CP CARBARYL INSECTICIDE SPRAY - RTU

- Ready To Use. Shake Well and Spray.
- •Use on: Vegetables, Fruits, Trees, Ornamentals, Shrubs, Roses and Flowers (see inside label for detailed listing)
 - Controls over 100 insect pests.
 - •48 Different Insects on Vegetable Crops
 - •74 Different Insects on Fruit Crops
 - •80 Different Insects on Trees, Ornamentals, Shrubs, Flowers
 - •15 Different Insects Around Buildings and other Outdoor Areas

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

See Back Panel for Precautionary Statements

PRECAUCION AL USUARIO: si usted no le ingles, no use este producto hasta que la etiqueta le haya sido explicada ampliamenta.

Manufactured by:
R & M Regulatory Services
5145 Forest Run Trace - Suite B
Alpharetta GA 30202-4504

EPA EST #65636-GA-1

EPA REG #65636-127

NET CONTENTS _____ oz.

FEB 1

ACCEPTED

APR 1 8 1997

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act. as amended, for the pesticide registered under 9715-455 EPA Reg. No. 1975-455

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

SHAKE CONTAINER BEFORE USING

Hold sprayer 8 to 12 inches from the area to be treated. Spray until surface is wet.

Apply when air is calm to avoid drift and contact with eyes and skin. Start spraying at the farthest corner of the treatment area and work backward to avoid contact with wet surfaces. Allow spray to dry in treated areas before reentering. For trees taller than 10 feet, consider hiring a licensed professional. Spray thoroughly to wet upper and lower leaf surfaces, stems and branches. Do not repeat applications more than once a week.

VEGETABLE CROPS

For control of all the vegetable pests listed below, apply this product in adequate volume to effectively cover both the upper and lower surfaces of the plant.

Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of:

four times for legume vegetables, Brassica leafy vegetables; five times for asparagus, peanuts and leafy vegetables; six times for cucurbit vegetables, root and tuber vegetables; seven times for fruiting vegetables;

eight times for sweet com but no more often than once every 7 days.

Do not treat asparagus more than once every 3 days as excessive residues may result.

NOTE: This product is not registered for use on celery and sweet potatoes in California.

The number in parenthesis following each vegetable crop grouping refers to the minimum interval that must be observed between the date of the last application and the date of harvest.

CROPS	PE	JI S
Beans (including Black-eyed peas, Crowder or	Alfalfa caterpillar	Lygus bugs
Southern peas, Dry-beans, Green beans Lima	Apache cicada	Melonworm
beans, Navy beans, and Snap-beans), Carrots,	Armyworms	Mexican bean beetle
Gorn, Gucumber, Eggplant, Melons, Okra,	Asparagus beetle	Pea leaf weevil
Peanuts, Pepper, Potato , Pum pkin, Squash,	Aster leafhopper	Pea weevil
Sweet Potato, Temato	Bean leaf beetle	Rednecked
(0 days until harvest)	Blister beetles	peanutworm
	Chinch bug	Sap beetles
Asparagus (7 days until harvest)	Colorado potato beetle	Southwestern corn
f	Corn earworm	borer
Brocceli, Brussels-sprouts, Cabbage,	Corn rootworm adult	Spittlebugs
Cauliflower, Cewpeas, Garden-beet-roots, Head	Cowpea curculio	Squash bugs
Lettuce, Horseradish, Kohlrabi, Parsnips, Peas,	Cucumber beetle	Stink bugs
Radishes, Rutabagas, Salsify-reets, Turnip roots	Cutworms	Sweet potato weevil
(3 days until harvest)	European com borer	Tarnished plant bug
	Fall armyworm	Three cornered alfalfa
Chinese cabbage, Gelery, Gollards, Dandelion,	Flea beetles	hopper
Endive (Escarole) Garden beet-tops, Hanover	Grasshoppers	Thrips
salads, Kale, Mustard greens, Leaf-lettuce,	Green cloverworm	Tomato hornworm
Parstey, Salsify tops, Spinach, Swiss-chard,	Harlequin bug	Tomato pinworm
Turnip tops	Imported cabbageworm	Tortoise beetle
(14 days until harvest)	Japanese beetle	Velvetbean caterpillar
	Lace bugs	Weborms
	Leafhoppers	Western bean cutworm
	Lima bean pod borer	Whitefringed beetle adults
		Yellowstriped
		armyworm

FRUIT CROPS

This product may be used as a spot treatment for localized pest infestations on the tree fruits listed below. Do not use on large trees or where pest populations are generally inaccessible to spray deposits, as inadequate control will result. Direct spray toward upper and lower leaf surfaces and between fruit clusters, and on small limbs and trunks to the point of runoff where pests appear.

Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of eight times for tree fruits and five times for small fruits but not more often than once every seven days.

NOTE: To avoid undesired apple thinning, delay use until at least 30 days after full bloom. Carbaryl insecticide may injure early dawn and sunrise strawberry varieties on the Delmarva Peninsula. The number in parenthesis following each fruit and nut crop grouping refers to the minimum interval that must be observed between the date of the last application and the date of harvest.

TREE FRUITS	SMALL FRUITS	PE	STS
Apples, Cherries,	Blueberries, Grapes	Apple Aphid	Lesser appleworm
Peaches, Pears,	(0 days until harvest)	Apple maggot	Lesser peachtree borer
Plums, Prunes		Apple mealybug	Meadow spittlebug
(1 day until harvest)	Strawberries	Apple pandemis	Mealy plum aphid
	(1 day until harvest)	Apple rust mite	Omnivorous leaftler
Apricots, nectarines		Apple sucker	(Strawberry fruitworm)
(3 days until harvest)	Blackberries,	Avocado leafroller	Omnivorous leafroller
	Raspberries,	Bagworms	Orangë tortrix
Citrus	Dewberries	Black cherry aphid	Oriental fruit moth
(5 days until harvest)	(7 days until harvest)	Black scale	Oystershell scale
1		Blueberry maggot	Peach twig borer
		Brown soft scale	Pear leaf blister mite
		California red scale	Pear psylia
		Cherry fruitworm	Pear rust mite
		Cherry maggot_	Periodical cicada
		Citricola scale	Plum curculio
		Citrus cutworm	Purne leafhopper
		Citrus root weevil	Raspberry sawfly
'		Citrus snow scale	Red-banded leafroller
		Codling moth	Rose chafer
		Cucumber beetles	Rosy apply aphid
		Cutworms	Saltmarsh caterpillar
		Eastern tent caterpillar	San Jose scale
		Eightspotted forester	Snowy tree cricket
		European apple sawfly	Strawberry weevil
		European earwig	Tarnished plant bug
		European raspberry	Tentiform leafminers
		aphid	Tussock moth
		Eyespotted budmoth	Variegated leafroller
		Forbes scale	Western grapeleaf
		Fruitree leafroller	skeletonizer
		Grape berry moth	Western tussock moth
		Grape leafhopper	Western yellowstriped
		Grape leaffolder	armyworm
		Green fruitworm	West Indian sugarcane
		Japanese beetle	borer (adults)
(June beeltes	White apple leafhopper
1		Leafhoppers	Woolly apple aphid
		Leafrollers	Yellow headed
	1	Lecanium scales	fireworm

TREES, ORNAMENTALS, SHRUBS AND FLOWERS

This product may be used as a spot treatment for localized pest infestations on trees. Do not use on large trees or where pest populations are generally inaccessible to spray deposits, as inadequate control will result. Direct spray toward the upper and lower leaf surfaces and small trunks, stems and twigs to the point of runoff where pests appear. Repeat applications as necessary up to a total of four times for trees and six times for ornamentals, shrubs and flowers but not more often than once every 7 days.

TREES		PESTS	
Trees (including)	Ants	Hackberry nipplegall	Poinsetta homworm
Shade trees, Shelter	Apple aphid	maker	Psyllids
belts, Plantations,	Armyworm	Holly budmoth	Puss caterpillar
Parks and	Azalea leafminer	Holly leafminer	Redhumped oakworm
Recreational Areas	Bagworms	Jackpine budworm	Rose aphid
	Birch leafminer	Japenese beetle	Rose chafer
Ornamentals	Blister beetle	Jeffrey pine	Roseslug
(including) Roses,	Boxelder bug	needleminer	Saddled prominent
Other Herbaceous	Boxwood leafminer	June beetles	Sawflies (exposed)
plants, Woody	Browntail moth	Plant bugs	Scale insects
plants, Shrubs	Cankerworms	Lace bugs	Sowbugs
	Catalpa sphinx	Leafhoppers	Spiny elm caterpillar
	Chiggers	Leafrollers	Springtails
Į	Cooley spruce gall	Locust borer	Spruce budworm
-	aphid	Maple leafcutter	Spruce needleminer
	Elm leaf aphid	Mealybugs	Subtropical pine tip
	Eim leaf beetle	Mimosa webworm	moth
1	Elm spanworm	Nantucket pine tip moth	Tent caterpillar
	Eriophyld mites	Oak leafminers	Thom bug
	European pine shoot	Oak leaf skeletonizer	Thrips (exposed)
ŧ.	moth	Oakworm complex	Ticks
}	Fall armyworm	Oleander caterpillar	Walnut caterpillar
	Flea beetles	Olive ash borer	Webworms
<u>'</u>	Fuller rose beetles	Orange-striped	Western hemlock
	Gall midges	oakworm	looper
	Gall wasps	Orange tortrix	Western spruce
	Grasshoppers	Periodical cicada	budworm
	Green striped	Pine sawfly	Willow leaf beetles
	mapleworm	Pine spittlebug	Yellow poplar weevil
	Gypsy moth	Pitch pine tip moth	

PEST CONTROL AROUND BUILDINGS AND OTHER OUTDOOR AREAS

This product may be used as a spot treatment around buildings such as homes, apartments, warehouses, barns and municipal and recreational areas to control the pests listed below. Thoroughly wet the outside perimeter of dwellings and other areas where pests tend to congregate.

NOTE: Staining may occur on certain surfaces such as stucco, brick, cinder block and wood. Therefore, applications of this product to surfaces where a noticeable residue or discoloration is objectionable should be avoided. Do not apply to carpets or draperies as staining may occur. Care should also be exercised to avoid spotting of wallpaper and fabrics.

Do not use this product in commercial food areas of food handling establishments, restaurants or other places where food is prepared or processed. Do not use in serving areas while food is exposed.

PESTS			
Ants Bees Wasps Brown dog ticks Carpenter ants Centipedes Cockroaches Crickets	Earwigs Fireboats Silverfish Fleas Millipedes Scorpions Spiders		

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Store unused product in an area out of reach of children and animals. Do not store in areas where temperatures frequently exceed 100° F.

DISPOSAL: Do not reuse container. Wrap and discard in trash.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals CAUTION

May be harmful if swallowed. Avoid breathing spray mist. Do not take internally. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wear regular long-sleeved work clothing. Change to clean clothing daily. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

- •Wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes plus socks and household latex or rubber gloves when applying this product.
 - Wear a hat and eye protection when making overhead applications.
- •Remove clothing immediately if pesticide soaks clothing. Change clothing as soon as possible after use.
- •Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As with any pesticide product, wash hands thoroughly immediately after handling and before eating, smoking or using the toilet.
 - •Do not allow children or pets to contact treated area until sprays have dried.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

GENERAL: Contact a physician immediately in all cases of suspected poisoning. Transport patient to a physician or hospital immediately and SHOW A COPY OF THIS LABEL TO THE PHYSICIAN. If poisoning is suspected in animals, contact a veterinarian.

IF SWALLOWED: Induce vomiting and seek medical attention immediately.

IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

IF ON SKIN: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Carbaryl is a moderate, reversible cholinesterase inhibitor. Atropine is antidotal. Do not use 2-PAM, opiates, or cholinesterase inhibiting drugs.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is extremely toxic to aquatic and estuarine Invertebrates. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water by cleaning equipment or disposal of wastes.

BEE CAUTION

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area.

PLANT RESPONSE PRECAUTIONS

Do not use on Boston Ivy, Virginia creeper and Maidenhair fem as injury will result. During early season, it may also injure Virginia and Sand pines.

DO NOT PLANT ROTATIONAL FOOD AND FEED CROPS NOT LISTED ON THIS OR OTHER CARBARYL LABELS IN CARBARYL TREATED SOIL.

Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage or handling of this product not in strict accordance with this label.