الهي الإنامانية المتعادات ساعدها

ACCEPTED

CODE 132-91

puli a 1975 Under the Foleral Insection Fungiride, chi libricide Asi as amonded, in the pesticide regictored under EPA Reg. No.

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PERTRICTION

Do not apply as a spray at rates above 1 quart of CO-RAL Emulsifiable Livestock In-secticide per 100 gallons of water to lactating dairy cattle, or to non-lactating dairy cattle within 14 days of freshening. If freshening should occur within this interval after spraying, do not use milk for human food for balance of the 14-day interval.

Do not apply to sick, convalescent, or stressed livestock; or to animals less than a months old.

Do not spray ar imals for 10 days before or after shipped or wearing, or after exposure to contagious and infectious diseases. Do not spray in a confined, non-ventilated

Do not apply in conjunction with oral drenches or other internal medications, such as phenothiazine, nor with natural or syn-

other organic phosphates.

thetic pyrethroids or their synergists, or with

May be poisonous if swallowed Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin, Do not get in eyes or on skin. Do not breathe spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and warm water after handling Wash contami-nated clothing with soap and hot water before reuse.

Do not contaminate feed or food. Keep out of reach of children

Do not reuse container. Destroy with n empty. If poisoning occurs, obtain prompt medical aid Prolonged exposure will result in cholinesterase depression

To Physician Atropine sulfate is antidotal 2 PAM is also antidotal and may be applied in conjunction with atropine

WARRANTY AND LIMITATIONS OF DAMAGES We warrant that at the time of manufacture this product was true to label and reasonably fit for the purposes described in its labeling. However there are numerous factors beyond our cortrol, e.g. storage diagnosis, dosage differen es among individual animals, e.c. which make it impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product, even if the directions are followed:

This statement is made in lieu of any other warranty, either express or implied, including any warranty of merchantability or fitness and no representative or agent of this company is authorized to vary the terms of this warranty or the contents of the labeling of this product except by printed notice from the company's Shawnee Kansas head office. In the event of damages arising from our breach of this warranty, damages shall be fimited to direct damages, and shall not in clude consequential commercial damages such as loss of profit or values, etc.

CO-RAL is a Reg. TM of the Parent Company of Farbenfabriken Bayer GmbH, Leverkusen

(coumaphos)

EMULSIFIABLE LIVESTOCK INSECTICIDE

-CONTROL OF GRUDO, HORN FLIZO, I FLIES LICE AND TICKS

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

O,O-Diethyl O- (3-chloro-4-methyl-2-oxo-(2H)-1-benzopyran-7-yl) phosphorothioate Aromatic Petroleum Distillate **INERT INGREDIENTS:**

GUARANTEE: Contains 1.0 lb. O.O. Diethyl O-(3-chloro-4-methyl-2-oxo-(2H)-

11.6%

83.4%

5.0%

1-benzopyran-7-yl) phosphorothioate per gallon. EPA Reg. No. 11556-23

EPA Est. 3125-MO-1

WARMING

Protect from freezing. See side panel for warning statements

IMPORTANT: Read this entire label, including the Warranty and Limitation of Damages provision, before using.

USE ONLY AS DIRECTED

NET CONTENTS 1 U.S. GALLON

Manufactured for

Timing of Applications for Cattle Grub Con-

Proper timing of treatment is important. For most effective results, cattle should be treated as soon as possible after heelfly activity ceases. Host parasite reactions such as bloat, salivation, staggering and paralysis may sometimes occur when cattle are treated

while the common cattle grub (Hypederma lineatum) is in the sullet, or while the northern grub (H. bevis) is in the area of the spinal cord. Cattle should be treated either before or after these stages of grub development. ment. Consult your veterinarian, extension livestock specialist, or extension entomolo-gist regarding the timing of treatment.

NOTE. If it is impossible to determine the origin of the cattle, and thus the exact stage of the grubs is unknown, it is recommended that the cattle receive only a maintenance ration of low energy feed during the treatment period. This lessens the likelihood of severe bloat which may occur in cattle on full feed when the common grub is killed while in the gullet.

For the most effective reduction of carcass damage and trim loss in cattle to be slaughtered, treatment should be applied at least 6 weeks before the expected appearance of grubs in the back.

NOTICE TO VETERINARIAN: If the proper dosage of CO-RAL Emulsifiable Livestock Insecticide has been applied and adverse reactions, such as bloat, excessive salivation, and posterior paralysis occur, it is highly probable that a host parasite reaction exists Auminister symptomatic treatment. Anti-inflammatory agents may be helpful. If necessary, relieve bloat by trocarization, as a stomach tube may traumatize a severly swollen esophagus. Do not administer atropine, as it is contraindicated in host parasite reactions. If toxicity should occur as a result of gross overdosage, atropine is anti-

CONTAINER DISPOSER

DO NOT REUSE THE CONTAINER -- Completely empty the contents. Rinse empty container by filling with water and adding 2 tablespoonfuls of household lye. Bury rinse solution and any unused chemical at least 18 inches deep in an isolated location away from water supplies. Punch holes in the top and bottom of the care, crush and bury as above. Do not use container in any connection with feed, food or drinking water.

0132-910

This product is toxic to fish, birds and other wildlife. Keep out of lakes, streams, or ponds. Do not contaminate water by cleaning equipment, or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label

CO-RAL Emulsifiable Livestock Insectit which is easily applied with ordinary spr for control of flies, lice, and ticks and i

Spray Treatment for Specified Ectoparas Operate spray equipment so as to ther necessary only when insects reappear a

Backrubber Application for Hern Flies a CO-RAL Emulsifiable Livestock Insecticit When properly mixed and applied, est achieved. Best control is obtained whe treated. No. 2 furnace oil (fuel oil) or 1 CO-RAL Emulsifiable Livestock Insecticid in sludge formation that will prevent pr

Spray Treatment for Cattle Grub Contre Spray treatment(s) should be applied in comes thoroughly wet. Spray pressures of Operate box-type spray chutes at maxin tration. (See side panel for information

PER 100 GALLONS OF WATER. FOR LAC 1 QUART CO-RAL EMULSIFIABLE LIVEST

ANIMAL	PARASITE	Qua Co-
	Horn flies Lice	2
	Ticks	4
	Screw worms	8
Beef and Non-Lactating Dairy Cattle	Grubs	12
	Grubs	8
Beef and Lactating Dairy Cattle	He in flies Face flies	4
	Lice	1
— ·- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	⊢ Horn flies Lice	 2
(Not Intended		
for slaughter)		8
Swine	Lice	2

CUTTER ANIMAL

Shawner

CUTTER ANIMA'L HEALTH LABORATORIES

Strawtee Matrial Boat USA 👔

ARTIST

DESIGN CUTTER CO-RAL CUST. BAYVET CORP. NO. PROOFS 12 ENG. 1279-55.0.242-00669 SIZE402, 610,200 (.E. DATE 4-14-75 PROOF DATE 5 -8-75 READ BETORE SIGNING (stone ugrees that set mental to a someon, at ship of the rest of a separation to the order of the order of the order of the order of the control of t CHANGE A There's an align treme of the color forming arms of mages and a majore some sections afed in the afficient the initial earline of a cost of the configures bearing the noted at CHANGE 8 CHANGE APPROVED CUSTOMER AS SUBMITED X ribaron Readu CHANGE C DETAILED SIGNATURE



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(coumaphos)

EMULSIEIABLE LIVESTOCK INSECTICIDE

CON CONTROL OF GRUDO, HORN FLIEG, FACE FLIES LICE AND TICKS

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),O-Diethyl O- (3-chloro-4-methyl-2-oxo-2H)-1-benzopyran-7-yl) phosphorothioate

Aromatic Petroleum Distillate

11.6% 83.4%

5.0%

SUARANTEE: Contains 1.0 lb. O,O, Diethyl O-(3-chloro-4-methyl-2-oxo-(2H)-I-benzopyran-7-yl) phosphorothioate per gallon.

EPA Reg. No. 11556-23 EPA Est. 3125-MO-1

WARRING

OF REAGH OF CHIEDREN

Protect from freezing. See side panel for warning statements

IMPORTANT: Read this entire label, including the Warranty and Limitation of Damages provision, before using.

USE ONLY AS DIRECTED

NET CONTENTS 1 U.S. GALLON

Manufactured for

CUTTER ANIMAL HEALTH LABORATORIES

All printing blue on white except as noted.

Proper timing of treatment is important. For most effective results, cattle should be treated as soon as possible after heelfly activity ceases. Host parasite reactions such tivity ceases. Host parasite reactions such as bloat, salivation, staggering and paralysis may sometimes occur when cattle are treated while the common cattle grub (Hypederma lineatum) is in the gullet, or while the northern grub (H. bevis) is in the area of the northern grub (H. bevis) is in the area of the select of the them stages of grub development. Consult your veterinariah, extension tivestock specialisi, or extension entomologist regarding the timing of treatment.

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For the most effective reduction of carcass damage and trim loss in cattle to be slaugh-tered, treatment should be applied at least 6 weeks before the expected appearance of grubs in the back.

NOTICE TO VETERINARIAN: If the proper dosage of CO-RAL Emulsifiable Livestock Insecticide has been applied and adverse reactions, such as bloat, excessive salivation, actions, such as bloat, excessive salivation, and posterior paralysis occur, it is highly probable that a host parasite reaction exists. Administer symptomatic, treatment. Anti-inflammatory agents may be helpful. If necessary, relieve bloat by trocarization, as a stomach tube may traumatize a severly swollen esophagus. Do not administer atropine, as it is contraindicated in host parasite reactions. If toxicity should occur as a result of gross overdosage, atropine is anti-dotal.

DO NOT REUSE THE CONTAINER -- Com pletely empty the contents. Rinse empty container by filling with water and adding 2 tablespoonfuls of household lye. Bury rinse solution and any unused chemical at least 18 inches deep in an isolated location away from water supplies. Punch holes in the top and bottom of the can, crush and bury as above. Do not use container in any connection with feed, food or drinking water.

This product is toxic to fish, birds, and other wildlife. Keep out of lakes, streams, or ponds Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment, or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label 01 32 910

CO-RAL Emulsifiable Livestock Insecticide mixes easily with water to form an emulsion which is easily applied with ordinary spray equipment. One spray treatment is highly effective for control of flies, lice, and ticks and provides residual control for several weeks.

Spray Treatment for Specified Ectoparasites, Except Cattle Grubs:

Operate spray equipment so as to thoroughly penetrate the hair coat. Re-treatment will be necessary only when insects reappear and constitute a problem.

Bostrubber Application for Hern Files and Face Files:

CO-RAL Emulsifiable Livestock Insecticide has proved to be ideal for backrubber application. When properly mixed and applied, excellent control of horn files and face files will be achieved. Best control is obtained when backrubbers are strategically located and properly treated. No. 2 furnace oil (fuel oil) or No. 2 diesel fuel oil is recommended for mixing with CO-RAL Emulsifiable Livestock Insecticide for use in backrubbers. Use of other oils may result in studge formation that will prevent proper distribution in the reservoir-type backrubber.

Spray Treatment for Cattle Greb Control:

Spray treatment(s) should be applied in such a manner that the skin, not just the hair, becomes thoroughly wet. Spray pressures of 250 to 350 pounds per square inch are recommended. Operate box-type spray chutes at maximum pressure for thorough overall wetting and penetration. (See side panel for information on timing of grub treatment.)

DO NOT APPLY MORE THAN 12 QUARTS OF CO-RAL EMULSIFIABLE LIVESTOCK INSECTICIDE PER 100 GALLONS OF WATER. FOR LACTATING DAIRY CATTLE DO NOT APPLY MORE THAN I QUARY GO THE SHOULD BE WATER.

ANIMAL	PARASITE	Quarts Co-Rai	REMARKS
	Horn flies	2	SPRAY TREATMENTS: Apply specified dosage i
Beef and Non-Lactating Dairy Cattle	Lice Ticks		100 gallons of water for a complete wetting t run-off. Repeat as necessary.
	Screw-worms	8	SPRAY TREATMENT (8): Apply specified doses in 100 gallons of water as high pressure spriso as to wet the skin, not just the hair, of the animal. Repeat as necessary.
	Grubs	12	SPRAY TREATMENT: Apply specified dosage 100 gallons of water as a high pressure spraso as to wet the skin, not just the hair, of the animal. See Directions for Use for proper timin of application
	Grubs	8	DOUBLE SPRAY TREATMENT: Apply specific dosage in 100 gallons of water as a high pressu spray. Make 2 applications per season, in more than 3 months apart. The second application should be soon after heel fly activity his ceased.
Beef and Lactating Dairy Cattle	Horn flies Face flies	4	CATTLE BACKRUBBERS: Mix specified dosa in 13 gallons of No. 2 furnace oil or No. diesel fuel Saturate the fiber portion of the backrubber with this mixture. Place the backrubber where animals congregate or travergularly for dairy cattle, suspend at a heign that will prevent straddling. Re-saturate backrubber as needed. Note: For most effective faitly control, the rubber should be constructed as to permit the animal to rub its face. If interval is required between treatment ar slaughter or use of milk.
	Lice	1	SPRAY TREATMENT (\$): Apply specified dosa in 100 gallons of water for a complete wetting to runoff. Repeat as necessary.
Horses (Not intended for slaughter)	Horn flies	7	SPRAY TREATMENT (S): Apply specified dosa
	Ticks		in 100 gallons of water for complete wetting Treat thoroughly all wounds and injuries. Re
	Screw-worms		peat as necessary
Swine	Lice		SPRAY TREATMENT (S): Apply specified dosag in 100 gallons of water for a complete wetting to runoff Repeat as necessary.

Manufactured For

CUTTER ANIMAL HEALTH LABORATORIES

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