

Drexel Defol 6 W

Defoliant/Desiccant with Fire Retardant

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Sodium Chlorate	47.2%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	52.8%
TOTAL:	100.0%

Product contains 6.0 pounds of Sodium Chlorate per gallon.

KEEP OUT REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING/AVISO

PRECAUCION AL USUARIO: Si usted no lee ingles, no use este producto hasta que le etiqueta haya sido explicado ampliamente.

EPA Reg. No. 19713-265

EPA Est. No. 19713-MS-1

Net Contents: 2½ Gallons

■ 205-0401

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

WARNING: Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield. Heretofore if overexposed. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF IN EYES: Flush with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Get Medical Attention.
IF SWALLOWED: Drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites, gelatin solution or if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Avoid Alcohol. Get Medical Attention.
IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get Medical Attention if irritation persists.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water or wetlands (swamps, bogs, marshes, and potholes). Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

FARMWORKER SAFETY STATEMENT

Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried. Because certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals for various crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information. Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product. Oral warnings must inform workers of areas or fields that may not be entered without specific protective clothing until sprays have dried, and appropriate actions to take in case of accidental exposure, as described under Precautionary Statements on this label. When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language or languages understood by workers. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers. Written warnings must contain the following information: **WARNING:** Area treated with Defol 6 W (name of application). Do not enter without appropriate protective clothing until sprays have dried. In case of accidental exposure, flush eyes or skin with plenty of water. Call physician if irritation persists. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

APPLICATION

DEFOL 6 W may be applied by aircraft or ground equipment. It is essential that the foliage be thoroughly covered. The specified dilution rates should be carefully observed. A nonionic surfactant or an emulsifier compatible crop oil may enhance the results. DEFOL 6 W should not be mixed with herbicides or other organic materials, unless specifically recommended, because a fire or explosion may result.

Precautions should be taken to avoid having spray or spray drift contact adjacent crops or desirable vegetation, or they may be defoliated. Equipment should be washed before and after use and care should be taken so that product does not dry in tank or on spray nozzle. Wash water should not be allowed to contact desirable vegetation.

DEFOLIATION

Ideally, defoliation is favored on clear, calm, sunny days with high temperatures and high humidity. If rain is anticipated within 24 hours, application should be delayed whenever possible. Defoliation may be slowed when daytime temperatures are below about 60°F, and with some crops, especially with vigorous varieties, regrowth can occur.

In order to obtain acceptable defoliation results, the crop must be fully mature. In most cases, the signs of maturity include:

1. A slight discoloration of the foliage is apparent, often with a yellowish or reddish tinge.
2. Vegetation growth has slowed or ceased with little or no secondary growth.
3. A slight downward pull on a leaf shows a clean break from the stalk.

Adequate fertility, ample soil moisture, good insect control and good weed control also favor defoliation. Fields which have been under stress as from drought or insect pressure give less reliable results because tough, waxy or damaged leaves do not permit the proper uptake of the chemical and tend to inhibit the formation of an abscission layer. Typically, under such circumstances, the leaves are desiccated but do not dry, which, in turn, often causes problems with excessive trash during harvesting.

For crops where there is a heavy canopy, obtaining thorough coverage is sometimes difficult. Whenever practical, the use of ground equipment should be considered. The higher dilution rates should be used and any other available methods employed which will assure that the plants are completely covered all the way to the bottom leaves. If coverage is incomplete, a second application may be necessary in order to defoliate the lower leaves and to prevent secondary growth.

DESICCATION

When the objective is to reduce moisture of the crop or to desiccate weeds prior to harvest, most of the points discussed under defoliation are applicable. Incomplete coverage will give erratic results, especially with vines such as morning glory where the slender stems may be sheltered from the spray by the crop canopy, leaving the vines succulent and tough as they will become entangled in the harvesting machinery. Once again, larger spray volume is encouraged to insure more complete coverage and more reliable desiccation.

CROPS

CHILI PEPPERS—Apply 1½ to 1¼ gallons per acre in 5-15 gallons of water by air or 20-40 gallons of water by ground equipment, 10 days before harvest. To be used on peppers for processing only. Consult a processor before applying.

CORN—As a harvest aid to desiccate trashy weeds in early maturing corn, use 1 gallon DEFOL 6 W in 5-7 gallons of water per acre by air at least 14 days before anticipated harvest date. Use the low (5 gallon) dilution rates when weeds are small and the crop canopy is fairly open. Desiccation of morning-glory and other vines may be erratic.

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed fodder, forage or residual grain within 14 days of application.

COTTON—Apply 1½ to 1¼ gallon per acre in 5-10 gallons of water by air or 10-20 gallons of water by ground equipment no later than 7 days before harvest. The cotton plants should be mature with the youngest bolls expected to make cotton being at least 20 days old. Thorough coverage is essential.

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed gin waste to livestock.

CUCUMBERS (green for seed): To facilitate harvest by drying out the vines, apply at a rate of 1 gallon per acre in 2-40 gallons of water by air, or apply 1 gallon per acre in 20-30 gallons of water by ground equipment.

DO NOT graze treated fields within 14 days of application.

DRY BEANS—Apply at a rate of 1 gallon per acre in 5-10 gallons of water by air or 10-20 gallons by ground equipment. Thorough coverage is essential. Make application 7-10 days before anticipated harvest, longer if temperatures are cool.

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated fodder or forage to livestock.

FLAX—As a harvest aid to desiccate trashy weeds and to reduce moisture in the mature crop, apply 1 gallon per acre in enough water to give thorough coverage, 7-10 days before anticipated harvest date. For air application, use a minimum of 5 gallons of water and for ground equipment a minimum of 10 gallons of water. Activity of the spray will be enhanced by the addition of good nonionic surfactant at the rate of 1 quart per 100 gallons of spray.

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated forage and fodder for 14 days after application.

GRAIN BOROGLASS—To reduce the moisture content of the grain while the crop is standing apply 1½ to 1 gallon per acre in sufficient water to give thorough coverage, 7-10 days before harvest. Apply a total of 5-10 gallons of spray per acre by air and 10-20 gallons per acre by ground equipment. Use the lower rates when grain moisture is low and the weather is clear and dry. Use the higher rate when conditions for desiccation are poor.

QUAR BEANS—Apply at a rate of 1 gallon per acre in 5-10 gallons of water by air or 10-20 gallons of water by ground equipment. Make application 7-10 days before anticipated harvest date.

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated fodder or forage to livestock.

RICE—To facilitate harvest and reduce moisture in the fully mature seed heads, and to desiccate immature rice in mature fields, apply by air 1½ to 1 gallon per acre in 5 or more gallons of water. Use the lower rate when crop conditions and weather are right to enhance rapid drying. Apply 7-10 days before anticipated harvest. To avoid drift do not apply during windy weather. Thorough coverage of the crop is essential to achieve good results.

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated straw or crop residues within 14 days of application.

SAFFLOWERS—To facilitate harvest and reduce moisture in the fully mature seed heads apply 1 gallon in 5-10 gallons of water by air or 20-30 gallons of water by ground equipment, 7 or more days before normal harvest when safflower heads are fully mature.

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated forage.

SOUTHERN PEAS—Apply at a rate of 1 gallon per acre in 5-10 gallons of water by air or 10-20 gallons by ground equipment. Thorough coverage is essential. Make application 7-10 days before anticipated harvest, longer if temperatures are cool.

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated fodder or forage to livestock.

SOYBEANS—As a soybean harvest aid to dry weeds in early maturing soybeans and to facilitate the harvest, apply 1 gallon per acre. Make application 7-10 days before anticipated harvest. Make when beans are mature and ready for harvest. For air application, use a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre, for ground equipment apply a minimum of 20 gallons of water per acre.

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated soybean forage.

SUNFLOWER—To facilitate harvest and reduce moisture in the fully mature seed heads apply 1 gallon in sufficient water to give good coverage, 7 or more days before normal harvest when sunflower heads are fully mature. Apply in 5-10 gallons of water per acre by air or in 20-30 gallons of water per acre by ground with a high clearance sprayer. Do not apply later than 7 days before harvest.

DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated forage within 14 days of application.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS: Storage should be under lock and key and secure from access by unauthorized persons and children. Storage should be in a cool dry area away from any heat or lightning source. Do not stack plastic containers over 2 pallets high. Move containers by handles or cases. Do not move containers from one area to another unless they are securely sealed. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Keep away from any puncture source. Avoid storage near water supplies, food, feed and fertilizer to avoid contamination. Store in original containers only. Unloading storage and work areas must be as clean as possible to prevent contamination. If spilled, if concentrate or spray solution is allowed to dry on flammable objects, the chlorate component can act as an oxidizer. If the contents are leaking or material is spilled follow these steps:

1. Contain spill, absorb with a material such as saw dust, clay granules or dirt.
2. Collect and place in suitable containers for disposal.
3. Wash area with water and soap to remove remaining particles.
4. Follow washing with clean water rinse.
5. Clothing contaminated with chlorate solution must be removed at once before defoliation dries. Dried contaminated clothes can be ignited easily. Wash contaminated clothing immediately.
6. Do not allow run off to enter sewer or contaminate water supplies.
7. Dispose of waste as indicated below.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Plastic containers—Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Manufactured By

Drexel Chemical Company

P. O. BOX 8308, MEMPHIS, TN 38108-0308

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...water influencing factors in the use of this product are
not in strict accordance with directions given herewith.
In no case will Drexel or the Seller be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from
the use or handling of this product unless such use and/or handling is not in strict accordance with
directions given herewith. The foregoing is a condition of sale by Drexel Chemical Company and is
accepted as such by the Buyer.

ACCEPTED
JUN - 4 1993

Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act,
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under
EPA Reg. No. 14713-245

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