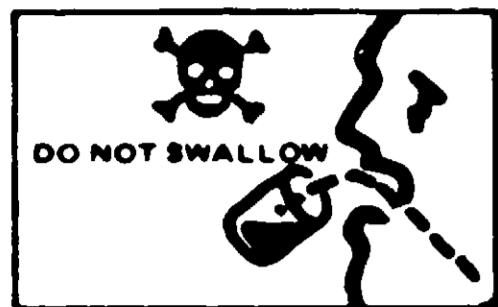


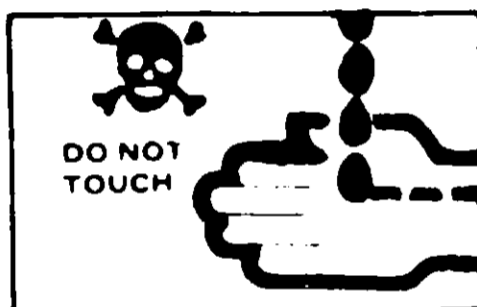
AUG 21 1975
 Under the Federal Insecticide
 Fungicide and Rodenticide Act
 EPA Reg. No. 5525-15



CAN KILL IF SWALLOWED
 This product can kill you if swallowed even in small amounts; spray mist may be fatal if swallowed.



CAN KILL IF BREATHED
 Breathing vapors or spray mist may be fatal.



CAN KILL BY SKIN CONTACT
 This product can kill you if touched by hands or spilled or splashed on skin, in eyes or on clothing (liquid goes through clothes).

POISONOUS TO FISH AND WILDLIFE This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be killed. Keep out of any body of water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not apply when runoff is likely to occur. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

FLAMMABLE. KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT OR OPEN FLAME.

NOT FOR HOME USE **55 GAL. NET.**



STOP! READ THE LABEL



CAN KILL YOU

6-2-1 COTTON SPRAY

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	By Wt.
*Toxaphene	52.0%
**O, O-dimethyl O-p-nitrophenyl thiophosphate	17.0%
Parathion (O, O-diethyl O-p-nitrophenyl Phosphorothioate)	8.0%
Xylene	16.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS	5.0%
	100.0%
*Technical Chlorinated Camphene (87%-89% Chlorine)	
**Methyl Parathion	

Contains: 1 lb. Ethyl Parathion Per Gallon - 2 lbs. Methyl Parathion - 6 lbs. Toxaphene

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH CAUTIONS, WARNINGS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TIMING AND DOSAGE MAY VARY AS A CONSEQUENCE OF LOCAL WEATHER OR CONDITIONS; WE RECOMMEND REFERENCE TO AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATIONS ON SPECIFIC USAGE.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

This product is an emulsifiable concentrate that mixes readily with water, for use in the control of certain insects attacking cotton.

COTTON - Early Season Control: Overwintered Boll Weevils, Cotton Fleahoppers, and Thrips - Use 2 pints per acre making from 2 to 4 applications at 7 to 10 day intervals.

MID SEASON CONTROL: Aphids, Boll Weevils, Bollworms, Cotton Leafworms, Fleahoppers, Grasshoppers, Red Spider Mites, and Thrips - Use one third gallon per acre. Apply at four to five day intervals until control is gained. Proper timing of applications is essential.

LATE SEASON CONTROL: And trouble cases of bollworm and cotton leaf perforators caused by previous insufficient dosage; lack of weekly scouting; failing to maintain recommended regular application, by means of weather conditions or otherwise, INCREASE rate per acre to 1/2 gallon of SOUTH LAND 6-2-1 for one application, then return to recommended dosage as in Mid Season Control and maintain regular recommended schedule.

Do not apply within 15 days of hand picking or harvest.

Workers entering treated fields within 5 days after application should wear protective clothing. Do not use on forage crops to be fed to or grazed by dairy animals or animals being finished for slaughter. Do not apply or allow to drift to areas occupied by unprotected humans or beneficial animals.

DANGER
 Keep out of reach of children
POISON

See side panels for antidote and precautions

USE ONLY WHEN WEARING PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT A

(1) Wear water-proof pants, coat, hat, rubber boots, and gloves. (2) Wear safety goggles. (3) Wear a pesticide respirator (approved by the Mining Enforcement and Safety Administration, U.S. Bureau of Mines) and by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health under the provisions of 30 CFR 115.101.

WORK SAFETY R

Keep all unprotected persons and children away from treated areas or where there is danger of drift. Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. If you experience symptoms of poisoning, STOP work and get help right away. Call your doctor or hospital - immediately. Explain that you are poisoned with parathion and describe his condition. (See First Aid Treatment Section) and if a victim to clinic or hospital. IMPORTANT! Before removing gloves, wash hands with soap and water. Always wash hands, face and arms before smoking, eating or drinking. AFTER WORK, take off all work clothes and wash thoroughly with soap and water. Wear only clean clothes when you return home. Protective equipment with soap and water should be cleaned and filter replaced as directed with respirator.

DO NOT STORE NEAR OR CONTAMINATED

POISON SIGNS (Symptoms)

Parathion is a very dangerous poison. It is highly toxic to all skin surfaces and eye contact with all skin surfaces and eye contact with all skin surfaces and eye material must be removed immediately. If you experience symptoms of poisoning, receive prompt medical treatment or they will be fatal. Some of the signs and symptoms of poisoning are: vomiting, cramps, weakness, blurred vision, dizziness, numbness in chest, labored breathing, nervousness, drooling or frothing of mouth and coma.

FIRST AID TREATMENT

Call a doctor (physician), clinic or hospital immediately. If the victim has been exposed to the pesticide, remove contaminated clothing. If breathing has stopped, start artificial respiration. If the victim is unconscious, maintain until doctor sees victim. If vomit (conscious) make him vomit quickly. Do not induce vomiting by giving soap or kerosene. Repeat until vomit is clean. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Have victim lie on his side. Call doctor immediately. In case of contact, immediately flush with water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. See doctor immediately.