NOV 25 1996

Tom Duafala, Ph.D. Trical P.O. Box 1327 Hollister, CA 95024

Dear Dr. Duafala:

Subject: Request to Amend Telone Registrations in Response to

Telone Negotiations

Tri-Form C-15

EPA Registration No. 11220-20

Your Submission Dated September 23 and November 7, 1996

The amendment referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended is acceptable provided that you:

- 1. Make the labeling changes listed below before you release the product for shipment bearing the amended labeling:
  - a. In the Engineering Control Requirements section the reference to "Telone Soil Fumigants A Guide to Application" makes this part of the labeling for the product and it must be submitted for Agency review and approval.
  - b. When printing the label assure that on the front panel POISON is the color red on a background of distinctly contrasting color.
- 2. Submit one (1) copy of your final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment.

A stamped copy of the labeling is enclosed for your records.

The amended labeling supersedes all previously accepted labeling.

Sincerely yours,

Jus

Philip V. Errico
Acting Product Manager (22)
Fungicide-Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (7505C)

# Enclosure

cc: Lisa Nisenson

Special Review Branch

Special Review and Reregistration Branch (7508W)

#### RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

DUE TO HIGH ACUTE INHALATION TOXICITY AND CARCINOGENICITY For retail sale to and use only by Certifled Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certifled Applicator's certification.

# TELONE C-15

A MULTI-PURPOSE LIQUID FUMIGANT
FOR PREPLANT TREATMENT OF SOIL
TO CONTROL NEMATODES, SYMPHYLANS, WIREWORMS
AND CERTAIN SOIL BORNE DISEASES IN CROPLAND.
NOT FOR USE IN GREENHOUSES OR OTHER ENCLOSED AREAS

**ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:** 

1,3-Dichloropropene Chloropicrin INERT INGREDIENTS: TOTAL 79.9% 15.0% 5.1% 100.0%

One gallon of Telone C-15 weighs about 10.6 pounds.

Contains 8.4 pounds of 1,3-Dichloropropene and 1,6 pounds of Chloropicrin per gallon.

## KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

# DANGER



# **PELIGRO**

#### POISON

Peligro: Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

IN ALL CASES OF OVEREXPOSURE GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. TAKE PERSON TO A DOCTOR OR TO AN EMERGENCY TREATMENT FACILITY.

#### **FIRST AID**

IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician,

IF ON SKIN: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Call a physician. If water is not immediately available, remove excess chemical from skin with adsorbent material such as lowel or dry soil, then proceed at once to a location where water is available and thoroughly wash contaminated skin with plenty of water. Call a physician.

IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

IF SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Because rapid absorption may occur through lungs if product is aspirated and cause systemic effects, the decision to induce ventiting or not should be made by a physician. If lavage is performed, endotracheal and/or esophageal control is suggested. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach.

See Side Panel For Additional Precautionary Statements.

# ACCEPTED with COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated

# TRICAL

NOV 25 1996

P.O. Box 1327, Hollister, CA 95024

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS: DANGER **PELIGRO** HAZARDOUS LIQUID AND VAPOR.

DO NOT SWALLOW ANY OF THIS PRODUCT. MAY BE FATALIF SWALLOWED.

DO NOT GET IN EYES, CAUSES SEVERE EYE INJURY.

DO NOT GET IN EYES. CAUSES SEVERIE EYE INJURY.

DO NOT GET ON SKIN. MAY BE FATAL IF ABSORBED THROUGH THE SKIN. CAUSES SKIN BURNS. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION.

DO NOT BREATHE VAPOR. MAY BE FATAL IF INHALED. MAY CAUSE LUNG, LIVER, AND KUDNEY DAMAGE AND RESPIRATORY SYSTEM IRRITATION UPON PROLONGED CONTACT.

THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT MAY BE HAZARDOUS TO YOUR HEALTH. THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS 1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE, WHICH HAS BEEN DETERMINED TO CAUSE TUMORS IN LABORATORY ANIMALS. RISKS CAN BE REDUCED BY EXACTLY FOLLOWING DIRECTIONS FOR USE, PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS, AND BY WEARING THE PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS LABELING.

PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS LABELING.

THIS FUMIGANT HAS THE CAPACITY TO CAUSE MARKED IRRITATION
TO THE UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT. A STRONG LACHRYMATOR
(TEAR-PRODUCING EYE BRITANT), LOW CONCENTRATIONS ARE CAPABLE
OF CAUSING PAINFUL EYE BRITATION. THE EFFECT MAY BE SO
POWERFUL THAT A PERSON MAY BECOME TEMPORARLY BLINDED
AND PANIC-STRICKEN. THAT, IN TURN, MAY LEAD TO ACCIDENTS.

#### AIR CONCENTRATION LEVEL

The acceptable air concentration level for persons exposed to chloropicrin is 0.1 ppm (0.7 mg/M<sup>3</sup>). The air concentration level is measured by a direct reading detection-device, such as a Matheson-Kitagawa, Draegor, or Sensidyne.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT(PPE)

Chemical-Resistant Materials: Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this Chemical-Resistant Materials: Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are Islad below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category H on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart. PPE constructed of Saranex, neoprene, and chlorinated polyathylene provide short-term contact or splash protection against ficuld in this product. Longer-term protection is provided by PPE constructed of YRon, Telfon, and EVAL barrier laminates (for example, Responder suits manufactured by Life-guard or Silvershield gloves manufactured by North). Where chemical-resistant materials are required, leasther, canvas, or cotton materials control from this product and must not be worm when contact with this product is possible. Coverals must be loose-filling and constructed of woven fabrics (e.g. tight knot cotton or cotton/polyester), non-woven fabrics (e.g. Tyvek or Sontara), or fabrics containing microocrous telfon. orous leffon.

(1) Handlors Performing Direct-Contact Tasks: Direct-contact tasks are tasks performed outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. They include:

a equipment calibration or adjustment

- equipment cleanup and repair
- product sampling
- product samplety any activity less than 6 feet from an unshielded pressurized hose containing this product
- removal of tarp or plastic film
- rinsate disposal fumigant transfer
- cleanup of small spills

preparing containers for serationary other handling task not otherwise issted in (2), (3), (4) or (5) below.

preparing conjunaters for ascration—
any other handling task not otherwise isted in (2), (3), (4) or (5) below. Handlers performing direct-contact tasks must wear: (a) Coveraits over short-sleaved shirt and short pants; (b) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or vitor; (c) Chemical-resistant flootwear plus socks; (d) Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure; (e) Chemical-resistant aprox; (f) A full-face respirator with either an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for posticides (MSHANIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or canister approved for posticides (MSHANIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G). See further respirator requirements in the "User Safety Requirements" socition of this label. (2) Handlers in Enclosed Cabe: Applicators and other handlers in enclosed cabe must wear: (a)Coveraits; (b) Shoes and socks; (c) A full-face respirator with either an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for posticides (MSHANIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or canister approved for posticides (MSHANIOSH approval number prefix TC-43C). A respirator is not required if the occupants are within an enclosed cab that is in conformance with one of the following: (1) ASAE Standard S525 sections 7.1.5, 7.1.7, 7.2.3, and 9, or 2) the requirements isted in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural posticides—40 CFR 170.240(q)St.). The cab must be equipped with a vapor-adsorptive filter containing a minimum of 1000 The cab must be equipped with a vapor-adsorptive filler containing a minimum of 1000 grams activated charcoat. The filter must be changed after no more than 50 hours of grams activated charcoat. The filter must be changed after no more than 50 hours of applications time. See further respirator requirements in the "User Safety Requirements" section of this labet, (d) in addition, the PPE specified in (1) for direct contact activities must be immediately available in the enclosed cab and must be worn if the handler leaves the enclosed cab to perform any direct-contact activity.

(3) Applicators Outside an Enclosed Cab: Applicators applying this soil furnigant/product for sealing the soil following application of this product) who are not inside an enclosed cab that meets requirements specified above must wear:

(a) Coverails over short-sleeved shirt and short pants; (b) Chemicat-resistant gloves, such as barrior laminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemicat-resistant footwear plus socks; (d) Chemicat-resistant footwear plus socks; (d) Chemicat-resistant footwear plus socks; (e) Chemicat-resistant footwear plus socks; (d) the production with either control of the production of the

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(4) Handlers in Treated Area Within 5 Days After Application: Only the following handler tasks may be performed in the treated area within 5 days after the application is complete. (A) Area Safety Area Safety and social positions.

handler lasks may be performed in the tranted area within 5 days after the application is complate; (a) Assessing/adjusting the soil seals (b) Assessing pest control, application technique, or application efficacys (c) Sampling air or soil for this product.

All other tasks are prohibited until the 5 day perford has expired. Unless in an encicesed cab as described in (2) above, handlers performing the above tasks in the treated area within 5 days after application must wear; (a) Coveralis; (b) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier taminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier taminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as a performed the such and socks; (d) A full-face respirator with either an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefiter approved for pesticides (MSHANNOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or canister approved for pesticides (MSHANNOSH approval number prefix TC-14C). See further respirator requirements in the "User Safety Requirements" section on this label.

See Requirements Continued in Third Column

#### Requirements, Continued:

(5) Handlers Exposed to High Concentrations: Handlers exposed to high arbonic concentrations of this product, such as cleanup following large splits and exposure to this product in poorly centifacted areas, must term: (a) Chemical-resistant suit; (b) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as a constant gloves, such as a cons Chemical-resistant goves, such as barrier laminate (CVAL) or vinot, (e) Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks; (d) Chemical-resistant headgear; (e) Supplied-ar-respirator with MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-19C or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-13F. See further respirator requirements in the "User Safety Requirements" section of this

NOTE: In-lank cleaning of bulk lanks must be performed only by persons who have been specifically trained for this activity according to OSHA guidelines as described in 29 CFR Part 1910.146. Refer to Application Guide section on storage tanks.

#### **USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS**

- USER SAPETT REQUIREMENTS

  1. Respirator Requirements: When a respirator is required for use with this product, the following criteria must be most: (a) Full-face respirators must be worn; (a). Cartridges or can sters must be replaced daily or when odor or irritation from this product becomes apparent, whichever a sooner; (c) Respirators must be file-lested and checked using a program that conforms to OSHA's requirements (described in 29 CFR Part 1910,134); (d) Respirator users must be examined by a qualified medical practitioner to ensure physical ability to safely when the described in 29 CFR Part 1910,134); (d) Respirator users must be examined by a qualified medical practitioner to ensure physical ability to safely when the described in 29 CFR Part 1910,134); (d) Respirator users must be examined by a qualified medical practitioner to ensure physical ability to safely when the safely many than the product the safely many than the safely Host of examinate by a quantum interest properties are properties are properties are properties.

  2. Never Fumigate alone. It is imperative to always have an assistant and proper
- protective equipment in case of accidents.

  3. Drivers Responsibilities: Drivers of application equipment must advise other workers of all precautions and procedures. In addition, drivers must instruct their helpers in the mechanical operation of the tractor and how to safely work with the tractor and
- driver white furnigating.

  4. Dispose of Contaminated Ciothing: Discard ciothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with liquid from this product. Do not
- Clean and Maintain PPE: Follow manufacturer's instructions for cle ing PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use delergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Wash PPE after each day's use.

  6. Contact With Mouth: Never siphon this product by mouth or use mouth to blow out
- clogged lines, nozzles, etc.
- cogged tres, rozzes, etc.

  7. Heat lithess Avoidance: Use measures to avoid or minimize heat liness while using this product. These measures include gradual adjustment to heat and respirator stress, tans for cooling, cooling vests, frequent breaks to cool down, frequent intake of drinking water, and maintaining weight from day to day.

#### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

#### Users should:

- Wash hands before ealing, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
   Remove clothing immediately if posticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put
- on clean clothing.

  Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash theroughly and change into clean

EMERGENCY: In case of an emergency endangering health or the enviro involving this product, call the 24 Hour Emergency Phone Number (800) 424-9300.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intentidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water by disposal of equipment washwaters. See "Storage, Shipment and Disposal" section, in case of spiks, properly dispose of contaminated materials.

Ground Water Advisory: 1,3-dichloropropene is known to move through soil and under certain conditions has the potential to reach ground water as a result of agricultural use. Application in areas where soils are permeable and ground water is near the surface, or in karst geology, could result in ground water contamination.

# PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

FLAMMABLE: Do not use, pour, spill, or store near heat or open flames. Do

#### STORAGE, SHIPMENT AND DISPOSAL

SHIPPING, STORAGE: Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or ciclhing.

STORAGE: Store in lightly-closed original container in a cool place away from dwellings. Do not allow contamination of seeds, plants, fertilizers, or other pesticide chemicals. Do not contaminate food, feedstuffs, drugs, or domestic water supplies.

DISPOSAL: Pesilicide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesilicide and rinsates is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your state pesticide or environmental control agency, or the hazardous waste representative at the nearest EPA regional office for guidance. Because 1,3-dichloropropone is corrosive under certain canditions, flush at guestice, setables 1,3-datinophysiones conserve and the total contents of the application equipment with fuel of, kerosene or a similar type of pelroleum solvent immediately after use. Fix pumps and meters with new motor oil or a 50% motor oldfuel oil mixture before storing. Do not use water. Dispose of finsate by applicable Federal, State and local regulations. Never introduce rinsate or unused product into surface or underground water supplies.

METAL CONTAINER DISPOSAL: To dispose of container emptied during applications operation, remove bungs, invest container in the field just treated and ensure that the container is tree of liquid. Orient container such that vontilation of bung holes is not restricted. Allow containers to aerate for all least 14 days. Replace bungs prior to transport. After aeration, offer container to qualified reconditioner or dispose of as directed by State or local regulations.

REFILLABLE CONTAINERS: Follow cleaning and handling directions in the Telone

CONTRACTOR DE CONTRACTOR D

## ENGINEERING CONTROLS REQUIREMENTS

MECHANICAL TRANSFER SYSTEM: Personal protective equipment specified for "Direct Contact Activities" must be worn by the operator of the mechanical transfer system. The operator of the mechanical transfer system must follow instructions on proper operation of the system found in the "Telone Soi Funigants - A Guide to Application" manual. Contact your product distributor for more information or these malerials.

END-ROW SPILLAGE CONTROL:The dispensing system must shut off the feed stream when chisels are raised out of the ground. Do not stop or park near any area where dribble from chisel tips has fallen. The application must follow instructions on proper operation and maintenance of the system found in the Telone Soil Furnigants - A proper operation and maniferance of the system found in the "Telone Soil Furnigants - A Guide to Application" manual. Contact your product distributor for more information or these materials, (1), A flow shutoff device must be placed as close as is technically feasable to the fluid discharge point. This can be a balf, poppel, or diaphragm check valve, or full flow shutoff device such as an electric or pensonnalizedly actuated valve. (2). Check valves must be replaced immediately if continuous drip occurs. (3), Place check valves above the orifice. (4), Itolate the check valve from upstream pressure by installing main line shut off or bypass valves order to the manifest. (5) The art beautiful time. a main line shut off or bypass valve prior to the manifold. (5). Do not exceed 1/4 inch a man with stript of the Opense value pint of all mandous. Op. to the excellent has taid diameter tubing. (6). Do not use any method of end-row spillage control other than that stated on this tabot. (7). An alternative to shutoff devices is a purge system which clears the line of all figuid. Consult your product representative for purge system description. Do not use any method of end-row spillage control other than that stated on this tabot.

WITH ALL BULK AND MINI-BULK CONTAINERS: This product must be transferred

- WITH ALL BULK AND MINI-BULK CONTAINERS: This product must be transferred through connecting hoses, pipes, and/or couplings sufficiently light to prevent workers or other persons from coming in contact with the figuid product.

  1. All hoses, piping, and tanks used in connection with this product shall be of type appropriate for use under the pressure and vacuum conditions to be encountered.

  2. External sight gauges shall be equipped with valves so that pipes to sight gauge can be shut off in case of breakage and leakage.

  3. The mechanical transfer system must be adequate to make necessary measurements of the particular between texts.
- ments of the posticide being used.

  4. Shut-off devices must be installed on the exit end of all hoses and at all disconnect points to prevent leakage of this product when the transfer is stopped and hose is
- points to prevent leakage or this product when the trainer's support and nose is removed or disconnected. A dry coupler that will minimize posticide leakage must be-installed at the disconnect point.

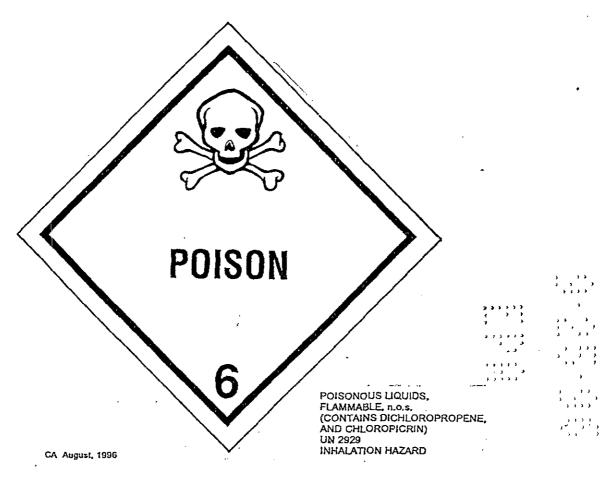
  5. The pressure in Nosos used to move this product beyond a pump must not exceed-the manufacturer's maximum pressure specification.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read all Directions for Use carefully before applying. Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

# AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR 170. Refer to label booklet under "Agricultural Use Requirements" in the Direction for Use section for information about this standard.



NOTICE: READ THE ENTIRE LABEL AND LABEL BOOKLET. USE ONLY ACCORDING TO LABEL BOOKLET DIRECTIONS. BEFORE BUYING OR USING THIS PRODUCT, READ "WARRANTY DISCLAIMER" AND "LIMITATION OF REMEDIES".

REFER TO LABEL BOOKLET FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY INFORMATION AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

#### WARRANTY DISCLAIMER

WARRANTY DISCLAIMER

Soler warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the babel and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in strict accordance with directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. SELLER MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

INHERENT RISKS OF USE: It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Crop injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contrary to label instructions (Including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperatures, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions fettich as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoos, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of application, or ofter factors, all of which are beyond the control of the seller. All such risks shall be assumed by buyer.

LIMITATION OF REMEDIES: The exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict labelity, or other legal theories), shall be limited to, at the company's election, one of the following; (1) Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought; or, (2) Replacement of amount of product such The company shall not be liable for losses or damages resulting from handling or use of this product unless the company is promptly holified of such loss or damage in writing. In no case shall the company be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses. The lerms of the Warranty Disclaimer above and this Limitation of Remedies cannot be varied by any writen or verbal statement or agreements. No amployee or sales agent of the company or the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the Warranty Disclaimer or this Limitation of Remedies in any manner.



#### RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

DUE TO HIGH ACUTE INHALATION TOXICITY AND CARCINOGENICITY For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.

### LABEL BOOKLET

DIRECTIONS FOR USE INCLUDING STORAGE, SHIPMENT AND DISPOSAL; PRECAUTIONARY INFORMATION, INCLUDING REQUIREMENTS FOR PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT; ENGINEERING CONTROL AND REQUIREMENTS; AND AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS.

# TELONE C-15

MULTI-PURPOSE LIQUID FUMIGANT FOR PREPLANT TREATMENT OF SOIL TO CONTROL NEMATODES, SYMPHYLANS, WIREWORMS AND CERTAIN SOIL BORNE DISEASES IN CROPLAND. NOT FOR USE IN GREENHOUSES OR OTHER ENCLOSED AREAS.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

1,3-Dichloropropene Chloropicrin INERT INGREDIENTS:

79.9% 15.0% 5.1%

TOTAL

100.0%

One gallon of Telone C-15 weighs about 10.6 pounds Contains 9.0 pounds of 1,3-Dichloropropene and 1.6 pounds of chloropictin per gallon.

# TRICAL

P.O. Box 1327, Hollister, CA 95024

E.P.A. EST.11220-CA-1,2,3,4;FL-1 E.P.A. REG. NO.11220-20

NET CONTENTS . . . . LBS.

### KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

# DANGER



PELIGRO

Peligro: Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

IN ALL CASES OF OVEREXPOSURE GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. TAKE PERSON TO A DOCTOR OR TO AN EMERGENCY TREATMENT FACILITY.

#### FIRST AID

IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician

IF ON SKIN: immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Call a physician. If water is not immediately available, remove excess chemical from skin with adsorbent material such as towel or dry soil, then proceed at once to a location where water is available and thoroughly wash contaminated skin with plenty of water. Call a physician.

IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Call a physician.

IF SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Polson Control Center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Because rapid absorption may occur through lungs if product is aspirated and cause systemic effects, the decision to induce vomiting or not should be made by a physician. If lavage is performed, endotracheal and/or esophageal control is suggested. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the

See Side Panel For Additional Precautionary Statements.

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THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT MAY BE HAZARDOUS TO YOUR HEALTH, THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS 1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE, WHICH HAS BEEN DETERMINED TO CAUSE TUMORS IN LABORATORY ANIMALS. RISKS CAN BE REDUCED BY EXACTLY FOLLOWING DIRECTIONS FOR USE, PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS, AND BY WEARING THE PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT SPECIFIED IN THIS LABELING.

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ne acceptable air concentration level for persons exposed to chloropicrin is 0.1 ppm 7 mg/M<sup>3</sup>). The air concentration level is measured by a direct reading detection-(0.7 mg/M<sup>3</sup>). The air concentration level is measured by device, such as a Matheson-Kitagawa, Draeger, or Sensidynt

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PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT(PPE)
Chemical-Resistant Materials: Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are fisted below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category as to an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart. PPE constructed of Saranex, neoprene, and chlorinated polyethylene provide short-form contact or splash protection against liquid in this product. Longer-term protection is provided by PPE constructed of Viton, Telton, and EVAL barrier laminates (for example, Responder suits manufactured by Life-guard or Savershield gloves manufactured by North). Where chemical-resistant materials are required, leather, canvas, or collon materials offer no protection from this product and must not be worn when contact with this product is possible. Coveralls must be loose-filling and constructed of woven fabrics (e.g. light knot collon or collon/polyestar), non-woven fabrics (e.g. Tyvek or Sontara), or fabrics containing microporous letion.

(1) Handlors Performing Direct-Contact Tasks: Direct-contact lasks are tasks performed outdoors or in a well-venillated area. They include:

equipment calibration or adjustment

equipment cleanup and repair

product sampling

- any activity less than 6 feet from an unshielded pressurized hose containing this
- ramoval of larp or plastic film
- rinsale disposa fumigant Iransfei
- cleanup of small spills

preparing containers for aeration
preparing containers for aeration
any other handling task not otherwise isted in (2), (3), (4) or (5) below.
Handlers performing direct-contact tasks must wear: (a) Coveratis over short-sleeved
shirt and short pants; (b) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier taminate (EVAL) or villor; (c) Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks; (d) Chemical-resistant headges for overhead exposure; (e) Chemical-resistant apron; (f) A full-face respirator with either an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a profilter approved for pesticides (MSHANIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C), or canister approved for pesticides (MSHANIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G). See further respirator requirements in the "User Safety Requirements" section of this labet.

in the "User Safety Requirements" section of this tabel.

(2) Handlers in Enclored Cabs: Applicators and other handlers in enclosed cabs must wear; (a) Coveralts; (b) Shoes and socks; (c) A full-face respirator with either an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a profilter approved for pesticides (MSHANIOSH approval number profix TC-2020, or canister approved for pesticides (MSHANIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G). A respirator is not required if the occupants are within an enclosed cab that is in conformance with one of the following; (1) ASAE Standard S525 sections 7.1.5, 7.1.7, 7.2.3, and 9, or 2) the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides—40 CFR 170.240(d)(5). the worker Protection status of vivis) for egiscultural processors of the cab must be equipped with a vapor-adsorptive filter containing a minimum of 1000 grams activated charcoal. The fifter must be changed after no more than 50 hours of applications time. See further respirator regularments in the "User Safety grams adivated charcoal. The filter must be changed after no more than 50 hours of applications time. See further respirator requirements in the "User Safety Requirements" section of this label; (d) in addition, the PPE specified in (1) for direct-contact activities must be immediately available in the enclosed cab and must be worn if the handler leaves the enclosed cab to perform any direct-contact activity.

(3) Applicators Outside an Enclosed Cab: Applicators applying this self-fundgantproduct for sealing the self-following application of this product) who are not inside an enclosed cab that meets requirements specified above must wear;

(a) Coversits over short-sleeved shirt and short pants; (b) Chemicat-resistant gloves, such as barrier taminate (EVAL) or vition; (c) Chemicat-resistant flootwear plus socks; (d) Chamicat-resistant beginner for everteend exposure, (e) A full-face respirator with either

Such as barrior similaria (EV.2) or violat, (b) Chamical-resistant borrival plus above, (c) Chamical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure, (c) A full-face respirator with either an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for posticides (MSHANIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G). See further respirator requirements in (MSHANIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G). See further respirator requirements in

(MSHANIOSH approval number profix TC-14G), See further respirator requirements in the "User Safety Requirements" section on this label.

(4) Handlors in Treaded Area Within 5 Days After Application: Only the following handler lasks may be performed in the treated area within 5 days after the application is complete: (a) Assessing/adjusting the soil seals (b) Assessing pest control, application bethingue, or application efficacy\* (c) Sampling air or soil for this product.

All other tasks are prohibited until the 5 day period has expired. Unless in an enclosed cab as described in (2) above, handlers performing the above tasks in the treated area within 5 days after application must wear; (a) Coverafts; (b) Chemical-resistant foot-wear and socks; (d) A ful-face respirator with either an organic-vapor-removing cartridge with a prefiler approved for pesticides (MSHANIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G). See further respirator requirements in the "User Safety Requirements" accion on this label.

See Requirements Continued in Third Column

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#### Requirements, Continued:

(5) Handlers Exposed to High Concentrations: Handlers exposed to high airborns (5) Handlers Exposed to High Concentralions: Handlers exposed to high airborne concentrations of this product, such as cleanup following large spills and exposure to this product in poorly ventilated areas, must wear: (a) Chemical-resistant suit, (b) Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate (EVAL) or viton; (c) Chemical-resistant flootwear plus socks; (d) Chemical-resistant headgear; (e) Supplied-air respirator with MSHANIOSH approval number prefix TC-19C or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with MSHANIOSH approval number prefix TC-13F. See further respirator requirements in the "User Safety Requirements" section of this label.

NOTE: In-tank cleaning of bulk tanks must be performed only by persons who have been specifically trained for this activity according to OSHA guidelines as described in 29 CFR Part 1910,146. Refer to Application Guide section on storage tanks.

#### USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

USER SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

1. Respirator Requirements: When a respirator is required for use with this product, the following criteria must be melt: (a) Full-face respirators must be worn; (b). Cartridges or canisters must be replaced daily or when odor or imitation from this product becomes apparent, whichever is geomer; (c) Respirators must be filt-tested and filt-checked using a program that conforms to OSHA's requirements (described in 29 CFR Part 1910.134); (d) Respirator users must be examined by a qualified medical practitioner to ensure physical ability to safely wear the style of respirator to be worn.

2. Never Furnigate alone, it is imperative to always have an assistant and proper protective equipment in case of accidents.

3. Drivers Responsibilities: Drivers of application equipment must advise other workers of at precaulions and procedures, in addition, drivers must instruct their helpers in the mechanical operation of the tractor and driver while furnigating.

driver while jumigaling.

4. Dispose of Contaminated Clothing: Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with liquid from this product. Do not

Clean and Maintain PPE: Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Wash PPE after each day's use.

6. Contact With Mouth: Never siphon this product by mouth or use mouth to blow out

clogged ines, nozzles, elc.

Heat Illness Avoidance: Use measures to avoid or minimize heat illness while using this product. These measures include gradual adjustment to heat and respirator stress, fans for cooling, cooling vests, frequent breaks to cool down, frequent intake of drinking water, and maintaining weight from day to day.

#### **USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### Users should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using lobacco, or using the tolet.
   Remove clothing immediately if posticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put
- on clean clothing.

  Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean

EMERGENCY: In case of an emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call the 24 Hour Emergency Phone Number (800) 424-9300.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidat areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water by disposal of equipment washwaters. See "Storage, Shipment and Disposal" section, in case of spits, properly dispose of contaminated materials.

Ground Water Advisory: 1,3-dichloropropene is known to move through soil and under

certain conditions has the potential to reach ground water as a result of agricultural use. Application in areas where soils are permeable and ground water is near the surface, or in karst geology, could result in ground water contemination.

#### PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

FLAMMABLE: Do not use, pour, spill, or slore near heat or open flames. Do not cut or welki container.

#### STORAGE, SHIPMENT AND DISPOSAL

SHIPPING, STORAGE: Agricultural Chemical: Do not ship or store with food, feeds, drugs or clothing.

STORAGE: Store in lightly-closed original container in a cool place away from dwellings. Do not allow contamination of seeds, plants, fortilizers, or other positioide chemicals. Do not contaminate food, feedsluffs, drugs, or domestic water supplies.

DISPOSAL: Posticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide and rinsales is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to tabel instructions, contact your state posticide or environmental control agency, or the hazardous waste representative at the nearest EPA regional office for guidance. Because 1,3-dichloropropene is corrosive under certain conditions, flush at application equipment with fivel oil, kerosone or a similar type of petroleum solvent immediately after use. Fit pumps and meters with now motor oil or a 50% motor official oil mixture before storing. Do not use water. Dispose of rissate by applicable Federal, State and local regulations. Nover introduce rinsate or unused product into surface or underground water supolies. underground water supplies.

METAL CONTAINER DISPOSAL: To dispose of container emplied during application operation, remove burgs, invert container in the field just treated and ensure that the container is free of liquid. Orient container such that ventilation of burg holes is not restricted. Allow containers to avoide for at least 14 days. Replace burgs prior to transport. After seration, offer container to qualified reconditioner or dispose of as diseased to the extended to the service of the directed by State or local regulations.

REFILLABLE CONTAINERS: Follow cleaning and handling directions in the Telone Usor's Guide.

DOOKER OUTSITE A

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS REQUIREMENTS**

MECHANICAL TRANSFER SYSTEM: Personal protective equipment specified for "Direct Contact Activities" must be worn by the operator of the mechanical transfer system. The operator of the mechanical transfer system must follow instructions on proper operation of the system found in the "Telone Soil Furnigants - A Guide to Application" manual. Contact your product distributor for more information or these

END-ROW SPILLAGE CONTROL:The dispensing system must shut off the feed stream when chisols are raised out of the ground. Do not stop or park near any area where drabble from chisel lips has fallen. The applicator must follow instructions on proper operation and maintenance of the system found in the Telone Soil Furnigants - A proper operation and maintenance of the system found in the "Telone Solf Fumigents - A Guide to Application" manual. Contact your product distributor for more information or these materials. (1). A flow shuloff device must be placed as close as is technically feasible to the fluid discharge point. This can be a ball, poppet, or disphragm check valve, or full flow shuloff device such as an electric or peneumatically actuated valve. (2). Chock valves must be replaced immediately if continuous drip occurs. (3). Place check valves above the orifice, (4), Isolate the check valve from upstream pressure by installing a main fine shut off or typass valve prior to the manifold. (5). Do not exceed 1/4 included and the stated on this tabet. (7). An alternative to shutoff devices is a purge system which clears the line of all fiquid. Consult your product representative for purge system description. Do not use any method of end-row spillage control other than that stated on this labet.

WITH ALL BULK AND MINI-BULK CONTAINERS: This product must be transferred

- through connecting hoses, pipes, and/or couplings sufficiently tight to prevent workers or other persons from coming in contact with the liquid product.

  1. All hoses, piping, and tanks used in connection with this product shall be of type appropriate for use under the pressure and vacuum conditions to be encountered.

  2. External sight gauges shall be equipped with valves so that pipes to sight gauge can be shut off in case of breakage and leakage.
- 3. The mechanical transfer system must be adequate to make necessary me
- the mechanical transfer system must be adequate to make necessary measurements of the pesticide being used.
   Shut-off devices must be installed on the exit end of all hoses and at all disconnect points to prevent leakage of this product when the transfer is stopped and hose is removed or disconnected. A dry coupler that will minimize posticide leakage must be installed at the disconnect point.
- The pressure in hoses used to move this product beyond a pump must not exceed a manufacturer's maximum pressure specification.

## **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Rend all Directions for Use carefully before applying. Do not apply his product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for posticide regulation.

### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of standard, of CFR 170. Ins. Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural posticides, it contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emorgency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions portaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), restricted entry intervals, and notification to workers. The requirements in this box only

restricted entry intervals, and notification to workers. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), and including early entry that would otherwise be permitted under the WPS) by any person-other than a correctly trained and equipped handler who is performing a handling task permitted on this labeling—is prohibited from the start of application unto 5 days after application. In addition, if tarps are used for the application, non-handler entry is prohibited while larps are being removed.

NOTIFICATION: Notify workers of the application by warning them orally and by posting fumigant warning signs at ontrances to troated areas. The sign must bear the skull and crossbones symbol and state: (1) "DANGER/PELICRO." (2) Areas under fumigation, DO NOT ENTERNO ENTRE." (3) the date and time of fumigation, (4) 1,3-Dichloropropene and Chloropicin fumigants in use, and (5) name, address, and telephone number of the applicator. Post the fumigant warning sign instead of the WPS sign for this application, but follow all WPS requirements perfaining to location, legiblary, size, and timing of posting and removat.

PPE FOR REENTRY DURING THE ENTRY-RESTRICTED PERIOD: PPE for entry that is permitted by this labeling is listed in the "Hazards to Humans and Domestic Anlmals" section of this labeling.

NOTICE: READ THE ENTIRE LABEL AND LABEL BOOKLET. USE ONLY ACCORDING TO LABEL AND LABEL BOOKLET DIRECTIONS. BEFORE BUYING OR USING THIS PRODUCT, READ "WARRANTY DISCLAIMER" AND "LIMITATION OF REMEDIES".

#### WARRANTY DISCLAIMER-

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label whon used in strict accordance with directions, subject to the inherent risks set forth below. SELLER MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY.

INHERENT RISKS OF USE: Its Impossible to eliminate all risks associated with use of this product. Crop injury, lack of performance, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as use of the product contarry to label instructions (including conditions noted on the label, such as unfavorable temperatures, soil conditions, etc.), abnormal conditions (such as excessive rainfall, drought, tornadoes, hurricanes), presence of other materials, the manner of application, or other factors, all of which are beyond the control of the seller. All such risks shall be

assumed by buyer.

LIMITATION OF REMEDIES: The exclusive remedy for losses or damages resulting from this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict fability, or other legal theories), shall be limited to, at the company's election, one of the following: [1] Refund of purchase price paid by buyer or user for product bought; or, (2) Replacement of amount of product used. The company shall not be slable for losses or damage resulting from handling or use of this product unless the company is promptly notified of such loss or damage in writing. In no case shall the company be liable for consequential or incidental damages or losses. The terms of the Warranty Disclaimer above and this Limitation of Remedias cannot be varied by any written or verbal statement or agreements. No employee or sales agent of the company or the seller is authorized to vary or exceed the terms of the Warranty Disclaimer or this Limitation of Remedies in any manner.

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#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

This product is a multi-purpose liquid fumigant for preplant treatment of soil to control nematodes, symphylans, wireworms and certain soil borne diseases in cropland.

This product, a soil fungicide and nematicide, may be applied as a preplant soil treatment to control or to aid in reducing the damaging effects of certain soil borne diseases [soil rol (soil pox) sweet polatoes; Granville (baclerial) will, black root rol, black shank diseases of tobacco; Verticitium will of mint, pink root of chions, pod rot of peanuls]; plant parasitic nomatodos [sool-knot, root lesion, cărus, cyst [ormers (goklen, sugar beet, soybean), burrowing, lance, reniform, ring, spiral, sting, pin, stubby root, stylet, dagger and certain others]; symphylans (garden contipedes) and wirroworms.

Before furnigation, self-sampling for the type and number of pests present is recommended. In fields where pre-treatment self-samples indicate the presence of high population levels of nemalodes, a successful furnigation cannot be expected to eradicate entire populations. Therefore, post-treatment sampling is recommended to determine the need for additional pest management practices.

Consult State Agricultural Experiment Station or Extension Service specialists for information on other practices such as post-hervest destruction of crop residues, weed control or other cultural practices, and use of nemalode resistant crop varieties that may aid in reducing crop losses from soil borne posts.

#### **GENERAL USE PRECAUTIONS**

Soll fumigation using this product should be conducted only according to directions and conditions of use described in this labeling.

FORMULATOR USE OF 1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE: Labeling for end use products containing 1,3-dichloropropene that are prepared and sold by formulators must comply with all precautionary statements, use precautions, environmental hazards, handling and protoctive equipment requirements, maximum application rates and other exposure miligation measures specified in this product labeling. Any product formulated from this product and/or any product which is formulated from the repackaging of this product must be labeled only as a pre-plant soil injected and/or acid fundigant product. Each formulator is responsible for obtaining EPA registration for each and use product.

RECONTAMINATION PREVENTION: This product will control pests that are present in the soil treatment zone at time of timigation. It will not control pests that are introduced into soil affect unsignion. To avoid reinfestation of treated soil do not use irrigation water, transplants, seed pleces, or equipment that could carry soil borne pests from infested land. Avoid contamination from moving infested soil onto treated beds through cultivation, movement of soil from below the treated zone, dumping contaminated lare soil in treated fields and soil contamination from equipment carefully before entering treated fields.

Do not use containers, pumps or other transfer equipment made of aluminum, magnesium or their alloys, as under certain conditions 1,3-dichloropropene may be severely corrosive to such metals.

EQUIPMENT CLEAN-UP: Because 1,3-dichloropropene is corrosive under certain conditions, flush all application equipment with fuel of, kerosene or a similar type of potroleum solvent immediately after use. Fill pumps and meters with new motor oil or a 50% motor oil/fuel oil mixture before atoring. Do not use water. Dispose of mixate by incorporation into field just treated or by other approved means. Never introduce finsate or unused product into surface or underground water supplies.

CHEMIGATION: Do not apply 1,3-dichloropropene through any type of irrigation system.

FERTILITY INTERACTIONS: Fumigation may temporarily raise the level of ammonia nitrogen and soluble salts in the soil. This is most likely to occur when heavy raise of fertilizer and fumigant are applied to soils that are cither cold, well, acid, or high in organic matter. To avoid triury to certain crops including red beets, cerrots, corn, radishes, cole crops, legumes (bears), lettuce, onions, and sugar beets, fertilizer as indicated by soil tests made after fumigation. To svoid ammonia injury or nitrals starvation (or both) to crops grown on high organic soils, do not use fertilizers containing ammonium salts. Use only fertilizers containing fittales until after the crop is well established and the soil temperature is above 65 degrees F. In mineral soils, do not apply more than 2/3 of the nitrogen requirements from fertilizers containing ammonium salts until the crop is well established and the soil temperature is above 65 degrees F.

When using high rates of this product as required by certain state nursery regulations, liming of highly acid soils before furnigation may stimulate näritication and reduce the possibility of ammonia toxicity. Certain nursery crops such as citrus seedlings, *Comus* sp., *Crataegus* sp., spruce, and vegetable crops such as cautiliower have shown evidence of phosphorus deficiency following furnigation. To avoid this possible effect, additional phosphate fertilizer (foliar applied) is recommended where experience indicates a deficiency may occur.

#### **APPLICATION DIRECTIONS**

APPLICATION TIMING: This product can be applied at any time of the year when soil conditions permit. Conditions that allow rapid diffusion of the furnigant as a gas through the soil normally give best results. Because this product does not provide residual control of posts, it should be used as a preptant application before planting each crop. The following soil temperature and moisture conditions should exist at time of treatment. Failure to meet these conditions may result in unsatisfactory product performance.

#### SOIL CONDITIONS:

SOIL TEMPERATURE at the depth of application must be between 40 degrees F and 80 degrees F. In areas where the soil temperature in the spring may not reach 40 degrees F in time to allow application of this product prior to planting, tate summer or early fall treatment is recommended.

SOIL MOISTURE: It is critical to manage soil moisture property before furnigation. Plan furnigation for seasons, crop rotations, or irrigation schedules which leave moisture in the soil. The soil must be moist from two inches below the soil surface so at least 12 inches deep as determined by the feet method (see below). The amount of moisture needed in this zone will vary according to soil type. The surface soil generally dries very rapidly and should not be considered in this determination. If there is insufficient moisture at the two to six inch depth, the soil moisture must be adjusted. If irrigation is not available and there is adequate soil moisture below six inches, it may be brought to the surface by disking or plowing before or during the injection. To conserve existing soil moisture, pretreatment or treatment titiage practices should be done as close to the time of application as possible. For fields with more than one soil texture, soil moisture content in the lightest textured (most sandy) areas must comply with this soil moisture requirement. Whenever possible, the field should be divided into areas of similar soil leature and the soil moisture of each area should be adjusted as needed. Coarrer textured soils can be furnigated under conditions of higher soil moisture than finer textured soils; however, if the soil moisture is too high, furnigant movement will be retarded and effectiveness of the treatment will be retarded and effectiveness of the treatment will be retarded. Previous and/or local experience with the soil to be Ireated or the crop to be planted can often serve as a guide to conditions that will be acceptable. If you do not know how to determine the soil moisture content of the area to be treated. Consultant) for sesistance.

Application Directions, Continued:

In general, no irrigation should immediately precede subsoling or furnigation; however, when irrigation is available and surface soil moisture conditions are not fixely to provide an adequate seal against furnigant loss, a very light sprinkler irrigation to wet the top 1 to 2 inches of soil may be used to bring soil moisture content to the desired level.

The following disscriptions, will aid in determining acceptable, soil moisture conditions by the "fant mathed". For coarse soils (sand and learny sand), there must be enought moisture to allow formation of a weak bell when compressed in the hand. Due to soil texture, this ball is easily broken with sail disturbance. In learny, moderately coarse, or medium textured soils (coarse sandy learn, sandy learn, and fine sandy learn), a soil sample with the proper moisture content can be formed into a ball which holds together with moderate disturbance, but does not slick between the thumb and forefinger. Fine textured soils (clay learn, saily clay learn, sandy clay, stily clay, sandy clay learn and clay), should be pliable and not crumbly, but should not form a ribbon when compressed between the thumb and forefinger.

SOIL PREPARATION: The soil should be free of clods. Large clods can prevent effective soil sealing and reduce effectiveness of this product. Plant residues should be thoroughly incorporated into the soil prior to treatment to avoid interfering with application. Undecomposed plant material may harbor pests that will not be controlled by furnigation. Little or no crop residue should be present on the soil surface. Crop residue that is, present should lie flat to pormit the soil to be sealed effectively. Compacted soil layers within the desired treatment zone should be fractured before or during application of the furnigant. Deviation from the above conditions may result in unsatisfactory results.

PLACEMENT OF FUMIGANT: This product may be applied as either a broadcast (overall) or row treatment. It must be placed at least 12 inches below the final soil surface. When soil conditions allow, placement a minimum of 14 inches below the final soil surface is recommended. Deeplacement is recommended when fumigating soil to be planted to deep-rooted plants, such as perennial fruit and nut crops, or to control deeply distributed pasts. For row application, the fumigant must be placed at least 12 inches from the nearest soilvals interface (e.g. furrow).

#### APPLICATION METHODS AND EQUIPMENT

BROADCAST APPLICATION: Use chisel (shank), offset wing shank, Nobel (sweep) plow or plow-sole application equipment. For best results when using chisel equipment, use ripper-type, forward-swept shanks. Nobel plow equipment is particularly useful for tall furnigation when the soli still contains some standing undecomposed plant materiat. Subsoling may be necessary before application as described under "Soil Preparation". Choose application equipment which allows the deepest application and best soil seal under existing conditions.

The furnigant outlet specing varies with the type of application equipment used: 
<u>With chisel equipment</u> a furnigant shank spacing of 12 to 24 inches is recommended. The outlet 
spacing for this equipment may be up to 1 1/2 times the application depth but generally should be 
equal to the application depth and should not exceed the soil-shattering capability of the chisels. 
The maximum outlet spacing should not exceed 24 inches.

With plaw-spin equipment a 12-inch outlet spacing is recommended. Do not exceed an outlet spacing of 18 inches.

With Nobel (sweep) plow equipment use an outlet spacing of 9-12 inches along the sweeps.

Broadcast application can be made in the same direction or at an angle to the direction of row planting.

ROW APPLICATION (for row spacing greater than 24 inches): Use chizel equipment to ireat a band of soil where the crop is to be planted, (a. the plant row, in general, when one chisel is used, apply product at twice the flow rates given in Table 1. When multiple chisels per plant row are used, space the chisels (furnigant outlets) 8 to 12 inches apart and use the flow rates given in Table 1 per cutted (see focinote 1, Table 2). Regardless of the number or spacing of chisels used, the furnigant must be placed at least 12 inches from the nearest soillar interface (e.g. furnow). With contain deeper rooted crops such as potatoes and sugar beets, higher flow rates may be necessary to ensure adequate treatment of the zone of soil where primary root growth occurs; however, in no case should the amount of furnigant applied per acre exceed the maximum gallons per acre rates given in Table 1. To determine the amount (gallons) of product required per acre for various plant row spacings and flow rates, refer to Table 2. Note that as the distance between the plant rows increases the amount of furnigant required decreases and vice versa.

To prevent seed germination problems caused by improper seed-to-soil contact or improper seeding depth, do not place the seed directly over the furrow left by the applicator chisel(s). When one chisel is used per plant row, place the seed about 4 inches to one side of the chisel furrow. When two chisels are used per plant row, plant the seed offset from the chisel trace.

SEALING THE SOIL AFTER APPLICATION: Immediately after chisel application of this product, the soil must be "sealed" to prevent fumigant loss and ensure that an effective concentration of fumigant is maintained within the soil for a period of several days.

For broadcast treatment (flat fumigation), sealing can be accomplished with equipment that will unformly mix the soil to a depth of 3 to 4 inches to effectively eliminate chisal or plow traces which can allow direct escape of the fumigant. A tendem disc or similar equipment may be used for this purpose. To maximize sealing, steps should also be taken to compact the soil surface to further retard the rate of fumigant loss by following with a ring roller, cultipacter or roller in combination with titiage equipment. Compaction of the soil surface alone does not effectively disrupt chisel or plow traces.

For row treatment, forming the beds at the time of application should be accomplished in a manner that places the furnigent at least 12 inches from the nearest solidal interface (e.g. furnow). The closest solidair interface could be the furnow for multiple knife applications or the top of the bed for single knife applications. Row treatments into preformed beds must be sealed by disrupting the chief trace using press sealers, ring rollers or by reforming the beds and following with such southernot.

Sealing can also be improved by applying non-perforated plastic film, such as polyethylene, over the entire area or in strips. Use of a film to seal the soll surface does not eliminate the need to eliminate chisel traces prior to application of the plastic film unless simultaneous application and torp laying by the same place of equipment occurs and the tarp is a minimum of 1 mit trick.

Proper soil conditions at the time of application (see Soil Preparation section) are important to ensure proper placement of fumigent (see Placement of Fumigent section) and to obtain adequate sealing. Prior titings should be adequate to eliminate clods and thoroughly mix crop residues into the soil.

SOIL FUMIGATION INTERVAL: Leave the soil undisturbed and unplanted for at least 7 days after application of the furnigent. A longer undisturbed interval is required if the soil becomes cold or wet, and for deep-rooted tree, shrub and vine planting sites.

#### APPLICATION METHODS AND EQUIPMENT (Continued):

After the fumigalion interval, to prevent phytotoxicity, allow the fumigant to dissipate completely before planting the crop. Under optimum soil conditions for dissipation, it week for each 10 gatons/acre is recommended. To hasten dissipation, especially if heavy rains or low temperatures occur during the treatment period, till the soil to the depth of fumigant application. Use a knife-like chisel without luming the soil to reduce the possibility of recontaminating the treated soil. Dissipation is usually complete when the odor of the product is no longer evident at the application elepth. Seed may be used as a bioassay to determine if the product is present in the soil at concentrations sufficient to cause plant injury. Do not plant if the odor of the product is present within the zone of fumigation.

Buffer Zone: An application of this product shall not be made within 300 feet of an occupied structure, such as a school, hospital, business or residence. No person shall be present at this structure at any time during the seven consecutive day period following application. This buffer zone does not apply to use on soils to be planted with perennial crops that will not experience additional 1,3-D treatment for at least three years, for example pineapple, perennial vines, hops, mint, fruit and nut trees.

#### **APPROVED USES**

This product is recommend for control of nematodes, symphylans and wireworms in soils to be planted to vegetable crops, field crops, first and nut crops and nursery crops.

#### TABLE I TELONE C15

Broadcast Application Rates and Use Information for Control of Nematodes, Symphylans, Wireworms and Certain Soil-Borne Diseases in Soils Planted to Crops Listed.

		Application Rates(s)			
		Broadcast	Floz per/10001		
Crop	Soil Type	Gallons/Acre	ft/Outlet		
Vegetable Crops 2	Mineral	10.5 to 16.5 3	30 to 48		
	Muck or Peat	26.5 4 to 29.5	78 to 85		
Field Crops 5	Mineral	10,5 to 16,5	30 to 48		
	Muck or Peat	21	61		
Fruit and Nut Crops 6	Mineral, Muck, or Peat	31.5 to 41.0	92 to 120		
Nursery Crops	Mineral, Muck, or Peat	49.5 to 64.5	144 to 188		

(a) Do not exceed specified maximum application rates.

- 1 Flow rates are based on a 12 inch outlet spacing. Flow rates for alternate spacings can be calculated using the following formula: fl oz/1000 ft of row/outlet = 0.245 X rate in gallons/acre X outlet spacing in inches. For row treatment refer to Table 2.
- 2 Row treatment is not recommended for polatoes in irrigated areas of western and northwestern states. In Idaho, Novada, Oregon, Ulah, and Washington, refer to supplemental labeling entilled: "For Nematode and Wireworm Control in Soils to be Planted to Potatoes or Onions" for directions for use.
- $^3$  For cyst-forming nematodes increase dosage to 21 galons/acre (61 fi oz/1000 ft row per chisel).
- <sup>4</sup> For muck soils containing less than 30% organic matter use 21 gallons/acre,
- <sup>5</sup> For mint, apply 26.5 gallons per scre.
- 6 For burrowing nemalode in citrus inject on 18-inch centers, 12 inches deep. Keep free of plants susceptible to burrowing nemalodes for 2 years before replanting to citrus.

Note: To control symphylans (garden centipedes) use only overall at 20.5 or more gallons per acre, and apply during late summer or early fall when the soil is warm.

To control whereverms use dosages recommended for nematodes in overall or broadcast treatments.

For wireworm control in soils to be planted to polations in Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, and Washington, refer to supplemental labeling referenced in footnote 2 above.

Booklet Column 8

TABLE 2 Rate Conversion Charl for Various Row Spacings and Furnigant Flow Rates 1

Note: In no case should the amount of furnigant applied per acre exceed the gallons per acre rates for broadcast treatment given in Table 1.

									•
FI 02/	Plant Row Spacing (Inches)								
1000 Ft	28	32	36	40	44	48	52	56	60
of Row	Gallons Per Acre								
52	7.6	6.6	5.9	5.3	4.8	4.4	4.1	3.8	3.5
60	8,8	7.7	6.8	6.1	5.6	5.1	4.7	4.4	4.1
68	9.9	8.7	7.7	6.9	6.3	5.8	5.3	4.9	4.6
76	11.1	9.7	8.8	7.8	7.0	6.5	6.0	5.5	5,2
84	12,3	10.7	9.5	8.6	7.8	7.1	6.6	6.1	5.7
92	13.4	11.7	10.4	9.4	8.5	7.8	7.2	6.7	6.3
100	14,6	12.8	11.3	10.2	9.3	8.5	7.8	7.3	6.8
108	15.B	13.8	12.2	11.0	10.2	9.2	8.5	7.9	7.3
116	16.9	14.8	13.2	11.8	10.8	9.9	9.1	8.5	7.9
124	18.1	15.8	14.1	12.7	11.5	10.5	9.7	9.0	8.4
132	19.3	16.8	15.0	13.5	12.2	11.2	10.4	9.6	9.0
9.0	20.4	17.9	15.9	14.3	13.0	11.9	11.0	10.2	9.5
148	21.6	18.9	16.8	15.1	13.7	12.6	11.6	10.8	· 10.1
156	22.8	19.9	17.7	15.9	14.5	13.3	12.2	11.4	10.6
164	23.9	20.9	18.6	16,7	15.2	13.9	12.9	11.9	11.2
172	25.1	21.9	19.5	17,6	16.0	14.6	13.5	12.5	11.7
180	26.3	23.0	20.4	18.4	16.7	15.3	14.1	13.1	12.2
188	27.4	24.0	21,3	19,2	17,4	16.0	14.8	13.7	12.8
196	28.6	25.0	22.2	20.0	18,2	16.7	15.4	14.3	13.3
204	29.8	26.0	23.1	20.8	18.9	17.4	16,0	14,9	13.9
212	30.9	27.0	24.0	21.6	19.7	18.0	16.6	15.4	14,4

1 For row spacing of 24 inches or less apply as a broadcast treatment. For treatments with row spacing greater than 24 inches, refer to Table 1 for the rate needed for a specific crop and/or soli toxlure. To determine gallons per acre for row treatments, double the flow rate in Table 1 and look up the corresponding gallons per acre in Table 2.

For Single Chisel Application: The flow rates are double those is ted in Table 1. For example, for vegetable crops in mineral soil, the flow rate for a single chisel row treatment is 63.6 to 100.4 fl oz per 1000 ft of row (note the broadcast rate is 31.8 to 50.2 ft oz per 1000 ft of row).

For Multiple Chisel Applications: Use the flow rate given in Table 1 per outlet. For example, for vegetable crops in mineral soil using 2 chisels per row, the flow rate per outlet is 63.6 to 100.4/2, or 31.8 to 50.2 fl oz per 1000 ft of row per outlet.

To obtain the gallons per acre used for a row spacing not shown in this table, use the following equation:

fl oz/1000 ft of row - x 4.08<sup>8</sup> = gallons per acre row spacing (inches)

12 inches x 43.56 (no. 1000 f/scre) **a**4.08 = ,—

128 (fi oz per galion)

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