

Our recommendations for use of this product are based upon tests believed to be reliable. The use of this product being beyond the control of the manufacturer, no guarantee, expressed or implied, is made as to the effects of such or the result to be obtained if not used in accordance with directions or established safe practice. The buyer must assume all responsibility, including injury or damage, resulting from its misuse as such, or in combination with other materials.

CAUTION: Harmful if swallowed. Irritating to eyes, skin and lungs. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or on clothing. Do not use ammonia or other chemicals with this product. To do so will release hazardous gases.

FIRST AID: In case of contact flush with plenty of water. If eye irritation persists, get medical attention. **INTERNAL:** Give milk, raw egg white, mucilage or rice gruel. Call a physician immediately.

CAUTION: Never mix with acid or acid containing compound, as this would release chlorine gas. Add individually to pool.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

This product is toxic to fish. Treated effluent should not be discharged where it will drain into lakes, streams, ponds, or public water. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment, or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

Rinse empty container thoroughly with water and discard it.

Degrades with age. Use a test kit and increase dosage as necessary to obtain required level of available chlorine.

NET CONTENTS: ONE GALLON (3.76 LITRES)

POOL-CARE

aquachlor

Especially for Swimming Pool Use!

| | |
|---------------------------|--------|
| ACTIVE INGREDIENT: | |
| SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE | 10.0% |
| INERT INGREDIENT | 90.0% |
| | 100.0% |
| AVAILABLE CHLORINE | 10.0% |

CAUTION:
Keep out of reach of children.
See first aid and precautions on side panel.

EPA REG. NO. 11501-14
EPA EST. NO. 11501-FL1

THE

aquachem

CO., INC.

CORAL GABLES, FLORIDA 33146

1. Use your pool test kit to check pH (7.6. The pH can be low (Acid) by following the addition of Sodium Carbonate.
2. When starting up a new pool, add an addition of eight (8) ounces of Sodium Chloride to a minimum level of 1.0 to 1.5 ppm. Test with a test kit daily and make adjustments as necessary.
3. To combat the growth of algae, add sodium hypochlorite to the pool. If bathers have left the pool, add sodium hypochlorite to 1.0 ppm to 1.5 ppm.
4. For effective pool water treatment, a residual should be determined with a reliable test kit. If additional chlorine is needed, add a solution as follows:

| | |
|--|--------------|
| | Gallons of 1 |
| | 500 |
| | 1,000 |
| | 5,000 |
| | 10,000 |
| | 25,000 |

Manufactured by: THE AQUACHEM CO.

ACCEPTED

11501-14

OCT 2 1977

FEDERAL INSECTICIDE
FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT
FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTRATION
LISTED UNDER 1

tests believed to be
the manufacturer,
of such or the result
or established safe
injury or damage,
materials.

in and lungs. Avoid
not use ammonia or
to so will release

er. If eye irritation
Give milk, raw egg
immediately.

compound, as this
to pool.

discharged where it
contaminate water
is product only as

necessary to obtain

LITRES)

POOL-CARE

aquachlor

Especially for Swimming Pool Use!

| | |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| ACTIVE INGREDIENT: | |
| SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE | 10.0% |
| INERT INGREDIENT | 90.0% |
| | <hr/> |
| | 100.0% |
| AVAILABLE CHLORINE | 10.0% |

CAUTION:

Keep out of reach of children.
See first aid and precautions on side panel.

EPA REG. NO. 11501-14
EPA EST. NO. 11501-FL1

THE aquachem

CO., INC.
CORAL GABLES, FLORIDA 33146

DIRECTIONS

1. Use your pool test kit to adjust the pH of your pool water between 7.2 and 7.6. The pH can be lowered by the use of Muriatic Acid or Sodium Bisulfate (Dry Acid) by following the directions on their labels. The pH can be raised by the addition of Sodium Carbonate (pH Add) by following the directions on its label.
2. When starting up a new pool the initial chlorine demand may be met by the addition of eight (8) ounces of chlorine per 1,000 gallons of water until a minimum level of 1.0 to 1.5 parts per million of chlorine is established. Use the test kit daily and make the pH chlorine residual adjustments as required.
3. To combat the growth of algae, super chlorinate at least once a week by adding sodium hypochlorite solution at 5 to 10 times the normal rate. Apply after bathers have left the pool. Do not use pool until the chlorine residual has dropped to 1.0 ppm to 1.5 ppm as indicated by a chlorine test kit.
4. For effective pool water sanitation maintain a chlorine residual of 0.6 to 1.0 parts per million (ppm) or the amount required by local regulation. The chlorine residual should be determined frequently when the pool is in use, by use of a reliable test kit. If additional chlorine is indicated, add sodium hypochlorite solution as follows:

| Gallons of Water | Sodium Hypochlorite Solution Required |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 500 | 4 teaspoons |
| 1,000 | 8 teaspoons |
| 5,000 | 7/8 cup |
| 10,000 | 1-2/3 cup |
| 25,000 | 4 cups |

(1 cup = 48 teaspoons = 8 ounces)

Packed by: THE AQUACHEM COMPANY, INC. / Coral Gables, Florida 33146

TESTED
01-14
EPA REG. NO. 11501-14
EPA EST. NO. 11501-FL1
FEDERAL INSECTICIDE
AND FUNGICIDE ACT
MICROPOISON REGISTER