

Intex 8336

**ACCEPTED**

**OCT 29 1984**

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act  
Registered under  
EPA Reg. No. 11724-53

**ACTIVE INGREDIENTS**

Methylene bis(thiocyanate) ..... 10%  
2 (Thiocyanomethylthio)benzothiazole ..... 10%

**INERT INGREDIENTS** ..... 80%

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
DANGER**

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS**

**HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

**DANGER:** Corrosive, causes irreversible eye damage and causes skin damage. Harmful or fatal if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. This product is a potential skin sensitizer. Workmen handling this product or treated material should wear impervious gloves, goggles or face shield, and protective clothing. All protective clothing, work shoes or boots, and equipment must be left at the work site at the end of the day. Eating, drinking, or smoking during use of this product is prohibited.

**FIRST AID:** *In case of skin contact*, wash promptly and thoroughly with soap and water and finally with glycerin. *If product gets in the eyes*, flush immediately with copious amounts of clean, cool water for 15 to 30 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. *If product is swallowed*, call a physician or Poison Control Center. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. *Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious person*

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:** This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water. Permits may be required for discharges containing this pesticide into lakes, streams, ponds, or public water. For guidance, contact the regional office of the Environmental Protection Agency.

Manufactured by  
Intex Products, Inc.  
P. O. Box 6648  
Greenville, SC 29606

EPA REG NO

EPA Est No

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**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling

**COOLING TOWERS** \_\_\_\_\_ Intex 8336 \_\_\_\_\_ is used to protect cooling tower wood against soft or surface rot and internal or dry rot. It is applied by spraying or painting a dispersion containing 0.5 to 0.7% \_\_\_\_\_ Intex 8336 \_\_\_\_\_ in water onto the clean wood surfaces. The amount applied should provide 0.6 to 0.8 lb \_\_\_\_\_ Intex 8336 \_\_\_\_\_ per 1000 ft<sup>2</sup> of wood surface. Soft or surface rot can also be inhibited by periodic shock doses of \_\_\_\_\_ Intex 8336 \_\_\_\_\_ to the recirculating cooling water at the tower basin or cold well. The dosage should provide 1.25 lb of \_\_\_\_\_ Intex 8336 \_\_\_\_\_ per 1000 gal of water, and the bleedoff should be stopped for 4 to 6 hr after treatment. The shock treatment should be repeated every four months.

**COOLING WATER** \_\_\_\_\_ Intex 8336 \_\_\_\_\_ is used to control algae, bacteria and fungi in industrial recirculating cooling water systems. Before treatment is begun, the system should be cleaned thoroughly to remove old algal growth, microbiological slime, and other deposits. System should then be drained, flushed, refilled with water, and treated with an initial dose of 0.6 to 3.7 fl oz of \_\_\_\_\_ Intex 8336 \_\_\_\_\_ per 1000 gal water in the system. Subsequent additions of 0.2 to 1.2 fl oz per 1000 gal should be made every 1 to 5 days, depending on amount of bleedoff and severity of microbiological fouling.

**DRILLING FLUIDS** To inhibit bacterial and fungal degradation of the fluids or muds used in the drilling of wells, \_\_\_\_\_ Intex 8336 \_\_\_\_\_ is incorporated in the drilling fluid at concentrations of 0.05 to 0.25% based on the total wet weight of the fluid.

**PETROLEUM SECONDARY RECOVERY** \_\_\_\_\_ Intex 8336 \_\_\_\_\_ is used to control sulfate reducing bacteria, slime forming bacteria and fungi in oil field water, polymer, or micellar floods, water disposal systems, and other oil field water systems at dosage rates of 0.2 to 3.7 fl oz of \_\_\_\_\_ Intex 8336 \_\_\_\_\_ per 1000 gal of water treated. Additions should be made continuously or intermittently by means of a metering pump at the free water knockouts, before or after injection pumps and injection well headers. **Continuous Feed Method** When system is noticeably fouled, add 0.6 to 3.7 fl oz \_\_\_\_\_ Intex 8336 \_\_\_\_\_ per 1000 gal of water continuously until desired degree of control is achieved. Then treat with 0.2 to 1.2 fl oz \_\_\_\_\_ Intex 8336 \_\_\_\_\_ per 1000 gal of water continuously, or as needed to maintain control. **Intermittent or Slug Method** When system is noticeably fouled, or to maintain control, add 0.6 to 3.7 fl oz \_\_\_\_\_ Intex 8336 \_\_\_\_\_ per 1000 gal of water for 4 to 8 hr per day and 1 to 4 times per week, or as needed to maintain control.

**CRUDE AND REFINED OILS** \_\_\_\_\_ Intex 8336 \_\_\_\_\_ is an oil soluble preservative for the control of bacteria and fungi that cause the degradation of crude oil and refined fuel oils during storage. It should be added to the oil as it is being transferred from the shipping container to the storage tank at the rate of 0.6 to 6.0 fl oz \_\_\_\_\_ Intex 8336 \_\_\_\_\_ per 1000 gal of oil. Addition should be made batchwise where mixing occurs or continuously to the suction side of the transfer pump.

**STORAGE & DISPOSAL**

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.  
**STORAGE:** Do not expose to extreme temperatures. Do not stack more than five drums high. Drums should be opened in well ventilated areas. Leaking or damaged drums should be placed in overpack drums for disposal. Spills should be absorbed in sawdust or sand and disposed of in a sanitary landfill.  
**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or unsale is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at your EPA Regional Office for guidance.  
**CONTAINER DISPOSAL:** Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.