

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

DANGER!

Corrosive, may cause severe skin irritation or chemical burns to broken skin. Causes eye damage. May be fatal if swallowed. Avoid breathing vapors. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling this product. Wash hands after handling. Vacate poorly ventilated areas as soon as possible. Do not return until odors have dissipated.

Environmental Hazards: This disinfectant is toxic to fish. Keep out of lakes, streams, ponds, and public waters unless a discharge permit is obtained. For guidance, contact the regional office of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or Hasa Chemicals, Inc.

Physical and Chemical Hazards:

Strong oxidizing agent!

Mix only with water according to label directions. Mixing this product with gross filth, such as feces, urine, etc. or with ammonia, acids, detergents, or other chemicals will release hazardous gases irritating to eyes, lungs, and mucous membranes.

Helpful hints: Shower before using to remove body oils and perspiration. Do not add foodstuffs or beverages to water. Do not use soap or shampoo in spas and hot tubs. If possible, do not use sunscreens or suntan oils on parts of the body in the water. Avoid overloading. Avoid overheating water. Get out of water every 30 minutes for at least 10 minutes.

**HASA LIQUICHLOR
FOR SPAS AND HOT TUBS**

Active Ingredient: Sodium Hypochlorite	7.0%
Inert Ingredients.....	93.0%
Total.....	100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN!

DANGER

See first aid and other precautions on side panel.

EPA REG. NO. 10897-23

Manufactured and Packaged by Hasa Chemicals, Inc., Saugus, CA 91350

STOP! BEFORE OPENING AND USING THIS PRODUCT, READ AND UNDERSTAND THE ENTIRE LABEL.

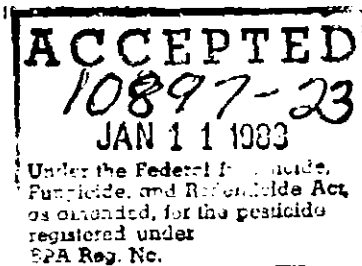
DIRECTIONS FOR USE: It is a violation of federal law to use this disinfectant in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. HASA LIQUICHLOR IS SPECIALLY FORMULATED FOR USE IN SPAS AND HOT TUBS. It can be used for disinfection during initial startup, during use, for maintenance when not in use, and for superchlorination.

When you first fill your spa or hot tub, adjust pH to the 7.2-7.6 range. Soda ash raises pH. Dry acid lowers pH. Follow directions on the respective labels. Always have filter and pump running when sampling water and adding chemicals. Use a reliable test kit with fresh solutions. When pH is adjusted, add 6 ounces of HASA LIQUICHLOR per 500 gallons of water. Allow pump to circulate water for 2 hours. Recheck pH and check chlorine residual. If residual is between 2.0-3.0 ppm, water is ready for use. If chlorine is below 2.0 ppm, repeat above procedure. If chlorine is above 3.0 ppm, wait until residual drops to the ideal range.

With subsequent usage, check pH and available chlorine before starting heater. Adjust pH if necessary. 1 ounce of HASA LIQUICHLOR per 500 gallons of water will add approximately 1.0 ppm available chlorine. During use, check chlorine each 30 minutes. Add as necessary at the rate of 1 ounce per 500 gallons per 1.0 ppm increase. Stay out of water while adding chemical and for 3-5 minutes after addition.

When spa and hot tub are not in use, maintain pH between 7.2-7.6 and available chlorine between 1.0-3.0 ppm. Check water at least every other day.

Superchlorination (shock treatment): Every 7-10 days, or whenever usage has been heavy or water has been contaminated. Follow directions and dosage for start-up above.



**Net: 1 Quart
(32 Fluid Ounces)**

BEST QUALITY AVAILABLE