۰. •





and algaecides.

The dodecyl (C12), tetradecyl (C14), and the hexadecyl (C16) have been the most effective germicidal components of the alkyl radical. The Maquats are manufactured from these select alkyl groups to give the highest microbicidal activity along with the finest physical properties.

We at Mason Chemical Company believe our progress and growth depend upon our finding ways to do that "something extra" for our customers. You will find us pleased to discuss any problems or projects which will help you make your product line more successful.

MAQUATS **Quaternary ammonium compounds**

The Maquats are a selected group of quaternary ammonium compounds covering a wide range of products and properties. They have proven themselves exceptional microbicidal agents when used as disinfectants, sanitizers, deodorants, germicides

> . •

INTRODUCTION:

.

The Maquats are quaternary ammonium compounds manufactured by Mason Chemical Company of Chicago, Illinois. These products are characterized by a halide ion and a cationic nitrogen atom with four covalent carbon-nitrogen bonds. The nitrogen atom is attached to at least one long chain hydrocarbon radical. The straight chain radical ranges from C_8H_{17} to $C_{18}H_{37}$ and is derived from coconut fatty acid. To illustrate:



This chemical structure gives these compounds high germicidal activity because of the well balanced cation (lipophilic) and anion (hydrophilic) group. The quaternary molecule is such that it gives excellent wetting and penetration action which enables it to kill microorganisms in areas inaccessible to other germicides.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

The Maquats are all liquids and are extremely stable: They will maintain their stability over a wide range of temperatures and storage conditions. Maquats are readily soluble in water and most polar solvents and insoluble in non-polar solvents.

They are compatible with many organic compounds, acids, alkalis and organic salts. Complete solubility and compatibility data is available from Mason Chemical Co. on a wic's ange of products. Maquats are incompatible with soap and anionic surface active agents.

The biological properties of these products are increased as you raise the temperature and pH of the product. All quaternaries will lose some of their effectiveness if the pH falls below 5. The Maquats maintain their bacteriological properties in waters up to and including 1100 ppm of hardness depending on the product selected. Maquats have been tested according to the latest bacteriological test methods and the results are reported on the specification page. The A.O.A.C. Use Dilution Test is basic in determining the efficacy of the product as an environmental disinfectant. The applications for use of these Maquats are varied and include the following industries: Food, beverage, dairy, swimming pool, secondary oil recovery, paper, textile, aerosol, and many others. Mason Chemical Company will be pleased to suggest specific formulations on any applications where a quaternary ammonium compound may be contemplated.



(1) (2) Fatty acid ____ Nitril ____ Tertiary amine + (Benzyl chloride) (Dichlorobenzyl (1) Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride.

(2) Alkyl dimethyl dichlorobenzyl ammonium chloride.



MAQUAT SPECIFICATIONS

.

PRODUCT Active Ingredient(s)	LC 12S (1) Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride-Isopropanol	MC 1416 (E) (1) Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride-Isopropanol (Ethanol)	MC 1412 (E) (1) Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride-Isopropanol (Ethanol)	DLC 1214 (7) (2) Alkyl dimethyl dichlorobenzyl ammonium chloride	MQ-2525 Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride (A) Alkyl dimethyl ethylbenzyl ammonium chloride (B)	SC-18 Stearyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride
Inert Ingredient(s) % Active	Water 50% - 80% (20%) (3)	Water 50% - 80% (20%) (3)	Water 50% - 80% (20%) (3)	Water 50% - 80%	Water 25%A - 40%A - (20%) (3) 25%B - 40%B	Water - Alcohol 25%
% Inert	50%	50%	50%	50% - 20%	50%	75%
Alkyl Group Distribution (4) $C_{12}, C_{14}, C_{16} \& C_{18}$ Average Molecular Weight Color A.P.H.A. (Max) Physical Form pH (10% Sol.) Weight/Gal.	61, 23, 11 & 5 360 100 Liquid 7 - 8 8.2 - 7.8	5, 60, 30 & 5 380 100 Liquid 7 - 8 8.2 - 7.8	 10 & – 58 100 Liquid 7 - 8 8.4 - 8.0 	61, 23, 11 & 5 425 100 Liquid 7 - 8 8.4 - 8.0	A) 5, 60, 30 & 5 B) 50, 30, 17 & 3 384 100 Liquid 7 - 8 8.2	5 & 95 424 100 Paste 3 - 4 7.9
Standard Container Gross - Net - Tare 50% 80%	55 gal. Liquipak 464-440-24 449-425-24	55 gal. Liquipak 464-440-24 449-425-24	55 ga\. Liquipak 464-440-24 449-425-24	55 gał. Liquipak 464-440-24 449-425-24	55 gal. Liquipak 464-440-24 449-425-24	55 gal. Liquipak 464-440-24
	BIOLOGICAL PI	ROPERTIES (100%	ACTIVE QUATE	RNARY BASIS)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
USE DILUTIONS A.O.A.C.		·		·		JEPTED
Staphlococcus aureus ATCC - 6538 Salmonella choleraesuis ATCC - 10708 Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC - 15422	400 ppm (5) 400 ppm (5) 1490 ppm	400 ppm + 400 ppm - 1400 ppm -	400 ppm 400 ppm 1200 ppm	400 ppm 400 ppm ——	400 ppm 400 ppm 800 ppm	24/72
PHENOL COEFFICIENTS A.O.A.C. (6) Killing Dilutions Average Values					UNDER THE FUNDER THE FOR EC.	PERSONAL INSECTICIDE TELEVICIDE ACT TELEVICIDE ACT TELEVICIDE DEGISTER-
Staphlococcus auereusSalmonella typhosaATCC - 6539Escherichia col ¹ ATCC - 11229	1:39905 P.C. 614 1:39905 P.C. 443 1:47600 P.C. 680	1:42850 P.C. 659 1:42850 P.C. 476 1:27450 P.C. 392	1:47600 P.C. 666 1:59500 P.C. 661 1:42850 P.C. 612	1:53500 P.C. 764 1:74400 P.C. 783 1:44340 P.C. 633	1:41600 P CT638TTACHE 1:41600 P.C. 594 1:31300 P.C. 447	D COMMENTS.
HARD WATER TOLERANCE (CaCO3) at 200 ppm or compound Chambers Test A.O.A.C. 90.999% Kill in 30 sec. Staphlococcus aureus Eacharichia cul:	300 ppm - 18 grain 300 ppm - 18 grain	. ∽ 550 ppm – 32 grain 550 ppm – 32 grain	550 ppm – 32 grain 550 ppm – 32 grain	1100 ppm 64 grain 1100 ppm 64 grain	850 ppm – 50 grain 850 ppm – 50 grain	
ACTIVITY AGAINST ALGAE Chlorella pyrenoidosa	3	2	2			
Algaecidal ppm	5	5	5			4
E.F.A. Reg. No. 10324 - 50% 80%	3 2	8 9 (E) 13	6 7 (E) 14	4 5	17 16	
 Meets all require Not effective ag concentration pr Represents 20% Alkyl group dista 	ments of U.S.P. Benzalk painst Pseudomonas aeru oviding 400 ppm active Isopropanol or 20% Ett ribution ± 10%	onium Chioride, Iginosa at the disinfecting quaternary, nanol when designated (E)	(6) Phenol S. aure S. typh E. coli (7) CAUTI	Resistance us 1:65 losa 1:90 1:70 ION: Be sure to rinse with pot	able water all surfaces coming	

(4) Alkyl group distribu
 (5) 400 ppm - 1:2500

(2)

•

-

.

•

(7) CAUTION: Be sure to rinse with potable water all surfaces coming in contact with food after applying a sanitizing rinse.

•

.

•

•

LABELLING:

The Environmental Protection Agency, under the Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, regulates the movement of "economic poisons" in interstate commerce. These include products that contain quaternary ammonium compounds (Maquats) intended for use as germicides, disinfectants, or sanitizers, on inanimate objects or surfaces. Most states have enacted similar legislation to regulate intra-state commerce. Generally, these states comply with Federal registration. Some maintain their own jurisdiction. In executing the law, the Federal as well as the State Agencies require registration of labels proposed for such products. In pharmaceutical and cosmetic applications, clearance should be obtained from the Food and Drug Administration, Federal Department of Health, Education and Welfare.

In order to register a product, a single copy of PR9-199 (Application for Registration of Economic Poisons) must accompany quintuplicate (5) typewritten copies of the proposed label. These are sent to:

Washington, D. C. 20250

Please refer to our Environmental Protection Agency registration Affactive comments registering a product with the above agency. The correct registration number is listed under each product on our MAQUAT specification page.

The Environmental Protection Agency registration number must be listed on every label for a quaternary-based compound making a germicidal, algaecidal, or sanitizer, claim. It is also necessary that the signal words "DANGER", "CAUTION" and "KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN" be in the required point type based on the size of the label. The following table • will serve as a guide for the type-size requirements on various sized labels:

Size of Label on Front Panel in Square Inches	"Danger" & "Caution" Words as Required Minimum Type Size all Capitals	"Keep Out of Reach of Children" as Required	
5 and under	6 point	6 point	
above 5 to 10	10 point	6 point	
above 10 to 15	12 point	8 point	
above 15 to 30	14 point	10 point	
over 30	18 point	12 point	

The ingredients, directions for use, and precautions for handling should be listed on the label. In listing the active ingredients, proper and most exacting identification is required. With quaternaries, the high-molecular weight alkyl group must be identified with a listing of the individual components either with percentages or in their order of dominance.

Option (1)	The actual percentages on order of magnitude, i.e., dimethyl benzyl ammoni
Option (2)	Each alkyl group in the C_{16} , C_{12} and related gr chlorides.

If Option (1) is selected, then only the total percentage of the inert ingredient without any chemical description need be listed: otherwise if Option (2) is selected, then the inert ingredients must be identified.

ACCEPTED **Director Registration Section** Environmental Protection Agency Pesticides Regulation Division 12th and Independence Avenue UNDER THE TTTTAL PRISECTICIDE FUNGIC: MONSHIPCIDE ACT FOR ECUIVANIC I DISON REGISTER-

> of the major alkyl groups present in the descending alkyl (60% C14, 30% C16, 5% C12, 5% C8-C18) ium chlorides, or

> descending order of magnitude only, i.e., alkyl (C₁₄, roups from C₈ - C₁₈) dimethyl benzyl ammonium

Whenever unusual claims are made, they will require substantiation with laboratory or field test data. The Environmental Protection Agency also makes a sharp distinction in the various terms used to denote the degree or extent of germicidal activity. Knowledge of these will assist in the preparation of an acceptable label.

Sterilizer:	Must kill all living microorganis	
Germicide and Disinfectant:	Must kill all of a given species o	
Fungicide:	Must kill all of a given species of	
Sanitizer:	Must reduce bacterial count to standards or to stated significant	
Antiseptic:	Covers preparations intended so or bacteriostat.	
Algaecide:	Must kill algae.	
Algaestat:	For the control of algae.	
Bacteriostat:	Inhibits the growth of bacteria.	

A basic knowledge of the type and strain of the microorganisms used in testing is helpful. The table below gives some of the more common types. A list of the test methods used are also reported below.

MICROORGANISM	MORPHOLOGY
Staphlococcus aureus	Gram + Cocci
Salmonella choleraesuis	Gram Rod
Salmonella typhosa	. Gram – Rod
Escherichia coli	_ Gram – Rod
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	Gram – Rod

After the label has been reviewed for compliance with the Act, the company submitting the label will be notified of any changes or deficiencies. Mason Chemical Company will be pleased to prepare or advise customers or prospective customers on all labelling procedures, Federal or State.

The following are two representative sample labels of a germicide and algaecide.



(4)

ns when used as directed.

of microorganisms except resistant sporeformers.

fungi.

a safe level in accordance with public health tevel where no standards have been set.

blely for use on living tissue either as a germicide

TEST METHODS

A.O.A.C. Use Dilution Confirmation Test

A.O.A.C. Phenol Coefficient Test Method

A.O.A.C. Germicidal and Detergent Sanitizer Official Method (Hard Water)

GERMICIDE

(Left Panel)

Recommended Use Dilution

5 - 10 ppm:	Control of microorganisms in seconda
50 - 100 ppm:	Sanitizer for poultry drinking water.
200 ppm:	Sanitization of equipment, dishes, approcessing, food General deodorization due to bacteria
400 ppm:	Disinfection of food storage bins, refessive surfaces. Sanitary maintenance of wall smooth nonporous surfaces. Terminal disinfection.
1400 ppm:	Instrument disinfection.

Preparation of Use Dilution

ppm of active quaternary	For 10% Dilution	Conc. % active quaternary	FI. oz. per gals.
5	1:20,000	0.0005	1 oz./160 gals.
10	1:10,000	0.001	1 oz./ 80 gals.
100	1: 1,000	0.01	0.5 oz./ 4 gals.
200	1: 500	0.02	1 oz./ 4 gals.
400	1: 250	0.04	2 oz./ 4 gals.
1000	1: 100	0.1	5 oz./ 4 gais.

(Sample Label) for a 10% product

ary oil recovery.

appliances, glassware, utensils in dairy, beverage, food dispensing plants, etc.

I decay.

frigeration, etc. Sanitization of garbage pails and porous Ils, floors, etc. Disinfection and sanitary maintenance of





GERMICIDE

(Center Panel)

(Name of Product) E. P. A. Reg. No. Concentrated Germicide - Sanitizer - Disinfectant

Active Ingredient: (Refer to page 3 of this Bulletin for) Inert Ingredient: (Ingredient Instructions and Options)

DANGER (See table page 3) KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN (See table page 3)

Corrosive. Causes severe eye and skin damage. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Avoid contamination of food.

CAUTION (See table page 3)

Discontinue use of the product as a poultry water sanitizer when treating the flock with drugs such as vaccines, sulfonamides, or sulfaquinoxaline.

FIRST AID

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. For eyes, call a physician, Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If swallowed, drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites, gelatin solution or, if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol. Call a physician immediately.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Measures against circulatory shock, respiratory depression and convulsion may be needed.

Keep from Freezing

(Name)

(Address)

(6)

(Sample Label) for a 10% product

.

.



Net Contents



.

GERMICIDE

(Right Panel)

Directions for Use

(Name) is a quaternary ammonium compound which may be used with compatible alkaline builders and sequestering agents. In dairy and food equipment applications, an exposure period of at least two minutes should be maintained when the temperature of the solution is at least 75°F and the pH of the solution is 6.0 or higher.

Sanitization

.

Clean with suitable detergent, rinse. Immerse food equipment and utensils in a solution containing 200 ppm of active quaternary. Where infectious germs may be present, rinse or immerse in a disinfecting solution containing 400 ppm or more of active quaternary after sanitizing as directed.

Instrument Disinfection

Preclean in suitable detergent removing adhering blood and serous exudates. Immerse in solution containing 1400 ppm of active quaternary.

For Dairy and Restaurant Use

(Name) fulfills the criteria of Appendix F of the Grade "A" Pasteurized Milk Ordinance 1965. Recommendations of ppm hardness calculated as CaCo3 when tested by the the U. S. Public Health Service in waters up to A.O.A.C. Germicidal and Detergent Sanitizers - Official Method.

(Sample Label) for a 10% product

•

•



•

i.

•

(Name) is: Economical Efficient Stable

(Name) is compatible with all swimming pool chemicals and is non-injurious to metal, paint, plastic, and tile. (Name), when used as directed, will improve the appearance and cleanliness of the pool or water cooling systems. (Name) prevents unsightly growths of algae.

(Name) may be stored for prolonged periods of time without losing its effectiveness or strength. (Name) requires no special equipment for treating water. May be added directly to the pool in any spot or added to the water-circulation equipment.

(Name of Product) E.P.A. Reg. No. Concentrated Algaecide

(Name) for Control of Algae and Algal Slime Growth in Swimming Pools and Water Active Ingredient: (Refer to Page 3 of this Bulletin for) (Ingredient Instructions and Options) Inert Ingredient:

DANGER (See table page 3)

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN (See table page 3)

Causes severe eye and skin damage. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Avoid contamination of food.

CAUTION (See table page 3)

This product is toxic to fish. Do not discharge treated effluent into lakes, streams or ponds.

FIRST AID

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. For eyes, call a physician. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If swallowed, drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites, gelatin solution or, if these are not available, drink large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol. Call a physician immediately.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:

Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. Measures against circulatory shock, respiratory depression and convulsion may be needed.

Keep from Freezing

•

(Name) (Address)

(Right Panel)

Directions for Use in Swimming Pools

Initial Application (original filling): One gallon (Name) to each 50,000 gallons of water or ratio thereof. Continued Application: One quart (Name) in 50,000 gallons of water every 3-5 days or as needed to maintain 2 ppm active. Quaternary Test Kits are available for this use. Booster Application: One quart (Name) in 50,000 gallons after a heavy or prolonged rainfall or when there is a heavy bathing load.

Directions for Use in Water Cooling Systems

Initial Application: 26 to 52 fluid ounces (20 to 40 ppm on an active quaternary basis) per 1000 gallons of contained water.

Subsequent Application: 7 to 20 fluid ounces (5 to 15 ppm on an active quaternary basis) per 1000 gallons of contained water.

THE ABOVE DIRECTIONS ARE TO BE FOLLOWED TWICE WEEKLY OR AS NEEDED.

If algae growth is noticeable, clean system. When heavy algae growth is present, system will have to be cleaned manually.



Net Contents

ALGAECIDE

THE ABOVE DIRECTIONS SHOULD BE FOLLOWED EVEN WHEN THE POOL IS NOT IN USE.

ALGAECTDE (Numer) (Sample Label) (Laft Panel) Reonomical Lo: 🛎 Efficient, for a 10% product Maquat MC-1412 'Stable (Name) is compatible with all subming pool chemicals and is non-injurious to metal, paint, plastic, and tile. (Name), when used as directed, will improve the appearance and cleanliness of the pool or water cooling systems. Mame) prevents unsightly growths of algae. (Name) may be stored for prolone d periods of time without losing its effectiveness or strength. 1. 12 (Name) requires no special equip end for treating water. May be added directly to the pool ې د د. تورينون in any spot or added to the water-circulation equipment. ACCEPTED ALGAECIDE (Center Panel) APR 24 1972 (name of Product) R THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE UN: ** E.P.A. Reg. No. The AND RODENTICIDE ACT FUL Concentrated Algaecide FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTER ED UNDER NO CHARTE SUBJECT TO ATTACHED COMMENTS. (Name) for Control of Algae and Algal Slike Growth in Symming Systems. 1. T. T. T. J. ive Ingredient: (Refer to Juge 3 of this Bulletin for) Inert Ingredient: (Ingredient Instructions and Options) DANGER (See table page 3) KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN (See table page 3) Causes severe eye and skin damage. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wear goggles or face shield and rubber gloves when handling. Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Avoid contamination of food. CAUTION (See table page 3) anThis product is toxic to fish. Do not discharge treated effluent into lakes, streams or monds. FIRST AID Win case of contact, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 inutes. For eyes, call a physician. Remove and wash concaminated clothing before reuse. wallowed, drink promptly a large quantity of milk, egg whites, gelatin solution or, if fatuese are not available, drink large quantities of varies. Avoid alcohol. Call a physician immediately. NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may convraindicate the use of jastric lavage. Measures against circulatory shock, respiratory oppression and convulsion may be needed. Ŋ. NET CONTENTS KEEP FROM FREEZING ALGAECIDE (REGit Panel) 4.4. P Direc ions for Use in Swimming Pools algae growth is observed and 1 gall a (NAME) algacette for 20,000 gallons of water, to will and control the algae most commonly found in own sing puols. When existing growth is dead and algae have withered, clean the pool, draining and refilling if necessary. Then add 1 gallon (Hame) alguecide per 50,000 gallons of water. in Tf algae growth is absent, use i gallon of (Hama) algaecide for pach 50,000 gallohu of water. Add 1 (allow of (Name) algoesid every 5 - 7 days, or us meeded to Maintain 2-5 pro. Cee "Facryle: manual for test kit. THE ABOVE DIRECTIONS SHOULD BE FOLLOWED EVEN WHEN THE POOL IS NOT IN USE. (9)

Directions for Use in Water Cooling Systems Initial Application: 26 to 52 found owneds (20 to 40 ppm on an active quaternary basis)

ب الموادعات

Subsequent Application: 7 to 2) fluid ounces (5 to 15 ppm on an active quaternary basis) per 1000 gallons of contained water.

THE ABOVE DIREC 'IONS ARE TO BE FOLLOWED TWICE WEEKLY OR AS NEEDED.

If algae growth is noticeable, :lean system. When heavy algae growth is present, system

HO.NOT.REUSE EMPTY CONTAINER, RINSE AND DESTROY

ACCEPTED

UNDER THE FEDERAL INSECTICIDE FUNGICIDE AND RODENTICIDE ACT FOR ECONOMIC POISON REGISTER-ED UNDER NO. 9324-8. SUBJECT TO ATTACHED COMMENTS.

Barada Baratan	A SALE AND A SALE OF THE ADDRESS OF
·波 电扫描 / 书名: 1-2 - 2 - 3	The set of the set we wanted
	the survey of the second states and
	The states and so the second second
and the state of t	and a state of the second s
	n av
	In the second s second second sec
the state of the s	
to and contract to a set	
	A
	al di serie di serie Nota serie di
	¥
11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	z .
	and a set of the set
「罰」」「「日本」「「文法」」	the second at a second
	ふし のた 選び 二字 一方 …
📌 Contraction of the	
·••• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

() 译: 韩

(9)