

GENERAL USE DIRECTIONS

MIXING DIRECTIONS: Noncrop use: Mix 1 gallon of Western Farm Service Contact Weedkiller in 50 to 60 gallons of water. Crop use: Mix 1 gallon Western Farm Service Contact Weedkiller in 70 gallons of water. Good tank agitation is desired during spraying operation, but not necessary.

GENERAL WEED CONTROL: Western Farm Service Contact Weedkiller will control most common herbaceous weeds and grasses. Perennials must be retreated as new growth develops. Spray to thoroughly wet all weed growth. Western Farm Service Contact Weedkiller works best in warm weather.

USE ON: Airfields, Walks, Fence Lines, Roadsides, Driveways, Dry Yards, Railroads, Waste Places, and around Industrial Establishments, Pole Yards and Oil Tank Areas.

DOSAGE RECOMMENDATIONS

CONTACT PRE-EMERGENCE WEED CONTROL on cropland planted to Bean (field, lima and snap), Corn. Cucumbers and Potatoes. Spray small weeds at least one day before first emergence of the crops. Use up to 28 gallons of diluted spray per acre. Do not apply to light sandy soil or shallow planted corn.

WEED CONTROL IN GRAPES AND BUSH FRUITS: Spray when weeds are growing well but

before they are 6 inches high.

ON GRAPES: Applications can be made up to 3 or 4 weeks after bloom. For use in the spring before bloom or in the fall after harvest, use 35 to 53 gallons of diluted spray per acre. For treating during bloom and up to 3 or 4 weeks after bloom use no more than 35 gallons of diluted spray per acre. Keep spray off fruiting cane. Apply only as a directed spray to weeds and soil in such a way as to avoid contacting grape foliage, blossoms, or fruiting clusters. It is often desirable to limit spray application to a 1-2 foot band directly under the grape trellis where weed control problem is most severe and soil cannot be easily cultivated. For such band treatments, the gallonage per acre should be reduced proportionally. Repeat application if necessary, but make no more than 2 applications in a single season.

ON BUSH FRUITS: Blackberries, Blueberries, Currants, Gooseberries and Raspberries, use 45 to 80 gallons of diluted spray per acre in the fall after harvest or in the spring before bloom. Use directed spray and do not treat young canes desired for permanent plants. Make one or two repeat applications as needed.

WEED CONTROL IN ALFALFA: Use up to 53 gallons of diluted spray per acre on established stands during dormant season or immediately after first cutting and before re-growth starts to control dodder and summer annual weeds. Do not graze treated areas or use treated foliage for feed or forage.

ORCHARD FLOORS (Direct spray to ground cover). Citrus, Date, Almonds, Filberts, Pecans, Walnuts, Apples, Apricots, Cherries, Peaches, Pears, Plums, and Prunes. Use up to 50 gallons of diluted spray per acre on crop areas. Apply a coarse spray and thoroughly cover all weed foliage. Keep spray off fruits and foliage. Avoid spraying the base of young trees. Destroy any fruit accidentally sprayed. Do not allow livestock to graze on treated ground cover. Do not contaminate irrigation or domestic water.

PRE-HARVEST DESICCATION OF ALFALFA, CLOVER (Ladino and Alsike), and PEAS GROWN FOR SEED: Use 2 to 3 quarts of Western Farm Service Contact Weedkiller per acre. Mix

(continued in column at right)



CONTACT WEEDKILLER

(Contains 2.5 lbs. 4,6-Dinitro-O-sec-butylphenol per Gallon)

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS	BY WEIGH
4, 6-Dinitro-O-Sec-butylphenol	30.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS	70.0%
EPA Reg. No. 11656-1	100.0%

READ THIS LABEL CAREFULLY!



KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN!

(See other precautions on right panel)

NET CONTENTS: 5 GALLONS

(continued from column at left)

with 10 gallons of water for airplane applic sprayers. Do not graze treated areas or feed KILLING POTATO VINES: Spray 10 to 20 day spray and the amount of use per acre are de degree of kill desired, and weather condition rates during cool, cloudy weather or where Volume Sprays, use 2 to 3 quarts of Western gallons of water per acre, applying by either a Sprays, use 2 to 4 quarts of Western Farm S 50 gallons of water, depending on density of zles to give coverage of all parts of vines is ring of potato tubers sometimes occurs after tubers, nor graze treated areas.

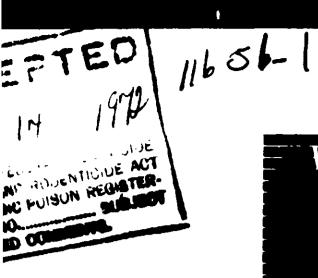
PRECAUTION DANGER! KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED OR ABSORBED or clothing. Do not take internally, avoid brea clothing or shoes. Use only with adequate ve COMBUSTIBLE. Do not use, pour, spill or stor This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Bird may be killed. Keep out of lakes, ponds and s ified on the label.

NOTE: Rinse equipment and container and di away from water supplies. Containers should burying with wastes.

FIRST AID TREAT SYMPTOMS OF POISONING: Excessive Fatigu of poisoning develop from any type of exposi FIRST AID: Have patient lie in quiet cooles compresses or by it mersion in cool water. IF SWALLOWED, SENL FOR A PHYSICIAN. Inc tablespoonfuls of table salt in a glass of w then give two tablespoonfuls of baking soda above. If splashed in eyes, immediately flus minutes and get medical attention. If spiller clothing, including shoes, and wash skin will poisoning develop, send for a physician and t nated clothing and shoes, or clean them the PHYSICIAN: Active ingredient is a metabolic

WESTERN FARM SERVICE MAKES NO WARF ANY PURPOSE, OR OTHERWISE, EXPRESS OR which extends beyond the statement on this

WESTERN FARM SERVICE INC., 2401 Crow Canyon Road, SAN RAMON, CA. 34



ce Contact Weedn Service Contact g spraying opera-

will control most d as new growth ce Contact Weed-

Railroads, Waste teas.

n (field, lima, and day before first 2. Do not apply to

growing well but

n. For use in the diluted spray per no more than 35 inly as a directed age, blossoms, or foot band directly id soil cannot be hould be reduced 2 applications in

Raspherries, use the spring before ermanent plants.

re on established before re-growth ted areas or use

Filberts, Pecans, Use up to 50 galthoroughly cover se of young trees. on treated ground

and PEAS GROWN ler per acre. Mix

ed in column at right)



CONTACT WEEDKILLER

(Contains 2.5 lbs. 4.6-Dinitro-O-sec-butylphenol per Gallon)

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS	BY WEIGH
4, 6-Dinitro-O-Sec-butylphenol	30.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS	70.0%
EPA Reg. No. 11656-1 TOTAL	100.0%

READ THIS LABEL CAREFULLY!





KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN!

(See other precautions on right panel)

NET CONTENTS: 5 GALLONS

(continued from column at left)

with 10 gallons of water for airplane applications and 30 gallons of water for ground sprayers. Do not graze treated areas or feed treated forage or seed to livestock. KILLING POTATO VINES: Spray 10 to 20 days before harvest. The concentration of the spray and the amount of use per acre are determined by variety and vigor of the vines. degree of kill desired, and weather conditions at the time of application. Use the higher rates during cool, cloudy weather or where foliage growth is especially heavy. For Low Volume Sprays, use 2 to 3 quarts of Western Farm Service Contact Weedkiller in 5 gallons of water per acre, applying by either air or ground equipment. For Medium Vol. line Sprays, use 2 to 4 quarts of Western Farm Service Contact Weedkiller per acre in 25 to 50 gallons of water, depending on density of vine growth. Adjustment of boom and nozzles to give coverage of all parts of vines is essential. NOTE: Browning of the vascular ring of potato tubers sometimes occurs after the use of vine killers. Do not spray exposed tubers, nor graze treated areas.

PRECAUTIONS IN USING

DANGER! KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. Do not get in eyes, on skin or clothing. Do not take internally, avoid breathing spray mist. Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes. Use only with adequate ventilation.

COMBUSTIBLE. Do not use, pour, spill or store near heat or open flame.

This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Birds and other wildlife feeding on treated areas may be killed. Keep out of lakes, ponds and streams. Do not apply in any manner not specified on the label.

NOTE: Rinse equipment and container and dispose of wastes by burying in noncrop lands away from water supplies. Containers should be disposed by punching holes in them and burying with wastes.

FIRST AID TREATMENT ANTIDOTE

SYMPTOMS OF POISONING: Excessive Fatigue. Sweating, Thirst, and Fever. If symptoms of poisoning develop from any type of exposure, SEND FOR A PHYSICIAN.

FIRST AID: Have patient lie in quiet coolest spot available. If feverish, cool with cold compresses or by immersion in cool water.

IF SWALLOWED, SEND FOR A PHYSICIAN. Induce vomiting by giving an emetic such as 2 tablespoonfuls of table salt in a glass of warm water; repeat until vomit fluid is clear, then give two tablespoonfuls of baking soda in a glass of water. Treat as in FIRST AID, above. If splashed in eyes, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention. If spilled on skin, immediately remove contaminated clothing, including shoes, and wash skin with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms of poisoning develop, send for a physician and treat as in FIRST AID, above. Discard contaminated clothing and shoes, or clean them thoroughly before re-use. NOTE TO ATTENDING PHYSICIAN: Active ingredient is a metabolic stimulant. Treat symptomatically.

NOTICE OF WARRANTY

WESTERN FARM SERVICE MAKES NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY. FITNESS FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR OTHERWISE, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, concerning this product or its use, which extends beyond the statement on this label.

NRM SERVICE INC., 2401 Crow Canyon Road, SAN RAMON, CA. 94583