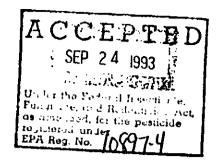
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HASA

POOLCHLOR

Chlorinating Liquid for Pool and Spa Sanitization

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER

FIRST AID

IF IN EYES: Rinse with water, remove contact lenses (if applicable), and flood eyes with water for 15 minutes. Get prompt medical attention.

IF SWALLOWED: Drink large amounts of water. DO NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

See additional precautions and directions for use on back panel.

BEST AVAILABLE CONT

EPA Reg. No. 10897-4

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Manufactured and Packaged at the Establishment Checked Below.

EPA Est. No. 10897-CA-1

EPA Est. No. 10897-AZ-1

Manufactured and Packaged by HASA, Inc.
Santa Clarita, California Eloy, Arizona Net: 1 Gallon (3.785L)

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use POOLCHLOR in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Note: POOLCHLOR degrades with age. Use a chlorine test kit and increase dosage, as necessary, to obtain the required level of available chlorine.

SWIMMING POOL DISINFECTION

NEW POOLS AND SPRING START-UP: For a new pool or spring start-up, super-chlorinate with 52 to 104 ounces (1 quart 20 ounces to 3 quarts 8 ounces) of POOLCHLOR for each 10,000 gallons of water to yield 5 - 10 ppm available chlorine by weight.

TESTING: Check the level of available chlorine with a test kit Adjust and maintain pool water pH to between 7.2 - 7.8. Adjust and maintain the alkalinity of the pool to between 50 - 100 ppm.

MAINTENANCE: To maintain the pool, add manually or by a feeder device 1) ounces of POOLCHLOR for each 10,000 gallons of water to yield an available chlorine residual between 0.6 - 1.0 ppm by weight. Stabilized pools should maintain a residual of 1.0 -1.5 ppm available chlorine.

SUPERCHIORINATION: Every 7 days, or as necessary, superchlorinate the pool with 52 to 104 (1 quart 20 ounces to 3 quarts 8 ounces) of product for each 19,000 gallons of water to yield 5 to 10 ppm available chlorine by weight. Check the level of available chlorine with a test kit. Do not re-enter pool until chlorine residual is between 1.0 - 3.0 ppm.

DRAINING POOL: When water is to be drained from the pool, available chlorine must be allowed to dissipate from treated water before discharge. Do not chlorinate water 24 hours prior to discharge.

WINTERIZING: While water is still clear and clean. apply 3 ouncer of product per 1,000 gallons of pool water while filter and pump are running to obtain a 3.0 ppm chlorine residual as determined by a suitable test kit. Cover pool. Turn off heater and pump, and prepare them and associated components for winter following manufacturer's instructions.

SPA DISINFECTION

NEW SPAS AND START UP: Apply 10 ounces of product per 1,000 gallons of water (equivalent to 10.0 ppm available chlorine) uniformly over the surface of the water. Make minor adjustments, as accessary, to establish a free available chlorine residual of 10.0 ppm.

MAINTENANCE: Apply 55 ounces of product per 1,000 gallons of

water to maintain a free available chloras determined by a suitable test kit. A water pH to 7.2 - 7.8. Note: Some oil cleaners, etc. may cause foaming and/or available chlorine during periods when a ppm by adding 3 ounces of POOLCHLOR available chlorine level falls below 3.0

STORAGE AND DISPOS

Keep POOLCHLOR in a tightly closed con Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated sunlight, open flame, and heat, decomposition, isolate container (if p with large quantities of water. FOOLCHLO in the pool or spa should be diluted wi in a sanitary sewer. Do not contaminate disposal, or cleaning of equipment, container and carrier to dealer/distribut

PRECAUTIONARY STATEM

Hazards to Humans and Domes

DANGER: CORROSIVE. May cause severe ski chemical burns to broken skin. Cause glasses or goggles and rubber gloves wash after handling. Avoid breathing ventilated areas as soon as possible. De odors have dissipated.

Environmental Hazar

Sodium hypochlorite is toxic to fish an not discharge effluent containing POOLC ponds, estuaries, oceans, or public water specifically identified and addressed in discharge effluent containing POOLCHLOR previously notifying the sewage treatment guidance contact your state water board of PA.

Physical and Chemical I

STRONG OXIDIZING AGENT: Mix only with value directions. Mixing POOLCHLOR with emmonia, acids, detergents, etc. or organine, hair oil, etc., will release irritating to eyes, lungs, and mucous men

Disc 93-9 93-0626-32

