SHAKE WELL BEFORE USING

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

Due to Toxicity to Fish and Aquatic Organisms

For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators, or persons under their direct supervision, and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.

ZENECA Ag Products



ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Lambda-cyhalothrin $(1\alpha(S^*),3\alpha(Z)]$ -(±)-cyano-(3-phenoxyphenyl)methyl-3-(2-chloro-3,3,3-trifluoro-1-propenyi)-2,2-WARRIOR® T Insecticide contains 1 pound of active ingredient per gallon and is a capsule suspension.

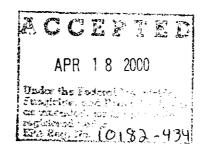
EPA Reg. No. 10182-434

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING-AVISO

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

See inside for Statement of Practical Treatment and Precautionary Statements

COMPLETE DIRECTIONS FOR USE



CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

NOTICE: Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product should be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of ZENECA or Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold ZENECA and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

ZENECA warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the Directions for Use, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal use conditions. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller or ZENECA, and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. ZENECA MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

In no event shall ZENECA or Seller be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF ZENECA AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WAR-RANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERMISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF ZENECA OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

ZENECA and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing conditions of sale and limitations of warranty and of liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by a duly authorized representative of ZENECA.

AMBUSH*, WARRIOR*, E-Z HANDLER*, and ZEON™ are trademarks of a ZENECA company. Ammo*, Capture*, Fury™, Mustang* and Pounce* are trademarks of FMC Corporation. Asana* is a trademark of E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. (Inc.). Baythroid* is a trademark of Mobay Corporation. Danitof* is a trademark of Sumitomo Chemical Co., LTD. DECIS* and SCOUT-XTRA* are registered trademarks of Hoechst Schering AgrEvo S.A.de C.V. SynerGin™ is a trademark of AgrEvo USA Company.

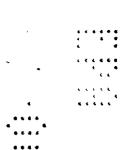
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Alfalfa, Alfalfa grown for seed	8
Cole Craps	0
Corn: Field Corn, Popcorn, Seed Corn	1
Sweet Com	2
Cotton	3
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Onion (Bulb) and Garlic	5
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Rice 1	6
Sorghum (Grain)	8
Soybeán	9
Sunflower	0
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STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF SWALLOWED: Call a physician or Poison Control Center. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching back of throat with finger. If person is unconscious, do not give anything by mouth and do not induce vomiting.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

IF IN EYES: Hold eyelids open and flush with steady, gentle stream of water. Remove any contact lenses and repeat flushing procedure for several minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY MEDICAL ASSISTANCE, CALL 1-800-F-A-S-T-M-E-D (327-8633).
FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY: Spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident call CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

WARNING

MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED. HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. CAUSES MODERATE EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTIONS. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking or using tobacco.

Skin exposure may also result in a sensation described as a tingling, itching, burning, or prickly feeting. Onset may occur immediately to 4 hours after exposure and may last 2 to 30 hours, without damage. Wash exposed areas once with soap and water. Relief from the skin sensation may be obtained by applying an oil-based cream.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category F on an EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber or viton ≥ 14 mils
- Shaes plus socks
- Protective eyewear

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them, Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

User Safety Recommendations

Users should:

- . Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- *Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish and aquatic organisms and toxic to wildlife. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds if bees are visiting the treatment area.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE Restricted Use Pesticide

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

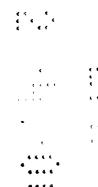
Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is:

- Coveralls
- Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber or viton ≥ 14 mils
- · Shoes plus socks

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STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROHIBITIONS: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

STORAGE: Store in original containers only. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food or feed. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with sand, earth, or synthetic absorbent. Remove to chemical waste area. DO NOT ALLOW PRODUCT TO FREEZE.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste Representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent): then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary lendfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

FOR BULK, MINI-BULK, EZ HANDLER® AND BOOMERANG CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Return container to ZENECA for reuse with seal intact and in salable condition.

CONTAINER PRECAUTIONS: Before refilling RETURNABLE CONTAINERS, inspect thoroughly for damage such as cracks, punctures, bulges, dents, abrasions, and damaged or worn threads on closure devices.

REFILL ONLY WITH WARRIOR® T Insecticide. The contents of RETURNABLE CONTAINERS cannot be completely removed by cleaning. Refilling with materials other than WARRIOR T Insecticide will result in contamination and may weaken container.

After filling and before transporting, check for leaks.

Do not retill or transport damaged or leaking container.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!

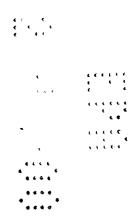
GENERAL DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Initial and residual control are contingent upon thorough crop coverage. Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by air or 10 gallons per acre by ground unless otherwise specified in this label. When foliage is dense or pest pressure is high (heavier insect or egg pressure, larger larval stages), use of higher application volumes and/or higher use rates may improve initial and residual control.

For cutworm control, WARRIOR* T Insecticide may be applied before, during or after planting. For soil incorporated applications, use higher rates for improved control.

Resistance: Some insects are known to develop resistance to products used repeatedly for control. Because the development of resistance cannot be predicted, the use of this product should conform to resistance management strategies established for the use area. Consult your local or state agricultural authorities for details.

If resistance to this product develops in your area, this product, or other products with a similar mode of action, may not provide adequate control. If poor performance cannot be attributed to improper application or extreme weather conditions, a resistant stan of insect may be present. If you experience difficulty with control and resistance is a reasonable cause, immediately consult your local company representative or agricultural advisor for the best alternative method of control for your



SPRAY DRIFT PRECAUTIONS

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS WHEN SPRAYING IN THE VICINITY OF AQUATIC AREAS SUCH AS LAKES; RESERVOIRS; REVERS; PERMANENT STREAMS, MARSHES OR NATURAL PONDS; ESTUARIES AND COMMERCIAL FISH FARM PONDS.

- Do not apply by ground within 25 feet, or by air within 150 feet of lakes; reservoirs; rivers; permanent streams, marshes, pot
 holes, or natural ponds; estuaries and commercial fish farm ponds. Increase the buffer zone to 450 feet when ultra-low volume (ULV) application is made.
- All aerial and ground application equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated using appropriate carriers.
- For aerial applications, the spray boom should be mounted on the aircraft so as to minimize drift caused by wing tip vortices. The minimum practical boom length should be used and must not exceed 75% of wing span or rotor diameter.
- Use the largest droplet size consistent with good pest control. Formation of very small droplets may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible, and by avoiding excessive spray boom pressure.
- Spray should be released at the lowest height consistent with pest control and flight safety. Applications more than 10 feet above the crop canopy should be avoided.
- Make aerial or ground applications when the wind velocity favors on-target product deposition (approximately 3 to 10 mph).
 Do not apply when wind velocity exceeds 15 mph. Avoid applications when wind gusts approach 15 mph.
- · Risk of exposure to aquatic areas can be reduced by avoiding applications when wind direction is toward the aquatic area.
- Do not cultivate within 10 feet of the aquatic area so as to allow growth of a vegetative filter strip. •
- Low humidity and high temperatures increase the evaporation rate of spray droplets and therefore the likelihood of increased spray drift to aquatic areas. Avoid spraying during conditions of low humidity and/or high temperature.
- Do not make aerial or ground applications during temperature inversions. Inversions are characterized by stable air and
 increasing temperatures with height above the ground. Mist or fog may indicate the presence of an inversion in humid
 areas. The applicator may detect the presence of an inversion by producing smoke and observing a smoke layer near the
 ground surface.

In the State of New York, a 25 foot vegetated, non-cropped buffer strip untraversed by drainage tiles must be maintained between a treated field and a coastal salt marsh or stream that drains into a coastal salt marsh, for both aerial or ground application. For aerial applications, the 25 foot vegetated non-cropped buffer strip for runoff protection would be part of the larger 150 foot buffer strip (or 450 foot buffer strip for ULV application) required for spray drift.

TANKMIX APPLICATION

When tank mixing with any other agricultural products, always add WARRIOR T Insecticide last. Fill the tank with one half to two thirds volume of the mixing diluent. Make sure all other products are fully dispersed in the mixing diluent before adding the recommended rate of WARRIOR T Insecticide to the tank. Add the remainder of the mixing diluent volume. It is recommended that mixing and spray equipment have continuous agitation for best results. Follow the precautions and limitations of the most restricted product in the tank mixture.

While WARRIOR T Insecticide has good flexibility for tank mixing with other agricultural products, a jar test for physical compatibility is recommended for untried mixtures using proper ratios and mixing sequences of all ingredients to be included in the mixture



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Warrior T Insecticide is an aqueous based formulation. It is recommended that no type of non-emulsifiable oils be used in combination with Warrior T Insecticide. If adjuvants are used, use only:

Nonionic Surfactant (NIS) containing at least 75% surface agent or

Non-phytotoxic Crop 0il Concentrate (COC), including once refined Vegetable 0il Concentrate (VOC), or Methylated Sunflower 0ils (MS0) containing a minimum of 17% emulsifier.

Adjuvants other than NIS or COC may be used providing the product meets the following criteria:

- 1. Contains only EPA exempt ingredients.
- 2. Is non-phytotoxic to the target crop.
- 3. Is compatible in mixture. (May be established through a jar test.)
- Is supported locally for use with Warrior T Insecticide on the target crop through proven field trials and through university and extension recommendations.

In addition, the following may be used as diluents:

Crop Oil Concentrate

Methylated Sunflower Oils

Urea-Ammonium Nitrate

It is recommended that the following not be used in combination with Warrior T Insecticide as diluents or adjuvants:

Non-emulsifiable oils

Diesel Fuel

Straight Mineral Oil

CHEMIGATION

SPRINKLER IRRIGATION APPLICATION

Apply WARRIOR T Insecticide at rates and timing described elsewhere in this label. As local recommendations differ, consult your local State Extension Service or other local experts for recommendations on adjuvant or diluent types, (see TANKMIX APPLICATION) rates and mixing instructions. These recommendations should be proven, through university and extension field trials, to be effective with WARRIOR T Insecticide applied by chemigation.

Check the irrigation system to insure uniform application of water to all areas. Thorough coverage of foliage is required for good control. Good agitation in the pesticide supply tank should be maintained prior to and during the entire application period.

Apply by injecting the recommended rate of WARRIOR T Insecticide into the irrigation system using a metering device that will introduce a constant flow and by distributing the product to the target area in 0.1-0.2 acre-inch of water In general, use the least amount of water required for proper distribution and coverage. It is recommended that the product be injected into the main irrigation line ahead of a right angle turn in the line to insure adequate dispersion or mixing in the irrigation water. Once the application is completed, flush the entire irrigation and injection system with clean water before stopping the system.

In addition to the above recommendations, if application is being made during a normal irrigation set of a stationary sprinkler, the recommended rate of WARRIOR T Insecticide for the area covered should be injected into the system only during the end of the irrigation set for sufficient time to provide adequate coverage and product distribution.

It is not recommended that WARRIOR T insecticide be applied through an irrigation system connected to a public water system. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption if such system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the year.



USE PRECAUTIONS - SPRINKLER IRRIGATION APPLICATION

- A. Apply this product only through (sprinkler including center pivot, lateral move, end tow, side [wheel] roll, traveler, big gun, solid set, or hand move) irrigation system(s). Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.
- B. Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.
- C. If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.
- D. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- E. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation, or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- F. The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water-source contamination from backflow.
- G. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- H. The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid- operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.
- The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.
- J. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- K. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.
- L. Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.
- M. Do not apply through chemigation systems connected to public water systems.

Apply WARRIOR T Insecticide as shown in the following charts:

SPRAY RECOMMENDATIONS

Crop	Target Pests	Ra Ibai/A	floz/A	Remarks
Alfalfa, Alfalfa grown for seed	Alfalfa Caterpillar Cutworm Spp. Green Cloverworm Looper Spp. Velvetbean Caterpillar Webworm Spp. Leafhopper Spp. Threecornered Alfalfa Hopper	0.015-0.025	1.92-320	*Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds. *Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by air or 10 gallons per acre by ground. When foliage is dense and/or pest populations are high 5-10 gallons per acre by air or 20 gallons per acre by ground and higher use rates are recommended. Use higher rates for increased residual control.
	Armyworm Corn Earworm Fall Armyworm Western Yellow-striped Armyworm Yellow-striped Armyworm Alfalfa Weevil Bean Leaf Beetle (Adult) Blister Beetle Spp. Clover Leaf Weevil Spp. Clover Root Borer (Adult) Clover Root Curculio Spp. (Adult) Clover Stem Borer (Adult) Cowpea Curculio (Adult) Cowpea Weevil (Adult) Cucumber Beetle Spp. (Adult) Egyptian Alfalfa Weevil Grape Colaspis (Adult) Green June Beetle (Adult)	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	Avoid application when bees are actively foraging by applying during the early morning or during the evening hours. Be aware of bee hazard resulting from a cool evening and/or morning dew. It may be advisable to remove bee shelters during and for 2-3 days following application. Avoid direct application to bee shelters. •Do not apply more than 0.03 lb ai (0.24 pints) per acre per cutting. Do not apply more than 0.12 lb ai (0.96 pints) per acre per season. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest for forage or within 7 days of harvest for hay. •For control of first and second instar only. •Suppression only. *See resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

		Re	te	
Crop	Target Pests	lb ai/A	fl oz/A	Remarks
Alfalfa, Alfalfa grown for seed (continued)	Japanese Beetle (Adult) Mexican Bean Beetle Pea Weevil (Adult) Sweet Clover Weevil (Adult) Whitefringed Beetle Spp. (Adult) Meadow Spittlebug Plant Bug Spp. Including Lygus Spp. ³ Stink Bug Spp. Alfalfa Seed Chalcid (Adult) Blue Alfalfa Aphid Cowpea Aphid Green Peach Aphid ³ Pea Aphid Spotted Alfalfa Aphid Thrips Spp. Grasshopper Spp. Beet Armyworm ^{1,3} Blotch Leafminer ³ Spider Mites ²	0.03	3.84	Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds. Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. Apply in a minimum of 2 gallons per acre by air or 10 gallons per acre by ground. When foliage is dense and/or pest populations are high 5-10 gallons per acre by air or 20 gallons per acre by ground and higher use rates are recommended. Use higher rates for increased residual control. Avoid application when bees are actively foraging by applying during the early morning or during the evening hours. Be aware of bee hazard resulting from a cool evening and/or morning dew. It may be advisable to remove bee shelters during and for 2-3 days following application. Avoid direct application to bee shelters. Do not apply more than 0.03 thai (0.24 pints) per acre per cutting. Do not apply more than 0.12 lb ai (0.95 pints) per acre per season. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest for forage or within 7 days of harvest for hay. For control of first and second instar only. See resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

		Ra	te	
Стор	Target Pests	lb ai/A	fi oz/A	Remarks
Broccoli Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cavalo Broccoli, Cauliflower, Chinese Broccoli (gai lon), Chinese Cabbage (napa), Chinese Mustard Cabbage (gai choy), Kohirabi	Alfalfa Looper Cabbage Looper Imported Cabbageworm Southern Cabbageworm Cutworm Spp. Cabbage Webworm Diamondback Moth ³ Armyworm Beet Armyworm ^{1,2} Falf Armyworm ^{1,2} Yellow-striped Armyworm Com Earworm Flea Beetle Spp. Japanese Beetle (Adult) Vegetable Weevil (Adult) Grasshopper Spp. Plant Bug Spp. including Lygus Spp. ³ Stink Bug Spp. including Lygus Spp. ^{2,3} Whitefly Spp. ^{2,3} Whitefly Spp. ^{2,3} Thrips Spp. ² Spider Mite Spp. ²	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20 2.56-3.84	Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds. Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre. Do not apply within 1 day of harvest. Do not apply more than 0.24 lb ai (1.92 pints) per acre per season. For control of first and second instar only. Suppression only. See resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

		Re	te	
Crop	Target Pests	lb ai/A	fl oz/A	Remarks
Corn Field Corn Popcorn Seed Corn	Cutworm Spp Western Bean Cutworm! Corn Earworm! Green Cloverworm Meadow Spittlebug Tobacco Budworm!*	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20 2.56-3.84	Apply as required by scouting, or locally prescribed corn growth stages, usually at intervals of 7 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds or other locally recommended methods. Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficients.
	European Com Borer Southwestern Corn Borer			water and application methods to obtain full cover age of target location. When applying by air, appl in a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre.
	Stalk Borer ¹ Hop Vine Borer ¹ Armyworm ² Fall Armyworm ² Yellow-striped Armyworm ² Webworm Spp.			*For chinch bug control, begin applications wher bugs migrate from small grains or grass weeds to small corn. Direct spray to the base of corn plants Repeat applications at 3- to 5-day intervals if need ed. WARRIOR T Insecticide may only suppress heavy infestations and/or subsequent migrations.
1	Flea Beetle Spp. Western Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult) Northern Corn Rootworm			•For control of adult com rootworm beetle (Diabrotica species) as part of an aerial applied corn rootworm control program use a minimum of 3.84 fl oz/A (0.03 lb ai/A).
	Beetle (Adult) Southern Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult) Mexican Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult) Bean Leaf Beetle			Do not apply within 21 days of harvest. To not apply more than 0.12 lb ai (0.96 pints) pe acre per season. Do not apply more than 0.06 lb a (0.48 pints) after silk initiation. Do not apply mor than 0.03 lb ai (0.24 pints) after corn has reached the milk stage (yellow kernels with milky fluid).
-	Cereal Leaf Beetle Japanese Beetle (Adult) Sap Beetle (Adult) Stink Bug Spp. Grasshopper Spp. Corn Leaf Aphid			For control before the larva bores into the plan stalk or ear. For control of first and second instar only. Suppression only. See resistance statement under General Direction
	Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid ^a English Grain Aphid ^a		201	for Use.
	Beet Armyworm ²⁴ Chinch Bug Green Bug ²⁴	0.03	3.84	

		Ra	ite	
Сгор_	Target Pests	Ib ai/A	fl oz/A	Remarks
Sweet Con	Corn Earworm Fall Armyworm' Southern Armyworm' Beet Armyworm' Beet Armyworm' Cutworm Spp. Western Bean Cutworm Webworm Spp. European Corn Borer Southwestern Corn Borer Common Cornstaik Borer Western Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult) Northern Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult) Southern Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult) Mexican Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult) Japanese Beetle (Adult) Sap Beetle Spp. Tarnished Plant Bug Stink Bug Spp. Chinch Bug Aster Leafhopper Grasshopper Spp. Aphid Spp. ²³ Spider Mite Spp. ²	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	Apply as required by scouting, or locally prescriber corn growth stages, usually at intervals of 4 or mordays. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locall determined economic thresholds or other locall recommended methods and should be targeted to control before insects enter the stalk or ear. Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full cover age of foliage and ears (if present). When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of water peacre. For control of adult corn rootworm beetle (Diabrotica species) as part of an aerial applies corn rootworm control program use a minimum of 3.2 ft oz/A (0.025 lb ai/A). Do not apply within 1 day of harvest. Do not apply more than 0.48 lb ai (3.84 pints) peacre per season. For control of first and second instar only. Suppression only. See resistance statement under General Direction for Use.
	Corn Silkfly (Adult)2	0.03	3.84	1

	1	Re	te	
Crop	Target Pests	lb ai/A	fl oz/A	Remarks
Cotton	Cutworm Spp. Tobacco Thrips Soybean Thrips	0.015-0.02	1.92-2.56	Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 to 7 days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching.
	Lygus Bug Spp. ³ Pink Bollworm Cabbage Looper Cotton Leafperforator Saltmarsh Caterpillar Cotton Leafworm Cotton Fleahopper	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	locally determined economic thresholds. •Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. •Applications may also be made with equipment adapted and calibrated for ULV sprays. WARRIOR T Insecticide may be mixed with once-refined vegetable oil and applied in a minimum of at least one quart of finished spray per acre.
-	Cotton Bollworm Tobacco Budworm ³ Boll Weevil Fall Armyworm Beet Armyworm ³ European Corn Borer Brown Stink Bug Green Stink Bug Southern Green Stink Bug Twospotted Spider Mite ² Cotton Aphid ²³ Bancedwing Whitefly ²³ Sweetpotato Whitefly ²³	0.025-0.04	3.20-5.12	 *Under light bollworm/budworm infestation levels, 0.02 lb ai/A may be applied in conjunction with intense field monitoring. *For boll weevil control spray on a 3 to 5 day schedule. *When applied according to label directions for control of cotton bollworm and tobacco budworm, WARRIOR T Insecticide also provides ovicidal control of unhatched <i>Heliothis</i> spp. eggs. *Do not apply within 21 days of harvest. *Do not apply more than 1.6 pints (0.2 lb ai) per acre per season. *Do not make more than a total of 10 synthetic pyrethroid applications (of one product or combination of products) to a cotton crop in one growing season. Synthetic pyrethroid products include AMBUSH* insecticide, Ammo® insecticide, Asana® XL insecticide, Baythroid® emulsihable pyrethroid insecticide. Capture® insecticide/miticide, Danito® 2.4 EC Spray insecticide/miticide, Danito® 2.4 EC Spray insecticide, KARATE® insecticide, Mustang® insecticide. Pounce® Scout X-TRA® insecticide. *For control of first and second instar only. *Suppression only. *See resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

		Ra	te	
Crop	Target Pests	lb ai/A	fl oz/A	Remarks
Lettuce (Head and Leaf)	Alfalfa Looper Cabbage Looper Imported Cabbageworm Cutworm Spp. Saltmarsh Caterpillar Green Cloverworm	of 5 or more days. Timing and tions should be based upour reaching locally determined "Apply with ground or air equivater to obtain full covere applying by air, apply in a me	 Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds. Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre. 	
	Diamondback Moths Armyworm Beet Armyworm Tell Armyworm Southern Armyworm Corn Earworm Tobacco Budworms European Corn Borer Flea Beetle Spp. Japanese Beetle (Adult) Vegetable Weevit (Adult) Grasshopper Spp. Leafhopper Spp. Leafhopper Spp. Leafhopper Spp. Theild Spp. Spp. Meadow Sptt:Lebug Aphid Spp. Spider Mite Spp. Spider Mite Spp. Spider Mite Spp. Spider Mite Spp.	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	••Do not apply within 1 day of harvest. •Do not apply more than 0.3 lb ai (2.4 pints) per acre per season. •For control of first and second instar only. •Suppression only. •See resistance statement under General Directions for Use.

		Ra	te	
Crop	Target Pests	lb ai/A	fl oz/A	Remarks
Onion (Bulb) and Garlic	Cutworm Spp. Seedcorn Maggot (Adult) Onion Maggot (Adult) Leafminer Spp. (Adult)	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20	Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reach locally determined economic thresholds. Use the higher label rates as thrips populate.
	Armyworm Spp. ¹ Onion Thrips Tobacco Thrips Western Flower Thrips ² Aphid Spp. ² Plant Bug Spp. Stink Bug Spp.	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	increases and avoid rescue situations. Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficie water and application methods to obtain full cowage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minum of 2 gallons of water per acre. For thrips control by aerial application, the addition 1% COC v/v, 1/4% NIS v/v or a siticone adjuvant (how manufacturers use directions) may enhance to deposition of the spray and increase plant coverage. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 0.24 lb ai (1.92 pmts) per acre per seasor. For control of the first and second instar only. Suppression only. See resistance statement under General Directio for Use.
Peanut	Cutworm Spp. Green Cloverworm Velvetbean Caterpillar Red-necked Peanut Worm Potato Leafhopper	0.015-0.025	1,92-3.20	Apply as required by scouting, usually at interve of 7 or more days. Irming and frequency of applicitions should be based upon insect population reaching locally determined economic thresholds. Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficients.
2:	Corn Earworm Fall Armyworm' Bean Leaf Beetle Southern Corn Rootworm (Adult) Vegetable Weevil Whitefringed Beetle (Adult) Stink Bug Spp. Tobacco Thrips Grasshopper Spp.	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	water to obtain full coverage of foliage. What applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gallons water per acre. •Do not apply within 14 days of harvest. •Do not apply more than 0.12 lb ai (0.96 pints) pace per season. •Do not graze livestock in treated areas. Do not utreated vines or hay for animal feed. ¹For control of the first and second instar only. ?Suppression only.
	Beet Armyworm ^{1,3} Soybean Looper ^{2,3} Lesser Cornstalk Borer ² Spider Mite Spp. ² Aphid Sop. ²	0.03	3.84	3See resistance statement under General Direction Use.

		Rate		
Crop	Target Pests	lb ai/A	fl oz/A	Romarks
Rice	True Armyworm Fall Armyworm Yellow-striped Armyworm Rice Water Weevil (Adult) Rice Stink Bug Chinch Bug Grasshopper Spp. Leafhopper Spp. Oat Birdcherry Aphid Green Bug	0.025-0.04	3.20-5.10	 Apply as required by scouting. Timing and frequency of application should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds. Determine the need for repeat applications, usually a intervals of 5-7 days, by scouting. WARRIDR T Insecticide can be safely used when propant products are being used for weed control. Apply by air or by ground equipment using sufficient wate to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air apply in a minimum of 5 gallons of water per acre. For control of rice water weevil in dry seeded rice, make a toliar application as indicated by scouting for the presence of adults and/or feeding scars, usually within a time-fram of 0-5 days after permanent flood establishment. Do no exceed 10 days from starting permanent flood until insecticide application unless scouting indicates weevil have not been previously present. Adults may also be treated at later stages of rice development to reduce overwintering populations. For control of rice water weevil in water seeded rice, make the first foliar application after pinpoint flood as indicated by scouting for the presence of adults and/or feeding scars usually when rice has emerged 0.5 inch above the waterline. Under conditions of prolonged migration into the field, start field scouting for rice water weevil adults and/or feeding scars 3-5 days after the initial treatment and, in needed, apply a second application within 7-10 days of the first application. Adults may also be treated at later stages of rice development to reduce overwintering populations. California: In addition to above directions for control of rice water weevil in water seeded rice, WARRIOR T may applied at the 1-3 leaf growth stage, with the majority at the 2 leaf growth stage, with the majority at the leaf prior to entering the soil. Monitor for adults, based upon field history and density of population. Monitor field edges and levee areas for adults. Treat in the fo

Crop .	Target Pests	Ra 1b ai/A	nte fi oz/A	Remarks
Rice (continued)	True Armyworm Fall Armyworm Yellow-striped Armyworm Rice Water Weevil (Adult) Rice Stink Bug Chinch Bug Grasshopper Spp. Leafhopper Spp. Oat Birdcherry Aphid Green Bug	0.025-0.04	3.20-5.10	Green bug is known to have many biotypes. WARRIOR Theseticide may only provide suppression. If satisfactor, control is not achieved with the first application of WARRIOF. Insecticide, a resistant biotype may be present. Use atternate chemistry for control. Do not release flood water within 7 days of an application. On ont apply more than 0.12 bb ai (0.96 pints) per acre perseason. Do not apply more than 0.08 bb ai (0.64 pints) per acre within 28 days of harvest or more than 0.04 bb ai (0.32 pints) per acre within 21 days of harvest. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest. To not use treated rice fields for the aquaculture of edible fish and crustacea.

		Ra	te		
Crop	Target Pests	lb ai/A	fl oz/A	Remarks	
Sorghum (Grain)	Cutworm Spp. Sorghum Midge	0.015-0.02	1.92-2.56	•Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applica-	
	Armyworm Beet Armyworm Fall Armyworm Yellow-striped Armyworm Corn Earworm Webworm Spp. European Corn Borer Southwestern Corn Borer Lesser Cornstalk Borer Flea Beetle Spp. Stink Bug Spp. Grasshopper Spp. Chinch Bug	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	tions should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds.	
				 Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full cover- age of target location. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre. 	
		European Com Borer ² Southwestern Corn Borer ²	-		•For sorghum midge control, begin applications when 25% of the sorghum heads have emerged and are in tip bloom. Repeat applications at 5-day intervals if needed.
		0.03	3.84	•For chinch bug control, begin applications when bugs migrate from small grains or grass weeds to small sorghum. Direct spray to the base of sorghum plants. Repeat applications at 3- to 5-day intervals if needed. WARRIOR T Insecticide may only suppress	
				heavy infestations and/or subsequent migrations. •Do not apply within 30 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 0.08 ib ai (0.64 pints) per acre per season. Do not apply more than 0.06 ib ai (0.48 pints) per acre per season after crop emergence. Do not apply more than 0.02 ib ai (0.16 pints) per acre per season once crop is in soft dough stage.	
				•Do not graze livestock in treated areas or harvest for fodder, silage or hay.	
				For control of the first and second instars only. For control before the larva bores into the plant stalk.	
			1	³ See resistance statement under General Directions for Use.	

Rate					
Crop	Target Pests	lb si/A	fl oz/A	Remarks	
Saybean	Corn Earworm Velvethean Caterpillar Green Cloverworm Cabbage Looper Painted Lady (Thistle) Caterpillar Saltmarsh Caterpillar Woollybear Caterpillar Cutworm Spp. Bean Leaf Beetle Mexican Bean Beetle Western Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult) Northern Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult) Southern Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult) Mexican Corn Rootworm Beetle (Adult) Three-Cornered Alfalfa Happer Potato Leafhopper Thrips Spp.	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20	Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect population reaching locally determined economic thresholds. Do not graze or harvest treated soybean forage straw or hay for livestock feed. Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. Whe applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre. For control of adult corn rootworm beetle (Diabrotica species) as part of an aerial application corn rootworm control program use a minimum of 2.56 ff oz/A (0.02 lb ai/A). To not apply within 45 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 0.06 lb ai (0.48 pints) per acre per season for control of the first and second instar only. Suppression only. See resistance statement under General Direction for Use.	
	Armyworm¹ Fall Armyworm¹ Yeliow-striped Armyworm³ Tobacco Budworm³ Webworm Spp. European Corn Borer Silverspotted Skipper Japanese Beetle (Adult) Bilster Beetle Spp. Stink Bug Spp. Plant Bug Spp. Grasshopper Spp. Beet Armyworm¹³ Soybean Looper²³ Lesser Cornstalk Borer² Spider Mite Spp.²	0.025-0.03	3.20-3.84		

Crop	Target Pests	Ra Ib oi/A	te fl oz/A	Remarks
Sunflower		0.015-0.025 0.02-0.03	1.92-3.20 2.56-3.84	*Apply as required by scouling, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds. *Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of sunflower heads and/or foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre. *Do not apply within 45 days of harvest. *Do not apply more than 0.12 lb ai (0.96 pints) per acre per season. Do not apply more than 0.09 lb ai (0.72 pints) per acre per season after bloom initiation. Do not apply as an ultra-low volume (ULV) spray. *For control of first and second instar only. *Suppression only. *See resistance statement undef General Directions for Use.
i	Beet Armyworm ^{1,3} Spider Mite Spp. ²	0.03	3.84	

	Target Pests	Rate		i	
Crop		lb ai/A	fl oz/A	Remarks	
Crop Tomato and Tomatillo	Cabbage Looper Cutworm Spp Hornworm Spp. Tomato Fruitworm Tobacco Budworm ² Tomato Pinworm Beet Armyworm ¹³ Southern Armyworm ¹ Yellow-striped Armyworm ¹ Fall Armyworm European Com Borer Leafminer Spp. ² Coloraco Potato Beetle ³ Flea Beetle Spp.	0.015-0.025 1.92-3.20 0.02-0.03 2.56-3.84 0.02-0.03 0.02-0.02-0.03 0.02-0.03 0.02-0.03 0.02-0.03 0.02-0.03 0.02-0.03 0.02-0.02-0.03 0.02-0.02-0.03 0.02-0.03 0.02-0.02-0.03 0.02-0.03 0.02-0.03 0.02-0.03 0.02-0.03 0.02-0.03 0.02-0.03 0.02-0.03 0.02-0.03 0.02-0.03 0.02-0.02-0.02-0.02-0.02-0.02-0.02-0.02	fl oz/A 1.92-3.20 2.56-3.84	*Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds. *Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre. *Do not apply within 5 days of harvest. *Do not apply more than 0.36 lb ai (2.88 pints) per acre per season. *Do not use on varieties in which the mature tomatoes will be less than one inch in diameter (such as cherry tomatoes). *For control of first and second instar only. *Suppression only.	
	Grasshopper Spp. Leathopper Spp. Aphid Spp. ²³ Whitely Spp. ²³ Weadow Spittlebug Stink Bug Spp. Plant Bug Spp.			See resistance statement under General Direct for Use.	

	Target Pests	Rate		Remarks	
Crop		lbai/A floz/A			
Wheat, Wheat Hay, and Triticale	Cutworm Spp. Army Cutworm	0.015-0.025	1.92-3.20	 Apply as required by scouting, usually at intervals of 5 or more days. Timing and frequency of applications 	
	Armyworm Fall Armyworm Yellow-striped Armyworm Flea Beetle Spp. Cerea! Leaf Beetle Stink Bug Spp. English Grain Aphid¹ Riussian Wheat Aphid¹ Bird Cherry-Oat Aphid¹ Grasshopper Spp.	0.02-0.03	2.56-3.84	should be based upon insect populations reaching locally determined economic thresholds. *Apply with ground or air equipment using sufficient water and application methods to obtain full coverage of foliage. When applying by air, apply in a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre. *For chinch bug control, repeat applications at 3- to 5-day intervals if needed. WARRIOR T Insecticide may only suppress heavy infestations and/or migrations. *Greenbug is known to have many biotypes. WARRIOR T Insecticide may provide suppression only. In this situation, a second application using an alternative chem-	
	Grass Sawfly	0.025-0.03	3.20-3.84	istry may be needed.	
	Chinch Bug Greenbug ¹²	0.03	3.84	Do not apply within 30 days of harvest. Do not apply more than 0.06 lb ai (0.48 pints) per acreper season.	
				Best control is obtained before insects begin to roll leaves, Once wheat has started to boot, WARRIOR T Insecticide may provide suppression only. Higher rates and increased coverage will be necessary. See resistance statement under General Directions for Use.	

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RATE CONVERSION CHART

LB AI PER ACRE	FL 02 PER ACRE	PINTS PER ACRE	TREATED ACRES PER GALLON
0.015	1.92	0.12	66
0.02	2.56	0.16	50
0.025	3.20	0.20	40
0.03	3.84	0.24	33
0.04	5.12	0.32	25

Notes

Active ingredient Made in UK; Fermulated & Peckaged in U.S.A.

ZENECA Ag Products

ZENECA Ag Products Inc. Wilmington, Delaware 19850-6458