#### INFORMATION

The control of diseases with fungicides is based on PREVENTION; plant surfaces must be completely covered with fungicide to successfully prevent infection.

Since weather conditions and disease incidence vary, consult your Agricultural Extension Service for timing and initial applications.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Add Copper-Count-N last, with agitation during mixing and application, until tank is empty. Good by-pass agitation is adequate. Observe all cautions and limitations on labeling of all products used in mixtures. In common with all good agricultural practice, start with clean equipment; equipment should be flushed well with water after use.

Copper-Count-N forms an active adherent gel upon dilution with water. For highest fungicidal activity, make up when ready to use (mix with water). Mix only the amount that can be used.

WATER RATES: Use enough for complete coverage. Copper-Count-N can be used in high and low volume spray.

### Ground Application

Water per acre. Orchard Spraying: Apply specified rate in 10 to 800 gallons of water per acre (see CRCP RECOMMENDATION for exceptions).
Concentrate Spraying: Apply specified rate in not less than 5 gallons water per acre. Orchard Spraying: Apply specified rate in 20 to 100 gallons water per acre. Special concentrate spray equipment is necessary for this use.

### Air Application

Apply specified rate in at least 3 gallons water. 5 to 20 gallons of water will give better coverage. Orchard and Citrus Spraying: Apply in 5 to 20 gallons of water.

CROP RECOMMENDATIONS

ALMONDS: Brown Rot; Apply at delayed dormant bud swell stage, 2 to 3 gallons per acre. Dormant oil may be used.

APRICOTS: Brown Rot; Blossom Rot; Apply at red bud to jacket fall stage, 2 to 3 gallons per acre.

PHANS - Snap (Garden) and Dry (Field): Baccerial Blight, Halo Blight; 1/2 to 3/4 gallon in sufficient water for coverage/acre. Begin when plants are 3 to 5 inches high and before diseases appear. Repeat 7 to 10 day intervals or 5 to 7 days under severe conditions.

CARROTS: Early and Late Blight; 1/2 to 3/4 gallon per acre when plants are 6" high, 3 to 5 applications at 7 to 10 day intervals.

CELLRY: Larly and Late Blight; on appearance of disease, 4 to 7 applications at weekly intervals. Apply 1/2 to 3/4 gallon per acre.

## ORIGINAL Mock-Up

### LIQUID FUNGICIDE SPRAY

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS

Copper, metallic (from Copper Ammonium Carbonate)
INERT INGREDIENTS

97%

100%

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Harmful if swallowed in rase of ingestion, cell physician immediately.

May rause irritation to nose and thinat.

Avoid contact with skin.

This product is toxic to fish Keep out of lobs, streams, or pands to not apply where runoff is likely to occur. On not apply when weather conditions fovor drift from overs treated. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes, Apply this product only as specified on this label.

#### Manutactured By

MINERAL RESEARCH

DEVELOPMENT CORP.

P. O. BOX 911

CHARLOTTE H. C. 28201

\* Projective & Trackwood FCA Projection to 10475 &

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CF RECOMMENDATIONS - Continued

CITRUS FRUITS - Florida: Melanose,
Melanose - Apply 2.5 to 5 gallon
severity. Apply 1 to 3 weeks af
Greasy Spot - Apply 1 2/3 to 3 g
one month after leaf expansion o
Ground Application: Dilute Spra
water per acre. Concentrate Spr
Ground Application Water Rates s
Air Application: see Directions

CUCURBITS - (Cantaloupes, Melons, Downy Mildew, Scab, Alternaria and beginning after vining and continu 3/4 gallon per acre.

GRAPES: Anthracnose; Apply when in blooming, just after blooming and 2 weeks before harvest. Use with 3/4 gallon per acre.

PEANUTS: Cercospora Leaf Spot; 1/ of disease, 4 to 8 sprays, 10 to 1

dormant spray. Can use with dorma after full bloom. Leaf Curl; Appl 2 to 3 gallons per acre. (Jan.-Fe per acre.

PEPPERS: Cercospora Leaf Spot, Baacre at 7 to 10 day intervals. In plants emerge. In field begin immemergence. In areas, or seasons was 4 to 5 day intervals.

POTATOES: Early and Light Blight; appearance of disease, 4 to 6 spra

soyrrans: Bacterial Blight, Balo water for coverage/acre. Begin who before diseases appear. Repeat at day intervals under severe disease

STRAWBERRIES: Leaf Spot, Scorch; day intervals from time new growt

SUGAR BEETS: Cercospora Leaf Spotappearance, 3 to 6 sprays at 10 to under severe conditions.

TOMATOES: Early and Late Blight, seed beds at emergence on 4 to 5 immediately after transplanting of day intervals. In arous or seaso between applications may be 5 to

WALNUTS: Walnut Blight; make fire take second application at late plantions if disease conditions per sole.

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Copper-Count-N can be

to 60 gallons ecified rate in OP RECOMMENDATION

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Apply specified
Special concentrate

water. 5 to 20 Orchard and Citrus

d swell stage, 2 to 3

bud to jacket fall

l Blight, Halo Blight; ge/acre. Begin when is appear. Repeat 7 to iditions.

ion per acre when plants intervals.

f disease, 4 to 7 appligallon per acre. CRO RECOMMENDATIONS - Continued

Melanose - Apply 2.5 to 5 gallons per acre depending on disease severity. Apply 1 to 3 weeks after bloom.

Greasy Spot - Apply 1 2/3 to 3 gallons at post bloom and within one month after leaf expansion of any growth flush.

Ground Application: Dilute Sprays apply in 500 to 2,000 gallons water per acre. Concentrate Sprays (See Orchard Spraying under Ground Application Water Rates section).

Air Application: see Directions For Use by Air.

CUCURRITS - (Cantaloupes, Melons, Cucumbers, Squash): Powdery Mildew, Downy Mildew, Scab, Alternaria and Angular Leaf Spots; Apply weekly beginning after vining and continue until mid-harvest. Apply 1/2 to 3/4 gallon per acre.

GRAPES: Anthracnose; Apply when first leaves appear, just before blooming, just after blooming and at 2 week intervals thereafter until 2 weeks before harvest. Use with 4 lbs. hydrated lime. Apply 1/2 to 3/4 gallon per acre.

PEANUTS: Cercospora Leaf Spot; 1/3 to 3/4 gallon per acre on appearance of disease, 4 to 8 sprays, 10 to 14 day intervals.

PEACHES, NECTARINES: Blossom Brown Rot; Apply as dormant, or delayed dormant spray. A Can use with dormant spray oil. Do not apply at or after full bloom. Leaf Curl; Apply at leaf fall (Nov. 15 to Dec. 15) 2 to 3 gallons per acre. (Jan.-Feb.-March) apply at 2 to 3 gallons per acre.

PEPPERS: Cercospora Leaf Spot, Bacterial Spot; 1/3 to 3/4 gallon per acre at 7 to 10 day intervals. In plant beds, begin spraying when plants emerge. In field begin immediately after transplanting or emergence. In areas, or seasons when disease is severe, spray on 4 to 5 day intervals.

POTATOES: Early and Light Blight; 1/3 to 1/2 gallon on or before first appearance of disease, 4 to 6 sprays, 7 to 10 day intervals.

SOYRUANS: Bacterial Blight, Halo Blight; 1/2 to 2/3 gallen in sufficient water for coverage/acre. Begin when plants are 3 to 5 inches high and before diseases appear. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals or at 5 to 3 day intervals under severe disease conditions.

STRAWBERRIES: Leaf Spot, Scorch; Spray 1/3 to 1/2 gallor at 7 to 10 day intervals from time new growth starts until harvest.

SUGAR BEETS: Cercospora Leaf Spot; 1/3 to 3/4 gallon on disease appearance, 3 to 6 sprays at 10 to 14 day intervals, more frequently under severe conditions.

TOMATOES: Early and Late Blight, Bacterial Spot; 1/3 to 3/4 gallon in seed beds at emergence on 4 to 5 day schedule. In field begin immediately after transplanting or emergence, continue at 4 to 5 day intervals. In areas or seasons when disease is less severe, time between applications may be 5 to 7 days. Complete coverage is essential.

WALNUTS: Walnut Blight; make first application at early pre-bloom.

Make second application at late pre-bloom. Make additional applications if disease conditions persist. Apply 2.5 to 3 gillons persist.