

SLIMICIDE - CW-901

COMPOSITION

Active ingredients:	
Poly(oxyethylene(dimethyliminio)ethylene- (dimethyliminio)ethylene dichloride)	25.1 percent
Inert ingredient.	74.9 percent

APPLICATIONS

CW901 is used to control the growth of algae in swimming pools. For maximum effectiveness, pools containing heavy growth of algae should be cleaned prior to using CW 901.

For pools having just visible algae growth add an initial dose of 29 to 45 fl. oz. of CW 901 per 10,000 gal. of water and remove settled algae debris by cleaning.

For treatment of a freshly cleaned and filled pool, add initially 16 to 29 fl. oz. of CW 901 per 10,000 gal. of water.

To maintain pools free of visible algae growth, subsequent additions of 11 fl. oz. of CW 901 per 10,000 gal. of water should be made every 5 to 7 days after the initial treatment.

Uniform distribution of CW 901 throughout the water in the pool is necessary for maximum effectiveness.

CW 901 is used to control algae, bacteria, and fungi in recirculating commercial and industrial water cooling towers. Prior to its use, systems must be cleaned to remove algal growth, microbiological slime and other deposits. An initial slug addition of 2.4 to 6 fluid ounces of CW 901 per 1000 gallons of water, to provide a concentration of 19 to 48 parts per million of CW 901 (4.8 to 12 ppm active) based on the total weight of water in the system, is recommended. Repeat until control is achieved. Subsequent slug additions of 0.6 to 6 fluid ounces of CW 901 per 1000 gallons of water. (4.8 to 48 parts per million of CW 901 or 1.2 to 12 ppm active) should be employed every 2 to 5 days or as needed. The frequency of addition depends on the relative amount of bleedoff and the severity of the microbiological problem. Slug additions should be made in the sump of water cooling towers.

to 1 ppm active) based on the total weight of water in the system, is recommended. Repeat until control is achieved. Subsequent slug additions of 0.6 to 6 fluid ounces of CW 901 per 1000 gallons of water. (4.0 to 40 parts per million of CW 901 or 1.5 to 15 ppm active) should be employed every 2 to 5 days or as needed. The frequency of application depends on the relative amount of bleed-off. The severity of the microbiological problem and the amount of bleed-off should be noted in the sum of water entering tank.

It is possible with these chlorine products that the amount of chlorine used at both cold and hot temperatures can be used in pools treated with chlorine chemicals during the winter. The amount of these chemicals normally required. However, do not mix CW 901 with concentrated dry or liquid chlorine products.

CE: [unclear]
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