5/9/2007 12455-102 U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY EPA Reg. Number: Date of Issuance: Office of Pesticide Programs Registration Division (7505C) 12455-102 May 9, 2007 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W. Washington, D.C. 20460 NOTICE OF PESTICIDE: Term of Issuance: X Registration Reregistration (under FIFRA, as amended) Conditional Name of Pesticide Product: ZP® Rodent Oat Bait AG R31 5-800489 Name and Address of Registrant (include ZIP Code): Bell Laboratories 3699 Kinsman Blvd. Madison, WI 53704 Attention: Mr. John Lublinkhof Note: Changes in labeling differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above EPA registration number. On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby registered/reregistered under the Federal Insecticide. Fungicide and Rodenticide Act. Registration is in no way to be construed as an endorsement or recommendation of this product by the Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others. This product is conditionally registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(7)(A)provided that you A) submit one (1) copy of final printed labeling to us, with the following changes, before you release the product for shipment. 1. Use Enclosure 2, "Minimum Text Type Requirements for Final Printed Labels" to determine the proper type size for the headings "RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE" and "STORAGE AND DISPOSAL" and for "CAUTION" and "KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN". Date: Daniel P. Ream May 9, 2007 Daniel B. Peacock, Biologist Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch

EPA Form 8570-6

Registration Division (7505C)

Add the following section to your "ENDANGERED SPECIES CONSIDERATIONS" section:

Do not use this product within 7 kilometers (4.34 miles) of any prairie dog town to limit risks to the **black-footed ferret** (*Mustelanigripes*) from exposure to Zinc Phosphide or destruction of its prey base, unless the colony is:

- a. an isolated black-tailed prairie dog town less than 80 acres in size,
- b. an isolated white-tailed or Gunnison prairie dog town less than 200 acres in size,
- c. has been appropriately surveyed, using methods acceptable to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, and found by the FWS not to be a suitable site for ferret reintroductions, or
- d. has been exempt by the FWS from the survey requirement.
- 2. After your "FIRST AID" text, add the following referral statement: "See Left Column for additional precautions."
- 3. Reorder your "PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS" on the Left Column, as follows:

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals Environmental Hazards

- 4. At the bottom of Left Column add "continued on the Right Column: and at the top of the Right Column add "continued from the Left Column.
- 5. Change "RANGELAND AND NONCROP AREAS" to "RANGELAND AND ADJACENT NONCROP AREAS" in the heading for prairie dogs.
- 6. Under "WARRANTY", add the following text at the beginning of this section: "To the extent consistent with applicable law, ..."
- 7. Under "AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL STRUCTURES", delete "white-footed mice (*Peromyscus leucopus*)" until you address problems with the supporting data. We reviewed the laboratory study (MRID No. 469640-02). See attached review. You did not submit the raw data, and the mortality (80%) did not meet the required 90%. If you wish to add this public health claim to the label, you need additional efficacy data. We are willing to work with you to develop a plan to support this claim.
- B) within 15 months of registration, submit the following data in electronic and paper formats:
 - 1. Storage Stability (830.6317)
 - 2. Corrosion Characteristics (830.6320)

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions.

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed. If you have any questions, please contact Dan Peacock by phone (703-305-5407), fax (703-305-6596), or E-Mail (peacock.dan@epa.gov).

Enclosures: 1. Stamped Label

••

2. Minimum Type Size Requirements for Final Pirnted Labels

3. Efficacy Review for 12455-RNE (102)

Dan Peacock, Flash Drive 1gb, E:\Zinc Phosphide\12455\12455-102, Notice of Registration, 5-8-2007.doc

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to wildlife and fish. Birds and other wildlife feeding on treated bait may be killed. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply this product directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark.

ENDANGERED SPECIES CONSIDERATIONS Whooping Crane (<u>Grus americana</u>). Do not use this product during the period 30 days prior to arrival and 30 days after the whooping crane leaves known crane habitat.

Pygmy rabbit (<u>Brachylagus idahoensis</u>). Do not use this product within one mile of alfalfa fields.

UTAH: Utah Prairie Dog (<u>Cynomys parviden</u>). Do not use this product in the range of the Utah Prairie Dog.

CALIFORNIA. Salt marsh harvest mouse (<u>Reithrodontomys ravirentris</u>). Do not use this product within 1/2 mile of salt marsh vegetation and/or brackish water wetlands which are located near or adjacent to San Pablo Bay and San Francisco Bay. Do not use this product within 1/2 mile of salt marsh vegetation and/or brackish water wetlands which are located in the Sacramento River 'w or adjacent to the confluence of the

.amento River and the San Joaquin River.

Morro Bay Kangaroo Rats (<u>Diposomys hurmani</u> <u>morroensis</u>). Do not use this product within 2 1/2 miles of Bay Wood Park which is located on Morro Bay.

Aleutian Canada Goose (Branta canadensis leucoparia). Do not use this product from October to March in the Federally closed goose hunting areas in the State of California. See current Duck and Goose Hunting game laws for a current map. Giant Kangaroo Rat (Dipodomys ingens). Follow the Interim Measures for Protecting Endangered Species in the California Endangered Species Bulletin for the following California counties: Fresno, Kem, Kings, Merced, Monterey, San Benito, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara and Tulare. Tipton Kangaroo Rat (Dipodomys nitratoides). Follow the Interim Measures for Protecting Endangered Species in the California Endangered Species Bulletin for the following

California counties: Kern, Kings and Tulare.

sno Kangaroo Rat (<u>Dipodmys nitratoides exilis</u>). Jow the Interim Measures for Protecting Endangered Species in the California Endangered Species Bulletin for the following California counties: Fresno, Kings, Madera and Merced.

Stephan's Kangaroo Rat (Dipodomys stephens). Follow the Interim Measures for Protecting Endangered Species in the California Endangered Species Bulletin for the following California counties: San Bernardino, San Diego and Riverside. San Bernardino Kangaroo Rat (Dipodomys merriami parvus). Follow the Interim Measures for Protecting Endangered Species in the California Endangered Species Bulletin in the following California counties: San Bernardino and Riverside. TEXAS: Attwater's greater prairie chicken (Tympanuchus cupido attwateri). Do not use this product in the present occupied range of the Attwater's prairie chicken in the following Texas counties: Arkansas, Austin, Brazoria, Colorado, DeWitt, Fort Bend, Galveston, Goliad, Harris, Refugio, Victoria, Waller and Wharton.

PUERTO RICO: Yellow-shouldered Black Bird (Agelaius xanthomus) and Puerto Rican Plain Pigeon (<u>Columba inornata wetmorei</u>). This product must not be used in the following areas except in tamper proof bait boxes: within 10 kilometers of Central Aquirre, Lago Cidra, Ceiba, San German; 15 kilometers of La Esperanza, south of Highway 2 from city of Mayaguez to the city of Ponce and all Mona Island.

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

DUE TO HAZARDS TO NONTARGET SPECIES For retail sale and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's Certification.



FOR CONTROL OF GROUND SQUIRRELS, PRAIRIE DOGS, *RATS; *VOLES; MIGE, MEADOW MICE, DEER MICE, KANGAROO RATS, AND GOPHERS.

KEEP ON THE REPORT OF A

as amended, for the pesticide

register ed under FiRAThen No.

Have label with you when seeking treatment advice, including 1-877-854-2494.

Any persons applying zinc phosphide products and experiencing signs and symptoms such as nausea, abdominal pain, tightness in the chest, or weakness, should be seen by a physician immediately.

IF SWALLOWED:

 Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice or transport patient to the nearest hospital.

Do not drink water.

 Do not administer anything by mouth or induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING

· Take off contaminated clothing.

• Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 - 20 minutes.

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

IF INHALED

Move person to fresh air.

• If person is not breathing, call an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth to mouth, if possible.

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

IF IN EYES

• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.

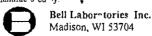
• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

NET WEIGHT.

EPA EST. NO. 12455-WI-1 EPA REG. NO. 12455-XXX

Manufac*ured hy:



NOTICE: It is a federal offense to use any pesticide in a manner that results in the death of a member of an endangered species. The use of this product may pose a hazard to Federally designated endangered/threatened species. Suggested measures to protect endangered species in your county may exist in an EPA "Interim Measures" pamphlet. You may call EPA's Endangered Species Hotline, 1-800-447-3813, to find out if an "Interim Measures" pamphlet exists for your county and have one sent to you. You can also consult your local county extension office or pesticide state lead agency to determine whether they have imposed any requirements in your area to protect endangered and threatened species.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals Keep away from humans, domestic animals and pets. Harmful if swallowed, absorbed through the skin, inhaled, or in eyes. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contamination of feed or foodstuffs. Avoid contact with acids. Wash all utensils, spoons, or measuring devices thoroughly after using.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

All handlers, including anyone who applies bait and retrieves carcasses and unused bait, must wear waterproof gloves.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE, such as gloves. If no instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Wash hands thoroughly after applying bait and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ THIS LABEL: Read this entire label and follow all use directions and use precautions. Do not apply to any site, against any pest, or by any method of application not stated on this label.

Use Restrictions: Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. Keep all other persons out of the treated area during this application.

LIMITATIONS

The following Limitations apply to the Agricultural Areas listed on this label: Product must not be applied on roads, near residential areas, or over water. Do not broadcast over growing crops other than alfalfa, barley, beans (dry), potatoes, sugar beets, sugarcane and wheat. Apply product on warm clear days. Do not graze animals in treated areas.

NONCROP RIGHTS-OF-WAY

USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of California Ground Squirrels (<u>Spermophilus beecheyi</u>) on noncrop rights-of-way adjacent to canal and ditch banks and other noncrop borders during late spring and summer. Product must not be applied on roads, near residential areas, over water or where plants are grown for food or feed.

PREBAITING: with 6 pounds of untreated cracked corn per acre, 2-3 days prior to applying toxic bait may enhance acceptance by target species when baiting with acute toxicants.

BAITTING: Treat only once during treatment period. Broadcast bait in a 10-15 foot swath along right-of-way, using hand or ground-driven dispensing devices not to exceed 6 pounds per acre. Bait will be applied only to the canal right-of-way between the base of the levee and adjacent properties. The canal and levee will not be treated. Dispose of excess bait from application equipment by burial.

RANGELAND AND NONCROP AREAS

PRAIRIE DOGS

USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of prairie dogs Blacktailed (<u>Cynomys</u> udovicianus), Whitetailed (<u>C. leucurus</u>) and Gunnison (<u>Zuni</u>) on rangeland in Western United States (North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, Colorado, Montana, Idaho, Utah and Wyoming).

PREBAITING: Prebait with 4 grams (one teaspoon) of untreated cracked corn per nound, one or two days prior to baiting, to increase acceptance of treated baits by prairie dogs.

BAITING: Apply bait only after all or most of prebait is eaten and only to areas where untreated bait was consumed. Establish observation period during prebaiting. Apply bait by hand as a six-inch bait spot on edge of each mound or in adjacent eeding areas. Application rate should not exceed 4 grams (one teaspoon) per bait pot. Treat during late summer or fall period (July-December). Do not apply more han one bait application during this period. Dispose of spilled or unwanted bait by purial.

KANGAROO RATS

USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of the Ord's Kangaroo Rat (Dipodomys ordii), panner-tailed kangaroo rat (Dipodomys spectabilis), and Merriam's kangaroo rat Dipodomys merriami) in rangeland vegetation and noncrop areas.

HAND BAITING: Place one tablespoon (12 grams) of bait at 2 locations on opposite ides of mounds. Attempt to place in feeding runs near the entrance to burrows.

MACADAMIA NUT ORCHARDS AND ADJACENT NONCROP AREAS

* **RESTRICTIONS**: For control of roof rats (<u>R. rattus</u>) in Macadamia Nut ards and adjacent noncrop areas.

SPOT TREATMENT: Bait may be placed in bait stations on the ground or in tations in trees. Place 4-8 grams (1-2 teaspoons) of bait in stations at the base of each ree and in each station in trees. Uneaten bait must be removed from trees prior to haker harvest or from ground prior to mechanized harvest. Orchards may be treated up to 30 days prior to a harvesting round.

BURROW TREATMENT: Place 4-8 grams (1-2 teaspoons) of bait in each burrow. No preharvest interval is required, provided nuts are not retrieved from burrows.

BROADCAST BAITING: Broadcast at the rate of five (5) pounds of bait per acre in brochard using a ground device or by hand. Aircraft may be used to treat adjacent noncrop areas if recommended and supervised by the Hawaii Dept, of Health. The number of applications shall not exceed four (4) per year. The total amount of bait applied shall not exceed 20 pounds per acre per year.

ORCHARDS AND GROVES

USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of meadow voles, prairie voles, pine voles, California voles, long-tailed voles, Oregon voles, mountain voles, Townsend's voles <u>Microtus spp.</u>) and white-footed mice in orchards and groves. Apply bait after narvest while the orchard or grove is in a nonbearing phase.

HAND BAITING: Near the base of each infested tree, place teaspoonful quantities of it at 2-4 locations, either on surface trails or at the mouth of holes leading to

erground burrow systems. Cover bait artificially (e.g., mats, boards) or by pulling werhanging grass back into place. Do not allow bait to be exposed on bare ground. Do not disturb the runway system. Bait at the rate of 2-3 pounds per acre of infested rees.

FRAILBUILDER: Drop teaspoonful quantity of bait at 4-5 foot intervals in the artificial trail made by the machine just inside the drop line on both sides of the trees. Apply at the rate of 2-3 pounds per acre.

BROADCAST BAITING: Under infested trees broadcast evenly by cyclone seeder or by hand (wear rubber gloves during hand broadcast operations). Concentrate in areas with the heaviest vegetative cover. Do not broadcast on bare ground or growing props. Apply at the rate of 6-10 pounds per acre.

AERIAL APPLICATION: Broadcast bait at a rate of 6-10 pounds per acre. Do not apply on bare ground or growing crops.

SUGARCANE

JSE RESTRICTIONS: For control of Polynesian (<u>Rattus exulans</u>), Norway (<u>R. torvegicus</u>), Roof (<u>R. rattus</u>), Rice (<u>Oryzomys palustris</u>), Florida water (<u>Neofiber</u> <u>Ileri</u>), and Cotton rats (<u>Sigmodon hispidus</u>) in sugarcane fields.

PREBAITING: Prebaiting with three pounds of untreated cracked corn per acre one or two weeks prior to baiting is usually desirable to enhance acceptance of the treated ait by rats.

BAITING: Broadcast bait by aircraft, ground-driven devices, or by hand at the rate f five (5) pounds of bait per acre. The number of applications shall not exceed four 4) per crop. The total application shall not exceed 20 pounds per acre. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.

NURSERY STOCK, CONIFER/CHRISTMAS TREE, POPLAR/COTTONWOOD, ORNAMENTAL AND NON-BEARING FRUIT TREE PLANTATIONS

USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of meadow voles, prairie voles, pine voles, California voles, long-tailed voles, Oregon voles, mountain voles and Townsend's voles (<u>Microtus spp.</u>) in nursery stock, conifer/Christmas tree, poplar/cottonwood, ornamental, and non-bearing fruit trees plantations.

BROADCASTING BAITING: Under infested nursery stock, conifer/Christmas trees, poplar/cottonwood trees, ornamental and/or non-bearing fruit trees broadcast evenly by cyclone seeder or by hand. Concentrate in areas with the heaviest vegetative cover. Do not broadcast on bare ground. Apply at a rate of 6-10 pounds per acre.

HAND BAITING: Near the base of infested nursery stock, conifer/Christmas trees, poplar/cottonwood trees, ornamental and/or non-bearing fruit trees, place teaspoonful quantities of bait at 2-4 locations, either on surface trails or at the mouth of holes leading to underground burrow systems. Do not allow bait to be exposed on bare ground. Do not disturb the runway system. Bait at a rate of 2-3 pounds per acre of infested stock.

GRAPE VINEYARDS

USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of deer mice, white-footed mice, and oldfield mice (<u>Peromyscus spp.</u>), meadow, prairie and pine voles (<u>Microtus pennsylvanicus</u>) (<u>Microtus spp.</u>) and meadow jumping mice (<u>Zapus hudsoricus</u>) in grape vineyards. Do not use this product in areas of Alabama and Florida occupied by endangered subspecies of the oldfield mouse.

BROADCAST BAITING: Broadcast bait evenly on the ground between the rows by cyclone seeder or by hand. Apply bait at a rate of 6-10 pounds per acre. Do not apply by air.

ALFALFA, LAWNS, GOLF COURSES, AND OTHER NONCROP AREAS USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of plains pocket gophers (<u>Geomys</u> <u>buršarius</u>), southeastern pocket gophers (<u>G. pinetis</u>), yellow-faced pocket gophers (<u>Pappogeomys castanops</u>) and pocket gophers (<u>Thomomys spp.</u>), in alfalfa, rangelands, croplands, noncrop areas, lawns, golf courses, parks, forests, and reforestation areas, conifer/Christmas trees, and poplar/cottonwood plantations and other noncrop areas. Bait must be applied directly into pocket gopher's underground burrow systems. Do not apply bait above ground or directly to crops grown for food or feed. Do not apply by use of burrow-builders in lawns, golf courses, or municipal parks.

HAND BAITING: Place one teaspoon (4 grams) of bait at 2-4 locations using a mechanical probe or similar device into the underground runway. After bait is dropped into the probe hole, cover the hole. Pick up and bury all spilled bait.

Locating Underground Runways: Use a metal rod, a strong smooth stick or other suitable implement to probe the ground 10 to 15 inches away from fan-shaped gopher mounds. Begin probing on the flat side of the fan. When the main runway has been entered, the probe will drop about 2 inches due to decreased resistance from soil.

<u>Applying Bait to Runways</u>: Using a long-handled spoon or mechanical probe, drop one teaspoon of bait into the main runway at each baited point. Cover the opening with sod, a rock, or soil to exclude light. Take care not to cover bait with soil. Depending upon mound density, make two to five bait placements per burrow system. Recover and bury all spilled bait.

BURROW BUILDER: Drop teaspoonful quantity of bait at 4-5 foot intervals in the artificial burrow made by the machine. Apply at a rate of 2-3 pounds per acre. Pick up and bury all spilled bait.

ALFALFA

USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of voles (<u>Microtus spp.</u>) in alfalfa. All applications must occur shortly after a cutting of the hay, and/or prior to the new growth attaining a length of 2 inches. Alfalfa forage from treated areas must not be harvested until it reaches maturity. This use is restricted to California, Idaho, Oregon and the state of Washington.

BROADCAST BAITING: This product may be broadcast by air or ground driven dispensing devices. Apply at a rate of up to 10 lbs. (0.2 lb. active) per acre. A second application may be made after 10 days. A maximum of 20 lbs. (0.4 lb. active) per acre may be applied per year. Do not apply by air when wind velocity exceeds 10 mph. Do not apply in piles or permit piles to be formed by equipment.

TIMOTHY AND TIMOTHY/ALFALFA MIXTURES PRODUCED FOR HAY

USE RESTRICTIONS For control of voles (<u>Microtus spp</u>) in timothy and timothy/alfalfa mixtures Do not apply by air. Do not apply to actively growing timothy or timothy/alfalfa mixtures This use is restricted to California, Idaho, Oregon and the state of Washington. Do not apply to timothy or timothy/alfalfa mixtures within 60 days of harvest.

BROADCAST BAITTING Broadcast bait using hand, cyclone seeder, or grounddriven dispensing devices. A maximum of 2 applications by ground may be made at the rate of 5 to 10 pounds per acre, one in the fall after the last cutting and one in the spring when timothy and timothy-legume mixtures are still dormant. Do not apply in piles or permit piles to be formed by equipment.

TIMOTHY PRODUCED FOR SEED

USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of voles (<u>Microtus spp.</u>) in growing season. Do not apply by air. Do not apply to actively growing timothy or timothy/alfalfa or timothy/clover mixtures. A minimum of 158 days must pass between an application of ZP Rodent Oat Bait Ag and any livestock foraging activity. This use is restricted to Idaho, Oregon and the state of Washington.

BROADCAST BAITING: This product may be broadcast by hand, cyclone seeder, or ground-driven dispensing devices at a rate of up to 10 lbs (0.2 lb active) per acre during crop dormancy. A maximum of 20 lbs (0.4 lb active) per acre may be applied annually.

BARLEY

, **RESTRICTIONS**: For control of voles (<u>Microtus spp.</u>) in barley, or preplant. Do not apply this product to barley within 50 days of harvest. This use is restricted to Idaho, Oregon and the state of Washington.

BROADCAST BAITING. This product may be broadcast by air or ground driven dispensing devices. Apply bait at a rate up to 6 lbs (0.12 lb active) per acre. Two applications may be made at a minimum interval of 25 days. A maximum of 12 lbs (0.24 lb active) per acre may be applied per year. All applications must be made prior to the boot stage.

POTATOES

USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of voles (<u>Microtus spp.</u>) in potatoes or preplant. Do not apply this product to potatoes within 30 days of harvest. This use is restricted to Idaho, Oregon and the state of Washington.

BROADCAST BAITING: This product may be broadcast by air or ground driven dispensing devices. Apply bait at a rate up to 10 lbs (0.2 lb active) per acre, or two applications of bait at the rate of up to 5 lbs (0.1 lb active) per acre. The maximum application rate per year is 10 lbs (0.2 lb active)

SUGAR BEETS

USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of voles (<u>Microtus spp.</u>) in sugar beets or pre-"ant. Do not apply this product to sugar beets within 30 days of harvest. This use stricted to Idaho, Oregon and the state of Washington.

WHEAT

USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of voles (<u>Microtus spp.</u>) in wheat or pre-plant. Do not apply this product to wheat within 50 days of harvest. This use is restricted to Idaho, Oregon and the state of Washington.

BROADCAST BAITING: This product may be broadcast by air or ground driven dispensing devices. Apply bait at a rate up to 6 lbs (0.12 lb active) per acre. A second application may be made within 25 days. The maximum application rate per year is 12 lbs (0.24 lb active).

BEANS (DRY)

USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of prairie voles (<u>Microtus ochrogaster</u>), meadow voles (<u>M. pennsylvanicus</u>), house mice (<u>Mus musculus</u>); deer mice (<u>Peromyscus maniculatus</u>), white-footed mice (<u>P. leucopus</u>), thirteen-lined ground squirrels (<u>Spermophilus tridecemlineatus</u>), Ord's kangaroo rats (<u>Dipodomys ordii</u>), banner-tailed kangaroo rats (<u>D. spectabilis</u>), and Merriam's kangaroo rats (<u>D. merriami</u>) in dry beans growing season. Do not apply by air. Do not apply this product to dry beans within 30 days of harvest. This use is restricted to Idaho, Oregon and the state of Washington.

BROADCAST BAITING: This product may be broadcast by hand or ground driven dispensing devices at a rate of 6 lbs (0 12 lb active) per acre. No more than one application per growing season is permitted.

BUSHBERRIES AND CANEBERRIES

USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of meadow, prairie and pine voles (<u>Microtus</u> <u>spp.</u>) in bushberries (blueberries [Highbush and lowbush], currant, elderberry, gooseberry and huckleberry) and in caneberries (blackberry, raspberry [black and red], loganberry, and cultivars or hybrids of these caneberries). Only apply this product in the dormant season: after final harvest and not later than the beginning of leaf emergence in the spring. Do not apply when ground is snow covered. Do not apply by air. Minimum preharvest interval is 70 days.

BROADCAST BAITING: This product may be broadcast by cyclone seeder, or by hand. When applying by hand (wear rubber gloves during hand broadcast operations), throw tablespoon amounts into heavy cover along bushes, rock outcrops, and fence lines. Make up to 2 applications at a minimum interval of 21 days, at the rate of 6 to 10 pounds per acre per application.

CUCURBITS, REDUCED TILLAGE AND NO-TILL CORN

USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of prairie voles (<u>Microtus ochrogaster</u>), meadow voles (<u>M. pennsylvanicus</u>), house mice (<u>Mus musculus</u>); deer mice (<u>Peromyscus maniculatus</u>) white-footed mice (<u>P. leucopus</u>), thirteen-lined ground squirrels (<u>Spermophilus tridécemlineatus</u>), Ord's kangaroo rats (<u>Dipodomys ordii</u>), banner-tailed kangaroo rats (<u>D. spectabilis</u>), Merriam's kangaroo rats (<u>D. merriami</u>), and cotton rats (<u>Sigmodon hispidus</u>) in cucurbits (includes chayote, Chinese waxgourd, citron melon, cucumber, gherkin, edible gourd, <u>Momordica</u> spp., muskmelon, pumpkin, squash [summer and winter], and watermelon) and in reduced tillage and no-till corn.

IN-FURROW APPLICATION ONLY: Do not broadcast. Only use equipment designed for In-Furrow delivery and properly adjusted to avoid crushing bait into pieces too small to be effective. Make one application at planting, or preplanting, at a rate of 4 to 6 pounds per acre. Collect excessive quantities of bait deposited on surface soil or crop residues during equipment malfunction or spills.

Row spaces Inches	4 lbs/A Rate oz. Per 1000 ft	5 lbs / A rate oz. Per 1000 ft	6 lbs / A rate oz. Per 1000 ft
20	2.5	3.1	3.7
30	3.7	4.6	5.5
36	4.4	5.5	6.6
38	4.7	5.8	6.9

HAND BAITING IN NONCROP AREAS:

Such as Lawns, Ornamentals, Golf Courses, Parks and Nurseries USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of meadow voles, prairie voles, pine voles, California voles, long-tailed voles, Oregon voles, mountain voles and Townsend's voles (<u>Microtus spp.</u>), Columbian ground squirrels (<u>S. columbianus</u>), Richardson's ground squirrels (<u>S. richardsonii</u>), Thirteen-lined ground squirrels (<u>Spermophilus tridecemlineatus</u>), and California ground squirrels (<u>Spermophilus beecheyi</u>). Bait must not be applied on roads, over water or where plants are grown for food or feed.

PREBAITING with 6 pounds of untreated cracked corn per acre, 2-3 days prior to applying toxic bait has been shown to provide more consistent acceptance by target species when baiting with acute toxicants.

HAND BAITING: Place 4 grams (one teaspoon) of bait around each active burrow or runway, allow bait to fall through grass to ground surface but do not apply to bare ground. Do not place bait in heaps or piles.

AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL STRUCTURES

USE RESTRICTIONS: Baits made from this product may be used to control meadow voles (<u>Microtus pennsylvanicus</u>), prairie voles (<u>M_ochrogaster</u>), California voles (<u>M_californicus</u>), mountain voles (<u>M_montanus</u>), pine voles (<u>M_pinetorum</u>), and white-footed mice (<u>Peromyscus leucopus</u>) around agricultural, commercial, and industrial buildings. Do not apply bait inside of structures.

Bait must be placed in tamper-resistant bait stations. These stations must be resistant to destruction by dogs and by children under 6 years of age and must be used in a manner that prevents such children from reaching into bait compartments and obtaining bait. If bait can be shaken from stations when they are lifted, units must be secured or otherwise immobilized. Even stronger bait stations are needed in areas open to hoofed livestock, raccoons, bears or other potentially destructive animals, or in areas prone to vandalism

SELECTION OF TREATMENT AREAS: Determine areas where voles and whitefooted mice will most likely find and consume the bait. For white-footed mice, these areas may be along walls, next to gnawed openings, beside burrows, and in corners or concealed places where droppings or other signs of mouse activity have been seen. For voles, look for runways near buildings as well as signs of activity oriented toward the structures.

PREBAITING: Prebaiting with untreated cracked corn may improve acceptance of this product and encourage target species to enter bait stations. Apply a teaspoon amount of prebait to each bait station at least 2 days before the scheduled application of ZP Rodent Oat Bait Ag. Check bait stations for evidence of prebait consumption. Delay use of treated bait until more than half of the prebait offered has been consumed. Remove remaining prebait from bait stations before loading them with toxic bait.

AITING: Apply a teaspoon of bait in each bait station. Space bait stations at intervals of 8 - 12 feet in infested areas Maintain bait in stations for 3 days. Extend the baiting period only if there is continued evidence of feeding from the stations by voles and/or white-footed mice

IN AND AROUND BUILDINGS

IMPORTANT: Do not expose children, pets, or other nontarget animals to rodenticides. To help to prevent accidents:

- 1. Store product not in use in a location out of reach of children and pets.
- 2. Apply this bait in locations out of reach of children, pets, domestic animals and nontarget wildlife, or in tamper-resistant bait stations. These stations must be resistant to destruction by dogs and by children under six years of age, and must be used in a manner that prevents such children from reaching into bait compartments and obtaining bait. If bait can be shaken from stations when they are lifted, units must be secured or otherwise immobilized. Even stronger bait stations are needed in areas open to hoofed livestock, raccoons, bears, or other potentially destructive animals, or in areas prone to vandalism.
- Dispose of product container, and unused, spoiled, and unconsumed bait as specified on this label.

USE RESTRICTIONS: For control of Norway rats (<u>R. norvegicus</u>), Roof rats (<u>R. rattus</u>), and house mice (<u>Mus musculus</u>) in and around homes, industrial, agricultural buildings and similar man-made structures. Do not contaminate food/feed or food/feed nandling equipment or place near or inside ventilation duct openings. Do not use in edible product areas or food or feed processing plants, restaurants, or other areas where food or feed is commercially prepared or processed. Do not broadcast bait.

SELECTION OF TREATMENT AREAS: Determine areas where rats or mice will most likely find and consume the bait. Generally, these areas are along walls, by gnawed openings, in or beside burrows, in corners and concealed places, between floors and walls, or in locations where rodents or their signs have been seen. Protect bait from rain or snow. Remove as much alternative food as possible. BAITING:

RATS: Apply 1 to 2 teaspoon amounts of bait per placement. Maintain an uninterrupted supply of fresh bait for at least 10 days.

MICE: Apply 1 teaspoon amount of bait at 8 to 12 foot intervals. Maintain an uninterrupted supply of fresh bait for at least 15 days.

RATS and MICE Replace contaminated or spoiled bait immediately. Collect and dispose of all dead animals and leftover bait properly. To prevent reinfestation, limit sources of rodent food, water and harborage as much as possible. If reinfestation does occur, repeat treatment. Do not treat the same area with product at less than 30 day intervals.

AIRPORTS

7

USE RESTRICTIONS: Baits made from product may be used to control meadow voles (<u>Microtus pennsylvanicus</u>), prairie voles (<u>M. californicus</u>), mountain voles (<u>M. montanus</u>), pine voles (<u>M. pinetorum</u>), and white-footed mice (<u>Peromyscus leucopus</u>) at airports. Do not apply bait to bare ground. Do not apply bait by air.

PREBAITING: Prebaiting with untreated cracked corn may improve acceptance of ZP Rodent Oat Bait Ag. Prebait should be applied, at rates appropriate for treated baiting, 2 or 3 days before toxic baits are used.

BAITING:

<u>Hand Baiting</u>: Place a teaspoon of bait in surface runways or at the mouths of holes leading to underground burrow systems. Apply bait at rates of 3 to 5 pounds per acre of infested area.

<u>Ground-Broadcast Baiting</u>: Broadcast bait evenly by rubber-gloved hand, by cyclone seeder, or by mechanical spreader mounted on a tractor or 4-wheel all-terrain vehicle (ATV). Apply treated bait at rates from 6 to 10 pounds per acre. Do not broadcast bait on any area at an airport more than once per year.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

STORAGE: Store only in original container in a cool, dry, well ventilated place inaccessible to children, pets and wildlife. Protect from direct contact with water or excessive moisture. Once opened, do not store bag for prolonged period.

Spills: If container is punctured, repair with tape and use clear overslip bag and securely close.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Do not reuse empty container. Dispose of empty container by placing in trash, at an approved waste disposal facility or by incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke. Call your Local Waste Agency for any questions on proper disposal.

WARRANTY: Seller makes no warranty, expressed or implied, concerning the use of this product other than indicated on the label. Buyer assumes all risk of use and/or handling of this material when such use and/or handling is contrary to label instructions.