

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

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OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

BARBARA BROWN DREXEL CHEMICAL COMPANY BOX 9306 MEMPHIS, TN 38109

Subject:

Label Amendment Submission of 11/08/93 Response to PR Notice 93-7

EPA Reg. No. 19713-234 METHYL PARATHION 6E

Dear Registrant:

The labeling cited above and submitted in connection with fegistration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is accepted subject to the comments reflected on the enclosed sheet. A copy of your proposed labeling stamped "ACCEPTED WITH COMMENTS" is enclosed.

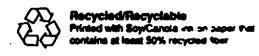
WHAT THIS ACCEPTANCE MEANS:

Based on your certification, the Agency has accepted the labeling changes that are necessary to comply with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) labeling requirements of 40 CFR part 156, subpart K, described in PR Notices 93-7 and 93-11. Any other labeling changes submitted in connection with this amendment application but not directly related to compliance with the WPS have not been reviewed or accepted by the Agency. If you wish to make such changes, you must submit a separate amendment application proposing them. If your product is currently suspended, the acceptance of this labeling amendment does not affect the suspension in any way.

WHAT YOU NEED TO DO NEXT:

By the next label printing make all the specified changes to your labeling. Send to EPA one (1) copy of the final printed labeling:

- BEFORE selling or distributing any product bearing the final printed labeling AND
- WITHIN one year from date of this acceptance.



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Submit the final printed labeling via the U.S. Postal Service to:

Document Processing Desk (FIN-LABEL)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7505C)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
401 M Street, SW
Washington, D.C. 20460-0001

Hand or courier deliveries of final printed labeling may be made to:

Document Processing Desk (FIN-LABEL)
Office of Pesticide Programs
Room 266A, Crystal Mall 2
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington, VA 22202

Sincerely,

Jim Tompkies, Deputy Chief Registration Support Branch Registration Division (7505W)

Attachment

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division

Barbara Brown
DREXEL CHEMICAL CO
BOX 9306
MEMPHIS TN 38109

Comment for: BPA Reg Nr.19713-234 METHYL PARATHION 6E

The following specific comments pertain to your WPS labeling submission concerning the product cited above:

The respirator requirement for "applicators and other handlers" in the Personal Protective Equipment" section on your proposed labeling is missing or incorrect. Remove the incorrect requirement (if any) and add "For exposures outdoors, dust/mist filtering respirator (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C). For exposures in enclosed areas, a respirator with either an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G)." The exact location is shown in Sections A and B on Part I of the pruduct Worksheet in Supplement Three-A to PR Notice 93-7.

Add "Organophosphate" to your label in one of the locations shown in Section E on Part 2 of the Product Worksheet in Supplement Three-A to PR Notice 93-7.

Remove the statement "Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application." from its current position within the Agricultural Use Box and place it above the Agricultural Use Box.

Delete the 72-hour arid area REI statement and the notification statement from your label. EPA has determined that they are not required for products containing methyl parathion as the sole active ingredient.

Correct the typographical errors circled on your proposed label.

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to very high acute toxicity to Humans and Birds. For retail sale to and use only by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification. Direct supervision for this product is defined as the certified applicator being physically present during application, mixing, loading, repair and cleaning of application equipment. Commercial certified applicators must also ensure that all persons involved in these activities are informed of the precautionary statements.

Drexel Methyl Parathion 6E

Emulsifiable insecticide for controlling certain insects on the listed field, forage, fruit and vegetable crops.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

*Equivalent to 6.0 lbs. of 100% methyl parathion per gallon.

**Contains Xylene range aromatic solvent.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN DANGER/POISON

PRECAUTION-AL-USARIO:-Si-usted-no-lee-ingles;-no-use-este producto-hasta-que-la-etiquetta-haya-sido-explicado-ampliamente; Translation:-To-the-User:-If-you-can-not-read-English;-do-not-use this-product-until-the-label-has-been-fully-explained-to-you; Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a siguien para que se la explique a usted en detaile. (If you do not understand the label; find someone to explain it to you in detail).

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to methyl parathion and describe his condition. If doctor cannot come, take victim to clinic or hospital.

Move victim immediately from the area where methyl parathion is present.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air. If not breathing, immediately give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. Get medical attention.

IF IN EYES: Flush with plenty of water. Call a physician. IF-ON-SKIN+-Wash-with-plenty-of-soap-and-water--Get-medical attention.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a physician or Poison Control Center. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

APPERATE with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated



Under the Federal Insecticide, Fundicide, and Redesticide Act as amended, for the posticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 19713-239 EPA Reg. No. 19713-234

Net Contents

Manufactured By:

EPA Est. No.

DREXEL CHEMICAL COMPANY

P.O. BOX 9306 MEMPHIS, TENN 38109-0306

FIRST AID TREATMENT NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Antidote-administer atropine sulfate in large doses, TWO to FOUR mg. intravenously or intamuscularly as soon as cyanosis is overcome. Repeat at 5 to 10 minute intervals until signs of atropinization appear. 2-PAM chloride is a pharmacologic antidote and may be administered as an adjunct to, but not a substitute for, atropine which is a symptomatic and often life-saving antidote. DO NOT GIVE MORPHINE OR TRANQUILIZERS BECAUSE THESE ANTIDOTES MAY PRODUCE ADVERSE EFFECTS ACCENTUATING THE PHARMACOLOGIC EFFECT OF THIS PRODUCT. This product is a strong cholinesterase inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral nervous systems and producing cardiac and respiratory depression. At first sign of pulmonary edema, the patient should be given supplemental oxygen and treated symptomatically. Continued absorption of the poison may occur and fatal relapses have been reported after initial improvements. VERY CLOSE SUPERVISION OF THE PATIENT IS INDICATED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS.

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PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER: Poisonous if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through skin, rapidly absorbed through skin, repeated exposure may, without symptoms, be increasingly hazardous, do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Read the entire label before using this product. Use only according to label instructions. Read "WARRANTY-CONDITION OF SALE" before buying or using. If terms are not acceptable return at once unopened.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category G on an EPA chemical resistant category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants

Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Viton

Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks

Protective eyewear

Chemical-resistant apron when cleaning equipment, mixing or

loading

For exposure/outdoors, dust/mist filtering respirator

(MSHA/NIOSH) approval number prefix TC-21C.

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have becautenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Engineering controls statements:

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

POISON SIGNS (Symptoms)

Methyl parathion is a very dangerous poison. It rapidly enters the body on contact with all skin surfaces and eyes. Clothing wet with the material must be removed immediately. Exposed persons must receive prompt medical attention or they may die. Some of the signs and symptoms of poisoning are headaches, nausea, vomiting, cramps, weakness, blurred vision, pin-point pupils, tightness of chest, labored breathing, nervousness, sweating, watering of eyes, drooling or frothing of mouth and nose, muscle spasms and coma

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POISON: ATROPINE IS AN ANTIDOTE. CONSULT PHYSICIAN FOR EMERGENCY SUPPLY.

Call a physician at once in all cases of suspected methyl

The National Pesticide Telecommunication Network is available for recommendations regarding poisoning management, emergency treatment, and other information regarding the toxicity of methyl parathion. The toll free number for the National Pesticide Telecommunication Network is 1-800-858-7378.

If handled indoors provide mechanical exhaust ventilation. Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. If you feel sick in any way, STOP work and get help right away. See First Aid (Practical Treatment) section.

User Safety Recommendations: Users should:

parathion poisoning.

Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is highly toxic to aquatic invertebrates and wildlife. Birds in treated areas may be killed. Shrimp and other aquatic organisms may be killed at recommended application rates. For terrestrial uses, do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Runoff and drift from target areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent aquatic sites. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.



PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Combustible. Do not use, pour, spill or store near heat or flame. In case of FIRE, use water spray, foam, dry chemical or CO2; SPILL OR LEAK, keep all unprotected person away. Cover with absorbent material such as soda ash, lime, clay or sawdust. Sweep up and bury. Wash area thoroughly with strong lye solution.

Keep-all-unprotected-persons;-children;-livestock;-and-pets-away from-treated-area-or-where-there-is-danger-of-drift; HANDLE-THE CONCENTRATE-ONLY-WHEN-WEARING-THE-FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE-CLOTHING-AND-EQUIPMENT;

Wear-a-protective-suit-of-one-or-two-pieces-that-covers-all-parts
of-the-body-except-the-head;-hands-and-feet;-Wear-chemical
resistant-gloves;-chemical-resistant-apron;-and-chemical
resistant-shoes;-shoe-coverings;-or-boots;-Wear-goggles-or-a-face
shield:-Wear-a-pesticide-respirator-approved-by-the-National
Institute-for-Occupational-Safety-and-Health-under-the-provisions
of-30-CPR-Part-II;

use-only-when-the-following-protective-clothing-and-equipment During-Mixing/Loading,-Application,-Repair,-And-Cleaning-Of APPLICATION-EQUIPMENT,-DISPOSAL-OF-PESTICIDE-AND-EARLY-REENTRY INTO-TREATED-AREAS:-protective-suit-of-one-or-two-pieces-covering all-parts-of-the-body-except-the-head;-hands;-and-feet;-chemical resistant-gloves:-chemical-resistant-shoes-for-chemical-resistant shoe-covering-or-chemical-resistant-boots):-goggles-or-face shield;-hood-or-wide-brimmed-hat;-NIOSH-approved-respirator; if—mixing/loading—is—perpormed—using—a—elosed—system;—the POLLOWING-PROTECTIVE-CLOTHING-AND-EQUIPMENT-MAY-BE-WORN-AS-AN ALTERNATIVE+-long-sleeved-shirt-and-long-legged-pants+-shoes-and socks--Chemical-resistant-gloves-must-be-available-in-the-cab-or cockpit-and-must-be-worn-during-entry-to-the-exit-from-the application-vehicle--All-other-protective-clothing-and-equipment required-for-use-during-application-must-be-available-in-the-cab and-must-be-worn-when-exiting-the-cab-into-treated-area--When used-for-this-purpose,-contaminated-clothing-may-not-be-brought back-into-the-cab-unless-in-an-enclosure-such-as-a-plastic-bagremember-this-clothing-is-inadequate-to-protect-you-buring-repair And-cleaning-of-application-equipment-and-early-reentry-to Treated-areas+-refer-to-protective-clothing-and-equipment Requirements-above-

IMPORTANT:-If-pesticide-comes-in-contact-with-skin;-wash-off-with soap-and-water-and-contact-a-physician-immediately:-Always-wash hands;-face;-and-arms-with-soap-and-water-before-smoking;-eating; drinking;-or-toileting;

AFTER-WORK+-Before-removing-gloves; -wash-them-with-soap-and water-Take-off-all-work-clothes-and-shoes-Shower-using-soap-and water-Wear-only-clean-clothes-when-leaving-job--do-not-wear contaminated-clothing-Personal-clothing-worn-during-work-must-be stored-and-laundcred-separately-from-protective-clothing-and household-articles-Store-protective-clothing-separately-from personal-clothing-Clean-or-launder-protective-clothing-after

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each-user-Respirators-must-be-eleaned-and-filters-replaced according-to-instructions-included-with-the-respirators. Protective-elething-and-protective-equipment-heavily-contaminated or-drenched-with-methyl-parathion-must-be-destroyed-according-to state-and-local-regulations-HEAVILY-CONTAMINATED-OR-DRENCHED CLOTHING-CANNOT-BE-ADEQUATELY-DECONTAMINATED--DURING-AERIAL APPLICATION;-HUMAN-PLAGGERS-ARE-PROHIBITED-

DIRECTION FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry intervals. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 48 hours. Each 48 hour REI is increased to 72 hours in outdoor areas where average rainfall is less than 25 inches a year.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as a plant, soil, or water is:

Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants

Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barrier Laminate or Viton

Chemical-resistant footwear

Protective eyewear

Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure

Notify workers of the application by warning them orally and by posting warning signs at entrances to treated areas.

REENTRY-STATEMENT

Reentry-into-treated-fields-is-prohibited-for-48-hours-after application; -unless-all-protective-clothing-and-equipment required-for-early-reentry-as-described-elsewhere-on-the-label

Because-certain-states-may-require-more-restrictive-reentry intervals-for-various-crops-treated-with-this-product,-consult your-State-Department-of-Agriculture-for-further-information-Do-not-apply-this-product-in-such-a-manner-as-to-directly-or through-drift-expose-workers-or-other-persons--The-area-being treated-must-be-vacated-by-unprotected-persons-

PARMWORKER-SAPETY

Written-or-oral-warnings-must-be-given-to-workers-who-are expected-to-be-in-a-treated-area-or-in-an-area-about-to-be



treated-with-this-product--findicate-specific-oral-warnings-which inform-vorkers-of-areas-or-fields-that-may-not-be-entered-without specific-protective-clothing,-period-of-time-field-must-be vacated-and-appropriate-actions-to-take-in-case-of-accidental exposure-}-When-oral-warnings-are-qiven,-warnings-shall-be-qiven in-a-language-customarily-understood-by-workers--Oral-warnings must-be-given-if-there-is-reason-to-believe-that-written-warnings cannot-be-understood-by-workers--Written-warnings-must-include the-following-information--BANGER+-Area-treated-with-methyl parathion-on-{date-of-application}--Bo-not-enter-without appropriate-protective-clothing-for-48-hours--In-case-of accidental-exposure--refer-to-Statement-of-Practical-Treatment-on front-panel-of-this-products-label-TO-PREVENT-PERSONAL-INGURY-AND-POSSIBLE-FATALITIES--Keep-ell persons-and-animals-out-of-treated-areas-for-48-hours-Workers-entering-treated-fields-within-48-hours-must-wear protective-elething-

Do not use in a manner other than recommended on this label. To avoid excessive residues of methyl parathion on food or forage crops always observe the statements found under "Directions For Use," limiting the time before harvest when methyl parathion may be applied. Because this material is poisonous by skin contact, inhalation or swallowing, it should not be used in such a manner or under weather conditions as will permit drift of the spray into areas not intended to be sprayed. Do not apply or allow drift to areas occupied by unprotected humans or beneficial animals.

This product is designed for application after dilution with water and for use by trained operators using airplanes or power ground equipment. The hazards and precautions for handling the product in this container are equally applicable to it after dilution with water for spray application. Add the concentrate to the spray tank while filling with water, and mix thoroughly either by means of a tank agitator or pump by-pass. For best results, thoroughly cover all surfaces to be treated with spray. Rates of application given below should not be exceeded. Never apply later than indicated to assure residue levels at harvest are below tolerances established by the Food and Drug Administration.

Consult the State Agriculture Extension Service or Experiment Station for specific recommendations regarding application, dosage and time of sprays. For application by ground equipment, add the desired amount of concentrate to sufficient water to apply at least 3 gallons of water per acre. For application by aircraft, add the amount of concentrate desire per acre to 1/2 to 3 gallons of water consistent with crop growth and good coverage. Greater quantities of water may be required to give sufficient coverage of orchard trees.

FIELD AND FORAGE CROPS

ALFALFA AND CLOVER - For control of alfalfa weevil larvae aphids (including spotted alfalfa aphids) and climbing cutworms, use 1/3 to 2/3 pint per acre. Apply when 75 percent of the terminals show feeding damage or when larvae inert equals 25 larvae per sweep. For alfalfa caterpillars, armyworms up to third instar, clover leaf weevils and webworms, use 2/3 pint per acre. For Egyptian alfalfa weevils, leafhoppers, Lygus bugs and spider mites, use 2/3 to 1-1/3 pints per acre. Do not treat closer than 15 days before harvest, cutting or grazing. Do not apply if the crop or weeds in the treatment area are in bloom. In California and Nevada do not use more than 1/2 pint per acre.

COTTON - For control of thrips, use 1/6 to 1/3 pint per acre. For cotton leafworms, use 1/6 to 1/2 pint per acre. For grasshoppers and fall armyworms up to third instar, use 1/3 pint per acre. For spider mites (does not control all species), use 1/3 to 1/2 pint per acre. For control of fleahoppers, Lygus and other mirids, use 1/6 pint to 2/3 quart per acre. For boll weevils, aphids, and garden webworms, use 1/3 to 2/3 pint per acre. For false chinch bugs, use 2/3 pint per acre. For cabbage loopers and cutworms, use 2/3 to 1-1/3 pints per acre. For bollworms, salt-marsh caterpillars, armyworms up to third instar, cotton leaf perforators and stink bugs, use 2/3 quart per acre. Application should be made at 4 to 5 day intervals until control is obtained. At above dosages, application may be made up to the day before harvest, if harvest will be with mechanical pickers.

CAUTION - When necessary to enter treated cotton fields within 48 hours after application, protective clothing should be worn. Do not apply within 5 days of handpicking cotton.

GRASS (FORAGE) - For control of armyworms up to third instar, crested wheat bugs, false chinch bugs, grasshoppers and leafhoppers, use 1 pint per acre. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest or grazing.,

SOYBEANS - For control of climbing cutworms and three-cornered alfalfa hoppers, use 1/3 pint per acre. For control of garden webworms, use 1/3 to 2/3 pint per acre. For control of aphids, blister beetles, Mexican bean beetles, stink bugs, two-spotted mites and velvet bean caterpillars, use 2/3 pint per acre. For bollworms, cabbage loopers, fall armyworms up to third instar and green cloverworms, use 2/3 quart per acre. Do not apply closer than 20 days before harvest or grazing.

SUGAR BEETS - For aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers, Lygus bugs, stink bugs and webworms, use 1/2 pint per acre. Do not treat closer than 20 days before harvest, 60 days if tops are to be fed to livestock.

VETCH - For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, climbing cutworms, leafhoppers, Lygus bugs, spider mites and vetch bruchids, use 2/3 to 1-2/3 pints per acre. Do not treat closer than 15 days before harvest or grazing.

VEGETABLES

POTATOES - For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, cabbage loopers, false chinch bugs, flea beetles, leafhoppers, mites and shield bugs, use 1 quart per acre. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

SWEET POTATOES - For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, surface feeding and climbing cutworms, flea beetles, leafhoppers and mites, use 1/2 quart per acre. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

BROCCOLI - For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers and mites, use 2/3 to 2 pints per acre. For cabbage loopers and stink bugs, use 1-1/3 to 2 pints per acre. Rates above 2/3 pints should not be applied closer than 21 days before harvest.

BRUSSEL SPROUTS - For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers and mites, use 2/3 to 2 pints per acre. For cabbage loopers and stink bugs, use 1-1/3 to 2 pints per acre. Rates above 2/3 pints should not be applied closer than 21 days before harvest.

RUTABAGAS - For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers and mites, use 2/3 to 2 pints per acre. For cabbage loopers and stink bugs, use 1-1/3 to 2 pints per acre. Rates above 2/3 pints should not be applied closer than 21 days before harvest.

CABBAGE - For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers and mites, use 2/3 to 2 pints per acre. For cabbage loopers and stink bugs, use 1-1/3 to 2 pints per acre. Rates above 2/3 pints should not be applied closer than 21 days before harvest.

COLLARDS, KALE AND MUSTARD GREENS - For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers and mites, use 2/3 to 2 pints per acre. For cabbage loopers and stink bugs, use 1-1/3 to 2 pints per acre. Rates above 2/3 pints should not be applied closer than 21 days before harvest.

PEAS - For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers, Lygus bugs and mites, use 2/3 to 1-1/3 pints per acre. For cabbage loopers, cowpea curculio, surface feeding and climbing cutworms and stink bugs, use 1-1/3 pints per acre. Rates above 2/3 pints should not be applied closer than 15 days before harvest. Do not apply if the crop or weeds in the treatment area are in bloom.

TURNIPS - For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers, leaf miners and mites, use 2/3 to 1 pint per acre. For cabbage loopers use 1 pint per acre. Rates above 2/3 pints should not be applied closer than 15 days before harvest. If tops are to be used for food or feed do not apply closer than 21 days before harvest.

BEANS (Dry and Green) - For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers, Lygus bugs and mites, use 2/3 to 2 pints per acre. For cowpea curculio, surface feeding and climbing cutworms and stink bugs, use 1-1/3 to 2 pints per acre. Rates above 2/3 pints should not be applied closer than 15 days before harvest. Do not apply if the crop or weeds in the treatment area are in bloom.

BEETS (Red) - For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, cabbage loopers, flea beetles, leafhoppers, Lygus bugs, mites and stink bugs, use 2/3 quart per acre. Do not apply closer than 21 days before harvest.

CARROTS - For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, surface feeding and climbing cutworms, flea beetles, leafhoppers and mites, use 2/3 quart per acre. Do not feed tops. Do not apply closer than 15 days before harvest.

CELERY - For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, cabbage loopers, flea beetles, leafhoppers, Lygus bugs, mites and stink bugs, use 2/3 quart per acre. Do not apply closer than 15 days before harvest.

ONIONS - For control of thrips, use 1/3 pint per acre. Do not apply closer than 15 days before harvest.

SPINACH - For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, flea beetles, leafhoppers, mites, seed corn maggots in crown and crown mites, use 2/3 to 1-2/3 pints per acre. For cabbage loopers, use 1-1/3 pints per acre. Rates above 2/3 pint should not be applied closer than 21 days before harvest.

LETTUCE - For control of aphids, armyworms up to third instar, cabbage loopers, flea beetles, leafhoppers and mites, use 2/3 quart per acre. Do not apply closer than 21 days before harvest.

BARLEY, OATS, RYE AND WHEAT - For barley thrips, use 1/3 to 1/2 pint per acre. For aphids, armyworms up to third instar, leafhoppers and winter grain mites, use 1/3 to 1 pint per acre. For cutworms use 1/2 to 2/3 pint per acre. For chinch bugs, false chinch bugs and Say's plant bugs, use 1 pint per acre. For western or brown wheat mites, use 2/3 pint per acre. Do not use more than 1/3 pint per acre within 15 days of harvest.

CORN - For control of armyworms up to third instar, climbing cutworms, corn leaf aphids, corn rootworm adults, fall armyworms up to third instar and stink bugs, use 1/3 pint per acre. Do not apply within 13 days of harvest. Do not apply to corn during the pollen shed period.

RICE - For rice stink bugs, use 1/3 to 2/3 pint per acre. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest. Shrimp, crabs and crayfish may be killed. Do not apply where these are important resources. Do not apply within 14 days of Propanil application.

SORGHUM - For corn leaf aphids and mites, use 2/3 pint per acre. For sorghum midges, use 2/3 pint to 2/3 quart per acre, 2 applications, 3 to 5 days apart when approximately 90% of the heads have completely emerged from the boot or not later than start of blooming. Do not apply closer than 21 days before harvest. Leaf injury may occur on some hybrid varieties of sorghum. Spray a few rows a week or so before booting to test effects upon plants.

OIL SEED CROPS

SUNFLOWERS - For control of sunflower moth, use 1-1/4 pints per acre. Make no more than 3 applications at 5-day intervals. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage, disposal. STORAGE AND HANDLING:

- 1. Handle container carefully so as to avoid damage and prevent leakage.
- Do not use or store in or around the home.
- Store container in a well-ventilated place.
- 4. Empty container retains vapor and product residue. Observe all labeled safeguards until container is cleaned, reconditioned or destroyed.

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Protection Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal: Triple rinse (or equivalent) and offer for recycling or reconditioning, or dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other approved State or local procedures.

WARRANTY - CONDITION OF SALE
OUR RECOMMENDATIONS FOR USE of this product are based upon tests
believed reliable. Follow directions carefully. Timing and method
of application, weather and crop conditions, mixtures with other
chemicals not specifically recommended, and other influencing
factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the
seller. Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage and handling of
this material not in strict accordance with directions given
herewith.

In no case shall Drexel or the Seller be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product when such use and/or handling is not in strict accordance with directions given herewith. The foregoing is a condition of sale by Drexel Chemical Company and is accepted as such by the Buyer.

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