TH 19 19713-256 1018

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to very high acute toxicity to Humans and Birds

For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or person or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification. Direct supervision for this product is defined as the certified applicator being physically present during application, mixing, loading, repair and cleaning of application equipment. Commercial certified applicators must also ensure that all persons involved in these activities are informed of the precautionary statements.

DREXEL 7 1/2 LB METHYL PARATHION INSECTTICIDE

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

POISON

DANGER PELIGRO

PRECAUTION AL USUARIO: Si usted no lee ingles, no use este producto hasta que la etiqueta haya sido explicada ampliamente.

NOT FOR HOME USE ...

FIRST AID TREATMENT Des

SEE SIDE PATIELS FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

EPA Reg. No. 19713-256 EPA Est. No. 19713-MS-1

4-17-91

Manufactured by:
Drexel Chemical Company
P. O. Box 9306
Memphis, TN 38109

Shake Well Befor : Using

ACCEPTED
Jun 3 0 1992

Under the Pederel Insectición. Fungición, and Redestición Act as amended, for the postición registered under EPA Rey. No. 197/3 - 256

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER - POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED, INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. RAPIDLY ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. REPEATED EXPOSURE MAY, WITHOUT SYMPTOMS BE INCREASINGLY HAZARDOUS. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

POISON SIGNS (Symptoms)

Methyl parathion is a very dangerous poison. It rapidly enters the body on contact with all skin surfaces and eyes. Clothing wet with this material must be removed immediately. Exposed persons must receive prompt medical treatment or they may die. Some of the signs and symptoms of poisoning are: Headaches, nausea, vomiting, cramps, weakness, blurred vision, pin-point pupils, tightness in chest, labored breathing, nervousness, sweating, watering of eyes, drooling or frothing of mouth and nose, muscle spasms and coma.

POISON

ATROPINE IS AN ANTIDOTE

CONSULT PHYSICIAN FOR EMERGENCY SUPPLY

CALL A PHYSICIAN AT ONCE IN ALL CASES OF SUSPECTED METHYL

PARATHION POISCNING.

If symptoms or signs of poisoning include blurred vision, abdominal cramps, and tightness in the chest, do not wait for a doctor but give two atropine tablets (each 1/100 grain or 0.65 milligrams) at once.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to Methyl Parathion and describe his condition. If doctor cannot come, take victim to clinic or hospital. Move victim immediately from the area where Methyl Parathion is present.

IF INHALED, remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing immediately give artificial respiration preferable mouth-to-mouth and maintain until doctor sees victim. If breathing is difficult give caygen.

IF IN EYES. flush eyes with plenty of water.

IF ON SKIN, remove victim from the vicinity of the Methyl Parathion, remove contaminated clothing and shoes and wash skin with soap and water.

IF SWALLOWED. induce vomiting immediately by giving two glasses of water and by touching back of throat with finger. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING OR GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. Have victim lie down and keep quiet.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Antidote - administer atropine sulfate in large doses, TWO to FOUR mg. intravenously or intramuscularly as soon as cyanosis is overcome. Repeat at 5 to 10 minute intervals until signs of atropinization appear. 2-PAM chloride is a pharmacologic antidote and may be administered as an adjunct to, but not a substitute for, atropine which is a DO NOT GIVE symptomatic and often life saving antidote. MORPHINE, THEOPHYLLINE, THEOPHYLLINE ETHYLENE-DIAMINE (AMINO-PHYLLINE) PHENOTHIAZINES OR PHENOTHIAZINE TYPE OF TRANQUILIZERS AS THESE ANTIDOTES MAY PRODUCE ADVERSE EFFECTS ACCENTUATING THE PHARMACOLOGIC EFFECT OF THIS PRODUCT. product is a strong cholinesterase inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral nervous systems and producing cardiac and respiratory depression. At first sign of pulmonary edema, the patient should be given supplemental oxygen and treated symptomatically. Continued absorption of the poison may occur and fatal relapses have been reported after initial improvements; VERY CLOSE SUPERVISION OF THE PATIENT IS INDICATED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS.

WORK SAFETY RULES

HANDLE THE CONCENTRATE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT:

Wear a protective suit of one or two pieces that covers all parts of the body except the head, hands, and feet. Wear chemical resistant gloves, chemical resistant apron, and chemical resistant shoes, shoe coverings, or boots. Wear goggles or a face shield. Wear a pesticide respirator approved by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health under the provisions of 30 CFR part II.

USE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT DURING MIXING/LOADING, APPLICATION, REPAIR, AND CLEANING OF APPLICATION EQUIPMENT. DISPOSAL OF PESTICIDE AND EARLY REENTRY INTO TREATED ARRAS: protective suit of one or two pieces covering all aborts of the body except the head, hands, and feet; chemical resistant gloves: chemical resistant shoes (or chemical resistant shoe coverings or chemical resistant boots); goggles or face shield; hood or wide brimmed hat; NIOSH approved respirator. If MIXING/LOADING IS PERFORMED USING A CLOSED SYSTEM. THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT MAY BE WORN AS AN ALTERNATIVE: long-sleeve shirt; long-legged pants; chemical resistant gloves; chemical resistant apron. shoes and socks. Goggles or face shield must be worn when the system is under pressure. All other protective clotning and



equipment required for use with open systems must be available nearby.

IF APPLICATION IS PERFORMED USING AN ENCLOSED CAB OR COCKPIT, THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT MAY BE WORN AS AN ALTERNATIVE: long-sleeve shirt and longlegged pants; shoes and socks. Chemical resistant gloves must be available in the cab or cockpit and must be worn during entry to and exit from the application vehicle. All other protective clothing and equipment required for use during application must be available in the cab and must be worn when exiting the cab into the treated area. When used for this purpose, contaminated clothing may not be brought back into the cab unless in an enclosure such as a plastic REMEMBER - THIS CLOTHING IS INADEQUATE TO PROTECT YOU bag. DURING REPAIR AND CLEANING OF APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND EARLY REENTRY TO TREATED AREAS! REFER TO PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS ABOVE.

IMPORTANT! If pesticide comes in contact with skin. wash off with soap and water and contact a physician immediately. Always wash hands, face and arms with soap and water before smoking, eating, drinking, or toileting.

AFTER WORK: before removing gloves, wash them with soap and water. Take off all work clothes and shoes. Shower using soap and water. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job-do not wear contaminated clothing. Personal clothing worn during work must be stored and laundered separately from protective clothing and household articles. protective clothing separately from personal clothing. Clean or launder protective clothing after each use. Respirators must be cleaned and filters replaced according to instructions included with the respirators. Protective clothing and protective equipment heavily contaminated or drenched with methyl parathion must be destroyed according to state and local regulations. HEAVILY CONTAMINATED OR DRENCHED CLOTHING CANNOT BE ADEQUATELY DECONTAMINATED. DURING AERIAL APPLICATION, HUMAN FLAGGERS ARE PROHIBITED.

REPEATED EXPOSURE TO CHOLINESTERASE INHIBITORS SUCH AS ARE CONTAINED IN THIS PRODUCT MAY, WITHOUT WARNING CAUSE PROLONGED SUSCEPTIBILITY TO VERY SMALL DOSES OF ANY CHOLINESTERASE INHIBITOR.

Persons working with this product should have frequent blood tests of their cholinesterase levels. If the cholinesterase level falls below a critical point no further exposure should be allowed until it has been determined by means of blood tests that the cholinesterase level has returned to normal. Before using this product, consult the State Agricultural Extension Service or Experimental Station for specific recommendations regarding blood tests.

Keep all unprotected persons and children away from treated area or where there is danger of drift. Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. If you feel sick in any way, STOP work and get help right away. Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to methyl parathion and describe his condition. After first aid is given (see Statement of Practical Treatment) and if a doctor cannot come, take victim to clinic or hospital.

If handled indoors, provide mechanical exhaust ventilation.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is highly toxic to aquatic invertebrates and wildlife. Shrimp and other aquatic organisms may be killed at recommended application rates. Birds in treated areas may be killed. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands (swamps, bogs, marshes and potholes). Runoff and drift from target areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARD

Combustible: Do not use, pour, spill or store near heat or flame.

In case of:

FIRE: Use water spray, foam. dry chemical or CO² SPILL or LEAK: Keep all unprotected persons away. Cover with absorbent such as soda, ash, lime, clay or sawdust. Sweep up and bury. Wash area thoroughly with strong lye solution.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

REENTRY STATEMENT

DO NOT ENTER TREATED AREAS FOR 48 HOURS UNLESS APPROPRIATE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING IS WORN.

Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons. Because certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals for various crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information. Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

NOTICE TO FIELD WORKERS' SUPERVISOR OR FARM MANAGER:

Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product. (Indicate specific oral warnings which inform workers of areas or fields that may not be entered without specific protective clothing period of time field must be vacated and appropriate actions to take in case of accidental exposure.) When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarily understood by workers. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers. Written warnings must include the following information: "DANGER. Area treated with methyl parathion on (date of application). Do not enter withou; appropriate protective clothing for 48 hours. In case of accidental exposure, consult statement of practical treatment on front panel."

BARLEY, OATS, RYE AND WHEAT - for control of barley thrips, use 0.25 to 0.4 pints per acre. For aphids (including greenbugs), armyworms, leafhoppers and winter grain mites, use 0.25 to 0.8 pints per acre. For climbing cutworms and grasshoppers use 0.4 to 0.5 pints per acre. For chinch bugs, false chinch bugs and Say's plant bugs, use 0.8 pints per acre. For western or brown wheat mites and grasshoppers, use 0.5 pints per acre. Do not use more than 0.25 pints per acre within 15 days of harvest.

CORN - For control of armyworms, climbing cutworms, corn leaf aphids, corn rootworm adults, fall armyworms and stink bugs, use 0.25 pints per acre. For grasshoppers, use 0.5 pints per acre. Do not apply within 12 days of harvest. Do not apply to corn during the pollen shed period.

RICE - For rice stink bugs, use 0.25 to 0.5 pints per acre. For grasshoppers, use 0.5 pints per acre. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest or within 14 days after proparal

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

100000 911 PM 19 1912-1966 PG 19 10

JUN 3 0 1992

Ms. Barbara Brown Drexel Chemical Company 2487 Pennsylvania Street Memphis, Tennessee 38109

Dear Ms. Brown:

Ì

1

Subject: Deletion of uses

Drexel 7 1/2 lbs Methyl Parathion EPA Registration No. 19713-256

Amendment application of November 1, 1991

The labeling referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended is acceptable. A stamp copy is enclosed for your records.

On the front panel delete the following statements: "NOT FOR HOME USE" and "FIRST AID TREATMENT."

Delete the second "KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN" on page 2.

On page 3 under protective clothing correct the sentence "....covering all parts.

The statement "Do not apply directly to wetlands" as it appears in the environmental hazard statement must be changed to "Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal

areas below the mean high water mark." Correct the following statement to read: "Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwater."

Sincerely yours,

DHE

Dennis H. Edwards, Jr. Product Manager (19)
Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch Registration Division (H-7505C)

Enclosure

1

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to very high acute toxicity to Humans and Birds

For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or person or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification. Direct supervision for this product is defined as the certified applicator being physically present during application, mixing, loading, repair and cleaning of application equipment. Commercial certified applicators must also ensure that all persons involved in these activities are informed of the precautionary statements.

DREXEL 7 1/2 LB METHYL PARATHION INSECOTICIDE

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:
*0,0-dimethyl 0-p-nitrophenyl
phosphorothicate70.3%
*Related compounds3.7%
INERT INGREDIENTS
TOTAL100.0%
*Methyl parathion and related compounds equivalent to 7.5
lbs. per gallon

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

POISON

DANGER **PELIGRO**

PRECAUTION AL USUARIO: Si usted no lee ingles, no use este producto hasta que la etiqueta haya sido explicada ampliamente.

NOT FOR HOME USE

FIRST AID TREATMENT ...

SEE SIDE PANELS FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

EPA Reg. No. 19713-256 EPA Est. No. 19713-MS-1

4-17-91

Manufactured by: Drexel Chemical Company P. O. Box 9306 Memphis, TN 38109

Shake Well Before Using

ACCEPTED JUN 3 0 1992

Under the Federal Insecticide. Fungicide, and Redesticitie Act en emended, for the posticide registered weder EPA Roy. No. 19713 256

1

)

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN .

DANGER - POISONOUS IF SWALLOWED, INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. RAPIDLY ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. REPEATED EXPOSURE MAY, WITHOUT SYMPTOMS BE INCREASINGLY HAZARDOUS. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

POISON SIGNS (Symptoms)

Methyl parathion is a very dangerous poison. It rapidly enters the body on contact with all skin surfaces and eyes. Clothing wet with this material must be removed immediately. Exposed persons must receive prompt medical treatment or they may die. Some of the signs and symptoms of poisoning are: Headaches, nausea, vomiting, cramps, weakness, blurred vision, pin-point pupils, tightness in chest, labored breathing, nervousness, sweating, watering of eyes, drooling or frothing of mouth and nose, muscle spasms and coma.

)

ł

POISON

ATROPINE IS AN ANTIDOTE

CONSULT PHYSICIAN FOR EMERGENCY SUPPLY

CALL A PHYSICIAN AT ONCE IN ALL CASES OF SUSPECTED METHYL

PARATHION POISONING.

If symptoms or signs of poisoning include blurred vision, abdominal cramps, and tightness in the chest, do not wait for a doctor but give two atropine tablets (each 1/100 grain or 0.65 milligrams) at once.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to Methyl Parathion and describe his condition. If doctor cannot come, take victim to clinic or hospital. Move victim immediately from the area where Methyl Parathion is present.

IF INHALED, remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing immediately give artificial respiration preferable mouth-to-mouth and maintain until doctor sees victim. If breathing is difficult give oxygen.

IF IN EYES, flush eyes with plenty of water.

IF ON SKIN, remove victim from the vicinity of the Methyl Parathion, remove contaminated clothing and shoes and wash skin with soap and water.

IF SWALLOWED, induce vomiting immediately by giving two glasses of water and by touching back of throat with finger. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING OR GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. Have victim lie down and keep quiet.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Antidote - administer atropine sulfate in large doses, TWO to FOUR mg. intravenously or intramuscularly as soon as cyanosis is overcome. Repeat at 5 to 10 minute intervals until signs of atropinization appear. 2-PAM chloride is a pharmacologic antidote and may be administered as an adjunct to, but not a substitute for, atropine which is a symptomatic and often life saving antidote. DO NOT GIVE MORPHINE, THEOPHYLLINE, THEOPHYLLINE ETHYLENE-DIAMINE (AMINO-PHYLLINE) PHENOTHIAZINES OR PHENOTHIAZINE TYPE OF TRANQUILIZERS AS THESE ANTIDOTES MAY PRODUCE ADVERSE EFFECTS ACCENTUATING THE PHARMACOLOGIC EFFECT OF THIS PRODUCT. product is a strong cholinesterase inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral nervous systems and producing cardiac and respiratory depression. At first sign of pulmonary edema, the patient should be given supplemental oxygen and treated symptomatically. Continued absorption of the poison may occur and fatal relapses have been reported after initial improvements; VERY CLOSE SUPERVISION OF THE PATIENT IS INDICATED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS.

WORK SAFETY RULES

HANDLE THE CONCENTRATE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT:

)

Wear a protective suit of one or two pieces that covers all parts of the body except the head, hands, and feet. Wear chemical resistant gloves, chemical resistant apron. and chemical resistant shoes, shoe coverings, or boots. Wear goggles or a face shield. Wear a pesticide respirator approved by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health under the provisions of 30 CFR part II.

USE ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT DURING MIXING/LOADING, APPLICATION, REPAIR, AND CLEANING OF APPLICATION EQUIPMENT. DISPOSAL OF PESTICIDE AND EARLY REENTRY INTO TREATED AREAS: protective suit of one or two pieces covering all aborts of the body except the head, hands, and feet; chemical resistant gloves: chemical resistant shoes (or chemical resistant shoe coverings or chemical resistant boots); goggles or face shield; hood or wide brimmed hat: NIOSH approved respirator. If MIXING/LOADING IS PERFORMED USING A CLOSED SYSTEM. THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT MAY BE WORN AS AN ALTERNATIVE: long-sleeve shirt: long-legged pants: chemical resistant gloves: chemical resistant apron. shoes and socks. Goggles or face shield must be worn when the system is under pressure. All other protective clothing and

equipment required for use with open systems must be available nearby.

IF APPLICATION IS PERFORMED USING AN ENCLOSED CAB OR COCKPIT, THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT MAY BE WORN AS AN ALTERNATIVE: long-sleeve shirt and long-legged pants; shoes and socks. Chemical resistant gloves must be available in the cab or cockpit and must be worn during entry to and exit from the application vehicle. All other protective clothing and equipment required for use during application must be available in the cab and must be worn when exiting the cab into the treated area. When used for this purpose, contaminated clothing may not be brought back into the cab unless in an enclosure such as a plastic bag. REMEMBER - THIS CLOTHING IS INADEQUATE TO PROTECT YOU DURING REPAIR AND CLEANING OF APPLICATION EQUIPMENT AND EARLY REENTRY TO TREATED AREAS! REFER TO PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS ABOVE.

IMPORTANT! If pesticide comes in contact with skin, wash off with soap and water and contact a physician immediately. Always wash hands, face and arms with soap and water before smoking, eating, drinking, or toileting.

AFTER WORK: before removing gloves, wash them with soap and water. Take off all work clothes and shoes. Shower using soap and water. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job-do not wear contaminated clothing. Personal clothing worn during work must be stored and laundered separately from protective clothing and household articles. Store protective clothing separately from personal clothing. Clean or launder protective clothing after each use. Respirators must be cleaned and filters replaced according to instructions included with the respirators. Protective clothing and protective equipment heavily contaminated or drenched with methyl parathion must be destroyed according to state and local regulations. HEAVILY CONTAMINATED OR DRENCHED CLOTHING CANNOT BE ADEQUATELY DECONTAMINATED. DURING AERIAL APPLICATION, HUMAN FLAGGERS ARE PROHIBITED.

REPEATED EXPOSURE TO CHOLINESTERASE INHIBITORS SUCH AS ARE CONTAINED IN THIS PRODUCT MAY, WITHOUT WARNING CAUSE PROLONGED SUSCEPTIBILITY TO VERY SMALL DOSES OF ANY CHOLINESTERASE INHIBITOR.

Persons working with this product should have frequent blood tests of their cholinesterase levels. If the cholinesterase level falls below a critical point no further exposure should be allowed until it has been determined by means of blood tests that the cholinesterase level has returned to normal. Before using this product, consult the State Agricultural Extension Service or Experimental Station for specific recommendations regarding blood tests.

7.11

Keep all unprotected persons and children away from treated area or where there is danger of drift. Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. If you feel sick in any way, STOP work and get help right away. Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to methyl parathion and describe his condition. After first aid is given (see Statement of Practical Treatment) and if a doctor cannot come, take victim to clinic or hospital.

If handled indoors, provide mechanical exhaust ventilation.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is highly toxic to aquatic invertebrates and wildlife. Shrimp and other aquatic organisms may be killed at recommended application rates. Birds in treated areas may be killed. Do not apply directly to water or wetlands (swamps, bogs, marshes and potholes). Runoff and drift from target areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARD

Combustible: Do not use, pour, spill or store near heat or flame.

In case of:

)

1

FIRE: Use water spray, foam, dry chemical or CO² SPILL or LEAK: Keep all unprotected persons away. Cover with absorbent such as soda, ash, lime, clay or sawdust. Sweep up and bury. Wash area thoroughly with strong lye solution.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

REENTRY STATEMENT

DO NOT ENTER TREATED AREAS FOR 48 HOURS UNLESS APPROPRIATE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING IS WORN.

Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons. Because certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals for various crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information. Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried.

NOTICE TO FIELD WORKERS' SUPERVISOR OR FARM MANAGER:

}

}

Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product. (Indicate specific oral warnings which inform workers of areas or fields that may not be entered without specific protective clothing period of time field must be vacated and appropriate actions to take in case of accidental exposure.) When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarily understood by workers. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers. Written warnings must include the following information: "DANGER. Area treated with methyl parathion on (date of application). Do not enter without appropriate protective clothing for 48 hours. In case of accidental exposure, consult statement of practical treatment on front panel."

BARLEY, OATS, RYE AND WHEAT - for control of barley thrips, use 0.25 to 0.4 pints per acre. For aphids (including greenbugs), armyworms, leafhoppers and winter grain mites, use 0.25 to 0.8 pints per acre. For climbing cutworms and grasshoppers use 0.4 to 0.5 pints per acre. For chinch bugs, false chinch bugs and Say's plant bugs, use 0.8 pints per acre. For western or brown wheat mites and grasshoppers, use 0.5 pints per acre. Do not use more than 0.25 pints per acre within 15 days of harvest.

CORN - For control of armyworms, climbing cutworms, corn leaf aphids, corn rootworm adults, fall armyworms and stink bugs, use 0.25 pints per acre. For grasshoppers, use 0.5 pints per acre. Do not apply within 12 days of harvest. Do not apply to corn during the pollen shed period.

RICE - For rice stink bugs, use 0.25 to 0.5 pints per acre. For grasshoppers, use 0.5 pints per acre. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest or within 14 days after proparal

has been applied. Shrimp, crabs, and crayfish may be killed. Do not apply where these are important rescurces.

COTTON - For control of thrips, use 0.15 to 0.25 pints per acre. For cotton leafworms, use 0.15 to 0.4 pints per acres. For grasshoppers and fall armyworms, use 0.25 pints per acre. For spider mites (does not control all species), use 0.25 to 0.4 pints per acre. For control of fleahoppers, Lygus and other mirids, use 0.15 to 1 pint per acre. For boll weevils, aphids and garden webworms, use 0.25 to 0.5 pints per acre. For false chinch bugs use 0.5 pint per acre. For cutworms, use 0.5 to 1 pint per acre. For bollworms, saltmarsh caterpillars, armyworms, cotton leaf perforators and stink bugs, use 1 pint per acres. Applications should be made at 4 to 5 day intervals until control is obtained. At above dosages, application may be made up to the day before harvest, if harvest will be with mechanical pickers.

CAUTION: When necessary to enter treated cotton fields within 48 hours after application, protective clothing should be worn. Do not apply within 7 days of handpicking cotton.

SOYBEANS - For control of climbing cutworms and threecornered alfalfa hoppers, use 0.25 pints per acres. For control of garden webworms, use 0.25 to 0.5 pint per acre. For control of aphids, blister beetles, Mexican bean beetles, stink bugs, two-spotted mites and velvet bean caterpillars, use 0.5 pints per acre. For bollworms, fall armyworms, and green cloverworms, use 1. pint per acres. Do not apply closer than 20 days before harvest or grazing. Do not apply if the crop or weeds in the treatment area are in bloom.

PEAS - For control of aphids, armyworms, flea beetles, leafhoppers, Lygus bugs and mites, use 0.5 to 1 pint per acre. For cowpea curculio, surface feeding and climbing cutworms and stink bugs, use 1 pint per acres. Rates above 0.5 pints per acres should not be applied closer than 15 days before harvest. Do not apply if the crop or weeds in the treatment area are in bloom.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE AND HANDLING:

. }

}

- 1. Handle container carefully so as to avoid damage and prevent spills.
- Do not use or store in or around the home.
- Store container in a well ventilated place.
- 4. Empty container retains vapor and product residue.

19 (1)

Observe all labeled safegards until container is

cleaned, reconditioned, or destroyed.

5. Keep out of reach of children and domestic animals.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:

Wastes of this pesticide are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of according to label use instructions, contact your state pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL:

ì

}

Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other approved state and local procedures.

WARRANTY-CONDITION OF SALE

OUR RECOMMENDATIONS FOR USE of this product are based upon tests believed reliable. Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixtures with other chemicals not specifically recommended, and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the Seller. Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage and handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith.

In no case shall Drexel or the Seller be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product when such use and/or handling is not in strict accordance with directions given herewith. The foregoing is a condition of sale by Drexel Chemical Company and is accepted as such by the Buyer.