

Use with care on ferns, palms and fuschia. As with all plants listed above, especially carnations, chrysanthemums, and roses, there exists a wide variety of species and cultivars, and therefore, a wide variety of susceptibility to injury. To ascertain possible phytotoxicity, spray a few plants as described above, wait 24 hours, and check for possible injury.

Repeat applications may be necessary to control citrus blackflies on non-bearing citrus; adult Japanese beetles on roses.

OUTDOOR USES

Pests On the Outdoor Surface of Buildings: To temporarily control *house flies, mosquitoes, cluster flies, gnats, flying moths*. For outdoor use only as an aid in reducing annoyance from these insects. Spray pests on outside surfaces of screens, doors, window frames or wherever these insects may enter the room. Also treat surfaces around light fixtures on porches, in garages and other places where these insects alight or congregate. Repeat as necessary.

Outdoor Ornamentals: Spray upper and lower leaf surfaces. Use sufficient spray to obtain full coverage of all foliage but do not spray to the point of runoff. Adjust the amount of spray used to the size of the plant(s) being treated. Do not spray plants when temperatures exceed 90°F. Contact insects directly whenever possible. Repeat treatment as needed.

Controls *Aphids, Cicadas, Corn Earworms, Fall Cankerworms, Inchworms, Leafminers, Leafrollers,*

Mealybugs, Bagworms, Spider Mites, Exposed Thrips and Whiteflies on the following plants:

Ageratum	Gladiolus	Pea shrub
Arizona cypress	Gold bells	Petunia
Aster	Hypoestes	Philodendron
Azalea	Ivy	Poinsettia
Begonia	Lilac	Rhododendron
Coleus	Marigold	Rose
Common ninebark	Mock orange	Snapdragon
Common snowberry	Nannyberry	Taxus
Exacum	Orchid	Wax plants
Euonymous	Palm	Weeping fig
English ivy	Pansy	Zinnia

May also be used on such plants as African violets, camellias, carnations, chrysanthemums, dahlias, delphiniums, dogwoods, fuschia, geraniums, crassula, grape vines (ornamental), laurels, stocks and wandering Jews.

Ornamental Trees Around the Home: Use sufficient spray to obtain full coverage of all foliage. Avoid heavy wetting. Use to control: *Pine Moths, Pine Needle Miners, Pine Beetles and Needle Scales* on pine; *Budworms* on conifers; *Oakworms* on oak; *Fall Webworms* on cherry, elm and honeysuckle; *Aphids* on tulip poplar; *Citrus black flies* on non-bearing citrus; *Tussock Moths* on Douglas and grand firs; *Leafminers* on birch; *Elm Leaf Beetles and Elm Spanworms* on elms.

For Home Vegetable Gardens: Spray upper and lower leaf surface. Use sufficient spray to obtain full coverage of all foliage, but do not spray to the point of runoff. Apply no more than 13 ounces over 100 linear feet of row (13 ounces per 100 square feet).

Vegetable	Target Pest(s)	Remarks
Asparagus (pre-harvest)	Cutworms, Asparagus Beetles	Spray plants as needed to ensure uniform coverage. Do not apply more than 4 applications per crop. Can be applied up to 3 days prior to harvest.
Asparagus (post-harvest)	Larval stages of Asparagus Beetles, Tarnished Plant Bugs, Lygus Bugs and Adult Japanese Beetles	Treat ferns or bush grown after spear harvest when insects are present.
Celery - see Leafy Vegetables		
Cole Crops: Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower	Beet Armyworms, Diamond Back Moths, Imported Cabbageworms, Cabbage Aphids, Cabbage Loopers	Apply every 5 days or as needed. Can be applied up to one day prior to harvest. Do not make more than 8 applications on Cauliflower, Brussels Sprouts and Broccoli and 10 applications on Cabbage.
Corn - see Sweet Corn		

Cucurbits: Balsam pear (bitter melon), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), Citron melon, Cucumber, Gherkin, Edible gourds, Melons, including hybrids such as cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw, honeydew, honey balls, mango melon, muskmelon, Persian melon, pumpkin, summer & winter squash, watermelon	Aphids, Cabbage Loopers, Cucumber Beetles (adults), Cutworms, Leafhoppers, Leafminers, Melonworms, Pickleworms, Plant Bugs, Squash Bugs	Spray plants as needed to ensure uniform coverage. Do not make more than 8 applications per crop. Can be applied up to the day of harvest
Eggplant	Colorado Potato Beetles, Vegetable Leaf Miners	Spray plants as needed to ensure uniform coverage. Do not exceed 16 applications. Can be applied up to 3 days prior to harvest.
Horseradish	Imported Crucifer Weevils	Apply as needed. Do not exceed 3 foliar applications. Can be applied up to 22 days prior to harvest
Leafy Vegetables: Amaranth, arrugula, celery, celtuce, chervil, corn salad, chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and garland), cress (garden and upland), dandelion, dick, endive, fennel, lettuce (head and leaf), orach, parsley, purslane (garden and winter), rhubarb, spinach, Swiss chard	Alfalfa Loopers, Aphids, Beet Armyworms, Cabbage Loopers, Corn Ear Worms, Cutworms, European Corn Borers, Fall Armyworms, Green Cloverworms, Southern Armyworms, Tobacco Budworms, Vegetable Leaf Miners	Spray every 5 to 10 days as needed. Do not apply more than 7 applications per crop. Can be applied up to one day prior to harvest
Melons - see Cucurbits		
Potatoes	Beet Armyworms, Colorado Potato Beetles, Potato Leafhoppers, Potato Aphids, Potato Tuberworms, Cabbage Loopers, Cutworms, European Corn Borers, Potato Psyllid, Tarnished Plant Bugs	Spray plants as needed. Do not apply more than 12 applications. Can be applied up to 7 days prior to harvest.
Peppers	Vegetable Leafminers, Cabbage Loopers, Flea Beetles, Corn Earworms, Pepper Weevils, European Corn Borers	Spray plants as needed. Do not apply more than 8 applications per crop. Can be applied up to 3 days prior to harvest.
Sweet Corn	Corn Earworms, European Corn Borers, Fall Armyworms, Southern Armyworms	Spray plants every 5 days and when needed. Do not apply more than 6 applications per season. Can be applied up to 1 day prior to harvest.
Tomatoes (Do not apply on cherry tomatoes and varieties yielding tomatoes less than one inch in diameter.)	Beet and Southern Armyworms, Tomato Pinworms, Tomato Fruitworms, Horn Worms, Granulate Cutworms, Colorado Potato Beetles, Cabbage Loopers	Spray plants when needed for uniform coverage. Do not apply more than 6 applications per season. Can be applied up to date of harvest.

HOME-OWNER GROWN FRUIT AND NUT TREES

Apply InterCept H&G Ready-To-Use Insect Control to trees until foliage is dripping wet. Make sure to spray the undersides of leaves and into dense foliage.

Trees (Fruit or Nut)	Target Pest(s)	Remarks
Almonds	Navel Orange Worms, Peach Twig Borers	Apply when insects appear. Do not make more than 2 applications during the period when the outer hull of the almond has started to open. Do not make more than 5 applications per season. Can be applied up to 7 days prior to harvest.
Apples	Plum Curculio, Redbanded Leafrollers, Rosyapple Aphids, Spotted Tentiform Leafminers, Tarnished Plant Bugs, White Apple Leafhoppers, Obliquebanded Leafrollers, Green Fruitworms	Apply when insects appear. Repeat as required to maintain control. Do not make more than 3 applications per season. Do not apply after petal fall.
Peaches	Lesser Peachtree Borers, Peach Twig Borers, Plum Curculio, Tarnished Plant Bugs, Green Fruit Worms, Oriental Fruit Moths	Apply when insects appear. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not make more than 3 applications per season.
Pears	Pear Psylla, Green Fruitworms and Codling Moths	Apply when needed. Do not apply more than 3 applications per season. Can be applied up to 14 days prior to harvest.

