

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Avitrol is a poison which is used as a bird management chemical to control the species listed on this label only. Birds ingesting Avitrol commonly react with distress symptoms and calls, frightening the remainder of the flock away. Birds that react sufficiently to alarm a flock usually die. It is mandatory that users of Avitrol acquaint themselves first with local, state and federal regulations and be guided by these regulations in their bird control activities.

Avitrol FC Corn Chops-99S is for the protection of ripening sunflowers from damage by redwinged, rusty, and yellow-headed blackbirds, common grackles, and starlings only. Avitrol must not be exposed in any manner that may endanger non-target birds. Consult local, state and federal game authorities before undertaking bird management with Avitrol. Investigate local laws that may prohibit the use of any toxic chemical in bird control.

Although Avitrol FC Corn Chops-99S consists of 99 untreated corn chops to every Avitrol-treated corn chop, it is important that this product be widely and evenly distributed so that only a few birds will be exposed to the toxicant. By limiting the amount of bait available to relatively few birds, the remainder of the flock can be frightened away from treated sites with a minimum of mortality.

Avitrol FC Corn Chops-99S may be applied by high clearance ground application equipment, or by air. The amount for one treatment is one (1) pound per acre based on the total area (applied at 3 pounds per acre on the treated portion). Use only in fields with 15 or more acres.

HIGH CLEARANCE AND AERIAL BAITING METHODS:

When bird damage reaches 200 freshly damaged heads, or when at least 200 feeding target birds are observed in a field, baiting from high clearance equipment or by air may be initiated. Apply the bait evenly in swaths. Do not exceed 3 lbs. per acre on the treated portion. Three to five treatments at 5-7 day intervals may be necessary when bird damage is severe. Additional baitings must not be made unless bait is depleted from insect or bird consumption, or unless greater than .5 inches of rain occurs. Treatment areas or swaths must be alternated so that the total material applied in a season is evenly distributed over the total field. Leave a 50-foot untreated swath around the field.

At all times Avitrol should be used in such a manner that exposure of non-target species will be minimized. After October 1, additional care should be taken in baiting with Avitrol since migratory grain eating birds may be in the area in increased numbers.



Avitrol
FC CORN CHOPS-99S

For the Control of RED-WINGED, RUSTY AND YELLOW-HEAD BLACKBIRDS, COMMON GRACKLES, AND STARLINGS IN RIPENING SUNFLOWER FIELDS

For use by or under the supervision of government agencies trained in bird control. Not for sale to the public.

For use in the following states only: North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Wisconsin, Illinois, Michigan, Indiana, and Ohio.

Active Ingredients	
4-Aminopyridine	0.03%*
Inert Ingredients	99.97%
Net Contents	_____ lbs.

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US Patent 3,150,041

EPA Registration No. 11649-15
EPA Est. _____

CAUTION

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

May produce toxic symptoms if swallowed or by contact with the skin. Handle with protective gloves. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling, before eating or smoking. If swallowed induce vomiting and call a physician.

Do not use where food (grain or meat) might become contaminated. Do not feed to livestock or poultry. Do not mix with grain for livestock or poultry feed. Do not contaminate streams, lakes or ponds with this material. Do not allow this material to remain in unprotected places after control measures are completed. Dispose of excess material by burial.

NOTICE: Buyer and/or user assumes all risks of use and/or handling of these materials contrary to label instructions.

*Obtained by blending one part 0.3%
4-aminopyridine corn chops with
9 parts untreated corn chops.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD CAUTIONS:

This pesticide is toxic to birds and wildlife. Birds and other wildlife feeding on treated bait may be killed. Keep out of lakes, streams and ponds. Avoid applications during periods of intense or prolonged rainfall. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Pick up and dispose of dead birds by burial.

