

For selective control of certain weeds in Crops, Grassland, Turf and Non-C

Directions for Use

SELECTIVE SPRAYING: Wheat, Oats, Barley and Rye — Apply as a water mix spray by ground sprayer or airplane. Use ½ to 1 pint per acre for the more susceptible weeds after crop has reached the 3 to 4 leaf stage up to boot stage. Use up to 3 pints per acre for the less susceptible weeds after crop has tillered and up to early boot stage.

SMALL GRAINS Underseeded with Alfalfa, Lespedeza, Red and White Clover — For emergency control of serious infestations of mustard, yellow rocket and other susceptible broadleaf weeds, apply ½ to 1 pint in not more than 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Make application after cereal is well tillered (4 to 8 inches tall) and before reaching boot stage. The nurse crop and weeds should provide a protecting canopy which, together with the use of low gallonage applied at low pressure, will reduce the risk of damage to the legumes. Do not apply to small grains underseeded with vetch or sweet clover, which are very susceptible. There is also some risk to other legumes if only thinly protected by a canopy.

RICE — Selective Weed Killer can be used to replace 2,4-D in the weed spraying programs. Follow state and local spraying regulations and recommendations. Observe the same precautions against drift onto cotton and other susceptible crops as for 2,4-D spraying. Treated effluent waters may be harmful to fish and other aquatic life.

In California — Apply 3 to 5 pints per acre in sufficient water (10 to 30 gallons) to give coverage. Use lower rate where arrowweed, water plantain and red stem are the only weeds. Use the 5 pint rate where sedge, nutgrass and bulrush are also present. Make application only when weeds are present and where rice is well established, 6 to 8 inches above water; no sooner than 35 and no later than 65 days after seeding or when crop stems begin to elongate. Water should not be less than 2 to 3 inches deep at shallowest point. Do not spray when temperature is over 90 degrees F.

SEED FLAX — Where 2 to 3 ounces of MCPA acid equivalent per acre is recommended for susceptible weeds, use ½ to 1 pint Selective Weed Killer per acre in at least 15 to 20 gallons of water. Apply when all weed are up and flax has at least 3 to 4 leaves, or is 3 to 4 inches tall, and before flax comes into bud. Treatment after early bud stage may result in severe damage. For moderately resistant weeds, spot spraying with a heavier rate may be necessary. Use 1¼ to 1½ pints per acre to prevent seed production by Canada thistle. Do not spray flax underseeded with legumes without first consulting local weed specialists.

CAUTION: Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid inhalation of spray mist. Avoid spray drifts to susceptible plants as this product may injure cotton, beans, other vegetables, certain legumes, ornamentals, etc. (Coarse sprays are less likely to drift.)

Thoroughly clean spray equipment with a suitable chemical cleaner before using for other purposes or do not use same spray equipment for other purposes.

Avoid contamination of water intended for irrigation or domestic use. Do not reuse empty container. Destroy by burying in a safe place.

Do not use Selective Weed Killer with amine salts of 2,4-D or 2,4,5-T.

Do NOT transport with or store near fertilizers, insecticides, fungicides or seeds.

This product is toxic to fish. Keep out of lakes, streams and ponds. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes.

TOXIC TO FISH: Do not contaminate any body of water by cleaning of equipment and disposing of wastes and containers.

DESTROY empty containers by piercing top and bottom and burying in non-crop land.

KEEP out of any body of water.

Do NOT Store with Foodstuffs

HAYNES & MORGAN

SELECTIVE WEED KILLER

(SODIUM SALT OF MCPA)

CAUTION

Keep Out of
Reach of Children

E. P. A. REG. NO. 11544-4

Ingredients

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Sodium salt of 2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid* 24.0%

INERT INGREDIENTS 76.0%

*Equivalent to 21.614% 2-methyl-4-chlorophenoxyacetic acid or not less than 2.0 lbs. MCPA acid per gallon at 68 degrees F.

PRODU

Sodium Salt of herbicide. This product translocates into the root system of weeds. Other chemicals may be applied without sterilizing.

SELECTIVE WEED KILLER — 1½ gallon of product per acre. Spray spots to the bud stage. Do not spray too early in the fall, repeat.

SELECTIVE WEED KILLER — leaf weeds only, and the recommended rate.

SELECTIVE WEED KILLER — systemic herbicide to translocate into the root system. Other chemicals may be applied without sterilizing.

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GENERAL INFORMATION — general behavior to the date indicates that some crops under con

PRODUCT NO. 302

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