MSMA 660 herbicide is useful for selective postemergent weed control, particularly for grassy weeds in Cotton, Highway Rights-of-Way, Golf courses, and Sod farms. Its activity is enhanced by addition of a suitable surfactant, cleared for application to growing crops, to the spray solution. Best results are obtained on young actively growing weeds at air temperature above 70°F.

This product applied properly will kill or control noxious weeds sus-

ceptible to MSMA such	as:	
Bahiagrass	Fall panicum	Oats (wild)
Barnyardgrass	Fiddleneck	Pigweed
Beggartick (hairy)	Florida beggarweed	Puncturevine .
Brachiaria spp.	Foxtail	Purslane (common)
Broomsedge	(green and yellow)	Ragweed
Chickweed	Goosegrass	Sandbur
Cocklebur	Guineagrass	Sicklepod
Crabgrass	Jimsonweed	Spurge
(smooth and large)	Johnsongrass	Watergrass
Dallisgrass	Morningglory	Witchgrass
Dandelion	Mustard (wild)	Wood sorrell
Dayflower	Nutsedge	

Manufactured By:

Drexel Chemical Company P.O. BOX 13327, MEMPHIS, TN 38113-0327

SINCE 1972

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT THROUGH ANY TYPE OF IRRIGATION SYSTEM.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval (REI). The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the WPS.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the WPS and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is: coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, chemical-resistant footwear plus socks, and protective eyewear.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep children and pets out of the treated area until sprays have dried

APPLICATION RESTRICTIONS

- Do not apply this product in Florida except on Cotton in the counties listed in the Cotton use section of this label.
- Aerial application is prohibited, except when applying to Cotton.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Avoiding spray at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment- and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator and the grower are responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops. These requirements do not apply to forestry applications, public health uses or to applications using dry formulations.

- The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed three-fourths the length of the wingspan or rotor.
- Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downwards more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the **Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory Information** section below.

AERIAL DRIFT REDUCTION ADVISORY INFORMATION Information on Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

Controlling Droplet Size

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended

- pressures. For many nozzle __es, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.

Boom Length

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than three-fourths of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

Application Height

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc). Wind

Drift potential is lowest between speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential.

Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift. Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

Sensitive Areas

This pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive area).

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

This product must be thoroughly mixed. Fill the spray equipment reservoir about half full with water and add the required amount of herbicide and surfactant with agitation. Finish filling the reservoir with water, agitate, then apply. After use, clean equipment thoroughly by flushing with water. Do not store spray solution in tank for a prolonged period.

COTTON

This product is useful for the control of weeds listed under "USE IN-FORMATION" section and many similar weeds.

Applications can be made: 1) Postemergent, over the top, when Cotton is 3 to 6 inches high or up to early first square stage, whichever occurs first using ground or aircraft equipment. 2) Postemergent as a directed spray with ground equipment when Cotton is 3 inches high to first bloom.

Slight burning and a reddish discoloration of the Cotton leaf may occasionally occur following application, but the Cotton plant will develop normally.

8/9

USE RESTRICTIONS

 Do not apply in Florida except on Cotton grown in the following counties: Calhoun, Columbia, Escambia, Gadsden, Hamilton, Holmes, Jackson, Jefferson, Okaloosa, Santa Rosa, Suwannee, Walton, and Washington.

Note: Applications to Cotton in Florida should be confined to band treatments.

- Only one application at 2 lbs. a.i. (2.4 pts. of this product) per acre is allowed per season, except when a salvage operation is needed.
- If a salvage operation is needed (i.e., if pigweed escapes the first application), then a second or repeat application at 2 lbs. a.i. (2.4 pts. of this product) per acre is allowed.
- A second or repeat application, if needed, should be timed 1 to 3 weeks after the first application. Apply only as a salvage operation. Apply only to healthy rapidly growing Cotton 3 inches high, but no later than 6 inches high or early square, whichever occurs first. Preference should be given to directed spray. In order to minimize injury, the second application should be made as a directed spray when possible.
- · Do not make more than two applications per season.
- · Do not apply more than a total of 4 lbs. a.i. per acre per season.
- · Do not apply preplant to Cotton.
- Do not apply within 50 feet of permanent water bodies or aquatic habitat, including, but not limited to lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, and estuaries.
- Do not allow spray or spray drift to contact adjacent crops or injury will result.
- Apply only on still days when weather conditions do not favor drift from areas being treated. Aircraft applications of this product should only be made by applicators experienced in use of herbicides, and application should be made in accordance with State and Federal regulations.

Postemergent Applications Using Ground or Aircraft Equipment as an Over-the-Top Broadcast Spray when Cotton is 3 inches high until early first square stage as a salvage operation. One application: Use 2.4 pints in 40 gallons of water for ground application, or in 5 to 10 gallons of water for aircraft application per acre. DO NOT repeat this treatment. Two applications: Mix at the rate of 0.9 to 1.2 pints of this product in 40 gallons of water for ground equipment or in 5 to 10 gallons of water for aircraft application per acre of Cotton. If needed, a second or repeat application should be made 1 to 3 weeks after the first application. Apply only as a salvage operation. Apply only to healthy, rapidly growing Cotton, 3 inches high, but no later than 6 inches high or early square, whichever occurs first. Preference should be given to directed sprays. In order to minimize injury, the second application should be made as a directed spray when possible. DO NOT make more than two applications per season. Do not feed foliage to livestock or graze treated areas.

Postemergent Directed Spray Applications: Mix this product at the rate of 2.4 pints in 40 gallons of water per acre for application as directed broadcast spray when weeds are small. For band applications, mix 2.4 pints in 40 gallons of water per acre, then apply 1 gallon of the diluted spray for each 1-inch band width to be treated of Cotton grown on 40-inch row spacing. Direct the spray solution to the base of the Cotton plant. Nozzles should be placed so as to avoid spraying the Cotton foliage, but to give good coverage of the weeds. If regrowth occurs, make a second application about 1 to 3 weeks after the first. Make directed applications only when Cotton is 3 inches high to first bloom. Do not apply after first bloom. Do not feed foliage to livestock or graze treated areas.

GOLF COURSES AND SOD FARMS

Mow turfgrass to a height of 1 to 1.5 inches before treatment. Mix 0.9 fluid ounce (1.8 tablespoonsful) of this product in 1 to 2.5 gallons of water for application to a total area of 1,000 square feet.

For established Bermudagrass and Zoysiagrass, mix 0.9 to 1.8 fluid ounces (1.8 to 3.6 tablespoonsful) of this product in 1 to 2.5 gallons of water for application to a total area of 1,000 square feet.

Apply during warm weather when temperature is between 80°F and 90°F. Do not water turf for at least 24 hours after application. Turfgrass may be temporarily discolored. Bermudagrass, Bluegrass, and Zoysiagrass have shown tolerance if this product is properly applied. Injury may result if applied to Bentgrass, Fescue, and St. Augustinegrass. DO NOT apply to St. Augustinegrass except for commercial sod production. DO NOT apply to Carpetgrass, Centipedegrass, or to Dichondra. DO NOT reseed until two weeks after last application. For application to St. Augustinegrass in sod farms, last application can

be made 4 to 5 weeks prior to \(\)g the sod for harvest to allow full recovery before lifting. St. Augustinegrass sod will be temporarily discolored following application. DO NOT apply to freshly mowed St. Augustinegrass sod.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- For newly constructed golf courses, ONLY one broadcast application is permitted.
- For all other applications to golf courses, this product can ONLY be used for spot treatments (100 sq. ft. per spot), not to exceed 25% of the total golf course acreage per year.
- In sod farms, ONLY two broadcast applications are allowed. Do not apply within 25 feet of permanent water bodies or aquatic habitat, including, but not limited to lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, and estuaries.
- Use of this product on golf courses and sod farms after December 31, 2013 is prohibited.

HIGHWAY RIGHTS-OF-WAY

This product is useful for control of emerged weeds and grasses such as those listed under "USE INFORMATION" and many similar weeds on rights-of-way. Applications should be made when weeds are small and conditions are favorable for good weed growth.

Mix this product at a rate of 2.2 to 5.4 pints plus 1 to 2 quarts of a suitable surfactant, cleared for application to growing crops, in 40 to 50 gallons of water. Spray unwanted vegetation thoroughly to point of runoff. Use spray equipment that gives good low volume coverage. If regrowth occurs, reapply as required.

USE RESTRICTIONS

- · Do not apply more than two broadcast applications per year.
- Do not apply within 100 feet of permanent water bodies or aquatic habitat, including, but not limited to lakes, reservoirs, rivers, streams, marshes, ponds, and estuaries.
- Use of this product on highway rights-of-way after December 31, 2013 is prohibited.
- DO NOT feed treated foliage to livestock nor graze treated areas.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal. **PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Storage should be under lock and key and secure from access by unauthorized persons and children. Storage should be in a cool, dry area away from any heat or ignition source. High heat may form volatile arsenic compounds. Do not stack over 2 pallets high. Move containers by handles or in cases. Do not move containers from one area to another unless they are securely sealed. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Keep away from any puncture source. Avoid storage near water supplies, food, feed, seed, fungicides, insecticides and fertilizers to avoid contamination. Store in original containers only. If the contents are leaking or material is spilled, follow these steps while wearing protective clothing:

- Contain spill. Absorb with an inert material such as sand or sawdust
- 2. Collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.
- 3. Wash area with soap and water to remove remaining pesticide.
- 4. Follow washing with clean water rinse.
- Place a leaking container in a plastic tub and transfer container, as soon as possible, to an empty, original container.
- .6. Do not allow runoff to enter sewer or contaminate water supplies.
- 7. Dispose of waste as indicated below.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

Nonrefillable Container (rigid material; less than 5 gallons): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container one-fourth full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

(Continued)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL (Cont.)

Nonrefillable Container (rigid material; 5 gallons or greater): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container one-fourth full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Refillable Containers: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this procedure two more times.

WARRANTY-CONDIT S OF SALE

OUR DIRECTIONS FOR USE of this product are based upon tests believed reliable. Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixtures with other chemicals not specifically recommended, and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage and handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, in no case shall the Manufacturer or the Seller be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product when such use and/or handling is not in strict accordance with directions given herewith. The foregoing is a condition of sale by the Manufacturer and is accepted as such by the Buyer.

9/9