



ACTIVE INGREDIENT (Percent by weight)	
Potassium salt of 1, 2-Dihydro-3, 6-pyridazinadione*	27.5%
INERT INGREDIENTS	72.5%
TOTAL	100.0%

*Hereinafter called potassium salt of maleic hydrazide.

This product contains 2 lbs. maleic hydrazide equivalent per gallon.

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION**
Do not inhale mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, clothing.
SEE SIDE PANEL FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.

EPA Reg. No. 10337-10
EPA Est No 10337-NJ-1

NET CONTENTS
1½ Gallons (192 Fl. Oz.)
5.67 Liters (5.677 MI.)

Manufactured by

Fairmount
CHEMICAL CO., INC.
117 BLANCHARD ST NEWARK, N.J.

FLUE-CURED, BURLEY, DARK FIRE, MARYLAND TOBACCO

When all plants flower at the same time, wait until the plants are in full flower, then top and pull all suckers from the early maturing plants and within 24 hours after topping spray FAIR 2 onto the entire field. Full flower is the stage when 90% of the plants have started shedding their first flowers. If the plants flower over a wide range of time, then top the early flowering plants. When the remaining plants are in full flower, top them and remove the suckers from the entire field, then spray FAIR 2 within 24 hours after topping. The top leaves to be harvested should be at least 6 to 8 inches long at the time of application of FAIR 2.

ACCEPTED

NOTES AND LIMITATIONS

1. Do not make more than one application per season.
 2. Do not harvest earlier than 7 days after application.
 3. Should wash off occur within 6 hours a single repeat application may be made.
 4. Do not use on seed tobacco.
 5. Do not mix with insecticides or other chemicals — make separate applications.
 6. Do not allow drift to nearby crops.
- FAIR 2 normally requires 6 hours contact with the plant for full results. Rain occurring within that 6 hours of spraying reduces the effectiveness. Also, extremely dry weather conditions reduce the optimum effect. Do not harvest the tobacco until it is fully ripe. When tobacco has been properly treated with FAIR 2 or closely hand suckered, it will not ripen as rapidly as untreated tobacco. Under certain conditions tobacco tops treated with FAIR 2 tend to turn yellow prematurely. This does not mean that the tobacco is ripe or that it has been harmed. Do not use time and color of the leaves as the only guide to the ripeness of FAIR 2 treated tobacco. Use other characteristic indications of ripeness, such as the change in the leaf texture and the fading of color from the midrib. Premature harvesting causes poor tobacco leaves. Leaving one row of tobacco untreated can be helpful in determining when the treated tobacco is ripe. Best results are obtained when FAIR 2 is applied on humid mornings after the dew has disappeared from the plants. Avoid application of FAIR 2 during the hot mid day or afternoon sun.
- It is important to use the correct amount of FAIR 2 and to follow directions carefully. Do not use too much of it. Top it will not achieve the proper sucker control. Rinse the spray tank and equipment well with water after spraying but do not contaminate natural waters by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. FAIR 2 reacts slowly on plants grown under drought conditions and the results may not be as good as of plants treated under normal conditions.
- NOTE: Seller's liability shall be limited to the terms of the label and subject thereto the buyer assumes all risks to persons or property arising out of use or handling and accepts the product on these conditions.

TEST DOCUMENT AVAILABLE

09-10

09-10

USE DIRECTIONS

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this disinfectant in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

FOR REST ROOMS AND GENERAL DISINFECTANT of hard non-porous inanimate surfaces (glass, metal, plastic, glazed porcelain, linoleum, tile, leather, vinyl, enamel and finished wood surfaces) on walls, floors, appliances and furnishings in schools, public rooms, offices, homes, pet quarters and industrial areas.

CLEANING AND DEODORIZING. Whenever practical, flush away gross soils with water. For cleaning and deodorizing, use 5 to 8 ounces of this DISINFECTANT per gallon of water. Cleaning may be accomplished with a clean mop, sponge, squeegee, wet vacuum system, or a mechanical spraying device. After cleaning, remove suspended soils with a clear water rinse, vacuum pick-up, or by wiping with a clean mop, sponge, squeegee or cloth.

DISINFECTING. Before disinfecting, preclean surfaces as directed above. Then, prepare 5 ounces of this DISINFECTANT per gallon of water and thoroughly wet the surfaces to be disinfected. The disinfecting solution must contact the surface for 10 minutes for proper disinfection. If desired, the surfaces may then be rinsed with clear water or wiped with a clean damp cloth.

FOR CLEANING AND DEODORIZING OF GARBAGE CANS, GARBAGE TRUCKS, INDUSTRIAL WASTE RECEPTACLES AND OTHER GARBAGE HANDLING EQUIPMENT. It is especially important to preclean, in order for the disinfectant to perform properly. Then apply a wetting solution of 8 ounces of this DISINFECTANT per gallon of water.

FOR CLEANING OF WALLS, FLOORS AND INDUSTRIAL WORK AREAS. Use 5 to 8 ounces per gallon of water. The use of rubber gloves is recommended for personnel doing continuous hand cleaning.

This DISINFECTANT may be used through automatic floor scrubbing equipment.