## UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460-0001



OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

May 21, 2013

Luz G. Chan Drexel Chemical Company P.O. Box 13327 Memphis, TN 38113-0327

Subject:

Notification to correct rate for citrus psylla (p. 12) and unit of measurement for

ants (p. 37), per Pesticide Registration Notice 98-10

Dear Ms. Chan,

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10, dated May 16, 2013, for "Drexel Chlorpyrifos 4E-AG," EPA Registration Number 19713-520.

The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of your request for applicability under PRN 98-10, and finds that the changes requested are acceptable. Therefore, the label submitted with your application has been stamped "Notification," and will be placed in our files. Please contact me at (703) 308-8735 or chao.julie@epa.gov if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Julie A. Chao

Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch Registration Division (7505P)

Office of Pesticide Programs

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SEPA	Environmenta	United States  I Protection  Ington, DC 204		,		nugist Amen Other	ration dment	OPP Identifier Number
		Application	n for Pest	icide - Sec	tion I			
1. Company/Product Number 19713-520	or .			PA Product Ma nus Eagle	nager	- Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Ann	3. P	roposed Classification
4. Company/Product (Name DREXEL CHLORPYRIF(			PM:					Juestie 🔽 Headington
5. Name and Address of Ap Drexel Chemical Compan P.O. Box 13327 Memphis. TN 38113-0327	y .	ode)	(b)( to: EP	i), my product A Reg. No	is simil	lar or ide	entical in co	FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) emposition and labeling
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Amendment - Explai	n below. conse to Agency letter	r dated	Section [	✓ Final prints Agency let "Me Too"	tter, date	ď		OTIFICATION
Notification - Explain	below.			Other - Exp	plain bel	ow.		MAY 2 1 2013
This notification is consistent with the prunderstand that it is a violation of 18 U. product may be in violation of FIFRA an	S.C. Sec. 1001 to willfully make a	any false statement to	EPA. I further underst	and that if this notificati nd 14 of FIFRA.		-		'
1. Material This Product Wil	l Be Packaged In:		GGGGG				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Child-Resistant Packaging  Yes  No  * Certification must be submitted	Unit Packaging Yes No If "Yes" Unit Packaging wgt.	No. per container	Water Solub Yes No If "Yes" Package wg	le Packaging  No. per t containe		2. Type	of Container  Metal Plastic Glass Paper Other (5	
3. Location of Net Contents	Information	4. Size(s) Reta	ail Container		5. Loca	ation of L	abel Direction	ons
	Container	less than	5 gallons; 5 gallons			On the	e label	
6. Manner in Which Label is	Affixed to Product	✓ Lithogr Paper of Stencil	aph glued ed	Othe	or			
			Section	- IV				
1. Contact Point (Complete	items directly below	for identification	n of individual t	to be contacted,	if neces	ssary, to	process this	application.)
Name LUZ G CHAN			Title REGISTRATI	ON MANAGEF	₹		<b>Telephon</b> (901) 774	e No. (Include Area Code) 1-4370
I certify that the state I acknowledge that ar both under applicable 2. Signature	0	misleading stat	all attachments	s thereto are tru punishable by f	e, accur ine or in	ate and conprisonme	complete.	6. Date Application Received (Stamped)
	Cuzla Chan		REGISTRATIC	N MANAGER				
4. Typed Name LUZ G CHAN		. Ę	5. Date	Лау 16, 201	13			

#### RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.

GROUP 1B INSECTICIDE



# Chlorpyrifos 4E-AG

Insecticide

For control of listed insects infesting certain Field, Fruit, Nut and Vegetable Crops, Turfgrass (grown for Sod), Ornamentals, Non-Residential Turf and Other Listed Non-Residential Uses.

#### **ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

Chlorpyrifos	. 44.9%
OTHER INGREDIENTS*:	. 55.1%
TOTAL:	100 00/

This product contains 4 pounds of Chlorpyrifos per gallon.

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING/AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See FIRST AID on Page 2

EPA Reg. No. 19713-520 EPA Est. No. 19713-XX-XXX

ì	۷et	Cont	ent:	

Manufactured By:



The Drexel logo is a registered trademark of Drexel Chemical Company.

520SP-0513\*

NOTIFICATION
MAY 2 1 2013

Contains petroleum distillates.

### FIRST AID Organophosphate

#### IF SWALLOWED:

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give any liquid to the person.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

#### IF IN EYES:

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

#### IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

#### IF INHALED:

- · Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For information on this pesticide product (including health concerns, medical emergencies or pesticide incidents), call the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7378.

**NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:** This product contains an organophosphate that inhibits cholinesterase. Treat symptomatically. If exposed, plasma and red blood cell cholinesterase tests may indicate significance of exposure (baseline data are useful). Atropine, only by injection, is the preferable antidote. Oximes, such as 2-PAM/protopam, may be therapeutic if used early, however, use only in conjunction with atropine. In case of severe, acute poisoning, use antidote immediately after establishing an open airway and respiration. Contains petroleum distillate. Do not induce vomiting since vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards To Humans And Domestic Animals

**WARNING:** May be fatal if swallowed. Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Causes skin irritation. Harmful if absorbed through skin. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category G on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Mixers and loaders using a mechanical transfer loading system and applicators using aerial application equipment must wear:

- · Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Shoes and socks

#### In addition to the above, mixers and loaders using a mechanical transfer loading system must wear:

- Chemical-resistant gloves
- Chemical-resistant apron
- A NIOSH-approved dust mist filtering respirator with MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C or a NIOSH-approved respirator with any R, P, or HE filter

See Engineering Controls for additional requirements.

(continued)

(continuation)

#### All other mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- · Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves made of waterproof material such as Barrier laminate and Viton ≥ 14 mils.
- · Chemical-resistant apron when mixing or loading or exposed to the concentrate
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses)
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure
- A NIOSH approved respirator with any R, P, or HE filter

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning and maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications must use a mechanical transfer system that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4)] for dermal protection, and must:

- Wear the personal protective equipment required above for mixers/loaders
- · Wear protective eyewear if the system operates under pressure, and
- Be provided and have immediately available for use in an emergency, such as broken package, spill, or equipment breakdown: coveralls, chemical-resistant footwear and chemical-resistant headgear if overhead exposure.

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the WPS for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (6)].

Use of human flaggers is prohibited. Mechanical flagging equipment must be used.

When handlers use closed systems or closed cab motorized ground application equipment in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

**Users should:** 1) Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. 2) Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. 3) Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This pesticide is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, small mammals and birds. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater or rinsate.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area. Protective information may be obtained from your cooperative agricultural extension service.

#### PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Combustible. Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

#### **USE INFORMATION**

CHLORPYRIFOS 4E-AG insecticide forms an emulsion when diluted with water and is suitable for use in all conventional spray equipment. Consult your State Experiment Station or State Extension Service for proper timing of applications.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

#### RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the Agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Read all "DIRECTIONS FOR USE" carefully before applying.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry intervals and notification to workers. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted-entry interval (REI). The REI for each crop is listed in the directions for use associated with each crop.

**Exception:** If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the Worker Protection Standard, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

Certified crop advisors or persons entering under their direct supervision under certain circumstances may be exempt from the early reentry requirements pursuant to 40 CFR Part 170.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is:

- · Coveralls over short sleeved shirt and short pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, made out of any waterproof material
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks
- Chemical-resistant headgear for over head exposure

Notify workers of the application by warning them orally and by posting warning signs at entrances to treated areas.

#### **USE PRECAUTIONS**

At low spray volumes under high temperature and wind conditions, insect control may be reduced. Some reduction in insect control may occur under unusually cool conditions.

**Flood irrigation:** To avoid contamination of irrigation tail waters, do not flood irrigate within 24 hours following a soil surface or foliar application of this product.

#### INSECTICIDE RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT (IRM)

#### GROUP 1B INSECTICIDE

This product contains a Group 1B insecticide. Insect/mite biotypes with acquired resistance to Group 1B may eventually dominate the insect/mite population if Group 1B insecticides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by this product or other Group 1B insecticides.

To delay development of insecticide resistance, the following are recommended:

- Avoid consecutive use of insecticides with the same mode of action (same insecticide group) on the same insect species.
- Use tank mixtures of premix products containing insecticides with different modes of action (different insecticide groups) provided the products are registered for intended use.
- Base insecticide use on comprehensive Integrated Pest Management (IPM) programs.
- Monitor treated insect populations in the field for loss of effectiveness.
- Contact your local extension specialist, certified crop advisor, and or manufacturer for insecticide resistance management and/or IPM recommendations for the specific site and resistant pest problems.

#### SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

Do not allow spray to drift from the application site and contact people, structures people occupy at any time and the associated property, parks and recreation areas, nontarget areas, aquatic and wetland areas, woodlands, pastures, rangelands, or animals.

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interaction of many equipment and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all of these factors when making decisions to apply this product.

Observe the following precautions when spraying this product adjacent to permanent bodies of water such as rivers, natural ponds, lakes, streams, reservoirs, marshes, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds. The following treatment setbacks or buffer zones must be utilized for applications around the above listed aquatic areas with the following application equipment:

Application Method	Required Setback (Buffer Zone) (feet)
Ground boom	25
Chemigation	25
Orchard airblast	50
Aerial (fixed wing or helicopter)	150

The following buffer distances specified in the below table are distances in feet that must exist to separate sensitive sites from the targeted application site. Buffers are measured from the edge of the sensitive site to the edge of the application site. Sensitive sites are areas frequented by non-occupational bystanders (especially children). These include residential lawns, pedestrian sidewalks, outdoor recreational areas such as school grounds, athletic fields, parks, and all property associated with buildings occupied by humans for residential or commercial purposes. Sensitive sites include homes, farm worker housing, or other residential buildings, schools, daycare centers, nursing homes, and hospitals. Non-residential agricultural buildings, including barns, livestock facilities, sheds, and outhouses are not included in this prohibition.

Only pesticide handlers are permitted in the setback area during application of this product. Do not apply this product if anyone other than a mixer, loader, or applicator is in the setback area. **Exception:** Vehicles and persons riding bicycles that are passing through the setback area on public or private roadways are permitted. (**Note:** The required buffer zones below **do not** apply to non-agricultural uses such as golf course turf, greenhouses, non-residential uses including use in industrial plant sites, or as an adult mosquitocide.)

Application Rate	· ·	Required Se	etback (Buffer 2	Zones) (feet)
(lb. a.i./A) [This Product per Acre]	Nozzie Dropiet Type	Aerial	Airblast	Ground
> 0.5 to 1 [> 1 to 2 pts.]	Coarse or Very coarse	10	10	10
> 0.5 to 1 [> 1 to 2 pts.]	Medium .	25	10	10
> 1 to 2 [> 2 to 4 pts.]	Coarse or Very coarse	50	10	. 10
> 1 to 2 [> 2 to 4 pts.]	Medium	80	10	10
> 2 to 3 [> 4 to 6 pts.]	Coarse or Very coarse	80*	10	10
> 2 to 3 [> 4 to 6 pts.]	Medium	100*	10	10
> 3 to 4 [> 6 to 8 pts.]	Medium or Coarse	Not allowed	25	10
> 4 [> 8 pts.]	Medium or Coarse	Not allowed	50	10

\*Aerial application of greater than 2 lbs. a.i. (2 qts. of this product) per acre is only permitted for Asian Citrus psylla control, up to 2.3. lbs. a.i. (2.3 qts. of this product) per acre.

Making applications when wind is blowing away from sensitive areas is the most effective way to reduce the potential for adverse effects. The following spray drift best management practices are recommended to avoid off-target drift movement from applications.

#### **Aerial Application**

- 1. The boom width must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotor blade.
- 2. Nozzles must always point backward, parallel with the air stream, and must never be pointed downward more than 45 degrees.
- 3. Nozzles must produce a medium or coarser droplet size (255-340 microns volume median diameter) per ASABE Standard 572 under application conditions. Airspeed, pressure, and nozzle angle can all effect droplet size. See manufacturer's catalog or USDA/NAAA Applicator's Guide for spray size quality ratings.
- 4. Applications must not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the target plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.
- 5. Use upwind swath displacement and apply only when wind speed is 3 to 10 mph as measured by an anemometer. Do not apply product when wind speed exceeds 10 mph.
- 6. If application includes a no-spray zone, do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the ground or crop canopy.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

The applicator should be familiar with and take into account the information covered in the Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory.

#### Aerial Drift Reduction Advisory

This section is advisory in nature and does not supersede the mandatory label requirements.

#### Information on Droplet Size

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent adverse effects from drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (see Wind, Temperature and Humidity, and Temperature Inversions).

#### **Controlling Droplet Size**

- Volume Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume. Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets.
- Pressure Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower
  pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead
  of increasing pressure.
- Number of nozzles Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.
- Nozzle Orientation Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential.
- Nozzle Type Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce larger droplets than other nozzle types.

#### **Boom Length**

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than three-fourths of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

#### **Application Height**

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the largest plants unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind.

#### **Swath Adjustment**

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase, with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc).

#### Wind

Drift potential is lowest between speeds of 2 to 10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential.

**Note:** Local terrain can influence wind patterns. Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

#### Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity, set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

#### **Temperature Inversions**

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present, inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

#### **Sensitive Areas**

This pesticide should only be applied when the potential for drift to adjacent sensitive areas (e.g. residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops) is minimal (e.g. when wind is blowing away from the sensitive area).

#### **Ground Boom Application**

The following mandatory spray drift best management practices are required to reduce the likelihood of offtarget drift movement from ground applications.

- 1. Choose only nozzles and pressures that produce a medium or coarse droplet size (255-400 microns volume median diameter), per ASABE Standard 572. See manufacturer's catalog or USDA/NAAA Applicator's Guide for spray size quality ratings.
- 2. Apply with nozzle height no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy.
- 3. Do not apply product when wind speed exceeds 10 mph as measured by an anemometer.

#### **Orchard Airblast Application**

The following mandatory spray drift best management practices are required to reduce the likelihood of offtarget drift movement from airblast applications.

- 1. Nozzles must be directed so spray is not projected above the canopies.
- 2. Apply only when wind speed is 3 to 10 mph at the application site as measured by an anemometer outside of the orchard/vineyard on the upwind side.
- 3. Outward pointing nozzles must be shut off when turning corners at row ends.

The applicator should take into account the following best management practices to reduce off-site spray drift. This section is advisory and does not supersede mandatory label requirements.

- 1. Number of nozzles, nozzle orientation and spray volume, air speed and wind direction are key factors in adjusting airblast spray delivery to match the height and density of the crop canopy. Airblast equipment should be adjusted to provide uniform coverage while minimizing the amount of spray movement over-the-top or completely through the crop canopy.
  - High air volumes deliver spray more efficiently than air at high speed. Reducing forward travel speed decreases the air speed necessary to deliver the spray to the top of the crop canopy.
  - Use air guides along with the number and orientation of spray nozzles to achieve the desired spray coverage and directional control.
- 2. The following steps should be taken to minimize drift and the amount of non-target spray:
  - Orient nozzles and adjust air speed/volume/direction to force the spray through the crop canopy but not allow drift past the canopy.
  - Shut off spray delivery when passing gaps in crop canopy within rows.
  - Spray the outside rows of orchards from outside in, directing the spray into the orchard and shutting off nozzles on the side of the spray away from the orchard.
  - When treating smaller trees, vines or bushes, shut off top nozzles to minimize over-the-top spray movement.

#### MIXING DIRECTIONS

To prepare the spray, add a portion of the required amount of water to the spray tank and with agitation, add this product. Complete filling the tank with the balance of water needed. Maintain sufficient agitation during both mixing and application to ensure uniformity of the spray mixture.

This product may also be used in tank mixtures with insecticides, miticides and fungicides, and/or with non-pressure fertilizer solutions as specified under specific crop use directions. Do not tank mix with alkaline materials such as Bordeaux mixture and lime. Prepare tank mixtures in the same manner as specified above for use of this product alone. When tank mixtures of this product and herbicides are involved, add wettable powders first, flowables second and emulsifiable concentrates last. Where a fertilizer solution is involved, it is strongly recommended that a fertilizer pesticide compatibility agent such as MIX<sup>™</sup>, Unite<sup>®</sup> or Compex<sup>®</sup> be used. Maintain constant agitation during both mixing and application to ensure uniformity of the spray mixture. Do not allow spray mixtures to stand overnight.

**Note:** Test compatibility of the intended tank mixture before adding this product to the spray or tank mix. Add proportionate amounts of each ingredient to a pint or quart jar, cap, shake and set for 15 minutes. Formation of precipitates that do not readily redisperse indicates an incompatible mixture that should not be used.

#### **APPLICATION METHODS**

#### By Foliar Broadcast

Apply with conventional power-operated spray equipment using nozzles and spray pressures suited for insecticides. Apply this product in a spray volume of not less than 2 gallons per acre for aerial application equipment (fixed wing or helicopter) or not less than 10 gallons per acre for ground equipment, unless otherwise specified. Increase spray volume to ensure adequate coverage with increased density and height of crop canopy. See "SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT" section for recommendations on droplet size.

#### By Ground

Orient the boom and nozzles so that uniform coverage is obtained. The swath width should not be wider than the boom. Follow nozzle manufacturer's recommendations for insecticide nozzles with respect to nozzle type, pressure, and spacing.

#### **By Soil Broadcast**

Apply with conventional power-operated spray equipment that will apply the product uniformly to the soil surface. Use nozzles that produce medium or coarse droplets (235 to 400 microns). Use a spray volume of 10 gallons or more per acre unless otherwise stated. For band application, use proportionally less spray volume.

#### By Air

Use a minimum spray volume of 2 gallons per acre. Mark swaths by flagging, permanent markers or use of GPS equipment.

#### SPRINKLER IRRIGATION

This product may be applied by sprinkler irrigation for the following crop uses: Alfalfa, Almonds orchard floors, Citrus orchard floors, Corn (Field, Sweet), Cotton; Cranberries, Mint, Sorghum, Soybeans, Sugarbeet, Pecan and Walnut orchard floors, and Wheat.

See the use sections for the individual crops for further application information. Do not apply this product to the above listed crops through any other type of irrigation system. Do not apply this product by chemigation to any other crop.

**Note:** Unless otherwise indicated in specific use directions, the application rates for chemigation are the same as those specified for broadcast application.

#### Use Directions for Sprinkler Irrigation

The following use directions are to be followed when this product is applied through sprinkler irrigation systems. Thoroughly clean the injection system and tank of any fertilizer or chemical residues, and dispose of the residues according to State and Federal laws. Flush the injector with soap and water. Determine the amount of insecticide needed to cover the desired acreage. Mix according to instructions in the "MIXING DIRECTIONS" section and bring mixture to desired volume. Do not add crop oil when this product is applied by chemigation. Continually agitate the mixture containing this product. Set the sprinkler system to deliver the desired inches of water per acre. Start the water pump and sprinkler and let the system achieve the desired pressure and speed before starting the injector. Start the injector and calibrate the injector system according to Number 14 in the "SPECIAL USE PRECAUTIONS" section. The mixture containing this product must be injected continuously and uniformly into the irrigation water line as the sprinkler is moving. This procedure is necessary to deliver the

desired rate per acre in a uniform manner. When the application is finished, allow the entire irrigation and injector system to be thoroughly flushed clean before stopping the system.

#### Special Use Precautions for Sprinkler Irrigation

The following use precautions will result in a safe and successful application of mixture containing this product.

- 1. Apply this product only through sprinkler irrigation systems including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side (wheel) roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, micro sprinkler or hand move. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Do not apply through sprinker systems that deliver a low coefficient of uniformity such as certain water drive units.
- 2. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.
- 3. If you have any questions about calibration, contact state extension service specialist, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- 4. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system.
- 5. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- 6. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and a low-pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. Refer to the American Society of Agricultural Engineer's Engineering Practice 409 for more information.
- 7. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 8. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- 9. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- 10. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 11. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock. The metering pump must provide a greater pressure than that of the irrigation system at the point of injection. The pump must meet Section 675 for "Electrically Driven or Controlled Irrigation Machines" NEC 70 and must contain Viton or Teflon seals.
- 12. To ensure uniform mixing of the insecticide into the water line, inject the mixture through a nozzle placed in the fertilizer injection port or just ahead of an elbow or tee in the irrigation line so that the turbulence created at those points will assist in mixing. It is suggested that the injection point be higher than the insecticide tank to prevent siphoning.
- 13. The tank holding the insecticide mixture should be large enough to allow the system to complete a revolution with one filling. It should be free of rust, fertilizer sediment and foreign material, and equipped with an in-line strainer situated between the tank and the injector pump.
- 14. In order to calibrate the irrigation system and injector to apply the mixture containing this product, determine the following:
  - a) Calculate the number of acres irrigated by the system; b) Set the irrigation rate and determine the number of minutes for the system to cover the intended treatment area; c) Calculate the total gallons of insecticide mixture needed to cover the desired acreage. Divide the total gallons of insecticide mixture needed by the number of minutes to cover the treatment area. This value equals the gallons per minute output that the injector must deliver. Convert the gallons per minute to milliliters or ounces per minute. Calibrate the injector pump with the system in operation at the desired irrigation rate. It is suggested that the injector pump be calibrated at least twice before operation, and the system should be monitored during the operation.
- 15. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment. End guns must be turned off during the application if they irrigate non-target areas.
- 16. Do not allow irrigation water to collect or run off and pose a hazard to livestock, wells or adjoining crops.

- 17. Reentry. Follow requirements in the "AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS" section or crop-specific sections of this label.
- 18. Do not apply through sprinkler systems that deliver a low coefficient of uniformity such as certain water drive units.

#### **APPROVED CROPS**

#### ALFALFA

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Use this product to control the following pests at the dosages indicated below:

Pest	This Product (pint/A)
Aphids (blue alfalfa, cowpea, pea), Spotted alfalfa aphid (suppression, not for use in California)	1 to 2
Corn rootworm adults (Spotted cucumber beetle), Leafhoppers, Grasshoppers	0.5 to 1
Alfalfa blotch leafminers, Alfalfa caterpillars, Alfalfa loopers, Alfalfa weevil larvae and adults, Armyworms, Cutworms, Egyptian alfalfa weevil larvae and adults, Plant bugs, Spittlebugs	1 to 2
Alfalfa webworm	1.5

Note: Stubble spray may be applied to control Leafhoppers in the Northeast.

Apply as a broadcast foliar spray using aircraft or ground spray equipment. Use a higher rate in the rate range for increased pest pressure. Use a minimum spray volume of 2 gpa for aerial application (fixed wing or helicopter) or 10 gpa for ground equipment. Use a spray volume of 5 gpa or more by air or up to 20 gpa by ground when foliage is dense and/or pest population is high and/or under high temperature and wind conditions. Some reduction in insect control may be evident under excessively cool conditions.

For Egyptian alfalfa weevil control in California, apply the specified dosage in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre when larvae are actively feeding.

This product may also be applied through sprinkler irrigation systems to control the above listed foliar pests. Use the specified rate of this product per acre. See "SPRINKLER IRRIGATION" section for further information.

Do not tank mix this product with other pesticides, surfactants or fertilizer formulations unless prior use has shown the combination is non-injurious to Alfalfa under your current conditions of use. Some phytotoxic symptoms may be observed on young, tender, rapidly growing Alfalfa when treated with this product. Alfalfa will outgrow the symptoms and no yield loss should be expected.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on Alfalfa. Do not apply if nearby bees are clustered outside of hives and bees are foraging. Protective information may be obtained from your Agricultural Extension service.

To avoid contamination of irrigation tail waters, do not flood irrigate within 24 hours following an application of this product.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not cut or graze treated Alfalfa within 7 days after application of 0.5 pint of this product per acre, within 14 days after application of 1 pint per acre, or within 21 days after application of rates above 1 pint per acre. Do not make more than 4 applications per season or apply more than once per cutting of Alfalfa. Do not make a second application of this product or other products containing chlorpyrifos within 10 days of the first application. Maximum single application rate is 2 pints of this product (1 lb. chlorpyrifos) per acre.

#### **ASPARAGUS**

Worker Restricted Entry Interval: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

For Use Only in Arizona, California, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, South Dakota, Washington and Wisconsin Use this product to control the following pests as ground broadcast foliar spray in sufficient water:

Pest	This Product (pint/A)
Armyworms, Asparagus aphids, Asparagus beetles,	2
Cutworms, Grasshoppers, Symphylans	

For Cutworms, it is preferable to apply this product when the soil is moist and worms are active on or near the soil surface. Applications may be made during the fern stage for control of Armyworms, Grasshoppers, Asparagus aphids and Asparagus beetles when field counts or crop injury indicates that damaging pest populations are developing or present. For symphylans, apply at least two weeks before harvest for optimum control. **Note:** This product may be applied aerially or with ground equipment for control of Armyworms and Grasshoppers.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not make more than one pre-harvest application per season or apply within one day of harvest. Do not make more than two post-harvest applications during the fern stage. Do not make a second application of this product or other products containing chlorpyrifos within 10 days of the first application. Maximum single application rate preharvest or postharvest is 2 pints of this product (1 lb. chlorpyrifos) per acre.

#### **CHRISTMAS TREES (Plantations Only)**

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

For use only on tree plantations in Connecticut, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, Tennessee, Vermont, Virginia, Washington and Wisconsin.

Use this product at the rate indicated to control the following insects on the Tree varieties listed without serious phytotoxicity. Apply as a foliar spray using power-operated ground equipment unless otherwise stated in a minimum of 10 gallons per acre finished spray. Use a minimum 10 gallons per acre of finished spray when foliage is dense and/or pest density is high and/or under high temperature and wind conditions.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not make more than 3 applications of this product or other products containing chlorpyrifos per season. Do not make a second application of this product or other products containing chlorpyrifos within 7 days of the first application. Do not allow meat or dairy animals to graze in treated area. Do not apply by air.

Balsam fir, Blue spruce, Concolor fir, Douglas fir, Eastern white pine, Fraser fir,	Adelgids (Cooley, Eastern spruce gall), Ants*, Aphids, Douglas fir needle midge, European pine shoot moths,	2 pts. per acre
Grand fir, Noble fir, Scotch pine, White spruce	European pine sawflies, Grasshoppers, Gypsy moths, Mites (European red spider, Twospotted spider [except in WA and OR], Pales weevils (adult), Pine needle midges, Pine spittlebugs, Plant bugs, Spittlebugs, Spruce budworms, Spruce needleminers, Scales (Pine needle, Pine tortoise, Spruce bud, Black pine, Striped pine)  SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Before treating large numbers of oth a small block of plants and observed 7 to 10 days for syn Note: The user assumes the responsibility to determine who ther conifer species with this product under commercial growth to the ensure adequate coverage. For effective control of adulting the species is the responsibility to determine who there are species with this product under commercial growth the ensure adequate coverage. For effective control of adulting the species is the species of the ensure adequate coverage.	nptoms of phytotoxicity. ether it is safe to treat wing conditions. Do not oliage in sufficient water t Spider mites, if large
	numbers of eggs are present, apply a second spray 7 to 10 da to control newly-hatched nymphs. For Scale control, apply w active.  * Excludes ants of significant public health important such as t carpenter ants, and pharaoh ants.	hen Scale crawlers are fire ants, harvester ants,
	Pales weevils INSTRUCTIONS: Apply as a cut stump drench.	6 pts per 100 gals.

#### CITRUS FRUITS (Grapefruit, Lemons, Oranges, and Other Citrus Fruits)

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 5 days unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Use this product at the rates indicated according to the designated geographic area to control the following pests. Apply as a concentrate or dilute spray. For dilute sprays (greater than 200 gallons per acre), use a spray concentration of at least 0.5 pints of this product per 100 gallons of finished spray. Use the lower rates for light infestations and increase the dosage for heavier infestations. A petroleum spray oil for use on Citrus trees may be added to dilute spray mixtures only at a rate of up to 1.8 gallons per 100 gallons of water to improve control of Aphids, Mealybugs, Scale insects and Thrips. Do not use this product in combination with spray oil when temperatures are expected to exceed 95°F on the day of application or for several consecutive days thereafter. Treat when insects become a problem or in accordance with the local spray schedule recommended by your State Extension Service Specialist.

Read and carefully follow all applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on labeling for the other products used in combination with this product.

**PRECAUTIONS:** Observe local use directions for tank mix combinations, especially in regard to applications of this product plus spray oil. Do not use penetrating surfactants in tank mixes with this product. Consult with a county farm advisor, county agency, extension service personnel, agricultural commissioner or pest control advisor for such information regarding a given locality.

Do not apply when trees are stressed by drought or high temperatures. To avoid excessive ridging, do not apply this product to Citrus from December up to the initiation of bloom. Do not tank mix this product with Difolatan 80 Sprills as crop injury may occur.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment and should not be applied when bees are actively visiting the area. During the bloom period in California, apply from one hour after sunset until two hours before sunrise.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not apply more than 2 applications or more than 15 pints of this product (7.5 lbs. chlorpyrifos a.i.) per acre per year. Do not make second foliar application within 30 days of the first application. Do not treat within 21 days of harvest for applications up to 7 pints of this product per acre nor within 35 days for application of rates above 7 pints per acre. Do not allow livestock to graze in treated areas. Do not apply more than 8 pints (4 lbs. a.i.) per acre in a single application; 12 pints (6 lbs. a.i.) per acre for red scale only in California.

Pest	This Product (pint/A)
AZ, CA*: California Red scale	8 to 12
AZ, CA*: Thrips (suppression only), Mealybugs	6 to 12
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Do not use this product in combination with spray oil exceed 95°F the day of application or for several consecutive days thereafter.	·
* The use of more than 8 pints/A is only allowed in California in the following counties Tulare.	s: Fresno, Kern, Kings, Madera and
FL, TX: Citrus rust mites*	4 to 7
FL: Aphids, Grasshoppers**, Mealybugs, Orange dogs, Scales (Black, Brown, Soft, Chaff, Florida red, Long, Purple, Snow)	2 to 4
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS:  * For Citrus rust mites, use a spray concentration of at least 1 pint of this product pe  ** For Lubber grasshoppers, effective control is achieved by direct contact of the spr  1 inch in length.	
FL: Citrus psylla	4.6
SPECIFIC DIRECTION: For control of citrus psylla, add citrus oil at 2% v/v in a tank r	nix with this product.
Aphids (including Brown citrus aphid), Avocado leafroller, Cutworms, Fruittree leafroller, Grasshoppers*, Katydids, Lepidopterous larva, Mealybugs, Orange dogs, Orange tortrix, Scales (Black, Brown, Soft, Cal-ifornia red, Chaff, Florida red, Long Purple, Snow), Thrips, Western tussock moth	2 to 7
SPECIFIC DIRECTION:  * For Lubber grasshoppers, effective control is achieved by direct contact of the spray inch in length.	y when Grasshoppers are less than 1

#### SMALL TRANSPLANTED GRAPEFRUIT, ORANGES AND OTHER CITRUS TREES (TX Only)

Use this product to control the following insect pests:

Pest	This Product (pint/A)
Aphids, Cutworms, Fruittree leafroller, Katydids, Mealybugs, Scales (Brown, Soft,	7 (max.)
California red, Chaff)	
SPECIFIC DIRECTION: Apply this product at the rate of 1 fluid ounce per 1 gallon	of water to point of runoff with a
backpack sprayer.	

#### CITRUS ORCHARD FLOORS

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 5 days unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Use this product to control Ant species (except Fire ants, harvester ants, carpenter and pharaoh ants) by applying the specified dose in 25 or more gallons of water with ground application equipment that will uniformly apply the spray to the orchard floor. To control foraging Ants and suppress mounds, apply this product to the orchard floor at the rate of 1.5 to 2 pints per acre. Repeat as needed. For best insect control, uniform coverage of the orchard floor is necessary. Do not apply where weed growth or other obstructions would impede uniform coverage of the orchard floor. Do not apply in tank mixtures with *Evik* herbicide. Foliar applications of this product may be made in addition to the orchard floor.

This product may also be applied to Citrus orchard floors through sprinkler irrigation systems only if the system uniformly covers the soil surface at the base of the tree. For best results, use the specified amount of this product per acre. See "SPRINKLER IRRIGATION" section for further information.

**Application with Dry Bulk Fertilizer:** Most dry fertilizers can be used for impregnation with this product. Apply this product at the equivalent broadcast rate using a minimum of 200 lbs. per acre of dry bulk fertilizer.

Impregnation of Dry Bulk Fertilizer: Use a closed rotary drum mixer suitable for blending of dry bulk fertilizer equipped with an internal spray nozzle. Add the dry fertilizer to the mixer followed by the appropriate amount of this product. After mixing the dry ingredients to ensure uniformity, add water through the spray nozzle in an amount sufficient to just dampen the mixture (4 to 8 pints of water per ton of fertilizer). Position the spray nozzle within the mixer to provide uniform coverage of the tumbling mixture of fertilizer and this product. Addition of water will cause this product to uniformly adhere to the dry bulk fertilizer. Apply immediately bulk fertilizers impregnated with this product, not stored. Foliar applications of this product may be made in addition to the orchard floor treatments.

Compliance with any and all federal and state laws and regulations relating to this product and fertilizer mixture is the responsibility of the person offering such mixture for sale or distribution.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not apply last treatment within 28 days before harvest. Do not allow meat or dairy animals to graze in treated areas. Do not apply more than 3 quarts of this product (3 lbs. a.i.) per acre per year. Do not make more than 3 applications of this product or other products containing chlorpyrifos per year (does not include foliar applications to Citrus trees). Do not make a second application of this product or other products containing chlorpyrifos within 10 days of the first application. Maximum single application rate is 2 qts. of this product (2 lbs. a.i.) per acre.

#### **CRANBERRIES**

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Use this product by application as a broadcast foliar spray to control Brown spanworms, Cranberry fruitworms, Cranberry weevils, Cutworms, Fireworms and *Sparganothis* fruitworms at the rate of 3 pints per acre. Mix the specified dosage in enough water to ensure thorough coverage and apply no less than 5 gallons of spray per acre when using aerial equipment or no less than 15 gallons of spray per acre when using ground equipment. For Weevil control, apply once at flower bud development (late May, early June) and, if Weevils are present, once after 100% bloom (early- to mid-July). For other Insects, treat when field counts indicate damaging insect

populations are developing or present. Apply only after the Winter flood has been removed. To avoid pesticide contamination of flood water, make no applications while bogs are flooded.

This product may also be applied through sprinkler irrigation systems to control the above listed pests. For best results, use the specified rate of this product per acre. Maintain vigorous tank agitation to assure uniformity of the application through the injection period. See "SPRINKLER IRRIGATION" section for further information.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not make more than 2 applications of this product or any other chlorpyrifos containing products per season. Do not apply within 60 days before harvest. Do not make a second application of this product or other products containing chlorpyrifos within 10 days of the first application. Maximum single application rate is 3 pints of this product (1.5 lbs. a.i.) per acre.

#### FIELD CORN, SWEET CORN, CORN GROWN FOR SEED

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

For use to control Aphids, Armyworms, Billbugs, Chinch bugs, Common stalk borers, Corn borers, Corn earworms, Corn rootworm adults, Cutworms, Flea beetle larvae and adults, Grasshoppers, Grubs, Lesser cornstalk borers, Symphylans, Western bean cutworms, and Wireworms.

#### **Pre-plant Incorporation Treatment**

Use this product at the following rates by application in sufficient water to the soil surface and incorporate into the soil:

Pest	This Product (pint/A)
Cutworms, Symphylans	
Billbugs, Flea beetle larvae, Grubs, Seedcorn beetles, Seedcorn maggots, Wireworms	2
Corn rootworm larvae, Lesser cornstalk borers	

Use the specified rate in not less than 10 gallons of water per acre and apply as a broadcast spray to the soil surface using suitable power-operated ground spray equipment. On the same day of treatment, incorporate the insecticide into the top 2 to 4 inches of soil using a disc, field cultivator or equivalent equipment.

This product may also be applied in tank mixtures with non-pressure fertilizer solutions and/or with Eradicane<sup>®</sup>, Sutan<sup>®</sup>, Lasso<sup>®</sup>, Dual<sup>®</sup> and atrazine herbicides. See "MIXING DIRECTIONS" section for further information. Read and carefully follow all applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on labeling for the other products used in combination with this product.

#### Pre-plant, At-plant or Pre-emergence Treatment in Conservation Tillage

Use this product at the following rates by application in sufficient water to surface trash and exposed soil:

Pest	This Product
	(pint/A)
Armyworms, Cutworms	1 to 2

Use the specified rate in not less than 20 gallons of water per acre and apply as a broadcast spray using suitable power-operated ground spray equipment. Use higher rates for residual control.

This product may also be applied in tank mixtures with non-pressure fertilizer solutions and/or with paraquat and Roundup<sup>®</sup>. See "MIXING DIRECTIONS" section for further information. Read and carefully follow all applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on labeling for the other products used in combination with this product.

#### **Cultivation Time Treatment**

Use this product at the rate of 2 pints per acre to control Corn rootworm larvae. Apply this product as a water emulsion on both sides of the row at the base of the plants just ahead of the cultivator shovels. Cover the insecticide with soil around the brace roots. The best time to apply a basal treatment of a soil insecticide with cultivation is near the beginning of egg hatch. A cultivation application of this product may be made in addition to an at-planting application of Chlorpyrifos 15G granular insecticide.

#### **Post-emergence Treatment**

Use this product at the following rate by application in sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage of treated plants:

Pest	This Product (pint/A)	
Armyworms, Aphids, Chinch bugs, Corn rootworm adults, Cutworms, European corn borers (see "NOTE"), Flea beetle adults, Southern corn beetle, Webworms, Western bean cutworms	1 to 2	
Billbugs, Common stalk borers, Corn rootworm larvae, Lesser cornstalk borers	2	
Corn earworms, Southwestern corn borers	1.5 to 2	
Grasshoppers	0.5 to 1	

For aerial application, use 2 to 5 gallons of spray per acre. Control may be reduced at low spray volumes under high temperature and wind conditions.

This product may be tank mixed with products containing glyphosate when application is to be made to glyphosate-tolerant Corn.

**NOTE:** DO NOT apply this product by air in Mississippi.

The specified dosage will control silk clipping by Corn rootworm adults. For European Corn borer control, use 1.5 to 2 pints per acre when application is made with power-operated ground or aerial equipment and 1 to 2 pints per acre when application is made through a sprinkler irrigation system. See following text for generation-specific treatment. Treat when field counts indicate that pests are or may become a problem.

For best Billbug, Chinch bug and Flea beetle control, apply with sufficient water to ensure a minimum spray volume of 20 to 40 gallons per acre and 40 psi using ground spray equipment. On Corn less than 6 inches tall, apply the insecticide spray in a 9- to 12-inch wide band over the row. On Corn greater than 6 inches tall, apply the insecticide spray using drop nozzles directed to the base of the plant. Do not reduce the dosage for banded or directed applications. Concentrate the full-labeled dosage rate in the treated zone. When Chinch bugs continue to immigrate to Corn over a prolonged period or under extreme pressure, a second application of this product may be needed.

For control of Corn rootworm larvae, apply at cultivation. Direct the spray to both sides of the row at the base of the plants just ahead of the cultivator shovels. Cover the insecticide with soil around the brace roots. A cultivation application of this product may be made in addition to an at-planting application of Chlorpyrifos 15G insecticide.

For Aphids, Armyworms, Corn rootworm adults, Corn earworms and Common stalk borer control, Cutworms, European Corn borers, Grasshoppers, Lesser cornstalk borers, Southwestern Corn borers, Webworms, and Western bean cutworms, apply as a broadcast spray using either aerial (fixed-wing or helicopter) or power-operated ground spray equipment.

For Cutworms, it is preferable to apply this product when soil is moist and Worms are active on or near the soil surface. If ground is dry, cloddy or crusty at the time of treatment, Worms may be protected from the spray and effectiveness will be reduced. If such conditions exist, shallow incorporation using a rotary hoe or other suitable equipment immediately before or soon after treatment may improve control. A second application may be required if damage or density levels exceed the economic threshold for your area. Consult your agricultural experiment station or extension service specialist for additional information concerning control practices in your area.

For Webworm control, shallow incorporation using a rotary hoe or other suitable equipment, immediately before or soon after treatment, is necessary.

For first-generation European Corn borer control, treat when 25 to 50 percent of the Corn plants show pinhole feeding or leaf-feeding scars. Direct ground applications of this product into the Corn leaf whorls for maximum

control potential. Scout fields within 5 days after application to determine if a second application is needed. University research indicates that achieving greater than 50% control of first-generation European borers with a single liquid insecticide treatment is highly dependent on timing, insecticide placement and weather conditions. Apply this product for control treatment of second-generation European Corn borers when field counts of egg masses indicate an infestation is present or about to develop.

For Southwestern Corn borer control, treat when field counts of egg masses indicate pests are or may become a problem. A second application may be applied 10 to 14 days later, if needed, due to reinfestation.

For Common stalk borer control, treat approximately 11 days after application of Roundup herbicide or after complete burn down with paraquat herbicide (3 to 5 days). Do not use this product in combination with the burn down herbicide for control of Common stalk borers.

This product may also be applied through sprinkler irrigation systems as a post-emergence broadcast application to control the above listed foliar insects. For best results, use the specified rate of this product in a tank mix with 2 pints per acre of non-emulsifiable oil. Maintain vigorous tank agitation to assure uniformity of this product plus oil mixture throughout the injection period. This product may also be applied through sprinkler irrigation systems at the rate of 2 pints per acre to control Corn rootworm larvae. Time application to coincide with the appearance of the second instar larvae. Maintain vigorous tank agitation to assure uniformity of the application throughout the injection period. Apply with enough water to wet the root zone to the depth control that is needed. Under saturated soil conditions, allow enough soil drying to occur so that an application using a minimum water rate will not produce runoff. Consult university extension personnel or other experienced consultants to determine the need to treat and to aid in application timing. See "SPRINKLER IRRIGATION" section for further information.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not apply within 21 days before harvest of grain or ears. Do not apply more than 6 pints of this product (3 lbs. chlorpyrifos a.i.) per acre per season. Do not make more than three applications of any product containing chlorpyrifos per season, including the maximum allowed of two granular applications, at the 1 lb. chlorpyrifos a.i. rate. Do not make a second application of this product or other products containing chlorpyrifos within 10 days of the first application. Maximum single application rate is 2 pints of this product (1 lb. chlorpyrifos a.i.) per acre. Do not apply in tank mixes with Steadfast™or Lightning® herbicides. If more than 1 lb. a.i. granular chlorpyrifos per acre is applied at-plant (for a maximum of 1.3 lbs. a.i. per acre per season), only one additional application of a liquid containing chlorpyrifos at 1 lb. a.i. per acre is allowed per season, for a total of 2.3 lbs. chlorpyrifos a.i. per acre per season.

#### COTTON

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Use this product for control of the following pests in states except AZ and CA, at the dosages indicated:

Pest	This Product (pint/A)	
Beet armyworms, Cotton bollworm, Cotton budworms, Cutworms, Pink bollworms, Saltmarsh caterpillars, Tobacco budworms	1.5 to 2	
Cotton aphids, Fall armyworms, Yellowstriped armyworms	0.5 to 2	
Cotton fleahoppers, Plant bugs (Lygus, Mirids)	0.375 to 1	
Grasshoppers, Thrips	. 0.5 to 1	
Spider mites	1	

**Note:** The specified dosage rate of 0.375 pint per acre will not achieve the high degree of control of the highest label rate, but will minimize the damage done by Plant bugs and Cotton fleahoppers and allow the beneficial insects to survive, build up and be available to aid in the control of Bollworms infesting Cotton. For infestations of Cotton aphids that are difficult to control, use a higher dosage within the indicated rate range. For Spider mites, when large numbers of eggs are present, scout the treated area in 3 to 5 days. If newly hatched nymphs are present, make a follow-up application of a non-chlorpyrifos product that is effective against mites. For best results on Bollworms and Budworms, scout the fields twice per week and applications made when worms are one-fourth inch or less in length.

Use this product for control of the following pests in AZ and CA at the dosages indicated below:

Pest	This Product (pint/A)
Armyworms, Cotton aphids, Cotton fleahoppers, Lygus, Saltmarsh caterpillars, Silver whitefly, Thrips	1 to 2
Boll weevils, Cotton bollworms, Cotton leaf perforator (suppression), Cutworms, Pink bollworms, Spider mites (suppression), Tobacco budworms	2

**Note:** The 2 pint rate will aid in the suppression of Cotton leafperforators and Spider mites.

Mix the required dosage with sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage of plants and apply using aerial or power-operated ground spray equipment. For aerial application, use at least 2 gallons of spray per acre. For ground application, use sufficient spray volume to ensure thorough coverage of treated plants but not less than 10 gallons of spray per acre. Increase spray volume when foliage is dense and/or pest population is high and/or under high temperature and wind conditions. Treat when field counts indicate damaging insect populations are developing or present. Retreat as necessary to maintain control.

This product may also be applied through sprinkler irrigation systems as a post-emergence broadcast application to control the above listed foliar pests. For best results, use the specified rate of this product per acre. Maintain vigorous tank agitation to assure uniformity of the application throughout the injection period. See "SPRINKLER IRRIGATION" section for further information.

For effective control of Spider mites when large numbers of eggs are present, apply a second spray 3 to 5 days after initial treatment to control newly hatched nymphs. For best results on Bollworms and Budworms, it is suggested that fields be scouted twice per week and treatments made when worms are one-fourth inch or less in length.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not apply within 14 days before harvest. Do not make more than 3 applications of this product or any other chlorpyrifos containing products per crop season. Do not apply more than 6 pts. (3 lbs. a.i.) per acre per season. Do not make a second application of this product or any other chlorpyrifos containing products within 10 days of the first application. Do not apply more than 2 pints (1 lb. a.i.) per acre per application. Do not allow livestock to graze in treated areas. Do not feed gin trash or treated forage to livestock. Not for use in Mississippi.

#### FIGS (CA Only)

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 days unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Use this product at the rate of 4 pints per acre for control of Driedfruit beetles by application in sufficient water to the soil surface followed by incorporation into the top 3 inches of soil. Apply to Fig orchard soil as a dormant application in late Winter prior to Beetle emergence and prior to leaf formation.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Make only one application per year. Do not apply within 7 months of harvest. Maximum single application rate is 2 lbs. a.i. chlorpyrifos (4 pints of this product) per acre.

#### **GRAPES (East of Rocky Mountains/Continental Divide Only)**

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Use this product for control of Grape root borers by application just before the pests emerge from the soil. Mix 4.5 pints of this product with 100 gallons of water and apply 4 pints of the diluted spray mixture to the soil surface on a 15 square foot area (4.4 ft. circle) around the base of each vine. Do not allow spray to contact fruit and foliage. This product can also be used at prebloom. To control climbing Cutworms, apply 2 pints of this product as a spray drench ground application in a minimum spray volume of 25 gallons per acre. Do not apply after bloom stage of growth. For grape Mealybug control in Connecticut, Massachusetts and Rhode Island, apply 2 pints of this product per acre in a minimum spray volume of at least 50 gallons of water per acre using power-operated ground spray equipment only prior to late budbreak. Applications after budbreak may result in

transient leaf yellowing (Concords). Do not use in conjunction with soil surface application for Grape borer control.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not make more than one application of this product or other chlorpyrifos containing products per season. Do not apply within 35 days before harvest. Maximum single application rate for soil surface application is 4.5 pints of this product (2.25 lbs. a.i.) per 100 gallons. Maximum single application rate for prebloom application is 2 pints of this product (1 lb. a.i.) per acre. Not for use in Mississippi.

#### **MINT (Peppermint, Spearmint)**

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Use this product by application as a broadcast foliar spray to control Cutworms at the rate of 2 to 4 pints per acre and Mint root borers as well as Garden symphylans at the rate of 4 pints per acre. Mix the specified dosage in water to give no less than 10 gallons of spray per acre and apply using ground spray equipment. For Cutworm control, treat during May and June when field counts indicate damaging insect populations are developing or present. When larvae are less than three-fourths inch in length, use the 2 pint rate. When larvae are three-fourths inch or more in length, use the higher rate. For Garden symphylans, apply preplant to the soil surface. On the same day of treatment, incorporate the insecticide into the top 2 to 4 inches of soil using a disc, field cultivator, or equivalent equipment. For Mint root borer control, apply post-harvest when field counts indicate damaging insect populations are developing or present. Follow with approximately 1-acre inch of sprinkler irrigation immediately after application to incorporate the insecticide into the soil.

This product may also be applied through sprinkler irrigation systems as a post-emergence broadcast application to control the above listed pests. For best results, use the specified rate of this product per acre. Maintain vigorous tank agitation to assure uniformity of the application throughout the injection period. See "SPRINKLER IRRIGATION" for further information.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not apply within 90 days before harvest. Make only 1 application of this product or other products containing chlorpyrifos during the growing season. Do not make more than 1 preplant incorporated application in the Spring. Do not use in conjunction with a broadcast foliar application of this product for Cutworm control. Make only 1 postharvest application per season of this product or other products containing chlorpyrifos. Maximum single application rate is 4 pints of this product (2 lbs. a.i.) per acre. Not for use in Mississippi.

#### ONIONS (DRY BULB)

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

#### **At-Plant Soil Drench Application**

Use this product to control Onion maggots by application as an in-furrow drench at-plant at the rate of 1.1 fluid ounces per 1,000 linear feet of row based on 18-inch row spacing. Use a minimum of 40 gallons of total drench per acre. Incorporate to a depth of 1 to 2 inches. Do not make more than one application per year.

#### Post-plant Soil Drench Application

This product can also be applied post-plant as an early season directed spray to the base of Onion seedlings or transplants during peak egg laying of Onion maggots. Use 2 pints per acre at a minimum of 100 gallons per acre for thorough wetting.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not make more than two applications (1 at-plant and 1 post-plant) per year. Maximum single application rate is 0.96 fl. oz. of this product (0.03 lb. a.i.) per 1,000 feet of row at plant and 2 pints (1 lb. a.i.) per acre at post-plant. Do not harvest within 60 days of application. Do not apply this product by air in Mississippi.

#### **PEANUTS**

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

For suppression of Wireworms, apply this product at the rate of 4 pints per acre as a pre-plant broadcast spray to the soil surface followed by immediate soil incorporation to a depth of 3 to 4 inches. Use a minimum of 10 gallons of total spray per acre.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not make more than one preplant application per season. Do not harvest within 21 days after treatment. Do not feed treated Peanut forage or hay to meat or dairy animals. The combined total of preplant and post-plant applications of this product or other products containing chlorpyrifos must not exceed 4 lbs. chlorpyrifos a.i. per acre per season. Maximum single application rate is 4 pints of this product (2 lbs. a.i.) per acre. Aerial application to Peanuts is prohibited in Mississippi.

#### SORGHUM

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Use this product for control of the following pests at the dosage indicated as a post-emergence broadcast spray using sufficient spray volume to ensure thorough coverage of treated plants, but no less than 15 gpa for ground spray equipment or 2 to 5 gpa for aircraft equipment. **Note:** Do not apply by air in Mississippi. Control may be reduced at low spray volumes under high temperature and wind conditions.

Pest	This Product (pint/A)
Armyworms, Cutworms, Chinch bugs, Lesser cornstalk borers	1 to 2
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For Chinch bugs and Lesser cornstalk borer, apply as a directed spray toward the base of plant using power-operated ground spray equipment with sufficient water to ensure coverage of an 8 to 12 inch be centered on the row. On plants less than 6 inches high, apply an 8 to 12 inch band over the row. Do not reduce dosage for banded or directed applications. Concentrate the full labeled dosage rate in the treated zone.	
Corn earworms	2
European and Southwestern corn borers	1.5 to 2
Grasshoppers, Yellow sugarcane aphids and other aphids	0.5 to 1
Greenbugs	0.5 to 2
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For infestations of Greenbugs that are difficult indicated rate range.	to control, use a higher dosage within the
Sorghum midges 0.5	
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply when 30 to 50% of the seed heads are in blo	om. Repeat at 3 day intervals if necessary:
Webworms	1

Mix the specified dosage in enough water to ensure thorough coverage and apply using suitable aerial or ground spray equipment. To minimize chemical injury, do not apply this product to drought-stressed Grain sorghum within 3 days following irrigation or rain, except where the product is applied in irrigation water. Sorghum lines used in seed production fields may be more susceptible to chemical injury. Susceptible inbred lines or hybrids are likely to be at greater risk of yield-reducing chemical injury when treated at the higher application rates. Do not apply more than 1 pint of this product per acre to Seed sorghum if the additional risk of crop injury is unacceptable.

This product may also be applied through sprinkler irrigation systems as a post-emergence, broadcast application to control the above listed foliar pests. For best results, use the specified rate of this product per acre. Maintain vigorous tank agitation to assure uniformity of the application throughout the injection period. See "SPRINKLER IRRIGATION" section for further information.

**RESTRICTIONS:** The treated crop is not to be used for grain, forage, fodder, hay or silage within 30 days after application of 1 pint of this product per acre or within 60 days after application of rates above 1 pint per acre. Do not treat sweet varieties of Sorghum. Do not apply more than 3 pints of this product (1.5 lbs. a.i.) per acre per season. Do not make more than 3 applications of this product or other chlorpyrifos containing products per season. Do not make a second application of this product or other products containing chlorpyrifos within 10 days of the first application. Maximum single application rate is 2 pints of this product (1 lb. a.i.) per acre. Do not apply by air in Mississippi.

#### SOYBEANS

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

For use to control Armyworms, Bean leaf beetles, Corn earworms, Cutworms, European corn borers, Grasshoppers, Green cloverworms, Lesser cornstalk borers, Mexican bean beetles, Saltmarsh caterpillars and other Woollybears, Southern green stink bugs, Spider mites and Velvetbean caterpillars.

#### Soil Treatment

Use this product at the rate of 1 to 2 pints per acre to control Cutworms and Lesser cornstalk borers. Mix the specified dosage in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre and apply to the soil surface using suitable ground spray equipment. Equivalent rates of insecticide spray required per 100 feet of row for various row spacing are given in the accompanying table. For at-plant treatments, apply the insecticide over the row in a 4 to 6 inch band in front of the planter shoe or press wheel or after the press wheel followed by a drag chain for light incorporation. Do not apply as an in-furrow treatment. For post-emergence rescue treatments, apply as a directed spray in a 9 to 12 inch band at the base of the plant. To plants under 6 inches high, apply over-the-top in a 6 to 12 inch band. Treat when field counts or conditions indicate that pests are or may become a problem.

Fluid Ounces of Spray Required per 100 Feet of Row for Various Row Spacing				
Spray Volume per Acre	36"	32"	28"	24"
10 gallons	8.8	7.9	6.9	5.9
15 gallons	13.2	11.8	10.3	8.8
20 gallons	17.6	15.7	13.7	11.8

#### **Foliar Treatment**

Use this product at the following rate by application in sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage of treated plants:

Pest	This Product (pint/A)
Armyworms Mexican bean beetles, Bean leaf beetles, Corn earworms, Cutworms, Potato leafhopper, Saltmarsh caterpillars and other Woollybears, Soybean aphids, Thistle caterpillar (painted lady butterfly)	1 to 2
European corn borers, Southern green stink bugs	2
Grasshoppers, Green cloverworms, Spider mites, Velvetbean caterpillars	0.5 to 1

Apply as a broadcast spray using either aerial or ground equipment when field counts indicate damaging Insect populations are developing or present; re-treat as necessary to maintain control. For effective control of Spider mites, when large numbers of eggs are present, apply a second spray 3 to 5 days after initial treatment. If newly-hatched nymphs are present, make a follow-up application of a non-chlorpyrifos product that is effective against mites. On determinate Soybeans, do not apply more than one application after pod set.

This product may also be applied through sprinkler irrigation systems as a post-emergence, broadcast application to control the above listed foliar pests. For best results, use the specified rate of this product per acre. Maintain vigorous tank agitation to assure uniformity of the application throughout the injection period. See "SPRINKLER IRRIGATION" section for further information.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not apply more than 6 pints (3 lbs. a.i.) per acre per season. Do not make a second application of this product or other products containing chlorpyrifos within 10 days of the first application. Do not make more than 3 applications per year of this product or other products containing chlorpyrifos. Maximum single application rate is 2 pints of this product (1 lb. a.i.) per acre. Do not apply last treatment within 28 days before harvest. Do not allow livestock to graze in treated areas or otherwise feed treated Soybean forage, hay and straw to meat or dairy animals. Not for use in Mississippi.

#### **STRAWBERRIES**

Worker Restricted Entry Interval: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

#### **Soil Treatment**

Preplant incorporate this product into the soil at the rate of 4 pints per acre in sufficient water to ensure uniform soil coverage in the Spring for protection of Strawberries against Garden symphylans and Grubs during the following year.

#### **Foliar Treatment**

Use this product by application as a broadcast foliar spray to control Strawberry bud weevils at the rate of 2 pints per acre. Apply in a minimum of 40 gallons of spray per acre when buds first appear and 10 to 14 days later. Do not apply after berries start to form or when berries are present.

#### **Application After Harvest**

Apply as a directed spray to crown of Strawberry plants immediately after harvest and after plants are topped at the rate of 2 pints per acre in a minimum of 100 gallons of water per acre to control Strawberry crown moth. Repeat application at 14 to 18 days later if required.

**PRECAUTIONS:** Do not tank mix this product with pesticides, surfactants or fertilizer formulations unless prior use has shown the combination non-injurious under your current conditions and use. Phytotoxicity may occur when this product is applied to Strawberries experiencing high temperature and drought stress.

RESTRICTIONS: For pre-bloom use only. Do not apply after Berries start to form or when Berries are present. Preharvest interval is 21 days. For preplant application, do not make more than 1 application per year of this product or other products containing chlorpyrifos. For foliar and postharvest application, do not make more than 2 applications per year of this product or other products containing chlorpyrifos. For postharvest application, do not sprinkle irrigate for 1 week following application. Do not make a second application of this product or other products containing chlorpyrifos within 10 days of the first foliar application and within 14 days for postharvest application. Maximum single application rate is 4 pints of this product per acre (2 lbs. a.i.) for preplant incorporation and 2 pints of this product per acre (1 lb. a.i.) for foliar and postharvest application. Not for use in Mississippi.

#### SUGAR BEETS

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

#### Soil Treatment

Apply at-planting or as a preplant treatment and incorporate to a depth of 1 to 2 inches to reduce feeding damage from early season insects such as Cutworms. Do not apply as an in-furrow treatment. Use 1 pint of this product per planted acre to a 10-inch wide band centered over the row for furrows 30 inches apart. (For rows 30 inches apart, this is equivalent to 9.2 fl. ozs. of this product per 10,000 feet of row). For other row widths, adjust the spray volume per planted acre in proportion to the length of row actually treated.

#### Post-emergence Treatment

Apply specified rate as a broadcast or banded foliar spray. Treat when field counts indicate that damaging insect populations are developing or present.

**Broadcast Application**: Apply the specified dosage in water using 2 to 5 gallons per acre of finished spray when using aerial spray equipment or 10 to 30 gallons per acre when using ground spray equipment. **Chemigation**: This product may be applied through sprinkler irrigation systems at specified broadcast application rates to control listed foliar pests. See "SPRINKLER IRRIGATION" section for application instructions.

**Banded Foliar Spray:** Apply using the below rates within the band in a minimum of 7 gallons of spray volume in a 5- to 7-inch wide band centered over the row. Do not reduce the rate for band applications. Concentrate the full labeled dosage rate (see band rates in table below) in the treated zone. For best results, incorporate lightly band-applied treatments, either mechanically or with irrigations.

Pest	This Product (pint/A)		
Pest	Broadcast Application	Band Application	
Grasshoppers	0.5 to 1	-	
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: The low rate v	will control small nymphs (1st through 3rd	instar).	
Leafminers, Spider mites	1	0.67	
Tarnished plant (Lygus)	1		
Fall armyworm, Yellowstriped armyworm, Webworms, Aphids	1 to 2	0.67 to 1.33	
Beet armyworm	1.5 to 2	1 to 1.33	
Cutworms, Fleabeetle adults	2	1.33	
Sugarbeet root maggot adults*	0.5 to 1	<u> </u>	
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply anytim adults present at time of application bas	e from 7 days before until 3 days after ped on local field trap monitoring.	peak adult emergence in order to target	
Sugarbeet root maggot larvae*	<u> </u>	1.33 to 2	
	ry treatment to control Root maggot larvae	e. Base application timing on local field	
trap monitoring. Apply anytime from 7 da	ays before until 3 days after peak adult em	nergence.	
Sugarbeet root maggot larvae*	2	1.33 to 2	
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Use as a supplemental post-emergence treatment following an at-plant insecticide application for control of Root maggot larvae. Base application timing on local field trap monitoring. Apply anytime from 7 days before until 3 days after peak adult emergence.			
* Note: To prevent potential development of insecticide resistance in Sugarbeet root maggot, users are encouraged to take the following steps: 1) Avoid making more than 2 applications of this product per season when adults are active; 2) If an organophosphate insecticide was applied at planting, make no more than 1 post-emergence application of this product when adults are active.			

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not apply within 30 days before harvest of Beet roots and tops. Do not make more than 3 applications per season. Do not apply more than a total of 6 pints (3 lbs. a.i.) per acre per season. Do not allow livestock to graze in treated areas nor harvest treated Beet tops as feed for meat or dairy animals within 30 days after last treatment. Do not make a second application of this product or other products containing chlorpyrifos within 10 days of the first application. Maximum single application rate is 2 pints of this product (1 lb. a.i.) per acre. Not for use in Mississippi.

#### **SUNFLOWERS**

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

For use to control Banded sunflower moths, Cutworms, Grasshoppers, Seed weevils, Stem weevils, Sunflower beetle larvae and adults, Sunflower moths and Woollybears.

#### **Pre-Plant Incorporation Treatment**

Use this product at the following rates by application in sufficient water to the soil surface and incorporate into the soil:

Pest	This Product
	(pint/A)
Cutworms	2 to 4

Use the specified rate in not less than 10 gallons of water per acre and apply as a broadcast spray to the soil surface using suitable power-operated ground spray equipment. On the same day of treatment, incorporate the insecticide into the top 2 to 4 inches of soil using a disc, field cultivator or equivalent equipment.

#### **Post-emergence Treatment**

Use this product for control of the following pests at the dosage indicated by application in sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage of treated plants:

Pest	This Product (pint/A)	
Cutworms	2 to 3	
Banded sunflower moths, Seed weevils, Stem weevils, Sunflower beetle larvae and adults, Sunflower moths and Woollybears	1 to 1.5	
Grasshoppers	1	
Tarnished plant bug (Lygus)	1 to 2	

Apply as a broadcast spray using either aerial (fixed-wing or helicopter) or power-operated ground spray equipment when field counts indicate that pests are or may become a problem. For Cutworm control, a second treatment may be made 7 to 10 days later, if needed. For Stem weevil control, optimal treatment time is within 5 to 7 days after adult Weevils begin to appear. For Sunflower moth control, make first application during early 1 to 5 percent bloom stage. A second treatment may be made 7 days later if needed. For Seed weevil control, treat when field counts indicate there are 10 to 12 adults per plant for oil crops and 1 to 3 adults per plant on confectionery crops. Make additional treatments at successive 10 day intervals if field counts indicate need to re-treat. For Sunflower beetle larvae or adult control, treat when field counts indicate there are 10 larvae or 1 to 2 adults per seedling. Additional treatments may be made at successive 7 to 10 day intervals if field counts indicate need to re-treat. For tarnished plant bug (*Lygus*), use a higher rate in the rate range where populations are heavy. Apply at the onset of pollen spread or approximately 10% bloom (R-5 growth stage). For best protection, make a second application 10 days later. Use sufficient water to ensure thorough coverage of treated plants.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not apply more than 6 pints of this product per acre per season. Do not make more than 3 applications per season. Do not apply within 42 days before harvest. Do not allow meat or dairy animals to graze in treated areas. Do not make a second application of this product or other products containing chlorpyrifos within 10 days of the first application. Maximum single application rate is 4 pints of this product (2 lbs. a.i.) per acre for preplant incorporation and 3 pints of this product (1.5 lbs. a.i.) per acre for post-emergence broadcast treatment. Not for use in Mississippi.

#### **SWEET POTATOES**

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Use this product to reduce the feeding damage caused by populations of *Conoderus* wireworms, *Systena* flea beetles and the Sweet potato flea beetle. Apply at the rate of 4 pints per acre as a broadcast (overall) spray to the soil surface followed by incorporation. Mix the specified dosage with enough water to obtain uniform coverage and apply as coarse spray using suitable ground spray equipment. Incorporate the insecticide to a depth of 4 to 6 inches as soon as possible after application by using a rotary hoe, disc cultivator or other suitable incorporation equipment. Plant the crop in the usual manner no later than 14 days after treatment (any delay in planting will reduce the length of time that this product will protect against feeding damage). This product will not control False wireworms or Whitefringed beetles or other Grubs that attack Sweet potatoes.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not make more than one application of this product or any other chlorpyrifos containing products per season. Do not harvest within 125 days of treatment. Maximum single application rate is 4 pints of this product (2 lbs. a.i.) per acre. Do not apply by air in Mississippi.

#### TOBACCO

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Use this product for pre-plant treatment to control larvae of Cutworms, Flea beetles, Mole crickets, Root maggots and Wireworms. Apply 2 pints of this product per acre in not less than 10 gallons of water as a broadcast (overall) spray to the soil surface one week before transplanting. Immediately following application, incorporate the insecticide into the soil to a depth of 2 to 4 inches using suitable equipment. To control the above insect pests and low to moderate populations of Root-knot nematodes in NC, SC and VA, use this product at the rate of 2 pints per acre. To control the above insects and moderate populations of Root-knot nematode in all Tobacco growing regions, use 2 pints of this product in tank mix with 8 pints of Nemacur<sup>®</sup> 3 per acre. Read and carefully follow all applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on labeling for Nemacur 3 used in combination with this product. Apply the specified dosage in not less than 10 gallons of water as a broadcast (overall) spray to the soil surface 24 to 48 hours before bedding and transplanting. Immediately following application, incorporate into the soil to a depth of at least 4 inches using suitable equipment. Where the nematode species *Meloidogyne arenaria* or *M. javanica* are present or high populations of *M. incognita*, apply Telone<sup>®</sup> II soil fumigant at the label rate.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not apply more than 2 pints of this product per acre (1 lb. a.i.) per application. Do not make more than one application of this product or any other chlorpyrifos containing products per season. Do not apply by air in Mississippi.

#### TREE FRUITS AND ALMONDS (Dormant/Delayed Dormant)

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 days unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Use this product as a dormant or delayed dormant spray at the rates indicated to control the following Insects on the crops listed. While this product may be used without oil, oil is can be used to control additional pests such as European red mites and Brown almond mites. See specific directions below.

Crop	Pest	This Product per 100 Gals. of Spray*
Almonds, Cherries, Nectarines, Peaches, Pears, Plums, Prunes	American plum borer, Brown almond mite, Climbing cutworms, European red mite, Greater peach tree borer, Lesser peach tree borer, Mealy plum aphid, Peach twig borer, Pear psylla adults, San Jose scale	0.5 to 1 pt. (Use a minimum of 1.5 pts. per acre)
Apples**	Climbing cutworms, Lygus, Oblique-banded leafrollers, Pandemis leafrollers, Rosy apple aphids, San Jose scales	

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 200 to 600 gallons per acre as a dilute spray.

For dilute spray, tank mix the specified dosage with 1 to 2 gallons of petroleum spray oil with directions for dormant use in 100 gallons of water and spray the entire tree by application to runoff using suitable ground spray equipment. (See "ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS SPECIFIC FOR CALIFORNIA" section for use in California.)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Specific Use Restrictions for Apple: Only one application of any chlorpyrifos containing product can be made per year. The application can be either a prebloom dormant/delayed dormant spray to the canopy or the trunk, or a post-bloom application to the lower 4 feet of the trunk. For post-bloom application instruc-tions and restrictions on Apples, refer to "APPLES (Post-bloom Application)" section of this label.

For low volume (concentrate) sprays (less than 200 gallons of spray mixture per acre), use the same amount of this product as for a dilute spray and apply in a manner that will ensure thorough coverage of trees. Use the higher dosage of this product for severe infestations. Use oil as recommended by your State Agricultural Experiment Station or Extension Service Specialist.

**PRECAUTIONS:** Because cold or dry conditions may cause this product plus oil sprays to infuse trees resulting in bud damage or drop, do not apply until Winter rains or irrigation has replenished soil moisture such that bark and twigs are not desiccated. Do not use more than 4 pints of this product per acre. Avoid contact with foliage in Sweet cherries, as premature leaf drop may result.

Additional Precautions For California: Use a minimum of 100 gallons of total spray volume per acre. Do not use more than 1% dormant oil and/or penetrating surfactants in less than 4 year old Almond orchards. Use up to 2% Supreme oil with no more than 4 gallons per acre on Almonds. Use up to 2% Supreme oil with no more than 6 gallons per acre on Peaches and Nectarines. Refer to the University of California pest management guide for Apples, Pears, Plums, and Prunes. In orchards with high overwintering populations of European red mite or Brown almond mite, use higher spray volumes that allow for the use of higher per acre rates of oil. Do not use any adjuvants or surfactants in addition to or as a substitute for a petroleum spray oil in a tank mix with this product. Do not apply on Almonds in the following counties in California: Butte, Colusa, Glenn, Solano, Sutter, Tehama, Yolo and Yuba.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Make only one application during the dormant/delayed dormant season. Do not allow meat or dairy animals to graze in treated orchards. Do not use more than 4 pints of this product (2 lbs. a.i.) per acre per season. Do not make a soil or foliar application of this product or products containing chlorpyrifos within 10 days of a dormant/delayed dormant application of chlorpyrifos to the orchard.

#### APPLES (Post-bloom Application)

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated area during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 days unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Use this product as post-bloom application to Apple tree trunk to control borers at the rate indicated below.

Pest	This Product (pint/A)
American plum borer, Apple bark borer, Broad-necked root borer, Dogwood borer, Flatheaded appletree borer, Roundheaded apple tree borer, Tilehorned prionus	3
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Mix with water and apply directly to the trunk from a distance of no more than 4 feet using volume handgun or shielded spray equipment. Do not allow spray to contact foliage or fruit. Treat only the lower 4 feet the apple tree trunk.	

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not use this product if a prebloom application of this product or any other products containing chlorpyrifos has been made during the year. Do not make more than 1 post-bloom trunk application per year. Do not apply when wind speed is greater than 10 mph. Do not apply within 28 days of harvest. Do not allow meat or dairy animals to graze in treated orchards. For use only in states East of the Rockies (except Mississippi).

#### **PEARS (Postharvest Application)**

Worker Restricted Entry Interval: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn. If unauthorized entry into treated orchard cannot be prevented, the orchard shall be posted while treated unharvested fruits remain on the trees.

#### For Use Only in California, Oregon and Washington.

Use this product for postharvest control of Codling moth.

Apply 4 pints of this product in 100 to 400 gallons of spray per acre using an airblast speed sprayer or other suitable ground spray equipment.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not make more than one postharvest application prior to dormancy per year. Do not harvest or use treated fruits for food or feed. Do not allow meat or dairy animals to graze in treated orchards. If unauthorized entry into a treated orchard cannot be prevented, then the orchard must be posted with appropriate signs according to the Worker Protection Standard while treated, unharvested fruit remains on the tree.

#### TREE NUTS (Foliar Spray)

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn:

Use this product at the dosage indicated by application as a foliar spray to control pests listed in the following table. Mix the required dosage in sufficient water to ensure thorough and complete coverage of the foliage and crop and apply as a concentrate or dilute spray using conventional, power-operated spray equipment. For dilute sprays applied to Tree nut crops, mix the required dosage in sufficient water to allow for spray to runoff. For concentrate sprays, apply an equivalent amount of this product per acre. Treat when pests appear or in accordance with local conditions. Insect control by aerial application may be less effective than control by ground application because of less coverage. Consult your State Agricultural Experiment Station, Certified Pest Control Advisor or Extension Service Specialist for specific use information in your area.

#### ALMONDS, FILBERTS, WALNUTS

Use this product at the rates indicated to control the listed pests.

Crop	Pest	This Product (pint/A)
Almonds	Leftfooted plant bug, Navel orange-worms, Peach twig borers, San Jose scales	4
Filberts	Eyespotted bud moths, Filbert aphids, Filbert leafrollers, Filbert worms, Obliquebanded leafrollers, Omnivorous leaftiers, Winter moths	3 to 4
Walnuts	Codling moths, Walnut husk fly, Walnut scales	4

#### **PECANS**

Use this product at the rates indicated to control the listed pests.

Pest	This Product (pint/A)
Black margined aphids, Yellow pecan aphids, Spittlebugs	1 to 4 pts.
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For control of yellow pecan aphid and blackmargined a the specified rate of pyrethroid insecticide labeled for control or suppression of the to 4 pints per acre for concentrate sprays.	
Black pecan aphids, Ant species (except Fire ants, carpenter, harvester and pharaoh ants), Hickory shuckworms, Pecan leaf scorch mites (suppression), <i>Phylloxera spp</i> .	2 to 4
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For Ant control, apply as an orchard floor spray. Do obstructions pre-vent uniform coverage of the orchard floor. For best results applications, 10 to 14 days apart. To suppress Pecan leaf scorch mites, use a pr spp. control, make 2 applications at 10 day intervals using a minimum of 1 pt. swell.	against Hickory shuckworms, make 2 eventative program. For best <i>Phylloxera</i>
Fall webworms, Pecan nut casebearers	1.5 to 4

**RESTRICTIONS:** Make no more than 3 total applications per season or other products containing chlorpyrifos on Almonds, Filberts, and Pecans, and no more than 2 applications per season on Walnuts. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest of Almonds, Filberts, and Walnuts, or 28 days of harvest of Pecans. Do not allow livestock to graze in treated orchards. Do not apply more than 8 pints (4 lbs. a.i.) per acre per season as a foliar spray. Do not apply by air in Mississippi.

#### TREE FRUITS AND TREE NUTS (Trunk Spray or Preplant Dip)

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 4 days unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Apply this product to tree trunks and lower branches using a coarse, low-pressure spray to control pests listed in the table below. Use the high rate when pest pressure is increased. Unless otherwise specified, a second application may be made after 2 weeks and a third application may be made after harvest. Avoid spray contact with foliage in Sweet cherries as premature leaf drop may result. Consult your State Agricultural Experiment Station or Extension Service Specialist for proper application timing for your area.

Crop	Pest	This Product (pint/100 Gals.)
Cherries	American plum borer, Greater peach tree borer, Lesser peach tree borer	1.5 to 3
Almonds, Nectarines, Peaches	Peach tree borers	3

SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For preplant dip application in Peaches and Nectarines only to control Peachtree borer, use this product at the equivalent application rate of 6 pints per 100 gallons of water. Dip trees several inches above the grafting bud scar and plant immediately or allow them to dry before returning to storage. Do not allow Peach trees to remain in contact with the dip solution. For control of Peach tree borer in established trees, apply before newly hatched borers enter the tree. Use as a coarse, low-pressure trunk spray and thoroughly wet all bark areas from ground level to scaffold limbs. Do not allow spray to contact fruit. Consult written recommendations provided by your State Agricultural Experiment Station or Extension Service Specialist for proper time to treat in your area.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not apply within 14 days of harvest of Almonds, Peaches and Nectarines or within 21 days before harvest of Cherries. Do not make more than 1 chlorpyrifos application per year in Peaches and Nectarines and no more than 3 chlorpyrifos applications per year in Cherries. Do not allow meat or dairy animals to graze in treated orchards.

#### ALMOND, PECAN AND WALNUT (Orchard Floors)

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Use this product to control ant species (except Fire ants, carpenter, harvester, carpenter and pharaoh ants) and pavement ants by applying the specified dose with ground application equipment that will uniformly apply the spray to the orchard floor. Do not apply where weed growth or other obstructions would impede uniform coverage of the orchard floor. Mow or chemically control weeds before the application of this product. Foliar applications of this product may be made in addition to the orchard floor treatment. Use when ant activity becomes evident within the orchard since worker ants cease most of their foraging activity at temperatures above 90°F. Best results will be achieved with applications made at temperatures below 90°F at the time of application. Dosage of this product and spray volume may vary depending on the irrigation method employed in the orchard as follows:

### Ants (except Fire ant, Carpenter, Pharaoh, and Harvester ants) Control in Sprinkler- or Drip-irrigated Orchards

Apply this product as a broadcast spray to the entire orchard floor using ground spray equipment at 4 to 8 pints per acre in 25 or more gallons of water. Use the high rate for heavy infestations and the low rate for light infestations. In orchards where Ant activity is concentrated around the irrigation emitters, apply the high rate to a 6 to 8 foot band along the drip-irrigation line and the low rate to the rest of the orchard.

Ants (except Fire ant, Carpenter, Pharaoh, and Harvester ants) Control in Flood-irrigated Orchards

Apply this product at 4 to 8 pints per acre in 25 or more gallons of water to the entire orchard floor using ground spray equipment. Apply the high rate to heavily infested areas and the low rate to lightly infested areas. Where Ant colonies are abundant only in the berm areas, apply this product at 8 pints per treated acre in 50 or more gallons of water to a 6 to 10 foot band along the treeline (berm).

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not make more than 2 applications of this product or any other chlorpyrifos containing products per season. Do not apply more than 8 pints (4 lbs. a.i.) per season to the orchard floor. Do not apply the last treatment within 14 days of harvest. Do not allow livestock to graze in treated orchards. Do not allow spray to contact fruit or foliage. Do not make a second application of this product or other products containing chlorpyrifos within 10 days of the first application.

#### TURFGRASS GROWN FOR COMMERCIAL SOD

Worker Restricted Entry Interval: Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Use this product to control the pests listed in the following table by application at the specified dosages. Dilute this product in water and apply using suitable application equipment. For best results, moisten the Turf at time of treatment.

Pest	This Product	
	Per 1,000 sq. ft.	Per Acre
Ants (except Fire ants, Carpenter, Harvester and Pharaoh ants), Armyworm (such as: Beet, Fall, Yellowstriped), Centipedes, Chiggers, Chinch bugs, Crickets, Cutworms, Deer ticks, Earwigs, European crane fly	0.75 fl. oz.	2 pts.
larvae, Fiery skipper, Fleas, Gnats, Grasshoppers, Greenbug aphids, Green June beetle grubs, Leafhoppers, Lucerne moth, Millipedes, Mites (such as: Clover, Bermudagrass stunt, Winter grain),		
Mosquitoes, Pillbugs, Springtails, Sod webworms (lawn moths), Sowbugs, Ticks		
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For Sod webworms, delay watering or mowing of t treatment.	he treated area for 1	2 to 24 hours after
Billbug adults (such as: Bluegrass, Denver, Hunting)	0.75 to 1.5 fl. ozs.	2 to 4 pts.
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For Billbugs, spray early in the season just prior to or as recommended by your local Agricultural Extension Service Specialists.	coinciding with first a	ppearance of adults
Annual bluegrass weevil (Hyperodes), Black turfgrass Ataenius adults, Mole crickets	1.5 fl. ozs.	4 pts.
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: To control Annual bluegrass weevil, spray suspected mid-May, or as recommended by your local Agricultural Extension Service Specific spray early in the season as recommended by your local Agricultural Extension may be needed 1 to 2 weeks later. To control Mole crickets in Turfgrass, a injection or other suitable subsurface placement application equipment. Deper follow the manufacturer's recommendation for calibration and the volume of spras recommended by your local Agricultural Extension Service Specialist. For be active.	ialist. For Black turfgr n Service Specialist. apply this product the iding on the application ray per acre needed est results, apply wher	ass Ataenius adults, A repeat application ough high-pressure on equipment used, to provide control or young nymphs are
White grubs (such as: Black turfgrass <i>Ataenius</i> , European chafer, Japanese beetle larvae, and Northern and Southern masked chafers)	1.5 to 3 fl. ozs.	4 to 8 pts.
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For White grubs, spray when grubs are young and usually during late July and August or as recommended by your local Agricultu results, moisten the soil prior to treatment. For best results, immediately after spealf to one inch of water to wash the insecticide into the thatch and underlying so	ral Extension Service praying, irrigate the tre	Specialist. For best

#### NON-RESIDENTIAL TURF AND ORNAMENTALS AROUND BUILDINGS AND ROAD MEDIANS

**Use Precautions and Restrictions:** Keep out of fish pools and other bodies of water. Do not treat vegetable gardens. Do not allow livestock to graze in treated areas. Do not feed treated grass cuttings (hay) or seed screenings to livestock or use hay for livestock bedding. Do not use this product in poultry houses.

This product may be used to treat evergreens, vines, flowers, shrubs, shade and flowering trees, non-bearing fruit, nut and citrus trees found around the perimeters of industrial buildings and road medians infested with pests listed in the following table. Apply this product using suitable hand- or power-operated spray equipment. Ensure complete and uniform coverage. Uniform coverage is critical for effective insect and mite control. Apply as coarse spray to thoroughly wet both upper and lower leaf surfaces and infested limb and trunk areas. Attempt to penetrate dense foliage but avoid over-spraying to the point of excessive runoff. Treat when pests

appear and repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals, if needed. For application timing and other specific use information, consult your State Agricultural Experiment Station or Extension Service Specialist.

**Note:** Environmental factors have significant effects on phytotoxic expression. Some varieties of Azaleas, Camellias, Poinsettias, Rose bushes, or variegated lvy have shown varying degrees of phytotoxicity following treatment with this product. Before treating large numbers of plants (especially those previously listed), treat first a small block and observe for 7 to 10 days to determine phytotoxic potential.

The user assumes responsibility for determining if this product is safe to treat plants under commercial growing conditions.

	This Pro	duct (pint)
Pest	Per Acre	Per 100 Gals. of Water
Adelgids (Cooley, Eastern spruce galls, Pine bark), Ants (except Fire ants, Carpenter, Harvester and Pharaoh ants), Aphids (Apple, Chrysanthemum, Cottonwood, Elm leaf, Peach, Rose, Spirea, Woolly), Armyworms (Fall, Yellowstriped), Boxelder bugs, Canker-worms, Catalpa sphinx, Chiggers (for control in golf courses, road medians and industrial sites only), Elm spanworms, Grasshoppers, Green fruitworms, Hornworms, Jackpine budworms, Juniper webworms, Katydids, Lace-bugs, Leafhoppers, Mealybugs, Oleander caterpillars, Orange tortrix, Periodical cicada, Plantbugs, Poplar tentmaker, Psyllids, Puss caterpillars, Rose chafers, Sawflies [exposed (Pin oak, Pine, Redheaded)], Sowbugs, Spittlebugs, Spring elm caterpillars, Springtails, Spruce budworms (Eastern, Western), Tent caterpillars (Eastern, Western, Forest),	1 to 2	0.5 to 1
Thornbug, Walnut caterpillars, Whiteflies, Yellownecked caterpillars  Armyworms (Beet), Browntail moth, Cutworms, Leafhoppers, Mahogany webworms, Mealybugs, Mimosa webworms, Oakworms (California, Orangestriped, Redhumped), Redhumped caterpillars, Thrips (exposed)	2	1
Bagworms	1 to 2	0.5 to 1
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Treat when bagworm larvae are small and actively feed	ing.	
Beetles	2	1
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply in the Spring or early Summer to reduce twig and	branch feeding by	bark beetles.
Beetles (including wood infesting, Ambrosia, Anobidae, Black turpentine, Cottonwood leaf, Elm leaf, European elm bark, Flea, Fuller rose, Japanese, June, Native elm bark, Southern Willow leaf)	2	16*

SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For preventative treatment, apply the spray to the main trunk of trees in the early Spring or when threat of attack exists from nearby infested trees. For remedial treatment, direct the spray to the main trunk of infested trees when damage occurs, but before adult beetles begin to emerge. To prevent Native elm bark beetles from overwintering in uninfested trees, apply this product to the bottom 9 feet of the trunk. Wet the trunk thoroughly, but do not spray to runoff. Care should be taken to apply the spray right to the base of the root flare. Application can be made with either a backpack mistblower or a hydraulic pressure sprayer from Spring through early Fall.

\*Note: When using the 16 pints per 100 gallon dilution, do not exceed 2 pints of this product per acre.

(continued)

,	This Product (pint)	
Pest	Per Acre	Per 100 Gals. of Water
Borers	2	2
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply to the trunks and lower limbs of trees and sh Consult your State Agricultural Experiment Station or Extensions Service Special		eat.
Borers (Cottonwood, Peachtree)	2	6*
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For Peachtree borers, apply to flowering trees and shr before newly hatched larvae enter the trees. Apply as a coarse, low-pressure s ground level to scaffold limbs.  *Note: When using the 6 pints per 100 gallon dilution, do not exceed 2 pints of the	pray. Thoroughly wet a	
Clearwing moths (Ash, Dogwood, Lessertree, Lilac, Oak, Rhododendron), Metallic wood (Bronze birch, Flathead appletree, Two-lined chestnut), Longhorned beetles (Locust, Red oak), Leafminers, Needleminers (Jeffrey pine, Lodgepole pine, Spruce)	2	2
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply uniformly as a coarse low-pressure spray. Pheroclearwing moths.		
Cranberry girdle larvae	2	. 2
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Direct spray at the base of the tree using 50 gallons of applications for soil penetration of 1 to 2 inches. Treat after egg laying during the		
Fall webworms	1 to 2	0.5 to 1
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Direct spray into web and immediately adjacent foliage	for control of Fall web	worms.
Foliar feeding beetles (Blister leaf, Cottonwood leaf, Elm leaf, Flea, Fuller rose, Japanese, June, Willow leaf)	2	1
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: To control Cottonwood leaf beetle larvae and adults counts indicate damaging beetle populations are developing or present.	infesting Cottonwoods	, apply when fie
Leafrollers	1 to 2	0.5 to 1
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Spray before leaves are tightly rolled for effective contr	ol.	
Maple leafcutters	1 to 2	0.5 to 1
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply as cases are being formed for effective control. for Maple syrup production.	_	
Mites (Clover, Red spider, Southern red, Spruce spider, Twospotted spider)	1 to 2	0.5 to 1
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For effective control of Spider mites when large numb spray 3 to 5 days in the South or 7 to 10 days in the North after initial treatment to		
Moths (Browntail, Cypress tip, Douglas fir tussock, European pine shoot, Gypsy, Holly bud, Nantucket pine tip, Pandora, Pitch pine tip, Subtropical pine tip, Tussock)	2	1
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: To kill migrating and invading Gypsy moth larvae, treat		
Scale insects (Cottonycushion, Cottony maple, Euonymus, Fletcher, Florida wax, Golden oak, Hemispherical, Lecanium, Magnolia, Oak kermes, Oak ecanium, Oystershell, Pine needle, San Jose, Tea, White peach)	2	; <b>2</b>
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Time applications for control of Scale insects when	crawlers or first two	
stages of settled nymphs are present.  Weevils (Blackvine, Pine production, Yellow poplar)	2	1
		i

# FOR ORNAMENTALS [Soil Treatment of Containerized (Potted) or Balled and Burlapped Nursery Stock]

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

Use in nurseries is permitted for USDA quarantine purposes only.

Treat containerized, potted, or balled and burlapped nursery stock to control the insects in the soil attached to the roots of these plants. Completely submerge the container with drain holes or root balls stabilized by burlap in a tank containing diluted solution of this product. Do not remove burlap wrap or plastic containers with drain holes prior to submerging. Keep the container or root ball submerged until complete soil saturation has occurred, normally about 30 minutes.

**Use Precautions:** During all operations (submerging, drenching, injecting), wear a chemical-resistant apron in addition to other PPE listed for applicators and other handlers. Make applications in a well-ventilated area. **Note:** Environmental factors have significant effects on phytotoxic expression. This product has been tested on numerous Ornamental plants without causing serious phytotoxicity at specified use rates. However, because of the numerous varieties grown, treat a small group of plants at the specified rate under the anticipated growing conditions and observe for at least 7 days to determine phytotoxic potential before treating a larger number of plants. The user assumes responsibility for determining if this product is safe to treat plants under commercial growing conditions.

	This Product		
Pest	in 10 Gallons of Water	In 100 Gallons of Water	
White grubs	6.6 fl. ozs.	2 qts.*	
		gallon of container	
size (4 to 5 fl. ozs. per 100 cubic inches of container). Premoisten the contai drenching. Do not remove container from plants prior to treatment.  *Note: Do not exceed 1 quart of this product per acre.  Weevils	ner media by irrigation 6.6 fl. ozs.	•	

\* Note: Do not exceed 1 quart of this product per acre.

splash-back and runoff are minimized.

Coffee root mealybug 1.6 fl. ozs. 1 pt.

SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: An alternative treatment to submerging containerized plants is to drench the container with the diluted solution applying 10 to 12 fl. ozs. of diluted insecticide solution per gallon of container size (4 to 5 fl. ozs. per 100 cubic inches of container). Premoisten the container media by irrigation or rainfall before drenching. Do not remove container from plants prior to treatment.

meter to monitor the correct volume applied per root ball using an injection pressure of at least 30 psi. Apply in a way that

Fire ants 0.4 fl. oz. 4 fl. ozs.

SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: As an alternative to submerging potted plants, dilute 4 fl. ozs. of this product in 100 gallons of water. Apply this dilution to the point of runoff twice daily for 3 consecutive days. Do not remove burlap wrap or container from plants prior to treatment.

## ORNAMENTALS IN GREENHOUSES, INDUSTRIAL PLANT SITES AND ROAD MEDIANS (Dormant Spray of Tree Pests)

[Note to Label Editor: Company may delete greenhouse on market label.]

This product may be used as a dormant or delayed dormant spray at the rates indicated to control the listed insects. This product may be used without oil; however, oil may be used to control additional pests such as the European red mite. For high volume (dilute) spray (200 to 600 gallons of spray mixture per acre), tank mix the specified dosage with 1 to 2 gallons of a petroleum spray oil labeled for dormant use in 100 gallons of water. Spray the entire tree to runoff using suitable ground spray equipment.

For low volume (concentrate) sprays (less than 200 gallons of spray mixture per acre), use the same amount of this product as for a dilute spray and apply in a manner that will ensure thorough coverage of the trees. Use oil as recommended by your State Agricultural Experiment Station or Extension Service Specialist.

**USE RESTRICTIONS:** Do not apply until rain or irrigation have replenished soil moisture such that bark and twigs are not desiccated since cold dry conditions may cause this product plus oil to infuse trees resulting in bud damage or drop. Do not apply more than once during the dormant season, except for the control of the Apple ermine moth. Do not allow meat or dairy animals to graze in treated areas.

Pest	This Product		
·	In 1 Gallon	In 3 Gallons	In 100 Gallons
Aphids (Mealy plum, Rose apple, Woolly apple), Borers (Peach twig), Cutworms (Climbing), Leafrollers (Pandemis), Pear psylla adults, Plantbugs, Scale (San Jose)	1/12 to 1/6 fl. oz.	1/4 to 1/2 fl. oz.	0.5 to 1 pt.
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Tankmix with 1 to 2 gallons of a pewater.	etroleum spray oil l	abeled for dormant	use in 100 gallons of
Apple ermine moth	1/12 fl. oz.	1/4 fl. oz.	0.5 pt.

SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For control on *Malus* species, make 2 applications at 7 to 14 day intervals in combination with a petroleum spray oil at the rate of 2 to 4% (v/v) in a spray-to-wet application to ensure thorough coverage of all stems and branches. When using tank mixtures, follow all label directions for the mixing partner (oil). Use appropriate application equipment and spray volumes to ensure complete coverage of the plant(s) or control will be compromised.

#### **ORNAMENTALS IN GREENHOUSES AND NURSERIES**

#### (Preplant Incorporation Treatment of Field Grown Nursery Stock)

[Note to Label Editor: Company may delete greenhouse on market label.]

Pest	This Product		
	Per 1,000 sq. ft. Per Acre		
White grubs, White fringed beetles	0.7 fl. oz.	2 pts.	

SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: To control White grubs and White fringed beetles during transplant or seedling establishment, apply this product to soil and incorporate before transplanting or planting. Apply to the soil surface as a broadcast spray using sufficient water to obtain adequate coverage. On the same day of treatment, incorporate this product into the top 2 to 4 inches of of the soil using a tandem disc, field cultivator, or equivalent incorporation equipment capable of thorough soil mixing. Do not make aerial applications.

Use Precautions and Restrictions: Environmental factors and varietal variation can significantly affect the potential for phytotoxicity from pesticide use. This product has been evaluated at the above indicated rate on Loblolly pine without phytotoxic effects. Prior to making large-scale applications, prepare and observe a small test plot as above in order to determine the potential phytotoxicity in species or varieties other than Loblolly pine. Use the following procedure: (1) Treat a small test block as above; (2) Seed or transplant the test species or variety and observe for symptoms of phytotoxicity for a minimum of 14 days following emergence or transplanting. Note: The user assumes responsibility for determining if this product is safe to treat plants under commercial growth conditions.

Garden symphylans 0.7 fl. oz. 2 pts.

SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply this product as a preplant incorporated treatment to suppress Garden symphylans on land to be planted to field grown ornamentals. Apply as a broadcast application to the soil at the maximum rate of 2 pints per acre in at least 10 gallons of water per acre. On the same day of treatment, incorporate this product to a depth of up to 8 inches using a disc, rotovator, or other suitable equipment. Use the higher rate range for longer residual control, or where deeper incorporation is necessary.

**Use Precautions:** Environmental factors significantly affect phytotoxicity. This product has been tested on numerous ornamental plants without causing serious phytotoxicity. However, because of numerous varieties grown, treat a small group of plants at the specified rate under the anticipated growing conditions and observe for phytotoxic symptoms for at least 7 days, before a large number of plants are treated. Do not blend this product with dry bulk fertilizer materials.

Note: The user assumes responsibility for determining if this product is safe to treat plants under commercial growth conditions.

#### **ORNAMENTALS GROWN IN NURSERIES\***

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 5 days for citrus, 4 days for tree fruit, and 24 hours for all other ornamentals unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

This product may be used to treat shade and flowering trees, evergreens (including those grown in conifer seedling nurseries), vines, shade and flowering trees and non-bearing fruit, nut and citrus trees infested with pests listed in the following table. Apply this product with suitable hand- or power-operated spray equipment in a manner to provide complete and uniform coverage. Apply as a coarse spray to thoroughly wet both the upper and lower surfaces and to infested limb and trunk areas. Attempt to penetrate dense foliage, but avoid over spraying to the point of excessive runoff. When using spray equipment that delivers less than 200 gallons of spray per acre, use the rate specified in the per acre column. Apply when pests appear and repeat application at 7 to 10 day intervals, as needed. Consult your State Agricultural Experiment Station or Extension service Specialist for application timing and other specific use information applicable to your area.

Phytotoxicity: DO NOT apply under conditions of extreme heat or drought. Environmental factors significantly affect phytotoxicity. This product has been tested on numerous ornamental plants without causing serious phytotoxicity. However, because of numerous varieties grown, treat a small group of plants at the specified rate under the anticipated growing conditions and observe for phytotoxic symptoms for at least 7 days, before a large number of plants are treated. The user assumes responsibility for determining if it is safe to treat other ornamental plants using this product under commercial growing conditions.

\*USE RESTRICTIONS: Use in nurseries is ONLY for wholesale nursery operations. Wholesale nursery operations are commercial agricultural operations which DO NOT sell or distribute directly to consumers or the general public through retail sales. PROHIBITION: Selling or distributing treated plants directly to consumers or the general public through retail sales is prohibited.

Pest	-	This Product (fl. oz	2.)
	In 1 Gallon	In 100 Gallons	Per Acre
Adelgids (Cooley, Eastern spruce gall, Pine bark), Aphids (Apple, Balsam twig, Black pecan, Chrysanthemum, Cottonwood, Crape myrtle, Elm leaf, Melon, Peach, Rose, Spirea, White pine, Woolly, Yellow pecan), Boxelder bugs, Lace bugs (such as hawthorne), Periodical cicada, Cankerworms, Catalpa sphinx, Citrus mealybugs, Plant bugs, Psyllid, Spittlebugs, Thornbug, Whiteflies	1/12 to 1/6	8 to 16	16 to 32
Ants*, Sowbugs, Springtails	1/6	16	32
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: *Except fire ants, harvester, carpent	ter and pharaoh an 1/12 to 1/6	ts. 8 to 16	16 to 22
Bagworms CRECIFIC DIRECTIONS To the Discount of the CRECIFIC DIRECTIONS To THE CRECIFIC DIRECTION OF T			16 to 32
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Treat when Bagworm larvae are sm			T
Balsam gall midge, Beet armyworms, Cutworms, Leafhoppers, Mahogany webworms, Mealybugs, Mimosa webworms, Oakworms (California, Orangestriped, Redhumped), Thrips (exposed), Redhumped caterpillars	1/6	16 .	32
Beetles (Cottonwood leaf, Elm leaf, Flea, Willow leaf)	1/6 to 1/3	16 to 32	32
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: To control larvae and adults of Co field counts indicate damaging beetle populations are develor spray volume per acre. Beetles (Ambrosia, Anobiidae, Black turpentine, Blister,			
Cottonwood leaf, Elm leaf, European elm bark, Fuller rose, Japanese, June, mountain pine, Native elm bark, Southern pine, Spruce, Westen pine, Willow leaf)  SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For preventative treatment, spray the			
exists from nearby infested trees. For remedial treatment, spoccurs but before adult beetles begin to emerge. To prevent Native elm bark beetles from overwintering in un water (1.3 fl. ozs. per gallon) as a spray to the bottom 9 feet runoff. Apply the spray to the base of the root flare. Applicati twig and branch feeding on trees deemed to be of high value gals. of water (1.3 fl. ozs. per gallon). Apply in the Spring coverage to the tree crown.	infested trees, app t of the trunk. Wet ions can be made e, spray the tree co or early Summer	oly a dilution of 1 gall the trunk thoroughly from the Spring to ear rown using a dilution using a sprayer that	on per 100 gals. of but do not spray to arly Fall. To reduce of 1 gallon per 100 will give thorough
Beetles (Fuller rose)	1/6	16	32
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: To reduce foliar feeding on twigs Summer.	s and branches b	y beetles, apply in t	he Spring or early
Borers: Clearwing moths (Ash, Dogwood, Lesser peachtree, Lilac, Oak, Rhododendron); Longhorned beetles (Locust, Red oak), Metallic wood (Bronze birch, Flatheaded appletree, Twolined chestnut), Pales weevils adults, Zimmerman pine moth	1/3	. 16	_
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply this product to the trunks and emerge. Apply uniformly as a coarse low-pressure spray. Phei Consult your State Agricultural Experiment Station or Extension	romone traps may	aid in detection of add	ult clearwing moths.
Borers (Peachtree)	1/3	16	-
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For Peachtree borers, apply this properties as a trunk spray before newly hatched larvae enter the wet all bark areas from ground level to scaffold limbs. Considering Specialist for proper time to treat in your area.	e trees. Apply as	a coarse low-pressure	spray. Thoroughly

Pest		This Product (fl. oz	<u>:.)</u>
	In 1 Gallon	In 100 Gallons	Per Acre
Armyworms (fall, yellowstriped), Canker worms, Catalpa sphinx, Elm spanworms, Grasshoppers, Greenstriped mapleworms, Green fruitworms, Hornworms, Jackpine budworms, Juniper webworms, Katydids, Lacebugs, Oak skeletonizers, Oleander caterpillars, Orange tortrix, Poplar tentmakers, Puss caterpillars, Rose chafers, Sawflies (exposed) [European pine, Pin oak, Pine, Redheaded], Spring elm caterpillars, Springtails, Spruce budworms (eastern, western), Tent caterpillars (eastern, forest, western), Walnut caterpillars, Yellownecked caterpillars	1/12 to 1/6	8 to 16	16 to 32
Fall webworms	1/12 to 1/6	8 to 16	16 to 32
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For effective control of Fall webviloliage.	worms, direct spra	y into web and imme	l diately surroundin
Leafminers, Needleminers (Jeffrey pine, Lodgepole pine, Spruce), Pine needle midge, Rhododendron gall midge	1/3	32	32 to 64
Leafrollers	1/12 to 1/6	8 to 16	16 to 32
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Spray before leaves are tightly rolle		1	
Maple leafcutter	1/12 to 1/6	8 to 16	16 to 32
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Spray as cases are being formed production.	<u> </u>	.,	
Mites (Clover, Red spider, Southern red, Spruce spider)	1/6	16	32
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For effective control of Spider miter			
spray 3 to 5 days in the South or 7 to 10 days in the North after Moths (Browntail, Cypress tip, Douglas fir tussock, European pine shoot, Gypsy, Holly bud, Nantucket pine tip, Pandora, Pitch pine tip, Subtropical pine tip, Tussock)	er initial treatment t	o control newly natche	32
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: To kill migrating and invading Gyps	y moth larvae, trea	t trunk and foliage.	
Scale insects (Cottony cushion, Cottony maple, Dearness, Euonymus, Fletcher, Florida wax, Golden oak, Hemispherical, Lecanium, Magnolia, Oak kermes, Oak lecanium, Oystershell, Pine needle, San Jose, Tea, White birch)	1/3	32	32 to 64
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Time applications for control of snymphs are present.		rawlers or first two	stages of settle
Veevils (Northern pine, Pitch eating, Twig)	5 1/3	512	
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Treat pine seedlings immediately a	fter transplanting.	Freat each seedling wi	th enough spray t
horoughly wet the foliage and stem to the point of runoff. Do	not use more than t	gallons of spray per a	acre.
Weevils (Northern pine, Pales)			
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply as a cut stump spray or dren			
Neevils (Blackvine, Pine reproduction, Yellow poplar)	1/6	16	32 to 64
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Blackvine weevils are night feeders	. Late afternoon sp	raying will give control	in some areas.
Veevil (Cranberry girdler)	1/6	16	32 to 64
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For Cranberry girdler larvae infestir stems using minimum of 50 gals. of water per acre. Irrigate inches. Treat after egg laying during the Summer.	ng Douglas fir seed	lings, direct spray at th	ne lower crown a

#### NON-RESIDENTIAL TURF, INDUSTRIAL PLANT PERIMETERS, AND **OUTDOOR USES**

Apply this product to control the pests listed in the following table at the specified dosages and in accordance with the directions given below or as recommended by your local Agricultural Extension Service Specialist. Apply this product as a coarse low-pressure spray using suitable application equipment. Except as noted, thoroughly water immediately after treatment to wash the insecticide into the Turf. Moisten the area to be treated at the time of treatment. Spray when pests first appear. Retreat when needed.

Pest	This Product	
	Per 1,000 sq. ft.	Per Acre
Ant (except Fire ants, Carpenter, Harvester and Pharaoh ants), Armyworms (Beet, Fall, Yellowstriped), Chinch bugs, Crickets, Cutworms, Earwigs, Fiery skipper, Gnats, Grasshoppers, Greenbug aphids, June beetles, Leafhoppers, Lucerne moths, Millipedes, Mites (Clover, Bermudagrass stunt, Formula grass, Winter	0.75 fl. oz.	2 pts.
grain), Pillbugs, Sowbugs	0.75 + 0.5	
Billbugs adults (such as Bluegrass, Denver, Hunting)	0.75 to 3 fl. ozs.	2 pts.
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Spray early in the season when adult Billbugs		
Chiggers  SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply this product for area control of Chigger	0.75 fl. oz.	2 pts.
and Industrial plant sites where these pests are present and create a r not allow public use of treated areas during application or until spray ha acre (equivalent to 1/6 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.) using a hydraulic spray suitable hand- or power-operated spray equipment. Treat low underbrue debris using enough spray volume to obtain thorough coverage, usually	as dried. Apply in water at ayer, mist applicator, knap sh, grassy areas, weeds a 40 to 100 gallons per acre	the rate of 0.5 pint per osack sprayer, or other and ground surface and e.
Deer ticks	0.75 fl. oz.	2 pts.
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply in water at the rate of 2 pints per acredeer ticks. Treat low underbrush, Turf, grassy areas, weeds and ground to obtain thorough coverage.  European crane fly		
Mole crickets	1.5 fl. ozs.	2 pts.
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For Mole crickets in Golf course turf, Turf in apply through high-pressure injection or other suitable subsurface plac application equipment used, follow the manufacturer's specification for needed to provide control, or as recommended by your local Agricultural nymphs are active.  Sod webworms (Lawn moths)	ement application equipm or calibration and the vol	nent. Depending on the ume of spray per acre
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Delay watering or mowing of the treated areas	24 hours after treatment.	
Ticks	0.75 fl. oz.	2 pts.
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply this product for area control of Ticks inf Industrial plant sites where these pests are present and create a nuisa allow public use of treated areas during application or until spray has dripint per acre (equivalent to 1/6 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.) using a hydraul other suitable hand-or power-operated spray equipment. Treat low under and debris using enough spray volume to obtain thorough coverage, usus Ticks (American dog, Cattle fever, Gulf coast, Lone star)  SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For control of Ticks, treat soil and other area have removed themselves from their host. Spray surfaces to be treated Note: This application is intended as a premise spray only. Do not use the on livestock or any sites that may come in contact with livestock.	ance or a possible public ried. Apply this product in lic sprayer, mist applicato erbrush, grassy areas, we rally 40 to 100 gallons per 1/4 fl. oz.  Is likely to serve as harboard until wet, but do not come.	health problem. Do not water at the rate of 0.5 r, knapsack sprayer, or eds and ground surface acre.  1.5 pts.  prage sites for ticks that
of five stock of any sites that may come in contact with five stock.		(continue)

(continued)				
Pest	This Product			
	Per 1,000 sq. ft.	Per Acre		
Turfgrass weevil (Hyperodes)	1.5 fl. oz.	2 pts.		
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make application to problem areas in mid-April and again in mid-May, or as recommended by your local Agricultural Extension Service Specialist.				
White grubs (Black turfgrass ataenius, European chafer, Japanese beetle larvae, Southern and Northern masked chafer)	1.5 to 3 fl. ozs.	2 pts.		
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Spray when White grubs are young and actillate July and August, or as recommended by your Agricultural Extensic irrigate the treated area with one-half to 1 inch of water to wash the insesoil.	on Service Specialist. Imme	ediately after spraying,		

# OUTSIDE SURFACES AND AROUND INDUSTRIAL PLANT SITES (Such as Around Warehouses, Food Processing and Food Manufacturing Sites)

This product may be applied as a residual spray to and around outside surfaces of nonresidential buildings and structures. Permitted areas of use include fences, pre-construction foundations, refuse dumps, outside of walls, and other areas where pests congregate or have been seen. Do not allow adults, children or pets to contact treated surfaces until spray have dried. Keep out of fish pools and other bodies of water. Do not feed treated grass cuttings (hay) or seed screening to livestock, or use treated hay for livestock bedding. Do not treat vegetable gardens. Repeat treatment as needed to maintain effectiveness. Unless prohibited by a products' label, users, at their own discretion, can tank mix pesticides currently labeled for similar use patterns. Always perform a small jar compatibility test using proper proportions to check for physical compatibility prior to tank mixing. Do not tank mix this product with product containing dichlorvos (DDVP).

Pest	This Product			
·	In 1 Gallon	In 3 Gallons	In 50 Gallons	
For Band Treatment				
Ants (except Fire ants, Carpenter, Harvester and Pharaoh ants), Beetles, Boxelder bugs (for other true bugs), Clover mites, Crickets, Earwigs, Elf leaf beetles (adults), Firebrats, Millipedes, Pillbugs, Silverfish, Sowbugs, Spiders (except Black widow and Brown recluse), Springtails, Ticks (for Ticks control in golf courses, road medians and industrial plant sites only)	1/4 tsp.	0.75 fl. oz.	4 fl. ozś.	
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: To help prevent infestation of non-residential buildings, treat a band of soil 6 to 10 feet wide around and adjacent to buildings including the building foundation to a height of 2 to 3 feet where pests are active and may find entrance. Use 4 fl. ozs. of this product per 50 gals. of water and apply as a coarse spray at the rate of about 10 gals. of spray mixture per 1,000 sq. ft. to thoroughly and uniformly wet the band area.				
For Outsid	le Surface			
Ants (except Fire ants, Carpenter, Harvester and Pharaoh ants), Beetles, Boxelder bugs (for other true bugs), Clover mites, Crickets, Earwigs, Elf leaf beetles (adults), Firebrats, Millipedes, Pillbugs, Silverfish, Sowbugs, Spiders (except Black widow and Brown recluse), Springtails, Ticks (for Ticks control in golf courses, road medians and industrial plant sites only)	1.3 fl. ozs.	13.3 fl. ozs.	4 pts.*	
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: *Do not exceed 2 pints of this produced in the second in the seco	uct per acre.			

#### VEGETABLES [Brassica (Cole) Leafy Vegetables\*, Radish, Rutabaga and Turnip]

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 3 days for Cauliflower and 24 hours for all other vegetables unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

\*Brassica (Cole) Leafy Vegetables, Including: Broccoli, Broccoli raab, Brussels sprout, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Cavalo broccolo, Chinese broccoli, Chinese cabbage, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi Mizuna, Mustard greens, Mustard spinach, Rape greens, Radish, Rutabaga, Turnip

**RESTRICTIONS:** If a preplant incorporation application for direct seeded or transplanted crops is made, do not apply this product as an at-plant or post plant soil application. If an at-plant or post-plant soil application is made, do not apply this product as a preplant incorporation application for direct seeded or transplanted crops. Use this product at the dosages indicated to control the pests listed in the following table. To avoid phytotoxicity in Vegetables, except Brussels sprouts, do not mix with other pesticide products or treat plants that are under extreme heat and drought stress.

Crop	Pest	Amount of This Product	
Preplant Incorporated for Direct Seeded or Tranplanted Crop			
Broccoli, Brussels sprout, Cabbage, Chinese cabbage, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi,	Billbugs, Cutworms, Grubs, Root maggots, Symphylans, Wireworms	4.5 pts. per acre (1.6 fl. ozs. per 1,000 sq. ft.)	
Rutabaga, Turnip Cauliflower		4 pts. per acre (1.6 fl. ozs. per 1,000 sq. ft.)	
Radish	·	5.5 pts. per acre (2 fl. ozs. per 1,000 sq. ft.)	
	USE DIRECTIONS: Apply this product as a broadcast spray to the soil surface using power-operated ground spray equipment. Use a total spray volume of 10 gpa or more. On the day of treatment, incorporate this product into the top 2 to 4 inches of soil using a disc, field cultivator, or equivalent equipment. Insecticides, including this product, may contribute to the stress of plants under certain environmental conditions. This stress may reduce plant stand or interfere, with normal plant development. Herbicides used preplant incorporated may interact with insecticides and enhance this stress.		
	At-Plant or Post-Plant Soil Applic	cation	
Broccoli, Cabbage	Root aphids	1.2 fl. ozs. per 1,000 ft. of row for single row plantings and 2.4 fl. ozs. per 1,000 linear ft. of row for double row plantings.	
1	USE DIRECTIONS: Apply this product in a water emulsion or with liquid fertilizer injected as a side dress on each side of the row after plants are established. Avoid mechanical damage to crop roots. Use a minimum of 15 gals. of total spray volume per acre. See "MIXING DIRECTIONS" of the label for mixing instructions with liquid fertilizers.		
more than 4.5 pints of this	ply more than 2.6 pints of this product per acre product per acre to these crops in 20 inch roongs not to exceed 4.5 pints of this product per a	ws (or two rows per bed). Use proportional	

(continued)

per season within 30 days before harvest. Do not make more than one soil application per crop. Do not make a foliar

application within 10 days of a soil application.

Crop	Pest	Amount of This Product		
Broccoli, Brussels sprout, Cabbage, Chinese	Root maggots	1.6 to 2.75 fl. ozs. per 1,000 linear ft. of row		
cabbage, Collards, Kale, Kohlrabi, Turnip	spray as a 4 inch wide band over the row necessary. Place behind the planter shoe and crops, apply this product as a water-based immediately after setting. Use a minimum of 4 any additional adjuvants, surfactants or spreapplication.	DIRECTIONS: For direct-seeded crops, apply the specified dosage in a water-base y as a 4 inch wide band over the row at planting time. Shallow incorporation i essary. Place behind the planter shoe and in front of the press wheel. For transplanters, apply this product as a water-based spray directed to the base of the plant ediately after setting. Use a minimum of 40 gals. of total spray per acre. Do not additional adjuvants, surfactants or spreader stickers. Do not apply as a foliagrication.		
more than 4.5 pts. of this amounts for other row space	oply more than 2.6 pts. of this product per acre to product per acre to these crops in 20 inch rowings not to exceed 4.5 pts. of this product per active before harvest. Do not make more than one soif a soil application.	rs (or two rows per bed). Use proportional cre. Do not make more than one application		
Cauliflower .	Root maggots	1.6 to 2.4 fl. ozs. per 1,000 linear ft. of row		
	USE DIRECTIONS: For direct-seeded crop, a spray as a 4 inch wide band over the row necessary. Place behind the planter shoe and crops, apply this product as a water-based immediately after setting. Use a minimum of 4 any additional adjuvants, surfactants or spreapplication.	at planting time. Shallow incorporation is in front of the press wheel. For transplanted spray directed to the base of the plants to gals, of total spray per acre. Do not add eader stickers. Do not apply as a foliage		
for other row spacings not t	ply more than 2 pints of this product when planted to exceed 4 pts. of this product per acre. Do no st. Do not make a foliar application within 10 days	t make more than one application per crop		
Radish	Root maggots	1 fl. oz. per 1,000 linear ft. of row		
	USE DIRECTIONS: Apply the specified dosage as a water-based drench furrows with the seed at planting time. Use a minimum of 40 gals. of total drend			
	oly more than 5.5 pts. of this product per acre or ration within 10 days of a soil application. Do not ap			
Rutabagas	Root maggots	1.6 to 3.3 fl. ozs. per 1,000 linear ft. of row		
	USE DIRECTIONS: Apply the specified dosage in a water-based spray as a 4-band over the row at planting time, behind the planter shoe and in front of the pr to achieve shallow incorporation. Use a minimum of 40 gals, of total spray vo acre.			
	ply more than 4.5 pts. of this product per acre of the food or feed purposes. Do not make a foliar apoof harvest			

(continued)

Crop	Pest	Amount of	
•		This Product	
	Foliar Application		
Brussels sprout	Armyworms, Cabbage aphids, Cutworms, Imported cabbageworms, Striped flea beetles (adult)	1 to 2 pts. per acre	
	USE DIRECTIONS: Apply this product with co to 150 gals, of water per acre. Apply when in intervals or thereafter as needed. Consult your Specialist or Integrated Pest Control Advisor for	sects appear on foliage and at 7 to 14 day State Agricultural Station Extension Service	
crop. Do not apply with	ot make more than 3 applications of this product or an anin 21 days before harvest. Do not make a second within 10 days of the first application. Do not make	ny other chlorpyrifos containing products per application of this product or other products	

#### **LEGUME VEGETABLES**

(Succulent or dried; except Soybeans) including: Adzuki beans, Asparagus bean, Bean, Blackeyed pea, Broad bean (Dry and Succulent), Catjang, Chickpea, Chinese longbean, Cowpea, Crowder pea, Dwarf pea, Edible pod pea, English Pea, Fava bean, Field bean, Field pea, Garbanzo bean, Garden pea, Grain lupin, Green pea, Guar, Gyancinth pea, Jackbean, Lima bean (Dry and Green), Kidney Bban, Lablab bean, Lentil, Moth bean, Mung bean, Navy bean, Pea, Pigeon pea, Pinto bean, Rice bean, Runner bean, Southern pea, Sugar snap pea, Sweet lupin, Swordbean, Tepary bean, Urd bean, Wax bean, White lupin, White sweet lupin, Yardlong bean

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

#### **Preplant Broadcast Application**

Apply this product at a rate of 2 pints per acre to control Seed maggots. Make a preplant broadcast application in a minimum 10 gpa of spray to the soil surface using suitable ground equipment. To improve the activity against Seed maggots, this product must be incorporated into the top 1 to 3 inches of soil using suitable tillage equipment.

#### At Plant T-Band Treatment

To control Seed Maggots, apply 1.8 fl. ozs. per 1000 ft. of row at 30-inch row spacing. Apply spray in a 3- to 5-inch wide band over the row behind the planter shoe and in front of the press wheel to achieve shallow incorporation. Mix the specified amount of this product in a minimum of 10 gallons of spray per acre and apply to the soil surface using suitable ground sprayer.

Incorporate this product into the top one-half to 1-inch of soil using tines or chains or other suitable equipment to improve activity of this product against Seed maggots.

The table below gives the equivalent rates of this product required per 100 feet of row for various row spacing:

Spray Volume		Fluid ounces of Spray Volume per 100 feet of Row			
Spray Volume (Gal. of water/A)	30"	28"	24"	22"	
10	7.3	6.9	5.9	5.4	
15	11	10.3	8.8	8.1	
20	14.7	13.7	11.8	10.8	

**PRECAUTIONS:** Insecticides, including this product, may contribute to the stress of the Bean plant under certain environmental conditions which may reduce the plant stand or interfere with normal plant development. Preplant incorporated herbicides may interact with insecticides and enhance this stress.

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not make more than 1 application per year. Do not apply more than 2 pints of this product per acre. Do not apply this product at-plant if the field is treated with a preplant incorporated treatment of this product. Not for use in Mississippi.

#### WHEAT

**Worker Restricted Entry Interval:** Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours unless PPE required for early entry is worn.

For Use Only in Arizona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Kansas, Minnesota, Montana, Nebraska, New Mexico, Nevada, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, South Dakota, Texas, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming.

Pest	This Product (pint/A)
Aphids (including Russian wheat aphid, Greenbug, English grain aphid), Brown wheat mite, Grasshoppers	0.5 to 1
USE DIRECTIONS: From emergence to flowering, treat when 15 to 20% of tillers milk stage, treat when 20% or more of tillers are infested.	are infested. From flowering to early
Army cutworms, Other Cutworm species (suppression only), Wheat midge	1.
USE DIRECTIONS: Control may be reduced under high temperature conditions, or if larvae are more than one-half inch long. Treat when field count pest populations are developing or present. A second application of 1 pint per a For control of Wheat midge, apply when 75% of the Wheat heads have emerge are found in the crop (1 midge per 4 to 5 heads). Application timing is critical to the late afternoon or early evening when temperatures exceed 50°F and wind specific products.	s or crop injury indicates that damaging cre may be made for additional control. d from the boot and when midge adults ensure good control. If possible, apply in
Cereal leaf beetle	1
USE DIRECTIONS: Target application when eggs are near hatching and la inspection.	rvae emerging as monitored by plant

Mix the required dosage with water and apply in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre finished spray volume. Apply using aerial (fixed wing or helicopter) or power-operated ground spray equipment.

This product may also be applied through sprinkler-irrigation systems at specified broadcast application rates to control listed foliar pests (see directions above).

**RESTRICTIONS:** Do not make more than 2 applications of this product or any other chlorpyrifos containing products per crop. Do not apply within 28 days of harvest for grain or straw or within 14 days of harvest for forage or hay. Do not allow livestock to graze or otherwise feed on treated forage within 14 days of application. Do not feed straw from treated Wheat within 28 days of application. Maximum single application rate is 1 pint of this product (0.5 lb. a.i.) per acre.

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

**PESTICIDE STORAGE:** Store in original container in secured, dry storage area. Prevent cross-contamination with other pesticides and fertilizers. Do not store above 100°F for extended periods of time. Storage below 20°F may result in formation of crystals. If product crystallizes, store at 50° to 70°F and agitate to redissolve crystals. If container is damaged or spill occurs, use product immediately or dispose of product and damaged container as indicated below.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Open dumping is prohibited. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

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#### **CONTAINER DISPOSAL:**

Nonrefillable Container (rigid material; less than 5 gals.): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container one-fourth full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Nonrefillable Container (rigid material; 5 gals. up to < 250 gals.): Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container one-fourth full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Refillable Container (≥ 250 gals. & Bulk): Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

#### WARRANTY—CONDITIONS OF SALE

OUR DIRECTIONS FOR USE of this product are based upon tests believed reliable. Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixtures with other chemicals not specifically directed and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage and handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith. To the extent consistent with applicable law, in no case shall the Manufacturer or the Seller be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product when such use and/or handling is not in strict accordance with directions given herewith. The foregoing is a condition of sale by the Seller and is accepted as such by the Buyer.

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