

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

APR 13 1994

Christina M. Lawes ROUSSEL UCLAF CORP. 95 Chestnut Ridge Road Montvale, NJ 07645416

OFFICE OF PREVENTION, PESTICIDES AND **TOXIC SUBSTANCES**

SUBJECT:

Label Amendment Submissions of 11/08/93 in Response to PR Notice 93-7

EPA Reg. No.: SEE ATTACHED / 0370 - 185

Dear Registrant:

The labeling cited above and submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, successfully REMOVES THE PRODUCT FROM THE SCOPE of PR Notice 93-7 one the comments (if any) on the attached sheet are addressed. Other than the alterations (if any) listed on the attached sheet, no further alterations to the labeling are necessary to reflect the requirements of the Worker Protection Standard.

Since your amendment proposes to delete uses directly and/or to delete uses implicitly through the use of exclusionary statements), the Agency will publish in the Federal Register a notice of receipt of your amendment to delete uses, as required by section 6(f)(1) of FIFRA. The Agency will defer action for 90 days from the date of the Federal Register notice to give affected minor users an opportunity to try to persuade you to retain the uses(s). When the comment period has expired, the Agency will approve the amendment unless you have withdrawn it, and stamp the amended labeling "accepted." Your stamped-accepted labeling will then be sent to you.

As described in Supplement A of PR Notice 93-11 (self-verification option), you may sell and distribute product bearing the submitted labeling before you receive a copy of your stampedaccepted labeling. Note that your registration is not amended until the comment period required by section 6(f)(1) of FIFRA has expired and the Agency has approved the amendment. Therefore, you may withdraw your proposed amendment at any time during the comment period and until you receive your stamped-accepted labeling.

Sincerely,

Tompkins, Deputy Chief Registration Support Branch

Registration Division (7505W)

Enclosures

anda ink on p 50% recycled fiber ROUSSEL UCLAF CORP. 10370 11/08/93

Original Submissions

FORD'S LIQUID SEVIN 2L BRAND CARBARYL INSECTICIDE - 10370-32 FORD'S DURSBAN 2.5% G - 10370-54 FORD'S 50% MALATHION EC - 10370-147 FORD'S CRABGRASS AND FOXTAIL KILLER - 10370-169 LAWN FUNGICIDE GRANULES - 10370-202 ORGANICIDE DIP - 10370-207 CLEAN CROP SEVIN BRAND CARBARYL INSECTICIDE LIQUID - 10370-285

SEVIN' 11.7% LIQUID

FOR USE ON FLOWERS, VEGETABLES, [FRUITS] LAWNS, SHRUBS, A ORNAMENTALS For control of Aphida, Begworms [Flees] Gypsy Moth Larves, Jepanese Beetle, Mosquitoss]
Tent Ceterphiars, Tomato Hornworm, (Sod Webworms) and Other Insects As Listed **ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

Contains Ye pound Carbaryl per pint.

* SEVIN to a Reg. T.M. of Union Carbide Corporation for Carbaryl insectide. 100.0%

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN **CAUTION**

EPA REG. NO. 10370-285 EPA EST. NO. **NET CONTENTS**

> See Side Panel For Additional Precautionary Statements. [One pint makes up to 12 8 gallons of apray mixture."]

STATEMENT PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF SWALLOWED: Call a physician or Polson Control Center immediately. Give victim 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching the back of throat with finger. Do not induce vomiting or give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with plenty of water, If kritation persists get medical attention.

IF ON SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing and wash skin with soap and water.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Carbaryl is a moderate, reveralble cholinesterase inhibitor, Atropine is antidotal.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

May be hermful if swallowed. Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is extremely toxic to aquatic and estuarine invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwateres.

BEE CAUTION: This product is highly loxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

ACCEPTED WILL COMMENTS In EPA Letter Dated

Under the Federal Inschloids Fundicide, and Rodenticide Act as smended, for the posticide Do not state-balow tentity alone \$1,32°F.
DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It to a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

STORAGE: Protect from freezing. Store in original container only, out of reach of children and preferably in a locked storage area. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store in a cool, dry place. Do not use lood or drink containers for mixing or storage. Avoid contamination of food or feed.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Securely wrap original container in several layers of newspaper and discard in trash.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Do not reuse container. Rinse thoroughly before discarding in trash.

Not for use on plants being grown for sale or other commercial us or for commercial seed production, or for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes, ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns and grounds.

Directions applicable to use with a conventinal sprayer only are enclosed within brackets [

If a conventional sprayer is used, apply specified dosage (tablespoons) of this product per 1 gallon of water. Keep apray mixture well agitated.

If a hose end eprayer nozzle is used, shake container well before using. See "How to Use Sprayer" on pages 12 to 15.

Begin applications when insects or their damage first appear, Repeat applications as necessary, unless a specific spray interval is indicated.

If a range of dosage rates is given, use the lower rate on young plants and to control early Instars. Use the higher rate on mature plants, advanced instars and adults.]

APPLES, PEARS: For the control of Bagworms, Codling Moth, Fruit Tree and Red Banded Leaf Roller, Green Apple Aphid, and Plum Curculio, use 21/2 Tosp. per 1 gallon of water JOn NON-BEARING TREES, apply 7 to 10 days after full leaf stage and repeat at 2 to 3 week intervals. On BEARING TREES, to evoid thinning of fruit, delay use for at least 30 days after bloom. Use at 10 to 14 day intervals. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest.

FRUIT REDUCTION ON ORNAMENTAL TREES: When fruit production is not desired on Apple trees or Crataegus app. (crabapples), use 5 Tbsp. per 1 gallon oi water and direct spray particularly to the blossoms, at a time between 10 and 15 days



after full bloom. Make one application, Complete fruit drop should not be expected.

APRICOTS, NECTARINES, PEACHES, PLUMS: For the control of Apple Pandemis, Black Cherry Aphid, Brown Soft Scale, Cherry Fruitworm, Cucumber Beetles, European Earwig, Eye-Spotted Bud Moth, Forbes Scale, Fruittree Leafroller, Japanese Beetle, June Beetles, Lecenium Scales, Lesser Peachtree Borer, Mealy Plum Aphid, Olive Scale, Oriental Fruit Moth, Oystershell Scale, Peach Twig Borer, Periodical Cicada, Prune Leafhopper, Redbanded Leafroller, San Jose Scale, Tarnished Plant Bug, and Variegated leafroller use 21/2 Tosp. per 1 gallon of water To control Codling Moth. Eastern Tent Caterpillar, Orange Ibririx and Tussock Moth. [use 2 to 21/2 Tosp. per 1 gatton of water For optimum scale control. apply when crawlers are present. For Lesser Peachtree Borer control, spray limbs and tree trunks thoroughly, weekly during moth flight. Do not apply to peaches or plums within I day of harvest. Do not apply to apricots or nectarines within 3 days of harvest. __

BEANS (green, lima, snap, cowpeas, and blackeyed peas): For the control of Bean Leaf Beetle, Cucumber Beetle, Japanese Beetle, Leafhopper, Velvetbean Caterpillar, and Western Bean Cutworm Luse 2½ to 5 Tbsp. per 1 gallon of water, Repeat application at 7 to 10 day intervals, or as necessary Do not apply to cowpeas within 3 days of harvest. Do not apply to other beans within 1 day of harvest.

BROCCOLI (3). BRUSSELS SPROUTS (3), CABBAGE (3), CARROTS (0), CAULI-FLOWER (3), CHINESE CABBAGE (14). COLLARDS (14), DANDELION (14), EN-.DIVE (14), GARDEN BEETS—Roots (3) and Tops (14), HORSERADISH (3), KALE (14), KOHLRABI (3), LETTUCE-Head (3) and Leaf (14), MUSTARD GREENS (14), OKRA (0), PARSLEY (14), PARSNIPS (3), RADISHES (3), RUTABAGAS (3), SALSI-FY-Roots (3) and Tops (14), SPINACH (14), SWISS CHARD (14), TURNIPS— Roots (3) and Tops (14): For the control of Corn Earworm, Flex Beetles, Harlequin Bug, Imported Cabbage Worm, Leafhopper, Stink Bugs, and Tamished Plant Bugs use 21/2 to 5 Tosp. per 1 gallon of water. Repeat application at 7 to 10 day intervals, or as necessary. Observe the days interval between last application and harvest indicated in () following crops. To avoid possible in-Jury to lettuce and vining crop, do not apply when foliage is wet or when rain or excessive humidity is expected within the next 2 days.

CANEBERRIES (blackberries, boysenberries, dewberries, loganberries, raspberries): For the control of European Raspberry Aphid, Japanese Beetle, Leathoppers, Leafrollers, Rose Chaler, and Snowy Tree Cricketuse 2½ to 5 Tosp. per 1 gallon of water, Apply before first brood leatfolder larvae emerge from rolls. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

CITRUS (citrus citron, grapefruit, kumquats, lemons, limes, oranges, tangerlnes, tangelos, and hybrids): For the control of Avocado Leafroller, California
Orangedog, Citrus Culworm, Citrus Root
Weevil, Fruittree Leafroller, Orange Toririx,
Western Tussock Moth, West Indian Sugarcane Borer (adults), and Scale Insects
(Black, Brown Soft, California Red,
Citricola, Citrus Snow, and Yellow), juse 2½
Tosp. per 1 gallon of water, Do not apply
less than 10 gallons of dilute spray mixture
per niature tree. May be mixed with
petroleum oils commonly used on citrus. Do
not apply within 5 days of harvest.

CORN: For the control of Corn Earworms, European Corn Borer, Fall Armyworms, Fleabeetles, Japanese Beetle and Leafhopper use 2½ to 5 Tosp. per 1 gallon of water. NOTE: Application of this product to the tassel region of corn during the potten shed period will seriously reduce bee population.

For control of European Corn Borer apply thoroughly into whorts when plants are about knee high. Repeat at weekly intervals until tassels emerge. For control of Corn Earworm, apply to silks as soon as they appear. Make 3 to 4 applications at 2 to 3 day intervals as infestation warrants. Re-apply immediately after a rain. May be applied up to day of harvest.

CUCUMBERS, MELONS, PUMPKINS, SOUASH: For the control of Cucumber Beetles, Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, Melonworms, Pickleworms, and Squash Bugs[use 2½ Tosp. per 1 gation of water.]Apply at 7 to 10 day intervals, or as necessary. May be applied up to day of harvest.

EGGPLANT, PEAS, PEPPERS, POTATO, TOMATOES: For the control of Colorado Potato Beetle, European Com Borer larvae, Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, Tomato Fruit Worm, Tomato Hornworm, and Tomato Pinworm, [use 2½ Tbsp. per 1 gation of water] May be applied up to day of harvest.

GRAPES: For the control of European Fruit Lecanium, Grape Leaffolder, Grape Leafhopper, Western Grapeleal Skeletonizer, and Western Yellowstriped Armyworm, [use 2½ to 5 Tbsp. per 1 gallon of water] Apply before first brood leaffolder larvae emerge from rolls. [For the control of Cutworms, Eight Spotted Forester, Grape Berry Moth, Japanese Beetle, June Beetles, Orange Tortrix, Omnivorous Leafroller, Redbanded Leafroller, and Saltmarsh Caterpillar, use 5 Tosp. per 1 gallon of water. Apply before first brood leaffolder larvae emerge from rolls.] May be applied up to day of hercely. Do not apply within 7 class of harvest.

SHADE TREES AND ORNAMENTALS: For dilute spray applications to shade trees, ornamentals (including roses, flowers, and other herbaceous plants), woody plants and shrubs[use 21/2 Tbsp. per 1 gallon of water] to control: Ants, Apple Aphid, Armyworm, Azalea Lealminer, Bagworms, Birch Leafminer, Blister Beetle, Boxelder Bug, Boxwood Leafminer, Browntall Moth, Cankerworms, Calalpa Sphinx, Chiqgers, Cooley Spuce Gall Aphid, Cutworms, Cypress Tip Moth, Douglas Fir Tussock Moth, Eastern Spruce Gall Aphid, Elm Leaf Aphid, Elm Leaf Beetle, Elm Spanworm, Eriophyid Miles, European Pine Shoot Moth, Fall Armyworm, Flea Beetles, Fulle: Rose Beetle, Gall Midges, Gall Wasps, Green Striped Mapleworm, Grasshoppers, Gypsy Moth, Hackberry Nipplegall Maker, Holly Budmoth, Holly Lealminer, Jackpine Budworm. Japanese Beetle, Jeffrey Pine Needlemine, June Beetles, Lace bugs, Leafhoppers, Leafroller, Locust Borer, Maple leafcutter.

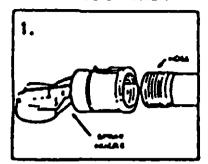
Mealy Bugs, Mirnosa Webworm, Nantucket Pine Tip Moth, Oak Lealminers, Oak Leal Skeletonizer, Oakworm Complex, Oleander Caterpillar, Olive Ash Borer, Orange Striped Oakworm, Orange Tortrix, Periodical Cicada, Pine Sawily, Pine Spittlebug, Pitch Pine Tip Moth, Poinsettia Hornworm, Psyllids, Puss Caterpillar, Redhumped Oakworm, Rose Aphid, Rose Chaler, Roseslug, Saddled Prominent, Sawlies (exposed), Scale Insects, Sowbugs, Spiny Elm Caterpillar, Springtails, Spruce Budworm, Spruce Needleminer, Subtropical Pine Tip Moth, Tent Caterpillar, Thorn Bug, Thrips (exposed), Ticks, Walnut Caterpillar, Webworms, Western Hemlock Looper, Western Spruce Budworm, Willow Leaf Beetles. Yellow Poplar Weevil.

Spray thoroughly to cover both sides of foliage. To control scale insects, treat trunks, stems, and twigs in addition to plant foliage. For optimum worm control, treat whon in early Instars. Addition of a sticker may Improve residual control. Do not use on Boston by, Virginia creeper, and maidenhair tern, During early season, this product may Injure Virginia and Sand Pines.

ILAWN INSECT CONTROL: Use ONE PINT IN 10 TO 15 GALLONS OF WATER to cover S00 sq. ft. of lawn surface. Use a suitable pressure type sprayer for control of Sod Webworm, Chinch Bugs, Ants, Earwigs, Fall Armyworms, Fleas, Leathoppers, Millepedes, Mosquito, and Brown Dog Tick. For best result mow lawn first, remove thatch, and apply after watering or rain, Insure good penetration of turf. Repeat as necessary. For Sod Webworms apply May 15th and repeat at 30 day Intervals through August.

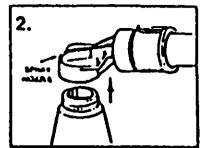
Notice: Buyer assumes all responsibility for safety and use not in accordance with directions.

HOW TO USE SPRAYER



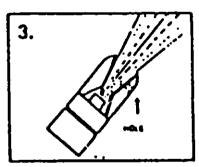
Connect agray matrie to hose. Histor washer should be thechod for propur position. Spray gamern can be tested (without discharging product) by not placing linger over hule on right side of musts.

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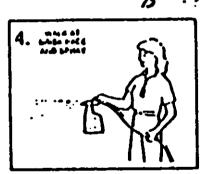


Remore buttle cap and screw bottle une nozzle (save bottle cap for sturage after use). Check suphon lube for proper position. Do not squeeze bottle while attaching nozzle, or during application as contents may ducharge.

To store unused product: Turn off water supply at tap flumove bottle from surayer and replace original bottle cap flumove nossie from hose and rince in clear water.



Hold sprayer attached to hose an one hand and lurn on the water at the tap. Clear water will discharge when water is furned on at tap. Let clear water run until all air to discharged from hose. When ready to treat, place lingul over finite on right eide of notatic and this product will not automatically at the proper ratio. To slop flow of product, remove linger from hole to break sighon action.



White holding sprayer at waist level, point in direction away from lace and hody. Wash back and forth at a brisk, steady pace.

Overlap sightly for uniform cuverage. Marks on right side pariet indicate amount of product used. For certain areas, it may be more convenient to stand did and direct spray across treated area in a bread awarping mution 16ch aprayer at waist level, point in direction away from face and tody. Onest apray across area being treated in a bread sweeping motion. Spray thomoghly to cover both sides of follage, from and stems.

NOTE:

16

13

Read and follow directions and cautions for each product.

Do not interchange nozzles from one product to another.