



01-22-2009

1/14

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF
PREVENTION, PESTICIDES
AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

Ms. Luz Chan
Drexel Chemical Company
P. O. Box 13327
Memphis, TN 38113-0327

JAN 22 2009

Dear Ms. Chan:

Subject: Amendment – Revise Label per label table received with DCI dated February 4, 2008
Drexel Endosulfan 3 EC
EPA Reg. No. 19713-399
Your submission dated October 8, 2008

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) section 3(c)(7)(a), is acceptable provided the following revisions are incorporated before you release the product for shipment under the amended label:

1. In the Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) listing, in the “Mixers and loaders supporting...” paragraph, add “goggle or face shield” after “chemical resistant gloves (except when flagging)”. In the “All other mixers...” paragraph add “goggles or face shield” after “socks and shoes”.
2. Since Table 21 was published in the RED, SRRD has modified the wording in the paragraph headings of the PPE section. Replace “Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications who are not using engineering controls...” with “All mixers and loaders who are not using engineering controls...”.
3. In the Engineering Controls section, after the first bullet item “Wear long-sleeved...” add as the second bullet “Wear protective eyewear (face shield or goggles), if the system operates under pressure”.
4. Directly under the heading “DIRECTIONS FOR USE” add “RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE” in bold type.
5. Because the use on grapes and vineyards has been deleted, under the heading “SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT”, in the first sentence of item number “4” revise “For orchard/vineyard airblast...” to read “For orchard airblast...”. In the second sentence revise “...above trees/vines...” to “...above trees...”.

6. Under the heading "ADDITIONAL USE RESTRICTIONS", add as the second sentence "If using high pressure hand wand equipment or Rights-of-Way sprayers, reduce the maximum rate of application to 0.005 lb. active ingredient (0.2 fl. oz. of this product) per gallon."
7. For airblast application to the crop Apples (except California) and Apples (California only), the Agency is allowing an exception to the requirement for closed cabs provided maximum PPE is worn. In the Note, ^{should read "add"} replace "For airblast application the use of a closed cab is required." with "Exception for airblast application to apples: when application using enclosed-cab airblast equipment is not feasible in apple orchards, applicators are permitted to use open-cab airblast equipment PROVIDED they are wearing chemical resistant headgear AND maximum PPE clothing (i.e., baseline clothing plus organic vapor respirator, coveralls over long sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical resistant gloves, chemical resistant shoes plus socks, and goggles or face shield)."
8. For Broccoli and Cabbage, in the Note delete "*The REI is 4 days, however, the REI is increased to 7 days for Broccoli and Cabbage if these crops are grown for seed.". Also delete the associated asterisk after "REI = 4 days" in the Crop column. The use on these crops grown for seed is only permitted on Special Local Need 24C labels and has distinct use directions and rates as well as the different REI.
9. For Collards (except CA) and Collards (CA only), in the Note delete "*The REI is 2 days, however, the REI is increased to 3 days if crop is grown for seed.". Also delete the associated asterisk after "REI = 2 days" in the Crop column. The use on this crop grown for seed is only permitted on Special Local Need 24C labels and has distinct use directions and rates as well as the different REI.
10. For Kale (including CA), in the Note delete "*The REI is 2 days, however, the REI is increased to 3 days if crop is grown for seed.". Also delete the associated asterisk after "REI = 2 days" in the Crop column. The use on this crop grown for seed is only permitted on Special Local Need 24C labels and has distinct use directions and rates as well as the different REI.
11. For Mustard greens (except CA) and Mustard greens (CA only), in the Note delete "*The REI is 2 days, however, the REI is increased to 3 days if 2 crop is grown for seed.". Also delete the associated asterisk after "REI = 2 days" in the Crop column. The use on this crop grown for seed is only permitted on Special Local Need 24C labels and has distinct use directions and rates as well as the different REI.

12. For airblast application to the crop Pears grown in Oregon, Washington, and Idaho, the Agency is allowing an exception to the requirement for closed cabs provided maximum PPE is worn. In the Note, after "For airblast application the use of a closed cab is required." add "Exception for airblast application to pears (OR, WA, and ID only): when application using enclosed-cab airblast equipment is not feasible in pear orchards, applicators are permitted to use open-cab airblast equipment PROVIDED they are wearing chemical resistant headgear AND maximum PPE clothing (i.e., baseline clothing plus organic vapor respirator, coveralls over long sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical resistant gloves, chemical resistant shoes plus socks, and goggles or face shield)."
13. Revise the heading "COMMERCIALY GROWN ORNAMENTALS GROWN OUTDOORS ONLY" with "COMMERCIALY GROWN ORNAMENTALS GROWN OUTDOORS IN NURSERIES ONLY".
14. Because of the change in the heading, item 12 above, you should delete the redundant heading "GROWN OUTDOORS IN NURSERIES ONLY" that appears above the entry for Leatherleaf Fern. Just bring that entry up to join with the other ornamentals entries.
15. Include the label revisions for the Storage and Disposal section specified by PR Notice 2007-4, which is available at:
www.epa.gov/opppmsd1/PR_Notices/pr2007-4.pdf

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Please submit three copies of the amended labeling bearing the above revisions before you release the amended label for shipment. Please note that acceptance of this amendment does not constitute reregistration of the subject product.

Sincerely,

Dana R. Pilitt

for Kimberly Nesci
Product Manager 11
Insecticide Branch
Registration Division (7505P)

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to acute toxicity to humans, aquatic organisms, and avian species. For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision, and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification.

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
in EPA Letter Dated

JAN-2-2 2009

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, for the pesticide registered under FIFRA Reg. No. 19713-399

Drexel

Endosulfan 3EC

Insecticide

For Agricultural or Commercial Use Only. Not for use or storage in or around residential sites - see DIRECTIONS FOR USE / GENERAL INFORMATION for prohibited areas.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Endosulfan	34.0%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:*	66.0%
TOTAL:	100.0%

This product contains 3 pounds of Endosulfan per gallon.
*Contains xylene range aromatic solvent.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER  **PELIGRO**
POISON  **VENENO**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See FIRST AID Below
SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING

EPA Reg. No. 19713-399

EPA Est. No. 19713-GA-001

Net Content: _____

FIRST AID

IF SWALLOWED:

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Do not give any liquid to the person.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20 minutes.

IF IN EYES:

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.

IF INHALED:

- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.

Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. For information on this pesticide product (including health concerns, medical emergencies or pesticide incidents), call the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7378.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Endosulfan is a central nervous system stimulant absorbable by mouth, inhalation or through contact with skin. It may cause convulsions. There is no specific antidote. Diazepam (V) is the drug of choice. Barbituric acid derivatives such as Phenobarbital may be used additionally. A neuromuscular blocking agent may be used if convulsions persist. This type of drug may be used only if complete control of respiration can be maintained. Epinephrine derivatives are absolutely contraindicated. This formula contains petroleum hydrocarbons (xylene range aromatic solvent). Care should be taken to prevent aspiration because of the possibility of chemical pneumonia or pulmonary edema due to the organic solvent in the formulation. Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

DANGER: Fatal if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor or spray mist. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Wear appropriate protective clothing listed below. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Do not contaminate food or feed. Keep out of reach of domestic animals. Food utensils such as spoons and measuring cups must not be used for food purposes after use in measuring pesticides.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are made of barrier laminate or viton. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category G on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

All handlers except those using engineering controls must wear:

- Respirator with an organic-vapor removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G), or a NIOSH approved respirator with an (OV) cartridge or a canister with any R, P or HE prefilter.

IN ADDITION:

Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications who are not using engineering controls (see engineering requirements below), handlers supporting or using high pressure handwand equipment and flaggers must wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant footwear plus socks, chemical-resistant gloves (except when flagging), chemical-resistant headgear when exposed overhead, and chemical-resistant apron when mixing and loading.

All other mixers, loaders, applicators, and handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants, socks and shoes, chemical-resistant gloves except for applicators using enclosed cabs or cockpits, chemical-resistant apron when mixing and loading, applying dips, cleaning up spills or cleaning/repairing equipment, and a respirator of the type specified above for all handlers except for those using engineering controls.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

Manufactured By:

Drexel Chemical Company

P.O. BOX 13327, MEMPHIS, TN 38113-0327

398SP-0408 Pending

ENDOSULFAN 3EC Page 1 of 11

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications at the rate of more than 1.5 lbs. ai. per acre or supporting applications to Cotton must use a closed system that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)] for dermal and inhalation protection, and must:

- Wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes, socks, chemical-resistant gloves, and chemical-resistant apron,
- Be provided and have immediately available for use in an emergency, such as a broken package, spill, or equipment breakdown: coveralls, chemical-resistant footwear, and the type of respirator specified in the PPE section.

Applicators using airblast equipment on all crops except ornamental trees and shrubs must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition in the WPS for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(5)] for dermal protection. In addition, such applicators must:

- Wear the personal protective equipment required in the PPE section of this labeling,
- Either wear the type of respirator specified in the PPE section of this labeling or use an enclosed cab that is declared in writing by the manufacturer or by a government agency to provide at least as much respiratory protection as the type of respirator specified in the PPE section of this labeling.
- Be provided and must have immediately available for use in an emergency when they must exit the cab in the treated area: coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves, chemical-resistant footwear, chemical-resistant headgear, if overhead exposure, and, if using an enclosed cab that provides respiratory protection, a respirator of the type specified in the PPE section of this labeling,
- Take off any PPE that was worn in the treated area before reentering the cab, and
- Store all such PPE in a chemical-resistant container, such as a plastic bag, to prevent contamination of the inside of the cab.

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the WPS for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)].

When handlers use closed systems and enclosed cabs, in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the WPS for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should: 1) Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. 2) Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. 3) Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates and toxic to birds and mammals. Do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. See Spray drift management instructions under **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Combustible. Do not use, pour, spill or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR Part 170. This standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, greenhouses and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry interval (REI) and notification to workers. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the WPS. (Continued)

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS (Cont.)

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the REI.

Exception: If the product is soil-injected or soil-incorporated, the WPS, under certain circumstances, allows workers to enter the treated area if there will be no contact with anything that has been treated.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the WPS and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is: Coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material, protective eyewear, and shoes plus socks.

Notify workers of the application by warning them orally and by posting warning signs at entrances to treated area.

For use in California, refer to the California Supplemental Label, "PROCEDURES FOR REDUCING THE RISK OF CONTAMINATION OF AQUATIC ECOSYSTEMS IN CALIFORNIA, which follows the CHEMIGATION STATEMENT" on this label.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Not for use or storage in or around residential sites, including, homes, non-agricultural outbuildings, non-commercial greenhouses, recreational vehicles, preschools, day care centers, and not for application to humans and pets. Apply the listed amount per acre when insects first appear and repeat as required, unless otherwise noted, to maintain effective control. Use in sufficient water for thorough coverage of listed crops, unless otherwise noted. Coverage of upper and lower leaf surfaces is essential for good control. For ground application, apply recommended amount of pesticide in a minimum of 10 gallons of water per acre on vegetable or row crops, unless otherwise noted. Observe use limitations. If insect control is required beyond the following use patterns, supplement the control program with other suitable pesticides. When applying this material by aircraft, mix the recommended amount with sufficient water to provide a minimum of 1 gallon of finished spray per acre on vegetable and field crops, unless otherwise noted, and a minimum of 20 gallons of finished spray per acre on fruit and nut trees and on vines. Where more than 2 quarts of this material are recommended, mix with sufficient water to provide a minimum of finished spray equal to twice the amount of this product used. Do not plant root crops other than Carrots, Potatoes, Sweet potatoes and Sugar beets as follow-up crops. Observe days interval between last application and harvest.

Observe state and regional restrictions and limitations if indicated in the crop headings. (CA only) indicates instructions specific to California. (Except CA) indicates uses for all states excluding California. No state restrictions indicates that the use is valid in California and all other states.

SPRAY DRIFT MANAGEMENT

1. Do not allow spray to drift from the application site and contact people, structures people occupy at any time and the associated property, parks and recreation areas, non-target crops, aquatic and wetland areas, woodlands, pastures, rangelands, or animals.
2. A 30 ft. vegetative buffer strip must be maintained between all areas treated with this product and rivers, natural ponds, lakes, streams, reservoirs, marshes, estuaries and commercial fish ponds.
3. For ground boom applications, do not apply within 100 feet of rivers, natural ponds, lakes, streams, reservoirs, marshes, estuaries and commercial fish ponds. Apply with nozzle height no more than 4 feet above the ground or crop canopy and when wind speed is 10 mph or less at the application site as measured by an anemometer. Use fine, medium or coarser spray according to ASAE 572 definition for standard nozzles or VMD for spinning atomizer nozzles.
4. For orchard/vineyard airblast applications, do not apply within 100 feet of rivers, natural ponds, lakes, streams, reservoirs, marshes, estuaries and commercial fish ponds. Direct spray above trees/vines and turn off outward pointing nozzles at row ends and outer rows. Apply only when wind speed is 3 to 10 mph as measured by an anemometer outside of the orchard/vineyard on the upwind side.
5. For aerial applications, do not apply within 300 feet of rivers, natural ponds, lakes, streams, reservoirs, marshes, estuaries and commercial fish ponds. The boom width must not exceed 75% of the wingspan or 90% of the rotary blade. Use upwind swath displacement and apply only when wind speed is 3 to 10 mph as measured by an anemometer. Use fine, medium or coarser spray according to ASAE 572 definition for standard nozzles or VMD for spinning atomizer nozzles. If application includes a no-spray zone, do not release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the ground or the crop canopy.
6. For overhead chemigation, do not apply within 100 feet of rivers, natural ponds, lakes, streams, reservoirs, marshes, estuaries and commercial fish ponds. Apply only when wind speed is 10 mph or less.
7. The applicator also must use all other measures necessary to control drift.

ADDITIONAL USE RESTRICTIONS

The use of high pressure hand wand on sites except for Bark treatment or Tobacco drench is prohibited.

CHEMIGATION STATEMENT

Chemigation Use Instruction—Potatoes Only (Not registered for use in California)

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system to other crops. Do not apply this product to Potatoes through any type of irrigation system unless chemigation application instructions are followed. For overhead chemigation, do not apply within 100 feet of rivers, natural ponds, lakes, streams, reservoirs, marshes, estuaries, and commercial fish ponds. Apply only when wind speed is 10 mph or less.

Application Through Irrigation Systems—Chemigation

Apply this product only through sprinkler, including center pivot, lateral move, and tow, side (wheat) roll, traveler, bug gun, solid set or hand move irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact your State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for the operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Mix in clean supply tank the recommended amount of this product for acreage to be covered and needed quantity of water.

This product should not be tank-mixed with other pesticides, surfactants or fertilizers unless prior use has shown the combination non-injurious under your conditions of use. Follow precautionary statements and directions for all tank mix products.

On all crops, use sufficient gallonage of water to obtain thorough and uniform coverage, but not cause runoff or excessive leaching. This will vary depending on equipment, pest problem and state of crop growth. Application of more or less than optimal quantity of water may result in decreased chemical performance, crop injury or illegal pesticide residues. Meter this product into the irrigation water uniformly during the period of operation. Do not overlap application. Follow recommended label rates, application timing and other directions and precautions for crop being treated. Continuous mild agitation of pesticide mixture may be needed to assure a uniform application, particularly if the supply tank requires a number of hours to empty.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Chemigation Systems Connected To Public Water Systems

Note: DREXEL CHEMICAL does not encourage connecting chemigation systems to public water supplies. The following information is provided for users who have diligently considered all other application and water supply options before selecting to make such a connection. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year. Chemigation systems connected to public water systems must contain a functional reduced-pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from a point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top or overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill pipe.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shutdown.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops or in cases where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Sprinkler Chemigation (Foliar Spray Uses)

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch, which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

PROCEDURES FOR REDUCING THE RISK OF CONTAMINATION OF AQUATIC ECOSYSTEMS IN CALIFORNIA

FOR CROP USES LISTED ON THE PRODUCT LABEL

Endosulfan may be a source of contamination in aquatic ecosystems as a result of runoff from agricultural land due to discharge of irrigation water or during periods of heavy rainfall.

To minimize the chance of aquatic impact, the following conditions must be met to allow applications of this product:

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN CALIFORNIA (GENERAL)

In addition to specific instructions under "DIRECTIONS FOR USE" on the principal label, the following conditions must also be followed for use in California:

1. Do not apply this product to fields during irrigation or irrigate for 72 hours following an application.
2. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.
3. Do not apply more than 1.5 pounds of active ingredient per acre per application, or more than 3 pounds of active ingredient per acre per season. (Orchard crops and Strawberries exempted on rate per acre per application restriction).
4. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark.
5. Do not apply by ground or air within a distance of 300 feet to natural bodies of water including lakes, ponds, streams and estuaries.

ACCEPTABLE SITES FOR APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT IN CA

1. Fields with no drains, having containment through berms (able to hold irrigation water and normal rainwater), levees and non-draining circulation systems.
2. Fields with drains, but drainage flows to sump, farm pond, evaporation pond or recirculation system without drainage (uncontrollable overflow acceptable, e.g., 10 or 100 year flood). Only grower maintained recirculation systems without drainage are acceptable.
3. Fields with surface drains that naturally flow onto pastureland or fallow fields that have no channeled drainage and are at least 300 feet long.

UNACCEPTABLE SITES FOR APPLICATION OF THIS PRODUCT IN CA

1. Fields draining directly into surface waters such as streams, rivers, lakes, ponds, marshes, bays, estuaries or the ocean.
2. Fields draining into surface drainage ditches or canals that flow directly into surface waters such as streams, rivers, lakes, ponds, marshes, bays, estuaries or the ocean.
3. Any and all fields with surface drainage patterns in the Moss Landing Drainage System having main arteries that drain into the Elkhorn Slough (Northern portion of Monterey County).
4. Any and all fields with drainage patterns in the San Diego Creek Drainage System having main arteries that drain into Newport Bay.

All applicable directions, restrictions and precautions on the EPA registered label are to be followed.

This label must be in the possession of the user at the time of pesticide application.

FOR DRIFT CONTROL

1. All application equipment should be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers.
2. Do not make aerial or ground applications during temperature inversions.
3. Make aerial or ground applications when the wind velocity favors on-target product deposition (approximately 3 to 10 mph). Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 10 mph. Do not discharge at a height of more than 10 feet above the crop or target.

4. For aerial applications, a positive off system shall be in place to control flow of liquid to spray nozzles as follows: Each individual nozzle shall be equipped with a check valve and the flow controlled by a suckback device or a boom pressure release device; or each nozzle shall be equipped with a positive action valve.
5. For aerial applications, the spray boom must be mounted on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wing tip or rotor vortices. The working boom length must not exceed 75% of wingspan or rotor diameter.
6. Aircraft boom pressure shall not exceed 40 pounds per square inch.
7. Aircraft nozzles shall be equipped with orifices directed backward, parallel to the horizontal axis of the aircraft in flight.
8. Aircraft nozzles shall not be equipped with any device or mechanism which would cause a sheet, cone, fan or similar type dispersion of the discharged material except as otherwise provided.
9. Fixed-wing aircraft and helicopters operating in excess of 60 mph shall be equipped with jet nozzles having an orifice not less than one-sixteenth inch in diameter (D-4 or larger).
10. Helicopters operating at 60 mph or less shall be equipped with nozzles having an orifice not less than one-sixteenth inch in diameter. A number 46 or equivalent whirlplate may be used.
11. For ground applications, equipment other than handguns shall be equipped with nozzles having an orifice not less than one-sixteenth inch in diameter or larger. Boom nozzles shall be operated at a boom pressure not to exceed 30 pounds per square inch.

OBSERVE DAYS INTERVAL BETWEEN LAST APPLICATION AND HARVEST INDICATED BY NUMBER IN () FOLLOWING CROP.
REI = Restricted Entry Interval

Crop	Pests	Rate of Application
Almonds (58) REI = 2 days	(Early infestation of): Peach twig borers	2.66 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply during Popcorn, pink or petal fall for control of early season infestation. Use in a minimum of 200 gals. of water per acre (dilute) or in 40 gals. per acre (concentrate). For areas less than 1 acre, use 0.7 qt. per 100 gals. of water.	
Note: Do not graze livestock on orchard crops or grasses in treated areas. Treated hulls may be fed to livestock and dairy animals. Do not make more than 1 application per season. Do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season. For airblast application the use of a closed cab is required. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required.		
Apples (21) (Except CA) REI = 2 days	Aphids (including Apple aphids, Rosy apple aphids, Woolly apple aphids), Apple rust mites, Green fruitworms, Tarnished plant bugs, Tentiform leafminers, White apple leafhoppers (first generation)	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or a maximum of 3.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Applications made at pink and/or petal fall provide best control of Tarnished plant bugs and Green fruitworms. For best control of first generation White apple leafhoppers, apply when nymphs first appear on leaves. If necessary, prior to petal fall, use 1 qt. per 100 gals. to control Apple aphids and Rosy apple aphids. For control of Tentiform leafminers, make first application as soon as moth flight begins. A second application should be made 10 days later.	
Note: Do not feed pomace from treated Apples to livestock. Do not feed cull fruits to animals or allow livestock to graze in treated orchards. Do not make more than 2 applications during the fruiting period. Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 2.5 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 3.33 qts.) per acre per season. For airblast application the use of a closed cab is required. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required.		

Crop	Pests	Rate of Application
Apples (30) (CA only) REI = 2 days	Aphids (including Apple aphids, Rosy apple aphids, Woolly apple aphids), Apple rust mites, White apple leafhoppers (first generation)	0.66 qt. per 100 gallons or a maximum of 3.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For best control of first generation White apple leafhoppers, apply when nymphs first appear on leaves. If necessary, prior to petal fall, use 1 qt. per 100 gals. to control Apple aphids and Rosy apple aphids.	
Note: Do not feed pomace from treated Apples to livestock. Do not feed cull fruits to animals or allow livestock to graze in treated orchards. Do not make more than 2 applications during the fruiting period. Do not make more than 3 applications per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 2.5 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 3.33 qts.) per acre per season. For airblast application the use of a closed cab is required. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required.		
Apricots (21), Nectarines (21), Peaches (21) (Except CA) REI = 2 days	Peachtree borers, Lesser peachtree borers	1 qt. per 100 gals. or 2.66 to 3.33 qts. per acre Pacific Northwest 0.66 to 1 qt. per 100 gals. Southeastern States: 2 to 3.33 qts. per 100 gals.
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Best control is obtained with a single application post-harvest. Spray all bark areas from ground level to lower scaffold limbs.	
Note: Do not feed cull fruits to animals or allow livestock to graze in treated orchards. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not exceed 2.5 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 3.33 qts.) per acre per season. For airblast application the use of a closed cab is required. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required.		
Apricots (30), Nectarines (30), Peaches (30) (Except CA) REI = 2 days	Aphids (including Black cherry aphids, Black peach aphids, Green peach aphids, Rusty plum aphids), Catfacing insects (Stink bug type), Green fruitworms, Peach silver mites, Peach twig borers	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or a maximum of 3.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
Note: Do not feed cull fruits to animals or allow livestock to graze in treated orchards. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not exceed 2.5 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 3.33 qts.) per acre per season. For airblast application the use of a closed cab is required. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required.		
Apricots (30), Nectarines (30), Peaches (30) (CA only) REI = 2 days	Aphids (including Black cherry aphids, Black peach aphids, Green peach aphids, Rusty plum aphids), Catfacing insects (Stink bug type), Peach silver mites, Peach twig borers	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or a maximum of 3.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
Note: Do not feed cull fruits to animals or allow livestock to graze in treated orchards. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not exceed 2.5 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 3.33 qts.) per acre per season. For airblast application the use of a closed cab is required. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required.		

8
14

Crop	Pests	Rate of Application
Beans (Dry) (3) Peas (Dry) (3) (Except CA)	Black bean aphids, Bean leaf skeletonizers, Cowpea curculios, Cucumber beetles, Flea beetles, Green stink bugs, Leafhoppers, Mexican bean beetles	0.66 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed. For control of Cowpea curculios, make 3 applications at 5-day intervals starting when the pods are 0.5 inch long.	
	Aphids, Armyworms, Western bean cutworms, Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed. For control of Cowpea curculios, make 3 applications at 5-day intervals starting when the pods are 0.5 inch long.	
REI = 2 days		
Notes: Do not feed treated vines or freshings or allow livestock to graze in treated fields. Do not use on Lima beans that are to be removed from the field for processing. For Dried beans and Dried peas, do not make more than 2 applications per season and do not exceed 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season. Use is limited to Peas harvested by combine only.		
Beans (Dry) (3) Peas (Dry) (3) (CA Only)	Black bean aphids, Bean leaf skeletonizers, Cucumber beetles, Flea beetles, Green stink bugs, Leafhoppers, Mexican bean beetles	0.66 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Aphids, Western bean cutworms, Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
REI = 2 days		
Notes: Do not feed treated vines or freshings or allow livestock to graze in treated fields. Do not use on Lima beans that are to be removed from the field for processing. For Dried beans and Dried peas, do not make more than 2 applications per season and do not exceed 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season. Use is limited to Peas harvested by combine only.		
Blueberries (Except CA)	Blueberry bud mites	2 qts. per acre per 300 gals. of water
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply immediately after harvest and repeat 6 to 8 weeks later.	
REI = 6 days		
Notes: Do not apply after buds are well-formed. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not exceed 1.5 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2 qts.) per acre per season. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required.		
Broccoli (7), Brussels sprouts (14), Cabbage (7), Cauliflower (14) (Except CA)	Cabbage aphids, Cabbage loopers, Cross-striped cabbageworms, Diamondback moths (larvae), Flea beetles, Harlequin bugs, Imported cabbageworms, Leafhoppers, Stink bugs	1 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Armyworms, Cutworms, Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
REI = 4 days*		
Notes: Do not make more than 2 applications per season. Do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season. *The REI is 4 days, however, the REI is increased to 7 days for Broccoli and Cabbage if these crops are grown for seed.		
Broccoli (7), Brussels sprouts (14), Cabbage (7), Cauliflower (14) (CA Only)	Cabbage aphids, Cabbage loopers, Cross-striped cabbageworms, Diamondback moths (larvae), Flea beetles, Harlequin bugs, Imported cabbageworms, Stink bugs	1 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Armyworms, Cutworms, Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
REI = 4 days*		
Notes: Do not make more than 2 applications per season. Do not exceed a maximum of 2.0 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season. *The REI is 4 days, however, the REI is increased to 7 days for Broccoli and Cabbage if these crops are grown for seed.		

Crop	Pests	Rate of Application
Carrots (7) (Except CA)	Green peach aphids, Leafhoppers	0.66 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make application when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Armyworms, Flea beetles, Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
REI = 2 days		
Notes: Do not use tops for food or feed. Do not make more than 1 application per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season.		
Carrots (7) (CA Only)	Green peach aphids	0.66 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make application when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Flea beetles, Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
REI = 2 days		
Notes: Do not use tops for food or feed. Do not make more than 1 application per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 1 lb. of active ingredient (i.e., 1.33 qts.) per acre per year.		
Celery (4) (Except CA)	Green peach aphids, Cabbage loopers, Leafhoppers	0.66 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make application when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Armyworms, Flea beetles, Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
REI = 2 days		
Notes: Do not make more than 1 application per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 1 lb. of active ingredient (i.e., 1.33 qts.) per acre per season.		
Celery (7) (Except CA)	Green peach aphids	0.66 qt. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
REI = 2 days		
Notes: Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 1 lb. of active ingredient (i.e., 1.33 qts.) per acre per season.		
Celery (4) (CA Only)	Green peach aphids, Cabbage loopers	0.66 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make application when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Flea beetles, Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
REI = 2 days		
Notes: Do not make more than 1 application per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 1 lb. of active ingredient (i.e., 1.33 qts.) per acre per season.		
Celery (7) (CA Only)	Green peach aphids	0.66 qt. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
REI = 2 days		
Notes: Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 1 lb. of active ingredient (i.e., 1.33 qts.) per acre per season.		
Cherries (21) (Except CA)	Peachtree borers, Lesser peachtree borers	1 qt. per 100 gals. or 2.66 to 3.33 qts. per acre Pacific Northwest 0.66 to 1 qt. per 100 gals.
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Best control is obtained with a single application post-harvest after leaves have dropped. Spray all bark areas from ground level to lower scaffold limbs.	
	Black cherry aphids, Green fruitworms, Plum rust (Nursery) mites	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or 2.66 to 3.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
REI = 2 days	Pacific Northwest only: Eyespotted bud moth, Fruitree leafrollers	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or 2.66 to 3.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For Bud moth control, apply at popcorn stage. For Leafroller control, apply during pre-pink stage of growth.	
	MI Only: Mineola moths	1.33 qts. per 100 gals.
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply in the delayed-dormant period. Do not apply more than 2.5 lbs. of active ingredient (3.33 qts. of this product) per acre per application.	
Notes: Do not feed cull fruits to animals or allow livestock to graze in treated orchards. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 2.5 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 3.33 qts.) per acre per season. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required. For airblast application, the use of a closed cab is required.		

Crop	Pests	Rate of Application
Cherries (21) (CA Only)	Black cherry aphids, Plum nut (Nursery) mites	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or 2.66 to 3.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Pacific Northwest only: Eyespotted bud moth, Fruitree leafrollers	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or 2.66 to 3.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For Bud moth control, apply at popcorn stage. For Leafroller control, apply during pre-pink stage of growth.	
REI = 2 days		
Note: Do not feed cull fruits to animals or allow livestock to graze treated orchards. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 2.5 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 3.33 qts.) per acre per season. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required. For airblast application, the use of a closed cab is required.		
Citrus (Non-bearing trees and Nursery stock) (Including CA)	Citrus aphids	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or a maximum of 3.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
REI = 2 days		
Note: Do not apply to bearing trees or trees that will bear fruit within 12 months. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 2.5 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 3.33 qts.) per acre per season. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required.		
Collards (21) (Except CA)	Aphids, Cabbage loopers, Diamond-back moths (larvae), Fall armyworms, Flea beetles, Harlequin bugs, Imported cabbageworms, Leafhoppers	1 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make application when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
REI = 2 days*		
Note: Do not make more than 1 application per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 1 lb. of active ingredient (i.e., 1.33 qts.) per acre per season. *The REI is 2 days, however, the REI is increased to 3 days if crop is grown for seed.		
Collards (21) (CA Only)	Aphids, Cabbage loopers, Diamondback moths (larvae), Flea beetles, Harlequin bugs, Imported cabbageworms, Whiteflies	1 qt. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make application when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
REI = 2 days*		
Note: Do not make more than 1 application per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 0.75 lb. of active ingredient (i.e., 1 qt.) per acre per season. *The REI is 2 days, however, the REI is increased to 3 days if crop is grown for seed.		
Cotton (AZ, NM, OK, and TX only)	Aphids	Ground: 0.5 to 1 qt. per acre Air: 1 qt. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed. Thorough coverage is important.	
	Beet weevils	Ground: 0.66 to 2 qts. per acre Air: 1 qt. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Beetworms, Cabbage loopers, Cotton leafperforators, Cotton leafworms, Fleahoppers, Lygus bugs, Stink bugs, Tobacco budworms	Ground: 1.33 to 2 qts. per acre Air: 1 qt. per acre
REI = 2 days		
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.		
Note: Applications may be made using ground or aerial application equipment. The higher rate should be used under heavy pest pressure. Do not apply after bolls open. Do not graze dairy or meat animals in treated fields. Do not make more than 2 applications per season. For ground application, do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season. For aerial application, do not exceed 1.5 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2 qts.) per acre per season. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required. Only mechanical harvesting is permitted. Hand thinning/pruning is prohibited.		
(Continued)		

Crop	Pests	Rate of Application
Cotton (Cont.) (AZ, NM, OK, and TX only)	Whiteflies	Ground: 1.33 qts. per acre Air: 1 qt. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Thrips	Ground: 2 qts. per acre Air: 1 qt. per acre
REI = 2 days		
Note: Applications may be made using ground or aerial application equipment. The higher rate should be used under heavy pest pressure. Do not apply after bolls open. Do not graze dairy or meat animals in treated fields. Do not make more than 2 applications per season. For ground application, do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season. For aerial application, do not exceed 1.5 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2 qts.) per acre per season. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required. Only mechanical harvesting is permitted. Hand thinning/pruning is prohibited.		
Cotton (CA Only)	Aphids	Ground: 0.5 to 1 qt. per acre Air: 1 qt. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed. Thorough coverage is important.	
	Beet weevils	Ground: 0.66 to 2 qts. per acre Air: 1 qt. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Beetworms, Cabbage loopers, Cotton leafperforators, Fleahoppers, Lygus bugs, Stink bugs	Ground: 1.33 to 2 qts. per acre Air: 1 qt. per acre
REI = 2 days		
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.		
Cotton (AZ, NM, OK, and TX only)	Whiteflies	Ground: 1.33 qts. per acre Air: 1 qt. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Thrips	Ground: 2 qts. per acre Air: 1 qt. per acre
REI = 2 days		
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.		
Note: Applications may be made using ground or aerial application equipment. The higher rate should be used under heavy pest pressure. Do not apply after bolls open. Do not graze dairy or meat animals in treated fields. Do not make more than 2 applications per season. For ground application, do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season. For aerial application, do not exceed 1.5 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2 qts.) per acre per season. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required. Only mechanical harvesting is permitted. Hand thinning/pruning is prohibited.		

19
14

Crop	Pests	Rate of Application
Cucumbers (2), Melons (2), Pumpkins (2), Summer and Winter squash (2) (Except CA)	Aphids, Cucumber beetles, Melonworms, Pickleworms, Rindworms (on Watermelons), Squash beetles, Squash bugs, Squash vine borers, Striped flea beetles	0.66 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed. For Squash vine borer control, apply weekly to flower buds, stems and vines beginning when moths first appear.	
	Cabbage loopers, Omnivorous leafrollers, Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
REI = 2 days	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
Note: Do not make more than 4 applications per season. Do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season.		
Cucumbers (2), Melons (2), Pumpkins (2), Summer and Winter squash (2) (CA Only)	Aphids, Cucumber beetles, Melonworms, Pickleworms, Rindworms (on Watermelons), Squash beetles, Squash bugs, Squash vine borers, Striped flea beetles	0.66 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed. For Squash vine borer control, apply weekly to flower buds, stems and vines beginning when moths first appear.	
	Cabbage loopers, Omnivorous leafrollers, Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
REI = 2 days	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
Note: Do not make more than 3 applications per season. Do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season.		
Eggplant (1) (Except CA)	Blister beetles, Colorado potato beetles, Flea beetles, Green peach aphids, Green stink bugs	0.66 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
REI = 2 days	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
Note: Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season.		
Eggplant (1) (CA Only)	Blister beetles, Colorado potato beetles, Flea beetles, Green peach aphids, Green stink bugs	0.66 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
REI = 2 days	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
Note: Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 0.5 lb. of active ingredient (i.e., 1.33 qts.) per acre per season.		
Kale (21) (Including CA)	Cabbage flea beetles, Harlequin bugs, Imported cabbageworms	1 qt. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make application when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
REI = 2 days*		
Note: Do not make more than 1 application per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 0.75 lb. of active ingredient (i.e., 1 qt.) per acre per season. *The REI is 2 days, however, the REI is increased to 3 days if crop is grown for seed.		
Lettuce (14) (Except CA)	Cabbage loopers, Diamondback moths (larvae), Green peach aphids, Imported cabbageworms, Leafhoppers	1 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Armyworms, Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
REI = 2 days	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
Note: On Head lettuce - Do not make more than 2 applications per season. Remove wrapper leaves at harvest. On Leaf lettuce - Do not make more than 2 applications per season. Do not feed crop refuse to livestock. Do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season.		

Crop	Pests	Rate of Application
Lettuce (14) (CA Only)	Cabbage loopers, Diamondback moths (larvae), Green peach aphids, Imported cabbageworms	1 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
REI = 2 days	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
Note: On Head lettuce - Do not make more than 2 applications per season. Remove wrapper leaves at harvest. On Leaf lettuce - Do not make more than 2 applications per season. Do not feed crop refuse to livestock. Do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season.		
Mustard greens (21) (Except CA)	Aphids, Cabbage loopers, Diamondback moths (larvae), Fall armyworms, Flea beetles, Harlequin bugs, Imported cabbageworms, Leafhoppers	1 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make application when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
REI = 2 days*	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make application when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
Note: Do not make more than 1 application per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 1 lb. of active ingredient (i.e., 1.33 qts.) per acre per season. *The REI is 2 days, however, the REI is increased to 3 days if crop is grown for seed.		
Mustard greens (21) (CA Only)	Aphids, Cabbage loopers, Diamondback moths (larvae), Flea beetles, Harlequin bugs, Imported cabbageworms, Whiteflies	1 qt. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make application when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	REI = 2 days*	
Note: Do not make more than 1 application per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 0.75 lb. of active ingredient (i.e., 1 qt.) per acre per season. *The REI is 2 days, however, the REI is increased to 3 days if crop is grown for seed.		
Pears (7) (Except CA)	Green fruitworms, Tarnished plant bugs	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or 2.66 to 3.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications at white bud or petal fall when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Pear psylla	3.33 qts. per acre
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply in a minimum of 10 gals. of water for aerial application or in 300 gals. of water for dilute application. Apply when adults are first observed or nymphs are small and repeat to maintain control.		
Pear rust mites, Conspicuous stink bugs (Foliar treatment)		0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or 2.66 to 3.33 qts. per acre
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed. Stink bugs must be wet by spray to obtain control.		
Conspicuous stink bugs (Soil treatment)		0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or 200 to 400 qts. per acre
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply to orchard floor and around trees prior to bloom.		
Pear leaf blister mites		0.33 to 0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or 2.66 to 3.33 qts. per acre
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply to trees as a post-harvest or dormant treatment. Do not apply more than 2.5 lbs. of active ingredient (3.33 qts. of this product) per acre per application.		
REI = 2 days		
Note: Do not feed cull fruits to animals or allow livestock to graze in treated orchards. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 2.5 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 3.33 qts.) per acre per season. Aerial application may not result in satisfactory control and should only be employed if impossible to apply by ground. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required. For airblast application, the use of a closed cab is required.		

11
14

Crop	Pests	Rate of Application
Pears (7) (CA Only)	Pear psylla	3.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply in a minimum of 10 gals. of water for aerial application or in 300 gals. of water for dilute application. Apply when adults are first observed or nymphs are small and repeat to maintain control.	
	Pear rust mites, Conspicuous stink bugs (Foliar treatment)	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or 2.66 to 3.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed. Stink bugs must be wet by spray to obtain control.	
	Conspicuous stink bugs (Soil treatment)	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or 200 to 400 gals. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply to orchard floor and around trees prior to bloom.	
	Pear leaf blister mites	0.33 to 0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or 2.66 to 3.33 qts. per acre
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply to trees as a post-harvest or dormant treatment. Do not apply more than 2.5 lbs. of active ingredient (3.33 qts. of this product) per acre per application.		
REI = 2 days		
Note: Do not feed cull fruits to animals or allow livestock to graze in treated orchards. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 2.5 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 3.33 qts.) per acre per season. Aerial application may not result in satisfactory control and should only be employed if impossible to apply by ground. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required. For airblast application, the use of a closed cab is required.		
Peppers (4) (Except CA)	Armyworms, Flea beetles, Green peach aphids, Hornworms, Leafhoppers, Pepper maggots	0.66 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make application when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
REI = 2 days		
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make application when insects appear or feeding is noticed.		
Note: Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season.		
Peppers (4) (CA Only)	Flea beetles, Green peach aphids, Hornworms, Pepper maggots	0.66 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make application when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
REI = 2 days		
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make application when insects appear or feeding is noticed.		
Note: Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season.		
Pineapple (7) Fresh Market Only (CA Only)	Pineapple fruit mites	2 to 2.66 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed. Apply at intervals of 7 to 10 days, if necessary, particularly during the 40-day blooming period.	
REI = 2 days		
Note: Do not feed forage or Pineapple by-products to livestock. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 3 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 4 qts.) per acre per season.		

Crop	Pests	Rate of Application
Plums (7), Prunes (7) (Except CA)	Fruitree leafrollers (Pacific Northwest Only)	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or 2.66 to 3.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply during pre-pink stage of growth when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Aphids (including Hop aphids, Leafcurl aphids, Thistle aphids), Plum rust (Nursery) mites	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or 2.66 to 3.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For control of Aphids, apply when eggs hatch during pre-bloom or petal fall. Summer applications should be made before leaves curl.	
	Peach twig borers	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or 2.66 to 3.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Lesser peachtree borers, Peachtree borers	1 qt. per 100 gals. or 2.66 to 3.33 qts. per acre Pacific Northwest: 0.66 to 1 qt. per 100 gals. or 2.66 to 3.33 qts. per acre
REI = 2 days		
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Best control is obtained with a single application post-harvest, after leaves have dropped. Spray all bark areas from ground to lower scaffold limbs.		
Note: Do not allow livestock to graze on orchard crops or grasses in treated areas. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 2.5 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 3.33 qts.) per acre per season. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required. For airblast application, the use of a closed cab is required.		
Plums (7), Prunes (7) (CA Only)	Fruitree leafrollers (Pacific Northwest Only)	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or 2.66 to 3.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply during pre-pink stage of growth when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Aphids (including Hop aphids, Leafcurl aphids, Thistle aphids), Plum rust (Nursery) mites	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or 2.66 to 3.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: For control of Aphids, apply when eggs hatch during pre-bloom or petal fall. Summer applications should be made before leaves curl.	
	Peach twig borers	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. or 2.66 to 3.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Lesser peachtree borers, Peachtree borers	0.66 to 1 qt. per 100 gals. or 2.66 to 3.33 qts. per acre
REI = 2 days		
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Best control is obtained with a single application post-harvest, after leaves have dropped. Spray all bark areas from ground level to lower scaffold limbs.		
Note: Do not allow livestock to graze on orchard crops or grasses in treated areas. Do not make more than 2 applications per year. Do not exceed a maximum of 2.5 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 3.33 qts.) per acre per season. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required. For airblast application, the use of a closed cab is required.		
Potatoes (1) (Except CA)	Aphids, Armyworms, Colorado potato beetles, Green stink bugs, Leaf-footed bugs, Plant bugs, Potato flea beetles, Potato leafhoppers, Potato tuber-worms, Threelined potato beetles	0.66 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	European corn borers, Potato psyllids	1 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	False chinch bugs, Whiteflies	1 to 1.33 qts. per acre
REI = 2 days		
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.		
Note: Do not make more than 4 applications per season. Do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season. CHEMIGATION: For application by irrigation systems, apply the specified amount of this product per acre. Follow all directions given under the "CHEMIGATION USE INSTRUCTIONS" section of this label.		

12
14

Crop	Pests	Rate of Application
Potatoes (1) (CA only)	Aphids, Armyworms, Colorado potato beetles, Green stink bugs, Leafhopper bugs, Plant bugs, Potato flea beetles, Potato leafhoppers, Potato tuber-worms, Threelined potato beetles	0.66 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	European corn borers, Potato psyllids	1 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	False chinch bugs, Whiteflies	1 to 1.33 qts. per acre
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.		
REI = 2 days		
Note: Do not make more than 4 applications per season. Do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season. Chemigation using endosulfan is NOT permitted in California.		
Strawberries (4) (Including CA)	Meadow spittlebugs, Strawberry aphids, Tarnished plant bugs, Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed. Do not reapply within 15 days or more than twice during a 35-day period when fruit is present.	
	Cyclamen mites	1.33 qts. per acre in 400 gals.
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed. Thoroughly wet the foliage, stem and crown of the plant. For multiple applications, do not apply at intervals less than 35 days when fruit is present.	
REI = 2 days		
Note: Do not make more than 2 applications per season. Do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required.		
Sweet corn (1) (Fresh Vegetable Use Only) (Including CA)	Corn leaf aphids, Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make application when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
	Corn earworms	2 qts. per acre
REI = 17 days		
Note: Do not apply to Sweet corn to be processed. Do not feed treated forage or ensilage to livestock or allow livestock to graze in treated fields. Do not make more than 1 application per season. Do not exceed a maximum of 1.5 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2 qts.) per acre per season. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required.		

Crop	Pests	Rate of Application
Sweet potatoes (1) (Except CA)	Sweet potato flea beetles, Sweet potato weevils	0.66 qt. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed. For Flea beetle control, begin applications shortly after transplanting or as soon as Flea beetles appear. For Sweet potato weevil control, apply in sufficient water for complete coverage. Applications may be made to transplants in the nursery and/or in the field. Repeat applications may be made as necessary. For Sweet potato weevil control in a clean-up program, apply at a rate of 2.66 qts. per acre to the soil under the Sweet potato nursery beds and the area immediately surrounding the nursery beds. Do not place the seed tubers directly on the ground treated with this product.	
	Whiteflies	1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insect activity or feeding is noticed.	
	Banded cucumber beetles (larvae) - (Aids in control) (South Central states and Puerto Rico Only)	1.33 to 2.66 qts. per acre broadcast or 0.5 to 1 qt. per acre on a 16" band over the row (48" row spacing)
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Work into the soil to a depth of approximately 3 inches. Treatment should be made just prior to plant set.		
REI = 3 days		
Note: Do not feed cull Potatoes to livestock or allow livestock to graze in treated fields. Do not make more than 2 applications per season. Do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required.		
Sweet potatoes (1) (CA Only)	Sweet potato flea beetles, Sweet potato weevils	0.66 qt. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed. For Flea beetle control, begin applications shortly after transplanting or as soon as Flea beetles appear. For Sweet potato weevil control, apply in sufficient water for complete coverage. Applications may be made to transplants in the nursery and/or in the field. Repeat applications may be made as necessary.	
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
REI = 3 days		
Note: Do not feed cull Potatoes to livestock or allow livestock to graze in treated fields. Do not make more than 3 applications per season. Do not exceed a maximum of 1.5 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2 qts.) per acre per season. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required.		
Tobacco (5) (N, KY, OH, PA, TN, and WV only)	Aphids (including Green peach aphids, Tobacco aphids), Budworms, Cabbage loopers, Flea beetles, Hornworms	Seed Bed: 0.66 qt. per 100 gals.
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed. Apply approximately 6 gals. of finished spray per 100 sq. yds.	
	Green June bugs (larvae)	Plant Bed: 0.66 qt. per 100 gals.
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed. Drench at a rate of 1 gal. per sq. yd.	
	Aphids (including Green peach aphids, Tobacco aphids), Budworms, Cabbage loopers, Flea beetles, Green June bugs (larvae), Hornworms	Field: 0.66 to 1.33 qts. per acre
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insect activity or feeding is noticed.	
	Stink bugs	Field: 0.66 qt. per 100 gals.
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insect activity or feeding is noticed.		
REI = 2 days		
Note: Do not make more than 2 applications per season. Do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season.		

13
14

Crop	Pests	Rate of Application	
Tomatoes (2) (Field and Greenhouse) (Except CA)	Aphids, Blister beetles, Colorado potato beetles, Flea beetles, Tomato hornworms	0.66 to 1.33 qts. per acre	
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.		
	Cabbage loopers, Stink bugs	1 to 1.33 qts. per acre	
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.		
	Tomato fruitworms, Tomato russet mites, Whiteflies, Yellowstriped armyworms	1.33 qts. per acre	
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.		
REI = 2 days	Whiteflies	Use 0.66 qt. per 100 gals. of water. Use 100 to 200 gals. of spray per acre.	
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed. Higher spray volumes may be necessary for thorough coverage when high Whitefly populations exist.		
	Note: Do not make more than 4 applications per season. Do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season.		
	Tomatoes (2) (Field and Greenhouse) (CA Only)	Aphids, Blister beetles, Colorado potato beetles, Flea beetles, Tomato hornworms, Webworms	0.66 to 1.33 qts. per acre
		SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
		Cabbage loopers, Stink bugs	1 to 1.33 qts. per acre
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.			
Tomato fruitworms, Tomato russet mites, Whiteflies, Yellowstriped armyworms		1.33 qts. per acre	
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.			
REI = 2 days	Whiteflies	Use 0.66 qt. per 100 gals. of water. Use 100 to 200 gals. of spray per acre.	
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed. Higher spray volumes may be necessary for thorough coverage when high Whitefly populations exist.		
	Note: Do not make more than 4 applications per season. Do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season.		
	Walnuts (Except CA)	Walnut aphids	2 to 2.66 qts. per acre. Apply in a minimum of 100 gals. of water per acre.
		SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make application when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
		Note: Do not apply after husk split. Do not graze livestock on orchard crops or grasses in treated areas. Do not make more than 1 application per season. Do not exceed a maximum of 2 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 2.66 qts.) per acre per season. For aerial application the use of a closed mixing/loading system is required. For airblast application, the use of a closed cab is required.	

COMMERCIALLY GROWN ORNAMENTALS GROWN OUTDOORS ONLY

Ornamental Trees and Shrubs (REI = 2 days)
Use Restriction: Do not apply more than 2.5 lbs. a.i. (3.33 qts. of this product) per acre per application on ornamental trees and shrubs.

Crop	Pests	Rate of Application
Dogwood, Lilac (Except CA)	Dogwood borers, Lilac borers	0.6 qt. (1.25 pts.) per 100 gals.
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply in early June and repeat in 10 to 14 days. Drench all bark areas down to the ground level.	
Note: Do not exceed a maximum of 3 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 4 qts.) per acre per year.		
Douglas fir (Grown for Ornamentals, Nursery Stock or Christmas Trees) (Pacific Northwest Only) (Including CA)	Aphids, Cooley spruce gall adelgids, Douglas-fir needle midges	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. (1.33 tps. per gal.)
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed. For control of Gall adelgids, apply when white cottony tufts appear. For control of Needle midges, apply in late April or early May just before buds open.	
Note: Food utensils such as teaspoons must not be used for food purposes after use in measuring pesticides. Do not exceed a maximum of 3 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 4 qts.) per acre per year.		
Pines (Austrian, Jack, Red, Scotch, White) (Except CA)	Zimmerman pine moths	0.6 qt. (1.25 pts.) per 100 gals.
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply in mid-April and again, if necessary, in late Fall. Thoroughly wet bark and main stem, especially where branches join main stem.	
Note: Do not exceed a maximum of 3 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 4 qts.) per acre per year.		
Shade trees (Except Birch), Shrubs (Including CA)	Aphids	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. (1.33 tps. per gal.)
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make applications when insects appear or feeding is noticed.	
Note: Food utensils such as teaspoons must not be used for food purposes after use in measuring pesticides. Do not exceed a maximum of 3 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 4 qts.) per acre per year.		
Spruce (New England Area Only)	Spruce gall aphids	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. (1.33 tps. per gal.)
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Apply in late April or early May when Aphids are present but before galls are formed.	
Note: Food utensils such as teaspoons must not be used for food purposes after use in measuring pesticides. Do not exceed a maximum of 3 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 4 qts.) per acre per year.		
Taxus (Except CA)	Taxus bud mites	0.66 qt. per 100 gals. (1.33 tps. per gal.)
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Make 3 to 5 applications beginning in mid-May. Thoroughly spray foliage, twigs and bark.	
	Black vine weevils	1.33 qt. per 100 gals. (2.66 tps. per gal.)
SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Spray thoroughly and drench soil under the plants. Apply when the Weevils first appear and repeat in 14 days.		
Note: Food utensils such as teaspoons must not be used for food purposes after use in measuring pesticides. Do not exceed a maximum of 3 lbs. of active ingredient (i.e., 4 qts.) per acre per year.		

GROWN OUTDOORS IN NURSERIES ONLY

Crop	Pests	Rate of Application
Leatherleaf fern (Leather Holy fern) (Except California)	Leatherleaf Fern Borer	1.33 pints per 100 gals. of water (1.33 tps. per gal.)
	SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS: Begin treatment when first larval feeding is observed in the mid-vein area at the base of the leaflets. Repeat at 2 to 3 week intervals as necessary.	
Note: Food utensils such as teaspoons must not be used for food purposes after use in measuring pesticides. Do not exceed a maximum of 3 lbs. of active ingredient (3 pints of this product) per acre per year. Do not use in greenhouses. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.		

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Do not store in or around the home. Do not store below 20°F (-7°C). Do not use or store near heat, open flame or hot surfaces. Keep out of reach of children and animals. Store in original containers only. Store in cool, dry place and avoid excess heat. Carefully open containers. After partial use, replace lids and close tightly. Do not put concentrate or diluted material into food or drink containers. Do not contaminate other pesticides, fertilizers, water, food or feed by storage and disposal. In case of spill, avoid contact, isolate area and keep out animals and unprotected persons. Confine spills. To confine spill: If liquid, dike surrounding area or absorb with sand, cat litter or commercial clay. If dry material, cover to prevent dispersal. Place damaged package in a holding container. Identify contents.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and Local authorities. Do not cut or weld metal containers. Do not reuse empty container.

Returnable/Refillable Sealed Containers: Do not rinse container. Do not empty remaining formulated product. Do not break seals. Return intact to point of purchase.

WARRANTY—CONDITIONS OF SALE

OUR RECOMMENDATIONS FOR USE of this product are based upon tests believed reliable. Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixtures with other chemicals not specifically recommended and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage and handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, the Manufacturer or the Seller shall not be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product when such use and/or handling is not in strict accordance with the directions given herewith. The foregoing is a condition of sale by the Seller and is accepted as such by the Buyer.

14
14