UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

SEP 1 7 2004

Flizabeth Tannehill Regulatory Manager Mason Chemical Company 721 W. Algonquin Rd. Arlington, Heights, IL 60005

Subject:

Maquat MC 1412-10%-W

EPA Registration Number 10324-43 EPA Application Dat June 24, 2004

EPA Receive June 25, 2004

Dear Ms. Tannehill:

The following amendment, submitted in connection with registration under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), as amended, is acceptable with the following comments:

Proposed Amendment:

- adding seven (7) alternate borate products
- adding two (2) alternate copper compound products
- adding alternate propiconazole product

Label Comments:

Revise the label as follows:

- Under the heading "Maquat MC1412-10%-W and Copper Compounds" the 1: addition of EPA Reg. No. 3008-87 is acceptable.
- Under the heading "Maquat MC1412-10%-W and Borates" the following 2. products are unacceptable: EPA Reg. No. 3008-61, 19713-286, 65705-1, 71916-1, 64405-1 and 64405-8. The application methods listed on the stamped accepted labels for these products are not in agreement with the application methods on your proposed label.

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EPA Form 1320-1A (1/90)

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3. Under the heading "Maquat MC1412-10%-W and Propiconazole" the addition of Safetray P is unacceptable as per the EPA letter for Reg No. 10324-136 dated 10/9/03 as follows:

Delete the reference to the use of Safetray P EPA Reg. No. 43813-15 in the directions for use of this product in combination with products containing Propiconazole. The Agency has reviewed the label for Safetray P and finds that it does not include the same uses as your product. Safetray P is for use in the treatment of wood trays in mushroom farms. Other products with references to the use of Safetray P will be put on notice that the references to Safetray P should be corrected.

A stamped copy of the labeling accepted with conditions is enclosed. Submit one (1) copy of your final printed labeling before distributing or selling the product bearing the revised labeling.

Should you have any questions or comments concerning this letter, please contact Drusilla Copeland on (703) 308-6224.

Sincerely

Velma Noble

Product Manager (31)

Regulatory Management Branch I Antimicrobials Division (7510C)

Enclosure: Stamped Label

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

DANGER, Keep out of Reach of Children. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. Harmful if swallowed. Do not get into eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear protective eyewear (goggles, safety glasses or face shield), protective clothing, and rubber gloves when handling. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash clothing before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS

Do not mix with soap, anionic detergents or oxidizers.

(If the container is greater than one gallon use the following storage and disposal statements) STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

- PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in original containers and place in locked storage area. Keep from freezing.
- SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES: Small spills may be mopped up or flushed away with water or absorbed on some absorbent material and incinerated. Large spills should be contained, the material then moved into containers and disposed of by approved methods for hazardous wastes.
- 3. PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control agency or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office fro guidance.
- CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Do not reuse empty container (bottle, cans, jars). Triple
 rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning or puncture and
 dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incinerate or if allowed by state and local authorities,
 by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.
- GENERAL: Consult Féderal, State, or local disposal authorities for approval of alternative procedures such as limited open burning.

(If container is one gallon or less use the following storage and disposal statements)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in original container and particular container and persons unfamiliar with its liber use. To his reuse empty container. Wrap container and discard in trash.

SEP 17 2004
Under the Nadoual Inspecticide,
Plangicide, and Rodenticide Act as
amended, for the posticide,
see stered under EPA Reg. No. 10324-43

MAQUAT® MC1412-10%-W

MAQUAT® MC1412-10%-W for Control of Algae and Algal Slime Growth in Industrial and/or Commercial Recirculating Cooling Water Towers, Retort Water Systems and Molluscs in Once Through Fresh Water Cooling Systems and Mold, Mildew and Fungi in Sap Stains and Wood Preservatives. Controls bacteria and fungal slimes in pulp, paper mills and paper manufacturing.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS

Weight: Approx. 8lbs./gallon

DANGER

See left panel for additional precautionary statements

First Aid

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

MASON CHEMICAL COMPANY

"THE QUATERNARY SPECIALISTS"



721 W. Algonquin Road Arlington Heights, IL 60005 847-290-1621 Toll Free: 1-800-362-1855

E.P.A. Reg. No. 10324-43 E.P.A. Est. No. 10324-IL-1

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NET CONTENTS

BATCH NO

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

INDUSTRIAL WATER TREATMENT

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not use water containing residue from use of this product to irrigate crops for food or feed.

Use of the product in either public/municipal or single or multiple family private/residential potable/drinking water systems is strictly prohibited. Use of the product in any cooling water system that discharges effluent within ¼ mile of either a public/municipal or single or multiple family private/residential potable/drinking water intake in strictly prohibited.

This product aids in the control of bacterial, fungal and algal slimes in evaporative condensers, heat exchange water systems, industrial and commercial cooling towers.

INDUSTRIAL AND/OR COMMERCIAL RECIRCULATING COOLING WATER TOWERS, RETORT WATER SYSTEMS

- 1. **DOSING LOCATION**: This product is to be applied at a point in the system where it will be uniformly mixed, such as at the sump.
- DOSING CONDITIONS: This product should be applied when the system is in jeopardy of being affected or after cleaning systems where efficiency is already impaired.

3. METHOD OF APPLICATION:

a. INTERMITTENT OR SLUG METHOD

Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, apply 26.25 to 51.25 fluid ounces (20 to 40 ppm on an active quaternary basis) per 1000 gallons of water in the system. Repeat until control is achieved.

Subsequent Dose: When microbial control is evident, add 6.65 to 19.25 fluid ounces (5 to 15 ppm on an active quaternary basis) per 1000 gallons of water in the system twice weekly or as needed to maintain control. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

b. MODIFIED INTERMITTENT METHOD

Initial Dose: When the system is noticeable fouled, apply 26.25 to 51.25 fluid ounces (20 to 40 ppm on an active quaternary basis) per 1000 gallons of water in the system. Apply half of this initial dose when half of the water in the system has been lost by blowdown.

Subsequent Dose: When control of microbial growth is evident, apply 6.65 to 19.25 fluid ounces (5 to 15 ppm on an active quaternary basis) per 1000 gallons of water in the system. Apply half of this subsequent dose when half of the water in the system has been lost by blowdown. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

c. CONTINUOUS FEED METHOD

Initial Dose: When the system is noticeably fouled, apply 26.25 fluid ounces (20 ppm on an active quaternary basis) per 1000 gallons of water in the system.

Subsequent Dose: Maintain this treatment by starting a continuous feed of 6.65 fluid ounces (5 ppm on an active quaternary basis) per 1000 gallons of water lost by blowdown. Badly fouled systems must be cleaned before treatment is begun.

PULP AND PAPER MILLS

Slimicide Applications

This product can be used as a slimicide in the manufacture of paper and paperboard that contacts food, depending on the type of stock, quality of ray water, complexity of the system, and degree of contamination. Apply 2 to 400 pounds of this product per ton (dry basis) of pulp or paper produced. If this product is used to treat whitewater, alternatively apply 4 to 800 pounds of this product per 100,000 gallons of whitewater to be treated (1.0 to 200 ppm product).

Dosing Application: This product is to be applied at a point in the system where it will be uniformly mixed, such as at the suction side of a pump. This product should be fed as early as possible in the system. Additions of this product should be made at a point in the system where mixing action is good. Suitable sites are the hydrapulper, suction side of the machine chest or broke system pump. Badly fouled process systems must be cleaned before initial treatment.

Control of Bacterial, Fungi/Mold and Algae on Pulp, Paperboard & Wet Lap

This product is used to inhibit fungal growth, which causes discoloration, odor and degradation of paper, paperboard or wet lap. Application of this product should be made at a point in the system where mixing action is good. Application can also be made at the size press or water box. Apply at a rate of 2 to 400 pounds of this product per ton (dry basis) of pulp or paperboard produced.

Dosing Application: This product may be drip fed continuously from the drum, diluted and showered to the wet sheet or fed by suitable pumps.

For inhibition of wet lap or sheet pulp this product should be applied to the dewatered pulp surface via applicator rolls or showers. Application can also be made at the size press or water box.

ONCE THROUGH FRESH WATER COOLING SYSTEM

- DOSING LOCATION: This product is to be applied at a point in the system where it will be uniformly mixed, such as at the sump.
- DOSING CONDITIONS: This product should be applied when the system is in jeopardy of being affected or after cleaning systems where efficiency is already impaired.

3. METHOD OF APPLICATIONS:

- a. Wear safety glasses, rubber gloves and impervious apron.
- b. To reduce foaming, mix 10 parts of water to 1 part of this product.
- 0.75 to 7.5 fluid ounces (1-10 ppm on an active quaternary basis) per thousand gallons.
- d. Do not discharge without performing proper deactivation. To perform deactivation use Bentonite Clay. The minimum ratio to be used is 5 ppm of clay to 5 ppm of product.
- e. Do not use product more than 4 times per year.
- Treatment time cannot exceed 120 hours/application.
- g. Avoid oxidizers and reducing agents. Product is cationic and should not be mixed with soap or anionic surfactants.

SAP STAIN

For the control of mold and fungus on green or freshly cut lumber. May be used in a dip or spray application. Before use, dilute at rate of 25-100 gallons of water per 5 gallons of this product. Seasonal variations in storage and shipping conditions, species and condition of wood should be considered in a manner that ensures that all surfaces are uniformly treated.

For best results, green wood should be treated immediately at least within twenty-four hours after cutting or sawing. Mold and fungus growth begins immediately after cutting

so delayed ment is much less effective and requires increased chemical concentration. een, untreated lumber should not be used for stickers.

Freshly treated lumber should not be allowed to remain unprotected in heavy rains. Dip tanks and drip aprons must be roofed, paved and drained to prevent dilution and loss of the anti-stain solution.

WOOD PRESERVATIVES

This product will protect treated wood articles from the destructive attack of fungi, mold or mildew. Treatment can be done by pressure or double vacuum. Wood articles that will be protected by these treatments would include millwork, construction timbers, decking, wood shingles, posts and other articles to be used in above ground applications.

Treatment can be done by brush or spray for wood shingle applications, and by pressure, double vacuum or dip method for other wood products. Wood articles that will be protected by these treatments would include millwork, construction timbers, decking, wood shingles, and posts.

This product can be used in combination with other EPA registered organic and inorganic wood preservatives or it can be used alone.

MAQUAT® MC1412-10%-W

Dilute this product in either water or mineral spirits to produce a 0.5% to 3.0% active quaternary ammonium compound solution.

Percent Active Quat Solution	Ounces of this product per gallon
0.5	6.40
1.0	12.80
1.5	19.25
2.0	25.60
2.5	32.00
3.0	38.40

To find the ounces of this product per gallon for other dilutions take the percent active desired and divide by 0.3906.

MAQUAT® MC1412-10%-W AND COPPER COMPOUNDS

Mix this product with water and either (ACQ-C2 EPA Reg. No 10465-36 or ACQ-C EPA Reg. No. 10465-33) (NW 100-C, EPA Reg. No. 3008-87 or NW 200-C, EPA Reg. No. 10465-33-3008). Refer to the product labels for (ACQ-C and ACQ-C2) (NW 100-C and NW 200-C) for precise mixing instructions. This product may only be used in combination with copper compounds in pressure treatment applications.

MAQUAT® MC1412-10%-W AND BORATES

Mix this product and either (Disodium Octaborate Tetrahydrate) Wood Bor, EPA Reg. No. 3008-61, Lum-Bor, EPA Reg. No. 19713-286, Envirotech Insecticide, EPA No. 65705-1, Timbersaver, EPA Reg. No. 71916-1, TimberSaver PT, EPA Reg. No. 71916-1-10465, Tim-Bor, EPA Reg. No. 1624-39, BORA-CARE, EPA Reg. No. 64405-1 or Cellu-Treat DOT Wood Preservative, EPA Reg. No. 64405-8, in water and stir to give a solution of the desired concentration of components following the use directions of each label.

MAQUAT® MC1412-10%-W AND PROPICONAZOLE

Mix this product with either Woodlife P, EPA Reg. No. 1409-65 or Safetray P, EPA Reg. No. 43813-15, and dilute with water, mineral spirits or other light organic solvent to produce a 0.5 to 3.0% quaternary ammonium compound solution. Follow the instructions on the Woodlife P or Safetray P label for the appropriate concentration of propiconazole. PLEASE NOTE THAT THIS FORMULATION CAN ONLY BE USED FOR DIP TREATMENT.

PRESSURE TREATMENT

Place the wood article to be treated into the pressure cylinder and sear unit. Treat the wooden articles using the pressure treatment procedures consistent with the equipment being used and standard treatment practices. Treatment conditions should be such as to produce a 0.1 to 0.6 lb/cu. foot retention in the treatment article. Such treated wood is to be used for above ground uses only.

DOUBLE VACUUM

Stack the wooden articles to be treated in the treatment vessel so that the preservative solution will have access to all sides of the articles. Seal the vessel. Reduce the pressure within the vessel to -10 inches for 5 minutes. Cover all the articles with preservative solution. Allow the pressure to return to atmospheric conditions and discharge the preservative solution. Reduce the pressure to -20 inches and maintain for 20 minutes. Allow the pressure to return to atmospheric and remove treated wood articles. Treatment conditions should be used as to produce a 0.1 to 0.6 lbs/cu. ft retention of ADBAC in the treated article. Wood treated to this retention for above ground use only.

DIP TREATMENT

Stack the wood to be treated on a suitable holder and convey the stack into the treating solution making sure the stack is completely immersed. Dip times should range from 30 seconds (individual pieces) up to 30 minutes (bundled wooden articles). Use a concentration of 0.5 to 3.0% active quaternary ammonium compound. The concentration should be customized to the degree of sap stain protection desired, which should be determined by an independent test on the intended species of wood.

PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT FOR PRESSURE TREATMENT, DOUBLE VACUUM AND DIP TREATMENT

Applicators must wear gloves, which are chemical-resistant (such as nitrile or butyt) in all situations where dermal contact is expected (i.e. handling freshly treated wood and manually opening cylinder doors). Individuals who enter pressure treatment cylinders and other related equipment that are contaminated with the wood treatment solution (e.g. cylinders that are in operation or are not free of all treatment solution) must wear coveralls over a long sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, chemical-resistant footwear, and protective eyewear. Federal, State and local confined space entry procedures need to be taken.

Applicators must not eat, drink or use tobacco products during those parts of the applications process that may expose them to the wood treatment formulation (e.g. manually opening/closing cylinder doors, moving trams out of cylinders, mixing chemicals, handling freshly treated wood).

Wash thoroughly after skin contact and before eating, drinking, use of tobacco products or using restrooms.

Protective clothing must be changed when it shows signs of contamination. Applicators must leave protective clothing and work shoes or boots and equipment at the plant. Worn out protective clothing and work shoes or boots must be left at the plant and disposed of in a manner approved for pesticide disposal and in accordance with State and Federal regulations.

BRUSH OR SPRAY

A 0.5% to 3.0% active solution with water may be applied by brush or spray for use on wood shingles or shake roofs and siding on existing homes by commercial applicators. Low pressure equipment is recommended for spray applications. A moderately fine spray, not an aerosol or fog, generally provides the best coverage at practical product concentrations. Apply only to point of runoff. To make a 0.5% to 3.0% active solution, use the following table:

Percent	e Quat Solution	Ounces of this product per gallon
	0.5	6.40
-	1.0	12.80
	1.5	19.25
	2.0	25.60
	2.5	32.00
	3.0	38.40

To find the ounces of this product per gallon for other dilutions take the percent active desired and divide by 0.3906.

PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT FOR BRUSH AND SPRAY APPLICATIONS

Applicators must wear gloves, which are chemical-resistant (such as nitrile or butyl). Applicators must also wear coveralls over a long sleeved shirt and long pants, socks, chemical-resistant footwear, and protective eyewear. Applicator must not eat, drink, or use tobacco during the application process. Use with adequate ventilation, mist or vapor generated by spraying this product may be harmful if inhaled. Wash thoroughly after skin contact and before eating, drinking, use of tobacco products or using restrooms. Protective clothing must be changed when it shows signs of contamination. Brush/Spray treatment may require frequent changing. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated. Do not reuse them.

Follow manufacturers instructions for cleaning/maintaining protective equipment. If no such instructions exist for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash protective equipment separate from other laundry.

Wom out protective clothing and work shoes or boots must be disposed of in a manner approved for pesticide disposal and in accordance with State and Federal regulations.