

SEP 26 2002

Marc M. Mason
General Manager
Mason Chemical Company
721 W. Algonquin Road
Arlington Heights, IL 60005

Subject: Amendment per FIFRA
Maquat SSC
EPA Registration No. 10324-92
Application Dated: June 25, 2002
EPA Received Date: June 28, 2002

Dear Mr. Mason:

The following amendment, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is acceptable with comments.

Proposed Amendment

- Revised labeling in response to Agency letter dated April 30, 2002

Label Comments

1. Since this product is a repackage of a Manufacturing Use Product (MUP), revise the Precautionary Statements to read:
"DANGER, Keep Out of Reach of Children. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. May be fatal if swallowed or inhaled. Harmful if absorbed through the skin. Do not breathe vapor or spray mist. Wear a dust mist filtering respirator (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C). Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Do not get into eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves and protective clothing when handling. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse."

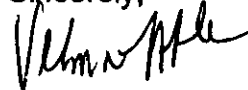
CONCURRENCES

SYMBOL	590c							
SURNAME	Gray							
DATE	7-24-02							

General Comments

A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records. Please submit a copy of the final printed label before distributing or selling the product bearing the revised language. Should you have any questions regarding this letter, please contact me at 703-308-6233.

Sincerely,



Velma Noble
Product Manager 31
Regulatory Management Branch I
Antimicrobials Division (7510 C)

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS
AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

DANGER, Keep Out of Reach of Children. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. Harmful if absorbed through the skin. May be fatal if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. Avoid breathing spray mist. Do not get into eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves and protective clothing when handling. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

(If container is 5 gallons or larger the following statement must appear on the label)

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not mix with oxidizers, anionic soaps and detergents
Do not use or store near heat or open flame

(If the container is greater than one gallon use the following storage and disposal statements)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Open dumping is prohibited. Store only in original container. Do not reuse empty container. Keep this product under locked storage sufficient to make it inaccessible to children or persons unfamiliar with its proper use.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES: Small spills may be mopped up or flushed away with water or absorbed on some absorbent material and incinerated.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL (Larger than 1-gal.) - Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities. In addition, plastic containers may be disposed of by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

(If container is one gallon or less use the following storage and disposal statements)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in original container in areas inaccessible to small children. Do not store on side. Avoid creasing or impacting of side walls. Do not reuse empty container. Wrap and discard in trash (or recycle).

MAQUAT[®] SSC

**SAPSTAIN CONTROL
FOR FRESH CUT LUMBER**

Controls the growth of mold and fungus that may cause discoloration and/or deterioration of freshly cut lumber during storage and shipment.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Didecyl Dimethyl Ammonium Chloride 50.0%
INERT INGREDIENTS: 50.0%
TOTAL 100.00%

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
DANGER**

See left panel for additional precautionary statements

First Aid

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

MASON CHEMICAL COMPANY

"THE QUATERNARY SPECIALISTS"

721 W. Algonquin Road
Arlington Heights, IL 60005
847-290-1621

Toll Free:
1-800-362-1855

E.P.A. Reg. No. 10324-92
E.P.A. Est. No. 10324-IL-1

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
in EPA Letter Dated:

SEP 26 2002

Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide and Rodenticide Act as
amended by the FIFRA Act of 1992,
registered under EPA Reg. No.

10324-92

NET CONTENTS

BATCH NO

3/4

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

For the control of mold and fungus on green or freshly cut lumber. May be used in a dip or spray application. Before use, dilute at the rate of 25 to 100 gallons of water per gallon of this product. Seasonal variation in storage and shipping conditions, species and condition of wood should be considered in selection of end use concentrations. For effective inhibition of mold and fungus, lumber and logs must be dipped or sprayed in a manner that insures that all surfaces are uniformly treated.

For best results, green wood should be treated immediately, at least within 24 hours after cutting or sawing. Mold and fungus growth begins immediately after cutting so delayed treatment is much less effective and requires increased chemical concentration. Green, untreated lumber should not be used for stickers.

Freshly treated lumber should not be allowed to remain unprotected in heavy rains. Dip tanks and drip aprons must be roofed, paved and drained to prevent dilution and loss of the anti-stain solution.

DIP TREATMENT

Stack the wood to be treated on a suitable holder and convey the stack into the treating solution making sure the stack is completely immersed. Dip times should range from 30 seconds (individual pieces) up to 30 minutes (bundled wooden articles). Use a concentration of 0.5 to 3.0% active quaternary ammonium compound. The concentration should be customized to the degree of sap stain protection desired, which should be determined by an independent test on the intended species of wood.

PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT FOR DIP OR SPRAY TREATMENT

Applicators must wear gloves, which are chemical-resistant (such as nitrile or butyl) in all situations where dermal contact is expected (i.e. handling freshly treated wood). Individuals who enter equipment that is contaminated with the wood treatment solution must wear coveralls over a long sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, chemical-resistant footwear, and protective eyewear. Federal, State and local confined space entry procedures need to be taken.

Applicators must not eat, drink or use tobacco products during those parts of the applications process that may expose them to the wood treatment formulation (e.g. mixing chemicals, handling freshly treated wood).

Wash thoroughly after skin contact and before eating, drinking, use of tobacco products or using restrooms.

Protective clothing must be changed when it shows signs of contamination. Applicators must leave protective clothing and work shoes or boots and equipment at the plant. Worn out protective clothing and work shoes or boots must be left at the plant and disposed of in a manner approved for pesticide disposal and in accordance with State and Federal regulations.

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
in EPA Letter Dated:

SEP 26 2002

Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act as
amended for pesticides
registered under EPA Reg. No. 103B 4-92

h/h