

# UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

X 1319

DEC 16 1994

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

ROBERT WOODARD WESTERN FARM SERVICE P.O. BOX 1168 FRESNO, CA. 93715

Subject:

Label Amendment Submission of 9/8/93 in Response to PR Notice 93-7

EPA Reg. No. 11656-18 DIAZINON AG-500

IMPORTANT NOTICE:

This Letter Requires You to Submit a Notification to the Office

of Compliance Monitoring within 20 Days.

Dear Registrant:

The labeling cited above and submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is accepted subject to the comments listed on the enclosed sheet. A copy of your proposed labeling stamped "ACCEPTED WITH COMMENTS" is enclosed.

## SERIOUS ERROR(S) ON SUBMITTED LABELING:

EPA has determined that one or more of the errors on the labeling you submitted to the Agency is categorized as "serious" as defined in PR Notice 93-11. In general, serious errors are those that may create a potential for harm to workers, handlers, other persons, or the environment; or those that prevent the achievement of the basic goals of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) or FIFRA.

YOU MUST NOT SELL OR DISTRIBUTE (INCLUDING RELEASE FOR SHIPMENT) ANY PRODUCT BEARING THE SUBMITTED LABELING. Sale or distribution of any product with the incorrect labiling is a violation of FIFRA that could result in initiation of an action for civil penalties and/or cancellation of your product. This matter has been referred to the Office of Compliance Monitoring (OCM) for further action.

YOU MUST SUBMIT A NOTIFICATION TO THE OFFICE OF COMPLIANCE MONITORING WITHIN 20 DAYS OF THE DATE OF THIS LETTER.



Each notification must include the following information:

- 1. Registrant's name and address.
- 2. EPA Registration number of the product for which the labeling was submitted.
- 3. Whether any product already has been sold or distributed (this includes released for shipment) bearing the submitted labeling.

In addition, the notification must include the following information, IF you have already sold or distributed any product bearing the submitted labeling:

- 1. Quantity of the product that has been sold or distributed.
- 2. EPA Producing Establishment number.
- 3. Location of the product, if known.
- 4. Proposed plan for assuring that product with the incorrect labeling in your control, as well as that in the hands of dealers/distributors/users, will be corrected. The plan must include your proposal for assuring that the labeling is corrected as soon as possible.

## Submit the notification to:

Michael Wood, Director Compliance Division, (7203) Worker Protection Notification Office of Compliance Monitoring U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 401 M Street SW Washington, DC 20460

Failure to submit a notification also may result in initiation of an action under FIFRA for civil penalties, if you sold or distributed (this includes released for shipment) product bearing the incorrect labeling.

IN ADDITION, YOU SHOULD CONTACT IMMEDIATELY THE PERSONS TO WHOM YOU SOLD OR DISTRIBUTED YOUR PRODUCT AND INFORM THEM NOT TO SELL OR DISTRIBUTE ANY PRODUCT WITH THE INCORRECT LABELING.

## WHAT THIS ACCEPTANCE MEANS:

Based on your certification, the Agency has accepted the labeling changes that are necessary to comply with the WPS labeling requirements of 40 CFR part 156, subpart K, described in PR Notices 93-7 and 93-11. Any other labeling changes submitted in connection with this amendment application but not directly related to compliance with the WPS have neither been reviewed nor accepted by the Agency. If you wish to make such changes, you must submit a separate amendment application proposing them. If your product is currently suspended, the acceptance of this labeling amendment does not affect the suspension in any way.

## WHAT YOU NEED TO DO NEXT:

Submit the required notification. Then by the next label printing make all the specified changes to your labeling. Send to EPA one (1) copy of the final printed labeling:

■ BEFORE selling or distributing any product bearing the final printed labeling as amended

## AND

■ WITHIN one year from date of this acceptance.

Submit the final printed labeling via the U.S. Postal Service to:

Document Processing Desk (FIN-LABEL)
Office of Pesticide Programs (7505C)
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
401 M Street, SW
Washington, D.C. 20460-0001

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Hand or courier deliveries of final labeling may be made to:

Document Processing Desk (FIN-LABEL)
Office of Pesticide Programs
Room 266A, Crystal Mall 2
1921 Jefferson Davis Highway
Arlington, VA 22202

Sincerely,

Im Tompkins Deputy Chief Registration Support Branch Registration Division (7505W)

Attachment

cc: Office of Compliance Monitoring

Robert F. Woodward Western Farm Services, Inc.

Comments for: EPA REG. NO. 11656-18

Western Farm Services Diazinon AG 500

The following specific comments pertain to your WPS labeling submission concerning the product cited above:

The requirement under heading "Personal Protective Equipment" must state: "Applicators and other handlers must wear:"

User Safety Recommendations must either be placed in a box or printed on the label in a contrasting color from surrounding text.

The Agricultural Use Requirements section must either be placed in a clearly separate box or printed on the label in a contrasting color from surrounding text.

The glove requirement for applicators and other handlers in the "Personal Protective Equipment" section of your proposed labeling does not match the chemical resistant category identified on your proposed label. The glove statement should be "Chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber or viton.

The glove requirement for early entry in the Agricultural Use Requirements Box should be "Chemical- resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber or viton.

Change the language in your AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS BOX to reflect the following change: "It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry intervals."

Delete the crossed out statements on your proposed label. They are redundant statements or phrases.

Correct the typographical errors circled on your proposed label.

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS (& DOMESTIC ANIMALS)

May be fatal if swallowed. May be absorbed through skin. Do not breathe spray mist Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash throughly after hands.

Avoid contamination of food. Do not use on humans or permit children to go. ens or pennit children to go o provide containation of 1000 to not use of reaching thirden to go one sprayed grass until stray has completely died. Keep out of reach of domestic animals. Do not contaminate feed or use on jegischold pets or livestock. Do not permit pets to go onto sprayed grass until spray has completely died.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category F on an EPA chemical resistane category selection c. art

#### Applicators and other handlers (other than mixers and loaders) must wear:

Long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
 Chemical-resistant gloves, such as Barnir Laminateor Butyl. Rubber. ≥14 mils or Nitule Rubber. ≥ 14 mils or Nicopme Rubber. ≥ 14 mils or PVC.

 Shors plus socks
 Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been deenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry

#### User Safety Reconuncedations:

Users should:

· Wash hands before esting, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the tolet

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is touch to be dis, fish, and wildlife including waterfowl. Birgh and water fowt feeding or druking on treat-fed wess may be killed. Because of the migrategy hillings of certain Atlantic Const. wherefowl, do not tryly this product in Nassau County, New York between Newsonther I and May 20.

Do not exceed materium purewitted label rates, a rates above these rate assumable segalicantly increase potential hazar disto be de and waterfowl. Avoid overlapping of sprays. Where tringston (watering) is reconstructed upply a transmission of 0.25 such of water introductely after application. Stop arraption before pudding occurs. Neep out to lakes, streams, ponds, tidal membres and assumes (except for efficience of our treated watercrass beds). Do not apply to water that will be used for recreational purposes and human and hivatock consumption. Shramp and orth ravy be labeled as application rates recommended on this label. Do not apply when fish, then fairing, ords, and other assume tide are emportant resources. This product must not be used in mean where impact on threatened anthrighted process is lacely. Contact your State Fish and Gante Agency for adversation partitioning to mean having threatened undergreed apports. andargered species.

ordinger of species. This penicide is highly touc to beer exposed to direct transferrat or to residues remaining on the mea. Do not apply when bees are actively visiting the crop, cover crop, or words blooming in the treatment area. Applications should be timed to provide the restaurant possible external between treatment and the north period of bee activity.

Apply that product only as specified on this label.

Project or Detailed Maranda De not use pour spill or store near hear or open flame

#### STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is r r. labited

Storage

keep in onguial contianer. Do not reuse empty configuer. Store in cool, dry place. Protect from excessive heat. For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or might 800-424-9300.

Pesticule wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray maxime, or nosate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest FPA Reportal Office for guidance

Container Metal - Inple ruse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose in a samilary landful, or by other procedures ar proved by state or local authorities

Glass - Inspire ruse (or equivalent). Then dispose of in a sanutary landfill or by Under the Foderal Inspecticide. other approved state and local procedures.

THIS PRODUCT MUST NOT BE USED ON **GOLF COURSES AND SOD FARMS** 



# DIAZINON

AG-500

For control of certain ansects on fruits, nuts

vegetables, field crops and omamentals

# Organophosphate

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS

Duzinon. (0,0-diethyl 0(2-isoproply-6methyl-4-pyrumidinyl)

phosphorothioste INERT INGREDIENTS

48 0%

12 0% 100 0%

Contains Xylene Range Solvent

Western Farm Service DIAZINONE AG-500 contains 4 lbs DIAZINON per gallon EPA Reg No. 11656-18 EPA Est No.

TOTAL

#### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque à siguien para que se ta expliqua a usted en détaile. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail)

FOR AGRICULTURAL USE ONLY. DO NO "STORE IN AREAS ACCESSIBLE TO CHILDREN. SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.

#### FIRST AID TREATMENT STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

Organophosphate

If Swallowed, call a physicion animediately. DO NOT INDUCE VONITING UNLESS NO OTHER TREATMENT IS AVAILABLE. Vomiting may cause aspiration prieumorus. If it is necessary to induce vortiting, give sectim one or two glasses of water and users farger in back of throat. Repeat until vorus flaud is clear. Do not induce vemiting or give mything by mouth to an unconscious pers If inhaled, remove victim to fresh air and apply art livial respiration if indicated If On Shin, wash promptly with soap and water. Ruise thoroughly If In Eyes, ruse eyes for at least 15 minutes with water and call a physician

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN Gastric favage is indicated. Antropine sulfate and 2-PAM are specific antidotes

NET CONTENTS:\_
ACCEPTED
WILL COMMENTS

GALLONS

In EPA Letter DaWESTERN FARM SERVICE, INC.

P. O. BOX 1168

Fundicide, and Rodenticide Act as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 11656

CHEMI Do not apply this produ

READ ENTIRE LABEL DANCE WITH PRECAU DIRECTIONS, AND WI FEDERAL REGULATION

DIRE

AGRICULTUR

It is a violation of Federal inconsistent with its labeli Do not apply this product other persons, either direc handlers may be in the are requirements specific to y responsible for pesticide re

Use this product only in a Worker Protection Standa contains requirements for on farms, forests, nurserie agricultural pesticides. It decontamination, notificat contains specific instruction statements on this label at (PPE). The requirements product that are covered b Do not enter or allow wor restricted entry interval (F **EXCEPTION: The Call** set a five-day re-entry for and nectarines. Five days application and the time a in any activity requiring s When a mixture of two or applied in combinating the to the longest applicable i

PPE required for early en under the Worker Protect with anything that has bee is: Coveralls, Chemical-r Laminate or Butyl Rubbe or Neoprune P ober ≥ 14

> SEE PACKAGED L NOTICE

WESTERN FARM SERVICE M ITY, FITNESS FOR ANY PURP concerning this product or its use under normal condenant in accor DIAZINON® is the registered tra

For Agricultura

Scales, San Jose Scales - Mix 1 to 1½ pts. DIAZINON plus 2 to 3 gals. dormant oil per 100 gals. water and apply as a dormant spray. Almond hulls may be used for feed for livestock.

APRICOTS: Aphids, Brown Mites (Clover Mites). Two-Spotted Spider Mites, Olive Scale Crawlers, San Jose Scale Crawlers - Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of light medium horticultural oil per 100 gals. of water. Apply when scale crawlers are present. Apricot Mealybugs - Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply as a cover spray from petal fall to June. Do not apply within ten days of harvest.

BLUEBERRIES: Fruitworms, Cherry Fruitworms, Blueberry Maggots, Aphids, Thrips, Two-Spotted Mites - Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply up to 200 gals. of spray per acre. Do not apply within seven days of harvest.

CANEBERRIES (BLACKBERRIES, BOYSENBERRIES, DEWBERRIES, LOGANBERRIES, RASPBERRIES): Leafhopers, Thrips, Aphids, Two-Spotted Mites. Raspberry Sawflic 3 - Apply 2 pts. per acre in a minimum of 100 gals. of water. Raspberry Fruitworms - Apply at the above rates when blossom buds separate and repeat application immediately before blossoms open. Dry berry Mites - Apply 1 to 2 qts. per acre in a minimum of 100 gals. of water. Apply as a dormant spray in early spring when canes are still on the ground and buds are closed. Make a second application when the buds are well developed, but still closed. Do not apply within seven days of harvest. Raspberry Crown Borers (Raspberry Root Borers) - Apply 2 qts. per acre in a minimum of 100 gals. water as a drench to the crown area and to the lower canes. Apply either in the spring before berries begin to form or in the fall after harvest.

CHERRIES: Eye Spotted Bud Moths, Fruit-Tree Leaf Rollers - Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply in cover sprays as necessary, beginning with petal fall. Leafhoppers - Apply 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water in three to five applications beginning at petal fall and continuing through the growing season or apply as infestations develop. Cherry Fruit Flies - Mix ½ to 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Make three or four applications beginning when adult cherry fruit flies begin to emerge and repeat at ten-day intervals. Black Cherry Aphids - Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply as a cover spray when aphids appear and repeat after ten days. San Jose Scale Crawlers - Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals of water. Apply during the pre-pink stage or when crawlers first appear. Do not apply within ten days of harvest. Cherry Rust Mites - Mix ½ to 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply as a supplemental spray after harvest.

CITRUS FRUITS (GRAPEFRUIT, LEMONS, LIMES, ORANGES, TANGELOS, TANGERINES, CITRUS CITRON, KUMQUATS,, AND HYBRIDS OF THESE): Citrus Aphids, Fruit-Tree Leaf Rollers, Cottony-Cushion Scale Crawlers and Soft Scale Crawlers - Apply ½ to 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water (maximum 1000 gals. per acre) as a thorough cover spray when aphids and crawlers stages of scale insects first appear. Fruit-Tree Leaf Rollers - Use ½ to 1 pt. per 100

gals. of spray (maximum 1000 gals. per acre) when an average of 50 percent of eggs in egg / masses have hatched in the spring. Citrus Thrips - Apply 1 pt. in 100 gals. of water (maximum 1000 gals. per acre) when thrips first appear. Citrus Snow Scales - Apply 1 to 2 pts. per 100 gals. of water (maximum 1000 gals. per acre) as a post-bloom spray and again as a summer spray. For heavy snow scale infestations use the higher dosage rate. Thorough coverage of tree trunks,, limbs and twigs is essential. Do not apply during bloom. Do not apply to citrus within 21 days of harvest. Shrimp and crab may be killed at application rates recommended on this label. Do not apply where these are important resources.

CRANBERRIES: Black-headed Fireworms (Spargonothis sulfureana) - Apply 2 qts in 400 gals. of water per acre. Cranberry Fruitworm - Apply 3 qts. in 400 gals. of water per acre. Do not apply within seven days of harvest.

FIGS: Vinegar Flies (Drosophila spp.). Dried Fruit Beetles - Apply 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Do not apply within five days of harvest.

FILBERTS: Filbert Leaf Rollers, Aphids - Apply 1 to 2 qts. in 250 to 400 gals. of water per acre, as a thorough cover spray.

GRAPES: Pacific Spider Mites, Leafhoppers, Grape Berry Moths, Grape Leaf Folders - Apply 1 to 2 pts. per acre in a minimum of 100 gals. of water as a thorough cover spray. Do not apply within 18 days of harvest. Drosophila spp. - Apply 12 to 18 fl. oz. per acre in a minimum of 100 gals. of water as a thorough cover spray, or apply when insects first appear. Make additional applications at weekly intervals as necessary. Do not apply within seven days of harvest.

OLIVES: Olive Scales - Mix ¾ to 1 pt. of DIAZINON-AG 500 plus 1½ gals. of light medium summer horticultural oil per 100 gals. of water. Apply as a cover spray in June or July. Do not apply during bloom to avoid injury to pollinating insects or within 75 days of harvest.

PEACHES AND NECTARINES: Aphids, Brown Mites (Clover Mites). Two Spotted Spider Mites, Olive Scale Crawlers, San Jose Scale Crawlers - Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply when aphids, mites and scale crawlers first appear. Olive Scale Crawlers - Mix ½ pt. of DIAZINON AG-500 plus 1½ gals. light medium horticultural oil per 100 gals. of water. Apply when scale crawlers are present. Oriental Fruit Moths - Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water and apply at 100% petal fall. Make two additional applications at ten to fifteen-day intervals. Time the last application to peak adult oriental fruit moth flight, if possible. Peach twig Borers - Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water and apply to peaches in May and June. Leafhoppers (Peaches Only) - Apply 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water in three to five applications beginning at petal fall and continuing through the growing season or apply as infestations develop. White Peach Scale (Peaches Only) - As a post-harvest spray, apply 1½ to 2 pts. per 100 gals. of water timed to coincide with peak crawler and immature scale activity. Under conditions of heavy infestations, two applications may be necessary. Do not apply to peaches within 20 days or to nectarines within ten days of harvest.

PECANS: Aphids, Mites, Pecan Nut Case Bearers, Walnut Caterpillars - Apply 1 to 3 qts. per acre as a foliage spray in a minimum of 100 gals. or water. Do not apply after husks crack.

PINEAPPLES: Scales - Apply 5 qts. of DIAZINON AG-500 plus 2 gals. of light or medium horticultural oil in 500 gals. of water per acre to the vegetable slips on the plants following harvest of pineapple. Mealybugs - Apply 2 qts. per acre in a minimum of 100 gals. of water. May be applied on day of harvest. Pineapple forage and refuse may be fed to livestock seven days following last application.

PLUMS AND PRUNES: Brown Mites (Clover Mites): European Red mites - Apply 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Leaf Curl Plum Aphids, Mealy Plum Aphids, Thistle Aphids - Apply ½ to 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Do not apply within ten days of harvest.

STRAWBERRIES: Aphids, Two-Spotted Spider Mites - Apply 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water per acre. Cyclamen Mites - Apply 1 qt. per 100 gals. of water per acre, directing spray to plant crowns. Plants should be sufficiently agitated to assure thorough coverage of the foliage. Make additional applications, if necessary, after harvest. Mole Crickets - Broadcast 1 qt. per acre when insects are present. Apply one to two days before transplanting and mix into the top 1 to 2 inches of soil immediately. Strawberry Leaf Rollers - Mix ¾ to 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply 200 gals. of spray per acre when blossoms show color. Do not apply within five days of harvest.

WALNUTS: Aphids, Mites - Apply 1 qt. per acre as a foilage spray in a minimum of 100 gals. of water. Coding Moths, Scale Crawlers, Walnut Caterpillars - Apply 3 qts. per acre as a foliage spray in a minimum of 100 gals. of water. Do not apply after the husks open.

10 7 19

Unless otherwise stated, foliar applications of DIAZINON AG-500 should always be applied to vegetable crops as a spray in a minimum of 2 gals, of water per acre for aerial applications and a minimum of 10 gals, of water per acre for ground applications.

BEANS (POLE BEANS, SNAP BEANS, LIMA BEANS): Black Bean aphids, Mexican Bean Beetles, Leaf Miners - Apply 1 to 1½ pts. per acre. Cucumber Beetles - Apply ¾ pt. in 100 gals. of water per acre. Do not apply within seven days of bean harvest. Bean forage or bean hay may be fed to dairy and beef cattle and sheep. Wait four days following treatment if forage is to be cut for hay.

LIMA BEANS: Dipterous Leaf Miners, Leafhoppers, Mites - Apply 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply within seven days of harvest. Bean forage or bean hay may be fed to dairy and beef cattle and sheep. Wait four days following treatment if forage is to be cut for hay.

BROCCOLI, CABBAGE AND CAULIFLOWER: Aphids, Diamondback Moths, Imported Cabbageworms - Apply ½ to 1 pt. per acre. Applications at seven to ten-day intervals will usually be required. Do not apply to broccoli or cauliflower within five days, or to cabbage within seven days of harvest.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS: Aphids, Diamondback Moths, Imported Cabbageworms - Apply 1 pt. per acre. Generally, applications at seven to ten-say intervals will be required. Do not apply to brussels sprouts within seven days of harvest.

CARROTS: Aphids - Apply 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply within 10 days of harvest.

CELERY: Aphids, Flea Beetles - Apply 1 pt. in 100 gals. of water per acre. Do not apply within 10 days of harvest. Plants should be market trimmed (tops removed) before being shipped or used. Tops should not be used for feed or food.

COLLARDS, KALE, SWISS CHARD, AND TURNIP TOPS: Aphids, Imported Cabbageworms, Diamondback Moths, Harlequin Cabbage Bugs, Corn Earworms - Apply ½ to 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply to collards, kale, or turnip tops within 10 days, Swiss chard within 12 days of harvest.

CUCUMBERS: Aphids, Serpentine Leaf Miners, Thrips - Apply 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

LETTUCE AND ENDIVE: Aphids, Dipterous Leaf Miners Apply ½ to 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply within 10 days of harvest.

MELONS AND SQUASH (CANTALOUPES, CASABAS, CRENSHAWS, HONEYDEW MELONS, MUSKMELONS, PERSIAN MELONS, AND HYBRIDS OF THESE: WATERMELONS AND THEIR HYBRIDS: SUMMER AND WINTER SQUASH): Aphids, Leafhoppers, Mites - Apply 1 to 1½ pts. per acre. Serpentine Leaf Miners, Thrips - Apply ½ to 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply to melons and winter squash within 3 days or to summer squash within 7 days of harvest.

MUSHROOM HOUSES: Mushroom Flies (Phorids and Sciarids) - Mix ½ to 1 gal. in 50 gals. of water (0.5% to 1.0% actual DIAZINON) and spray on outside and inside walls and ventilators of mushroom houses after compost in beds has been pasteurized by heating. Do not spray compost in beds or after spawning. To treat wooden sides of bed, posts, doors and door frames after pasteurizing, mix ½ pt. in 6 gals. of water and apply with a brush. Do not treat compost.

ONIONS: Onion Thrips - Apply 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply within 10 days of harvest.

PEAS: Aphids, Leaf Miners - Apply ¾ to 1 pt. per acre. Peas may be picked immediately. Pea vines and pea vine hay may be fed to dairy and beef cattle and sheep. Wait 4 days following treatment if forage is to be cut for hay.

PEPPERS: Aphids, Serpentine Leaf Miners - Apply ½ pt. per acre. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

POTATOES: Aphids, Flea Beetles, Colorado Potato Beetles, Dipterous Leaf Miners - Apply at the rate of ½ to ¾ pt. per acre. Banded Cucumber Beetles, Leafhoppers, Southern Armyworms - Apply ¾ to 1.0 pt. per acre. Do not apply within 35 days of harvest.

RADISHES, PARSNIPS AND TURNIPS: Aphids, Flea Beetles, Dipterous Leaf Miners - Apply ½ to 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply within 10 days of harvest.

SPINACH AND BEETS: Aphids, Dipterous Leaf Miners - Apply ½ to 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply to spinach within 10 days or to beets within 14 days of harvest.

SQUASH (SUMMER AND WINTER): See Melons and Squash Section.

SWEET CORN: Corn Earworms - Apply 1 to 1½ qts. per acre when silks first appear. Two or three repeat applications at 2 to 3 day intervals will usually be necessary. Corn may be picked immediately following last application. Corn forage may be fed to dairy and beef cattle and sheep. Refer also to Corn under Field and Forage Foliar Insects and field and forage soil insects.

TOMATOES: Aphids, Dipterous Leaf Miners - Apply ½ pt. per acre. To control leaf miners weekly applications are usually required. Banded Cucumber Beetles, Fall Armyworms, Southern Armyworms - Apply ¾ to 1 pt. per acre. Vinegar Flies (Drosophila spp.) - Apply ½ to 1½ pts. per acre. Weekly applications are usually required. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

WATERCRESS (HAWAII ONLY): Cyclamen Mites - Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water and apply to one acre as a thorough cover spray. Spray should be directed into the crowns and growing tips of plants. If infestation is heavy, make a second application no later than 10 days after the first application. Repeat applications as necessary. Do not apply within 5 days of harvest.

## **VEGETABLE SOIL INSECTS**

Unless otherwise stated, soil applications of DIAZINON AG-500 should always be applied to vegetable crops as a spray in a minimum of five gals. of water per acre for ground applications.

CUTWORMS (Surface and Subterranean):

Broccoli

Collards

Collaius

Muskmelons

Spinach

Brussels Sprouts

Cucumbers

Parsley

Summer Squash

Cabbage

Endive (Escarole)

Lima Beans

Peas

Sweet Corn

Cauliflower

Kale

Peppers

Swiss Chard

Cauliflower Celery

Lettuce

Potatoes
Snap Beans

Tomatoes Watermelons

Winter Squash

Broadcast 2-4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately 2-3 inches for surface cutworms 3-6 inches for subterranean cutworms:

GARDEN SYMPHYLANS (Centipedes):

Cabbage

Lettuce

Radishes

Tomatoes

Carrots

Peas

Red Beets

Turnips

Corn

Pole Beans

Snap Beans

Broadcast 10 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into soil 4-8 inches immediately. This pre-plant treatment will also control other soil insects such as cutworms (surface and subterranean), mole crickets, root maggots, and wireworms.

MOLE CRICKETS:

Broccoli

Collards

Lettuce

Radishes

Brussels Sprouts

Endive (escarole)

Mustard

Tomatoes

Cabbage

Kale

Peppers

Turnips

Cauliflower

Broadcast 1 qt. per acre when insects are present. Make applications to plant beds or field 1-2 days prior to sowing of seed or transplanting and working into soil 1-2 inches immediately.

## **ONION MAGGOTS:**

Onions:

Furrow Application: Apply 1 qt. per acre in sufficient water to drench the seed furrow at planting time. Broadcast Application: Broadcast 2-4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into soil 3-4 inches immediately.

### **ROOT MAGGOTS:**

Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage and Cauliflower:

Broadcast Application - Broadcast 2-3 qts. per acre and immediately work into the soil 3-4 inches before seeding either in the seedbed or in the field or before transplanting. Transplant Water (Drench) Application - Mix ¼ to ½ pt. in 50 gals. of transplant water when 200-300 gals. of water ar used per acre. May be applied at the rate of ½ - 1 cupful per plant, either by hand or by tractor mounted sprayer equipped with drop nozzles to direct spray to the base of the plant. Transplant water treatments may result in stand reduction due to plant stress at time

of transplanting. Radishes: Mix 1 qt. in 50 gals. of water. Apply 80-100 gals. per acre (1 to 1½ gals. per 1,000 linear feet of row) in the seed furrow at planting time.

## WIREWORMS:

Collards Onions Summer Squash Broccoli **Brussels Sprouts** Cucumbers Parsley Sweet Corn Endive (escarole) Peas **Sweet Potatoes** Cabbage Cantaloupes Peppers Swiss Chard Kale Potatoes Carrots Lettuce Tomatoes Snap Beans Watermelons Cauliflower Lima Beans Spinach Winter Squash Celery Muskmelons

Broadcast 3 to 4 qts. per acre prior to planting and work into soil 4 to 8 inches immediately.

POTATOES: Wireworms - Broadcast 3 to 6 uts per acre prior to planting. Immediately disk or harrow into soil 4 to 8 inches. Southern Potato Wireworms (Southeastern U.S.) - For use to control southern potato wireworms in potatoes grown on mineral soils in the Southeast, apply 2 to 4 qts. per acre as a soil treatment prior to planting and immediately mux thoroughly by disking or other suitable means into the top 3 to 6 inches of soil, depending on location of wireworms.

## FIELD AND FORAGE FOLIAR INSECTS

Unless otherwise stated, foliar application of DIAZINON AG-500 should always be applied to field and forage crops as a spray in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre for aerial applications and a minimum of 10 gals. of water per acre for ground applications.

ALFALFA AND CLOVER: Spotted Alfalfa Aphids, Yellow Clover Aphids, Pea Aphids, Leafhoppers, Plant Bug Nymphs, Mites - Apply ¾ to 1 pt. per acre. Grasshoppers - Apply 1 pt. per acre. Following the above applications, dairy and beef cattle and sheep (1) may be grazed immediately following application, (2) may be fed green alfalfa or clover immediately following cutting, and (3) may be fed hay provided alfalfa or clover is not cut for hay for seven days following treatment. Alfalfa Weevil Larvae - For control in the spring, apply 2 to 3 pts. per acre when feeding damage to growing tips becomes evident. Repeat application if necessary. If damage is already extensive, cut the hay and make application to the stubble. Do not graze dairy and beef animals or sheep for two days. Do not cut for hay for ten days following treatment. Do not graze dairy and beef animals or sheep for two days. Do not cut for hay for ten days following treatment. Do not spray livestock directly with either air or ground equipment. Do not treat during bloom to avoid injury to pollinating insects.

CLOVER: Striped Ground Crickets - Broadcast 1 to 2 pts. per acre following seeding in the fall but prior to clover emergence.

CORN: Use a minimum of 1 gal. of water for aerial applications and 5 gals. of water for ground applications. Corn Rootworm Adults - Apply ½ to 1 pt. per acre. Corn Leaf Aphids - Apply 1 to 2 pts. per acre. Complete coverage of the upper portions of the plants is essential. Repeat applications as necessary. Mites - Apply 1 pt. per acre when infestations first appear. Repeat applications as necessary. Grasshopper - Apply 1 pt. per acre. Sap Beetles - Apply 2 to 2½ pts. per acre. Add 1 to 2 gals. of soluble mineral oil per acre to the spray mixture. Consult State Agricultural Experiment Stations or State Extension Service Specialists for proper timing of sprays. Corn may be picked immediately following last application. Corn forage may be fed

to dairy and beef cattle and sheep.

COTTON: Spider Mites, Aphids, Leafhoppers, Lygus, Cotton Leafworms, Cotton Leaf Perfoators - Apply 1 to 2 pts. in 5 to 25 gals. of water per acre. Repeat as infestation warrants. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not graze treated cotton plants or feed gin wastes to livestock.

HOPS: Aphids, Mites - Apply 1 qt. per acre. Do not apply within 14 days harvest.

SORGHUM: Use a minimum of 1 gal. of water for aerial applications and 5 gals. of water for ground applications. Sorghum Midge - Apply ½ to 1 pt. per acre when 90% of heads have emerged from the boot. Repeat application within four days. Mites - Apply 1 pt. per acre when infestation first appears and repeat applications as necessary. Greenbug - Apply at the rates indicated below when infestation first appears and repeat as necessary. Texas and Oklahoma - Apply ½ to 1 pt. per acre. All Other Areas - Apply 1 pt. per acre. Crop may be fed to livestock immediately following treatment. Do not apply within seven days of harvesting for grain.

SUGAR BEETS: Leafhoppers, Dipterous Leaf Miners, Aphids - Apply ¾ to 1 pt. per acre. Grasshoppers - Apply 1 pt. per acre. NOTE: Tops may be fed to beef and dairy animals.

SUGARCANE: Aphids - Apply ½ to 1 pt. per acre. Allow one day between last application and harvest. Bagasse and forage may be fed to livestock.

TOBACCO: Aphids, Flea Beetles - Apply ½ to ¾ pt. per acre. Do not apply within three days of harvest. Grasshoppers - Apply 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

## FIELD AND FORAGE SOIL INSECTS

Unless otherwise stated, soil applications of DIAZINON AG-500 should always be applied to field and forage crops as a spray in a minimum of 5 gals. of water per acre for ground applications.

ALFALFA AND CLOVER: Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean) - Broadcast 2-4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately 2-3 inches for surface cutworms, 3-6 inches for subterranean cutworms.

CORN: Corn Rootworm Larvae - Band application at Planting Time: Apply 1-2 qts. per acre. Make application in the seed furrow or apply 2½ to 5 oz. per 1,000 linear feet of corn row in a 4-7 inch band directly behind the planter shoe. For band treatment, refer to the row spacing chart for amount recommended per acre. Postemergence Basal Treatment: Apply 1½ to 2½ oz. per 1,000 linear feet of corn row in sufficient water to thoroughly wet base of corn plant and a narrow band of soil next to the plant. Refer to the row spacing chart for amounts recommended per acre. Cover treated band with 2-3 inches of soil using a disk hiller or cultivator immediately after spraying. Application should be made at the first sign of corn rcotworm larvae, but no later than June 24 in the Middle Corn Belt, or July 1 in the Northern Corn Belt.

		Rate Per Acre	
Row	Linear Feet of	Planting Time	Postemergence
Spacing	Corn Row/Acre	Application	Basal Treatment
48"	10.890	28-56 oz.	14.28 oz.
42"	12.455	31-62 oz.	15.5-31 oz.
40"	13.068	32-64 oz. (1-2 qts)	16-32 oz. (½-1 qt.)
38"	13.939	35-70 oz.	17.5-35 oz.
36"	14.250	36-72 oz.	18-36 oz.
30"	17.424	44-88 oz.	22-44 oz.
24"	21.780	55-110 oz.	27.5-55 oz.
20"	26.136	64-128 oz. (2-4 qts.)	32-64 oz. (1-2 qts.)
15"	34.848	88-176 oz.	44-88 oz.

NOTE: For row spacing not listed, calculate the appropriate dosage based on the 40-inch row figure.

Seed Corn Maggots - Broadcast 2-4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into soil 2 inches immediately. Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean) - Broadcast 2-4 qts. per acre. For surface cutworms apply just prior to planting or when larvae first appear and work into soil 1-2 inches immediately. Do not apply later than layby. For subterranean cutworms, apply just prior to planting and work into soil 3-6 inches immediately. Wireworms - Apply 3-4 qts. per acre prior to planting and work into the soil 4-8 inches immediately. Corn may be picked immediately following last application. Corn forage may be led to dairy and beef cattle and sheep.

COWPEAS: Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean) - Broadcast 2-4 qts. per acre, just prior to planting, work into the soil immediately, 2-3 inches for surface cutworms, 3-6 inches for subterranean cutworms.

LESPEDEZA: Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean) - Broadcast 2-4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately, 2-3 inches for surface cutworms, 3-6 inches for subterranean cutworms.

PEANUTS: Cutworms - Apply 2 qts. per acre in a 12-inch band over the row. Thorough coverage of the foliage is essential. Begin application when small larvae appear. Two or three applications at three-week intervals may be necessary. Do not apply within 21 days of peanut harvest. Livestock (1) may be fed peanut hulls, (2) may be fed peanut forage 7 days following treatment and, (3) may be fed peanut hay 21 days following treatment.

SORGHUM: Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean) - Broadcast 2-4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately, 2-3 inches for surface cutworms, 3-6 inches for subterranean cutworms.

SOYBEANS: Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean) - Broadcast 2-4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately, 2-3 inches for surface cutworms, 3-6 inches for subterranean cutworms.

SUGAR BEETS: Wireworms - Broadcast 3-4 qts. per acre just prior to planting, and Work into soil 4-8 inches immediately. Tops may be fed to beef and dairy animals.

SUGARCANE: Wireworms - Apply 1 gal. per acre in a 12-inch band centered over the furrow. Make application directly to seed pieces in open furrows at covering time.

TOBACCO: Cutworms - Broadcast 2-3 qts. per acre before transplanting and work into the soil 2-4 inches immediately. Green June Beetle Larvae - Mix ¼ pt. in 50 gals. of water and apply as a drench (100 gals. per 100 sq. yds.) to uprooted areas of plant beds with sprinkling cans. Mole Crickets - Broadcast 1 qt. per acre when insects are present. Make application to beds or fields 1-2 days prior to sowing of seed or transplanting, and work into soil immediately 1-2 inches. Seed-Corn Maggots - Broadcast 3 pts. per acre 3-4 weeks before transplanting. Work into soil 2 inches immediately. Wireworms - Broadcast 2-3 qts. per acre 3-4 weeks before transplanting. Work into soil 6-9 inches immediately.

## RANGE, PASTURE, AND GRASSLAND INSECTS

Unless otherwise stated, DIAZINON AG-500 should always be applied as a spray in a minimum of 1 gal. of water per acre for aerial applications, and a minimum of 5 gals. of water per acre for ground applications.

BERMUDAGRASS AND FORAGE GRASSES (other than Range and Pasture Grasses): Thrips, Whiteflies, Grasshoppers - Apply 1 pt. per acre. Dairy and beef cattle and sheep (1) may be grazed immediately following application, (2) may be fed green forage immediately following cutting, and (3) forage grasses may be cut for hay 7 days following treatment.

RANGELAND, PASTURE, DITCH BANKS, ROADSIDES, WASTELAND, NONCROP AREAS, AND BARRIER STRIPS: Grasshoppers - Apply ¾-1 pt. per acre in water or oil (minimum of 1 gal. of oil per acre) when insects first appear, preferably in the nympha stage. Thorough coverage of the foliage is essential. Dairy and beef cattle and sheep (1) may be grazed immediately following application, (2) may be fed green forage immediately following cutting, and (3) may be fed hay provided grass is not cut for hay for 21 days if the spray is a water solution or for 30 days if the spray is an oil solution. Do not spray livestock directly with either air or ground equipment. Do not repeat application for 30 days.

# ORNAMENTAL INSECT CONTROL

To control certain insects on Arborvitae, Azalea, Birch, Boxwood, Camellia, Carnation, Chrysanthemum, Douglas Fir, Elm, Gladioli, Hawthorn, Holly, Juniper, Lilac, Locust, Maple, Oak, Pine, Plum, Poplar, Rhododendron, Rose, Spruce, and Willow, apply the recommended rates indicated below.

insects	•	Rate per 100 gals. water
Aphids, Bagworms, Carnation Bud Mites, Carnation Shoot Mites, Clover Mites, Cyclamen Mites, Dipterous Leaf Miners. European Pine Shoot Moths, European Red Mites, Flea Beetles, Holly Bud Moths, Leafhoppers. Obscure Root Weevils, Omnivorous Leaf Tiers, Privet Mites, Scale Crawler (Cottony-Cushion, Lecanum, Pine Needle, San Jose Scale, Soft Scale), Thrips, Two-Spotted Mites, Webworms, Whiteflies	½ fl. oz.	1 pt.
Apple-Thorn Skeletonizer, Cotoneaster Webworms, Fall Webworms, Hemlock Chermes, Oak Loopers, Oblique- banded Leaf Rollers, Pear Slugs, Tent Caterpillars.	1 ⅓ fl. oz.	3 pts.
* 1 fl. oz 2 Tablespoons		

16 fl. oz.

1 pint

Do not use on certain Ferns, Poinsettia, Hibiscus, Papaya, Pilea, and Gardenia, since injury to the plants may occur.

Mimosa Webworms - Mix  $\frac{1}{2}$  fl. oz. in 3 gals. of water (or 1 pt. in 100 gals. of water) and apply as a thorough foliage spray when adults first appear. Make a second and third application at 4-5 week intervals.

## THIS PRODUCT MUST NOT BE USED ON GOLF COURSES AND SOD FARMS

## LAWN INSECT CONTROL

## Lawn Pest Control (Excluding Golf Courses and Sod Farms)

To control pests listed below, apply recommended rates. Per control of Ants, Brown Dog Ticks, Clover Mites, Crickets, Earwigs, Fleas, Millipedes, Sowbugs, and Springtails (Collenbola), which are commonly found near the house and may enter the house, spray a 5-ft. band of soil around the house, as well as the house foundation wall to a height of 2-3 feet. Repeat application if necessary.

Precautions: Birds, especially waterfowl, feeding or drinking on treated areas may be killed. Apply this product only as specified on this label. Because of the migratory habits of certain waterfowl, do not apply in Nassau County, New York between November 1 and May 20. Do not exceed maximum permitted label rates. Since rates above those recommended significantly increase potential hazards to birds. Avoid overlapping of sprays. If waterfowl, i.e., ducks, geese can be expected to enter the treated area after treatment (except spot treatments), water lawn with at least 0.25 inch water immediately after application, however, stop watering before puddling occurs.

Pests	Rate/1000 sq. feet		Remarks
	D*Z*N diazinon AG-500	Water	
Lawn Chinch Bugs	2-3 fl. oz.	3 gals.	Use higher rate for longer residual control and in lawns of dense growth, such as St. Augustine lawns.  Spot Spray ant hills and wasp ground nest openings.
Ants, Armyworms, Clover Mites, Springtails (Collembola), Crickets Cutworms, Digger Wasps, Earwigs, Fruit Flies, Lawn Billbugs, Sod Webworms, (Lawn Moths), Sowbugs,	2-3 fl. oz.	3 gals.	For Fruit flies, now grass and water well before treatment but delay application until grass is dry.  Nota: Do not apply to animals.
Brown Dog Ticks, Bernudagrass Mites, Chiggers, Fleas, Leafhoppers	1 ¼ fl. oz.	3 gals	For brown dog ticks, spray grass and under shrubbery, particularly near house.
Millipedes	3 fl. oz.	3 gals.	
Thodesgrass Scales	3 fl. oz.	3 gals.	Apply when crawlers first emerge.

Billbugs, White Grubs (such as Japanese Beetle Larvae, European Cater, Southern Charer): <sup>3</sup> apply 3 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft. of lawn. For grub control, make application anytime between late July and early October. For billbug control, apply when activity is first observed or when chewed or brown grass is present, indicating damage from this insect.

Hyperodes Weevil (New York only): Apply 3 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft. or grass. Treat problem areas in mid-April and again in mid-May.

Boxeider bugs: Spray bugs outside the home with 1¼ - 2½ fl. oz. (2½ - 5 table spoons) in 1 gal. water. At the same time, thoroughly spray around foundation, windows, goors, tree trunks, and into cracks and other places where the insects hide.