

and soils high in organic matter. Application may be made over the celery. Apply before weeds are 2 inches tall.

Transplanted Celery

State	Soil	Broadcast rate per acre
Florida	sandy or muck	1.6-3.2 pts.
Hawaii	coarse-textured	3.2-4.8 pts.
	fine-textured	4.8-6.4 pts.
Michigan, Ohio	fine-textured or muck	2-4 pts.
Wisconsin	fine-textured	3.2-4 pts.

Rotational Crops

The following crops may be sowed 5 months after applying no more than 4 pts. Carbow Prometryne 4L per acre on celery: cabbage, celery, corn, cotton, onions, peas, and red beets.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative of the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

NOTICE ON CONDITIONS OF SALE

Our recommendations for use of this product are based upon tests believed to be reliable. The use of this product being beyond the control of the manufacturer, no guarantee, expressed or implied, is made as to the effects of such or the results to be obtained if not used in accordance with directions or established safe practice. The buyer must assume all responsibility, including injury or damage, resulting from its misuse or such, or in combination with other materials.

12/91

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

APR 29 1993

Wayne Hillebrecht
Zeneca Ag Products
P.O. Box 751
Wilmington, DE 19897

Subject: Eptam 7-E Selective Herbicide
EPA Reg. No. 10182-220
RE: Approval of Label Amendment.
Your submission dated April 13, 1993.

Dear Mr. Hillebrecht:

The above mentioned amendment submitted in connection with registration under FIFRA is acceptable with the change noted on page 31 and with the following revisions:

1. "Storage and Disposal" on page 52 of the label should be moved closer to the Precautionary Statements section of the label under the block for "Directions for Use." It should be placed immediately before specific directions for use.
2. The Environmental Hazards statement should read "Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters." "Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark."

A stamp copy is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely,

Robert J. Taylor
Product Manager (25)
Fungicide-Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (H7505C)

CONCURRENCES							
SYMBOL	H7505C						
SURNAME	R. J. Taylor						
DATE	4-24-93						

EPTAM® 7-E
Selective Herbicide - Emulsifiable Liquid
Multiple Crop Herbicide for Grass and Weed Control

COMPLETE DIRECTIONS FOR USE

EPA Reg. No. 10182-220
EPA Est. No. 10182-NB-1

Made in U.S.A.
ICI Agricultural Products
ICI Americas Inc.
Wilmington, DE 19897

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
in EPA Letter Dated

APR 29 1993

Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under EPA Reg. No.

10182-220

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION.

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

S-ethyl dipropylthiocarbamate 87.8%

INERT INGREDIENTS: 12.2%

Total 100.0%

Contains 7 pounds active ingredient per gallon.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

FIRST AID

Immediately start the procedures given below. If further treatment is required, contact a Poison Control Center, a physician, or the nearest hospital.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately give several glasses of water but do not induce vomiting. If vomiting does occur, give fluids again. Have a physician determine if condition of patient will permit induction of vomiting or evacuation of stomach. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

IF IN EYES: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of running water for at least 15 minutes. Hold eyelids apart to ensure rinsing of the entire surface of the eye and lids with water. Get medical attention immediately.

IF ON SKIN: Flush all affected areas with plenty of water for several minutes. Remove and clean contaminated clothing and shoes. Seek medical attention if irritation occurs.

IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air. Seek medical attention if respiratory irritation occurs or if breathing becomes difficult.

FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY MEDICAL ASSISTANCE, CALL 1-800-F-A-S-T-M-E-D (327-8633).

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY: Spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident call CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300.

40456

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Avoid inhalation of spray mist. Wear rubber gloves and fresh clothing. Wear goggles to avoid contact with eyes. Wash with soap and water immediately after use or contact. Do not contaminate food or feed.

Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. When applied through sprinkler irrigation method of application, the area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not contaminate water to be used on susceptible crops and ornamentals or to be used for domestic purposes. This product is toxic to shrimp. Keep out of tidal marshes and estuaries. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

GENERAL USE PRECAUTIONS

Read all label directions before using.

EPTAM® 7-E selective herbicide should be used only for recommended purposes and recommended rates. **DO NOT OVERDOSE.**

EPTAM 7-E is recommended for use on mineral soils only (soils containing less than 10% organic matter).

Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store near seeds or fertilizers. Store out of reach of children, pets, and domestic animals.

Rinse spray equipment and empty container.

Apply this product only as specified on this label.

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR CROP USES

For incorporated applications, use equipment which has been proven to incorporate thoroughly to the recommended depth.

In irrigated areas, do not apply EPTAM 7-E prior to preirrigation.

Tank mixtures with fungicides, insecticides, or herbicides only as recommended.

When properly applied and weather conditions exist for normal plant growth through the season, EPTAM 7-E will not harm the treated crop nor should harmful soil residues remain beyond harvest. However, during germination and early growth, extended periods of unusually cold and wet or hot and dry weather, insect, nematode, or plant disease attack, carry-over soil residues of certain persistent herbicides, the use of certain soil applied

systemic insecticides, highly saline or alkaline soil conditions, improperly placed fertilizers or soil insecticides may create abnormal conditions that weaken crop seedlings. Also some of these abnormal conditions may weaken established crops: alfalfa, almonds, etc. EPTAM 7-E used under these abnormal conditions could result in crop injury.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR ORNAMENTAL USES

EPTAM 7-E must be thoroughly mixed into the soil for all ornamental uses.

EPTAM 7-E may cause injury to ornamentals under certain soil and climatic conditions or if directions are not followed.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

EPTAM 7-E will not control established weeds.

ANNUAL GRASSES:

Annual Bluegrass	<i>Poa annua</i>
Annual Ryegrass	
(Italian Ryegrass)	<i>Lolium multiflorum</i>
Barnyardgrass (Watergrass)	
Jungle rice)	<i>Echinochloa</i> spp.
Bermudagrass (Seedlings)	<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>
Crabgrass	<i>Digitaria</i> spp.
Giant Foxtail	<i>Setaria faberii</i>
Goosegrass	<i>Eleusine indica</i>
Green Foxtail	<i>Setaria viridis</i>
Johnsongrass (Seedlings)	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>
Lovegrass (Stinkgrass)	<i>Eragrostis ciliaris</i>
Panicum, Fall	<i>Panicum dichotomiflorum</i>
*Panicum, Texas	<i>Panicum texanum</i>
Rescuegrass	<i>Bromus willdenowii</i>
Sandbur, Field	<i>Cenchrus pauciflorus</i>
Shattercane	<i>Sorghum bicolor</i>
Signalgrass	<i>Brachiaria</i> spp.
Volunteer grains	
(Barley, Oats, Wheat)	
Wild Oats	<i>Avena fatua</i>
*Witchgrass	<i>Panicum capillare</i>
Yellow Foxtail	<i>Setaria glauca</i>

*May not be controlled at less than 3-1/2 pints of EPTAM 7-E per acre.

WEEDS CONTROLLED (Cont'd)

ANNUAL BROADLEAF WEEDS:

Tall Morningglory
Black Nightshade
Carpetweed
Chickweed, Common
Corn Spurry
Deadnettle (Henbit)
Fiddleneck
Florida Pusley
Hairy Nightshade
*Lambsquarters, Common
Nettleleaf Goosefoot
Purslane, Common
Prostrate Pigweed
*Prickly Sida
*Redroot Pigweed
(Common Pigweed)
Shepherd's-purse
*Sicklepod
Tumble Pigweed

Ipomoea purpurea
Solanum nigrum
Mollugo verticillata
Stellaria media
Spergula arvensis
Lamium amplexicaule
Amsinckia spp.
Richardia scabra
Solanum sarachoides
Chenopodium album
Chenopodium murale
Portulaca oleracea
Amaranthus blitoides
Sida spinosa

Amaranthus retroflexus
Capsella bursa-pastoris
Cassia obtusifolia
Amaranthus albus

The annual broadleaf weeds listed above will be controlled only if treatment is made when conditions are favorable for weed germination and growth. Broadleaf weeds may only be suppressed at less than 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre in heavier soils or under very cold soil conditions.

*May not be controlled at less than 3-1/2 pints of EPTAM 7-E per acre.

PERENNIAL WEEDS:

Bermudagrass
Purple Nutsedge*
Quackgrass
Yellow Nutsedge*
Mugwort (Chrysanthemumweed)**

Cynodon dactylon
Cyperus rotundus
Agropyron repens
Cyperus esculentus
Artemisia vulgaris

* May not be controlled at less than 3-1/2 pints of EPTAM 7-E per acre.

** Controlled by high EPTAM 7-E rates recommended for use on certain ornamentals only. See ornamental recommendations for specific uses.

Perennial weeds must be turned under and chopped up thoroughly prior to treatment. The underground rhizomes of quackgrass and the rhizomes and stolons of bermudagrass must be cut up thoroughly so that four or less nodes remain on a strand. For the suppression or control of quackgrass and bermudagrass the disc must be set to cut 6 inches deep. Use 4-1/2 to 7 pints EPTAM 7-E for quackgrass and 3-1/2 to 7 pints for bermudagrass. The EPTAM 7-E should be incorporated by disking or applied in the irrigation water after the rhizomes and stolons have been cut up. Consult recommendations for crops on which these higher rates may be used. Nutsedge may not be controlled by water-run applications in heavier soils.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE - CROP SECTION

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

EPTAM 7-E is a selective herbicide which for most uses must be mixed (incorporated), or injected subsurface into the soil, or applied in the irrigation water for control of weeds listed on this label. EPTAM 7-E controls weeds by interfering with normal germination and seedling development. It does not control established weeds.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Pour the recommended amount of EPTAM 7-E into the spray tank during the filling operations. Apply in 10 to 50 gallons of water per acre using a properly calibrated, low-pressure sprayer having good agitation. The soil should be well worked and dry enough to permit good soil mixing (incorporation).

EPTAM 7-E may be combined with solution, slurry or suspension fertilizers. However, physical compatibility with these fluid fertilizers must be determined before combining in the spray tank. See Appendix I for special direction regarding these combinations. Even though found to be compatible, constant agitation is necessary to keep the EPTAM 7-E uniformly mixed with the fluid fertilizer.

For all band applications, reduce dosage proportionately depending upon row spacing and band width to be treated.

IMPREGNATION ON DRY FERTILIZER

EPTAM 7-E may be impregnated on dry fertilizer for use on registered crops. However, uniform distribution of the EPTAM 7-E on fertilizer particles and uniform application are necessary to assure good results. See Appendix II directions for impregnation and use.

INCORPORATION DIRECTIONS

EPTAM 7-E and EPTAM 7-E tankmixes must be incorporated (mixed thoroughly) into the top 2 to 3 inches of soil immediately to prevent loss of the herbicide. Whenever possible, application and incorporation should be done in the same operation.

SOIL MIXING (INCORPORATION) BEFORE PLANTING: The following equipment commonly is used for soil mixing (incorporation) before planting:

Power Driven Cultivation Equipment (recommended on all soil types) set to cut to a depth of 2 to 3 inches.

Tandem Discs (recommended on all soil types) set to cut to a depth of 4 to 6 inches, operated at 4 to 6 mph followed by a spiked-tooth harrow or some other leveling device which extends beyond the ends of the discs. For more thorough mixing (for perennial grasses and in heavier soils) disc in two different directions (cross disc). The second pass should be slightly shallower than the first.

Field Cultivators (recommended for spring application on coarse textured soils, and for fall application on all soils. Use only on soils in good tilth). Use 3 to 4 rows of sweeps, spaced at 7 inch or less intervals and staggered so that no soil is left unturned, followed by a spiked-

tooth harrow pulled behind the cultivator. Do not use chisel plows to incorporate. Set the cultivator to cut 4 inches deep, operated at 5 mph or more. Run the equipment over the field twice, the second run at an angle to the first.

Rotary Ground Driven or Spring-Tooth Cultivators (recommended on coarse and medium textured soils in good tilt only). Set to penetrate to a depth of 4 to 6 inches and operated at 5 to 8 mph in two different directions.

SOIL MIXING (INCORPORATION) AFTER PLANTING: The following equipment commonly is used for soil mixing (incorporation) after planting:

Power driven cultivation equipment (recommended on all soil types) set to cut to a depth of 2 to 3 inches and operated at 6 to 8 mph.

Rolling cultivators (recommended on coarse and medium textured soils only) set to cut to a depth of 2 to 3 inches and operated at 6 to 8 mph.

Rotary hoes or row wheels (recommended on coarse textured soils only) set to cut to a depth of 1 to 1-1/2 inches and operated at 6 to 8 mph.

Precautions:

In established crops adjust equipment to throw soil toward the base of the crop.

Take care not to disturb the crop seed or seedling when incorporating after planting.

Shallow incorporation with implements set to cut less than 2 inches deep may result in erratic weed control.

SUBSURFACE APPLICATION

AT PLANTING OR POSTEMERGENCE

Apply EPTAM 7-E in 10 or more gallons of water per acre.

Special equipment designed for subsurface application **MUST** be used. Injector and sweep units must be rigidly mounted on the planter or cultivation unit. When using sweeps at planting they must be mounted ahead of the planters.

SOIL DEJECTION: Injector shanks must be spaced 2 1/2 to 3 inches apart and mounted in staggered positions to avoid trash buildup. Set shanks to inject EPTAM 7-E 2 to 3 inches below the soil surface. The width of the band in which weed control is desired will determine the number and spacing of injector shanks required per row. (Example: Four injector shanks spaced 3 inches apart give a 12-inch band). A broadcast application can be made by increasing the number of shanks. The two shanks adjacent to the drill row must be 1-1/4 to 1-1/2 inches on either side of it, **EXCEPT IN COTTON WHERE THE DISTANCE MUST BE 4 INCHES ON EITHER SIDE OF THE DRILL ROW, AND SUGAR BEETS WHERE THE DISTANCE MUST BE 2-3/4 INCHES ON EITHER SIDE OF THE DRILL ROW.**

COVERED SWEEPS: Set the sweeps to run below the soil surface deep enough to cover the EPTAM 7-E with 2 to 3 inches of soil. Calibrate by measuring the spray band width at the

back of the sweep, not the sweep width. For broadcast applications stagger sweeps on double tool bar so they overlap sufficiently to allow spray bands to meet.

NOTE: When applying with either injectors or sweeps, EPTAM 7-E must be applied deep enough to allow 2 to 3 inches of soil to remain over the treatment after the planting operations.

PLANTING DIRECTIONS

For preplant applications, seeding should be done as soon as possible after treatment to obtain a maximum period of weed control.

IRRIGATION APPLICATION

POSTPLANTING AND ESTABLISHED CROPS

Meter EPTAM 7-E into the irrigation water using a metering device that will introduce a constant flow into the water. For flood, furrow, or sprinkler irrigation meter the EPTAM 7-E into the water during the entire period OR, for sprinkler irrigation, the EPTAM 7-E may be metered into sufficient water to penetrate to a depth of 3 to 4 inches. Time this EPTAM 7-E application to ensure that proper penetration of the herbicide corresponds with the end of the irrigation period. Flush the lines and then turn the water off promptly. Consult **RECOMMENDATIONS** on this label for proper timing of application for each crop for which irrigation application is recommended. A flow rate chart for water run applications is found in Appendix III of this booklet.

Use Precautions for Sprinkler Irrigation Systems

Apply this product only through sprinkler, including center pivot, flood (basin) or furrow irrigation systems. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of effectiveness, or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from nonuniform distribution of treated water.

If you have questions about calibration, you should contact State Extension Service specialists, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.

A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.

Application of more than label recommended quantities of irrigation water per acre may result in decreased product performance by removing the chemical from the zone of effectiveness.

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

Do not apply when wind speed factors drift beyond the area intended for treatment, when system connections or fittings leak, when nozzles do not provide uniform distribution or when lines containing the product must be dismantled and drained.

Use Precautions for Flood or Furrow Irrigation

Tailwater (runoff water) from flood or furrow irrigation should be recirculated or used only on other crops which are registered for this type of application.

Systems using a gravity flow pesticide dispensing system must meter the pesticide into the water at the head of the field and downstream of a hydraulic discontinuity such as a drop structure or weir box to decrease potential for water source contamination from backflow if water flow stops.

Systems utilizing a pressurized water and pesticide injection system must meet the following requirements:

The system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve, and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.

The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.

The pesticide injection pipeline must also contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually shut down.

The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops.

The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.

Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump) effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock.

CULTURAL PRACTICES FOLLOWING APPLICATION

Should weeds develop, a shallow cultivation or rotary hoeing will generally result in better weed control. When cultivating for any reason, it should be shallow, i.e., no more than 1/2 the depth the herbicide was incorporated or injected. Preemergence or postemergence herbicides may be necessary to control weeds resistant to EPTAM 7-E.

REGIONAL USE MAP

Add Regional Use Map

CROP RECOMMENDATIONS

All crop recommendations are given on a regional basis. There are five regions, as delineated on the U.S. map printed above. USE THE RECOMMENDATIONS IN YOUR REGION ONLY.

RATE CONVERSION TABLE

Dosage rates in this booklet are expressed as pints EPTAM 7-E per acre. The following table shows pints EPTAM 7-E per acre in the left column and the equivalent amount of active ingredient per acre in the center column.

PINTS EPTAM 7-E PER ACRE	LB. ACTIVE INGREDIENT PER ACRE	ACRES TREATED BY ONE GALLON EPTAM 7-E
1-1/4	1	7
1-3/4	1-1/2	4-2/3
2-1/4	2	3-1/2
3-1/2	3	2-1/3
4-1/2	4	1-3/4
5-1/4	4-1/2	1-1/2
5-3/4	5	1-2/5
7	6	1-1/6
8-1/2	7-1/2	1
17	15	1/2

RECOMMENDATIONS

Northern Region

These recommendations are given as the broadcast (overall) rates of EPTAM 7-E per acre. For band treatment, use proportionately less material per acre depending upon the width of the band to be treated and the crop row spacing. Do not use band application on rocky ground because through incorporation is not possible.

ALFALFA*, BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL, CLOVERS, LESPEDEZA: Do not use EPTAM 7-E if a grass or grain nurse crop is to be planted with the legume. Do not use on white dutch clover. Apply and incorporate 3-1/2 to 4-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre just before planting. Temporary crop stunting and sealing of the first leaves will occur if conditions for germination and growth are not optimum (e.g. lack of moisture), and will be relieved by irrigation or adequate rainfall.

OR

ALFALFA* (FOR CONTROL OF ANNUAL GRASSES GROWING FROM SEED ONLY): Apply and incorporate 2-1/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre just before planting. Temporary crop stunting and sealing of the first leaves will occur if conditions for germination and growth are not optimum.

* Alfalfa is sensitive to soil residues of Atrazine. Do not use EPTAM 7-E on alfalfa if Atrazine was applied within the previous 12 months.

AND/OR

ALFALFA (ESTABLISHED STANDS): Meter 2-1/4 to 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the irrigation water applied to established stands prior to weed emergence. Use the lower rate on very coarse textured soils. Do not apply within 14 days of harvesting or grazing alfalfa.

LADINO CLOVER (ESTABLISHED STANDS): Meter 2-1/4 to 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the irrigation water applied to established stands prior to weed emergence. Use the lower rate on very coarse textured soils. Do not apply within 45 days of harvesting or grazing.

BEANS, GREEN OR DRY: Do not use EPTAM 7-E on Adzuki beans, cowpeas (blackeye peas, blackeye beans), soybeans, lima beans, Mung beans, Garbanzo beans or other flat-podded beans except Romano. Under abnormal weather conditions, stunting may occur on Gratiot, Michilite, Sanilac, Seafarer, and Seaway varieties. Do not exceed 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre on small white beans or green beans grown on coarse textured soils. Do not exceed 9-3/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre per crop.

Fall Application: (Dry Beans, Minnesota and North Dakota only): Apply and incorporate in the late fall before the ground freezes. Use 4-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre on coarse textured soils and 5-1/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre on medium and fine textured soils.

Application At Planting: Apply and incorporate just before planting or meter into the irrigation water before or immediately after planting, 3-1/2 to 4-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre. Rotary hoe lightly during or shortly after emergence of the beans to break any crust which occurs.

TANK MIXTURES:

TABLE 1. EPTAM 7-E TANK MIXTURES FOR BEANS IN NORTHERN REGION. REFER TO TANK MIXTURE SECTION FOR USE DIRECTIONS.	
PRODUCTS	COMMENTS
EPTAM 7-E/Treflan E.C.	Green and Dry Beans
EPTAM 7-E/Treflan E.C./Amiben	Dry beans only
EPTAM 7-E/Dual 8-E	Dry beans only
EPTAM 7-E/Lasso 4-E	Dry beans only
EPTAM 7-E/Prowl 4-E	Dry beans only
EPTAM 7-E/Sonalan E.C.	Dry beans only

AND/OR LAY-BY

Incorporation: At time of last cultivation for the season apply and incorporate 3-1/2 to 4-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre. Apply as a directed spray to the soil at the base of the plants before bean pods start to form. Do not feed or pasture vines to livestock within 45 days after application.

For control of smartweed and ragweed and for increased control of labeled broadleaf weeds, EPTAM 7-E may be followed by a preemergence application of AMIBEN. Apply according to label directions and observe all use precautions. Slight phytotoxicity may be noted following sequential application.

CASTOR BEANS: Apply and incorporate 2-1/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre immediately after planting. Use a rotary hoe for incorporation. Early cultivation after EPTAM 7-E application enhances weed control.

FLAX:

Fall Application: (Minnesota, North Dakota): Apply and incorporate in the late fall before the ground freezes. Use 4-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre on coarse textured soils and 5-1/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre on medium and fine textured soils.

POTATOES, IRISH: Do not exceed 7 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre per crop. The Superior variety potato is sensitive to EPTAM 7-E and under stress conditions, early season stunting may occur.

Fall Application: (Minnesota, North Dakota): Apply and incorporate in the late fall before the ground freezes. Use 5-1/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre on coarse textured soils and 7 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre on medium and fine textured soils.

Preplant

Incorporation: Apply and incorporate 3-1/2 to 7 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre. For quackgrass and nutsedge control use the higher rate.

OR

DRAG-OFF (COME UP, WEEDING TIME)

Incorporation: Apply and incorporate 3-1/2 to 7 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre. For nutsedge control use the higher rate. The field first must be "dragged-off", followed by EPTAM 7-E application and incorporation. Use spiked-tooth harrows or cultivation equipment for incorporation.

AND/OR LAY-BY

Incorporation: Apply and incorporate 3-1/2 to 4-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre to clean cultivated soil after potato plants have emerged from the soil. Apply as directed spray to the soil. Do not apply within 45 days of harvest.

OR

Irrigation: Meter up to 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the irrigation water after clean cultivation. Do not apply within 45 days of harvest.

TANK MIXTURES:

TABLE 2. EPTAM 7-E TANK MIXTURES FOR POTATOES IN NORTHERN REGION. REFER TO TANK MIXTURE SECTION FOR USE DIRECTIONS.	
PRODUCTS	COMMENTS
EPTAM 7-E/Metribuzin	

SAFFLOWER: Apply and incorporate 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre just before planting.

SUGAR BEETS:

Fall Application (Minnesota, North Dakota): Apply and incorporate in the late fall before the ground freezes. Use 4-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre on coarse textured soils and 5-1/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre on medium and fine textured soils.

Preplant (Iowa, Eastern Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, Minnesota, Michigan): Apply and incorporate 2-1/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre on coarse textured soils, or 3-1/2 pints per acre on medium and fine textured soils just before planting. Injury will occur if conditions for germination and growth are not optimum.

OR

Postemergence (After the First True Leaves Have Formed)

Irrigation Water: Meter 2-1/4 to 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the first irrigation applied after the last cultivation for the season.

Incorporation: Apply 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre after thinning and clean cultivation and incorporate to a depth of 2 to 3 inches. Treatment may be used following a fall application of EPTAM 7-E at recommended rates.

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OR

Subsurface Injection: Apply 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per broadcast acre, or in band treatment (using 2 shanks per row 5-1/2 inches apart centered on the drill row with rows 22 inches apart) use 1-3/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre. Prior to application, a clean cultivation must be made for all existing weed growth to be destroyed.

TANK MIXTURES:

TABLE 3. EPTAM 7-E TANK MIXTURES FOR SUGAR BEETS IN NORTHERN REGION. REFER TO TANK MIXTURE SECTION FOR USE DIRECTIONS.	
PRODUCTS	COMMENTS
EPTAM 7-E/RO-NEET 6-E	Michigan, Minnesota, and Red River Valley of North Dakota only.

SUNFLOWER (Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota): Apply and incorporate 2-1/2 to 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre just before planting. Use lower rates on lighter soil.

Fall Application (Minnesota, North Dakota): Apply and incorporate in the late fall before the ground freezes. Use 4-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre on coarse textured soils and 5-1/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre on medium and fine textured soils.

TANK MIXTURES:

TABLE 4. EPTAM 7-E TANK MIXTURES FOR SUNFLOWERS IN NORTHERN REGION. REFER TO TANK MIXTURE SECTION FOR USE DIRECTIONS.	
PRODUCTS	COMMENTS
EPTAM 7-E/Treflan E.C.	Minnesota, North Dakota, and South Dakota only.
EPTAM 7-E/Amiben	Minnesota, North Dakota, and South Dakota only.

170456

RECOMMENDATIONS

Southeastern Region

These recommendations are given as the broadcast (overall) rate of EPTAM 7-E per acre. For band treatment, use proportionately less material per acre depending on the width of band to be treated and the crop row spacing. Do not use band application on rocky ground because thorough incorporation is not possible.

ALFALFA*, BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL, CLOVERS, LESPEDEZA: Do not use EPTAM 7-E if a grass or grain nurse crop is to be planted with the legume. Do not use on white dutch clover. Apply and incorporate 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre just before planting. (For fall seeded alfalfa in South Carolina only, apply and incorporate 1-3/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre just before planting.) Temporary crop stunting and sealing of the first leaves will occur if conditions for germination and growth are not optimum (e.g. lack of moisture), and will be relieved by irrigation or adequate rainfall.

* Alfalfa is sensitive to soil residues of Atrazine. Do not use EPTAM on alfalfa if Atrazine was applied within the previous 12 months.

BEANS, GREEN OR DRY: Do not use EPTAM 7-E on Adzuki beans, cowpeas (blackeye peas, blackeye beans), soybeans, lima beans, Mung beans, Garbanzo beans or other flat-podded beans except Romano. Under abnormal weather conditions stunting may occur on Gratic, Michilite, Sanilac, Seafarer and Seaway varieties. Do not exceed 7 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre per crop.

AT PLANTING

Preplant (Flat-Planted): Use 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre incorporated just before planting on dry, snap and pole beans. Rotary hoe lightly during or shortly after emergence of the beans to break any crust which occurs.

OR

Subsurface Application: Apply 2-1/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre preplant or at planting. See **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**.

OR

Bed Treatments:

Method A - Apply 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre broadcast and disc in 6 inches deep prior to forming beds and planting.

Method B - Apply 1-3/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre broadcast (do not disc in) immediately ahead of bedding discs. Plant 7 days after treatment.

Method C - Apply as a band treatment (do not disc in) immediately ahead of bedding discs, or as a band treatment to partially formed beds or bed tops immediately in front of the rebedding operation. Use a band rate equivalent to 2-1/4 pints per acre broadcast. Care should be taken not to fold in treatment.

Example: To apply EPTAM 7-E as an 18 inch band on 36-inch rows, use 1-1/4 pints per crop acre. Plant 7 days after application.

NOTE: With Methods B and C, if bed shapers (levelers) are used, the bedding up and shaping should be done so that 3 to 4 inches of soil remain over the EPTAM 7-E.

OR LAY-BY

Incorporation: At the time of last cultivation apply and incorporate 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre. Apply as a directed spray to the soil at the base of the plants before bean pods start to form. Do not feed or pasture vines to livestock until 45 days after application.

TANK MIXTURES:

TABLE 5. EPTAM 7-E TANK MIXTURES FOR BEANS IN SOUTHEASTERN REGION. REFER TO TANK MIXTURE SECTION FOR USE DIRECTIONS.	
PRODUCTS	COMMENTS
EPTAM 7-E/Treflan E.C.	Green <u>and</u> Dry Beans
EPTAM 7-E/Treflan E.C./Amiben	Dry beans only
EPTAM 7-E/Lassc 4-E	Dry beans only
EPTAM 7-E/Prowl 4-E	Dry beans only
EPTAM 7-E/Sonalan 4-E.C.	Dry beans only

CITRUS NURSERY STOCK AND YOUNG FIELD PLANTINGS (NON-BEARING ORANGE AND GRAPEFRUIT GROVES): After lining out, apply 3-1/2 to 7 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre as a directed spray to the soil. Incorporate with cultivation equipment, i.e., tree hoes and rotary hoes.

CITRUS (ORANGES, TANGERINES, GRAPEFRUIT): AFTER CLEAN CULTIVATION OR PRIOR TO WEED EMERGENCE in bearing citrus, apply 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre by flood or furrow irrigation. Meter EPTAM 7-E into the water during the entire irrigation period. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest.

COTTON: Non-Irrigated Areas Only

Application After Stand is Established: Apply 2-1/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per broadcast acre. Use specially designed injector units or sweeps for application. If incorporated application is to be made, use power driven rotary tillers set to a depth of 2 to 3 inches. Apply after cotton has 2 to 4 leaves. Do not apply after first bolls open. **DO NOT APPLY CLOSER THAN 4 INCHES EITHER SIDE OF THE COTTON DRILL.**

NOTE: Tandem discs may be used for incorporation in the skips of skip row cotton.

Cotton is susceptible to injury from EPTAM 7-E. Follow directions for use carefully to avoid crop injury.

PINE SEEDLING NURSERIES (LOBLOLLY, SLASH, LONGLEAF, SHORTLEAF): Apply and incorporate 7 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre 14 days prior to seeding.

190456

TOMATOES: Lay-By Application

(Northern California Counties only, i.e., Butte, Colusa, Contra Costa, Fresno, Glenn, Madera, Merced, Sacramento, San Joaquin, Solano, Stanislaus, Sutter, Yolo and Yuba).

For use on tomatoes at least 3 to 4 inches tall; on clay and clay loam soils only. **DO NOT USE ON SANDY SOILS.**

Apply EPTAM 7-E as a spray to the soil surface at a rate of 3-1/2 pints per acre. Incorporate immediately. For band applications reduce rates proportionately. **DO NOT APPLY WITHIN 2 INCHES OF THE CROP ROW.** Do not use where grain will be planted within 90 days. Do not irrigate for at least 5 days after application. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.

) **WALNUTS:** After clean cultivation or prior to weed emergence on well established trees, meter 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the irrigation water during the entire irrigation period.

)

POTATOES, IRISH: Do not exceed 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre per crop.

CAUTION: In Florida on winter and early spring potatoes apply only after potatoes have emerged and true leaves have formed.

Before Or At Planting

Preplant: Apply and incorporate 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per broadcast acre just before planting. For incorporated applications to beds, apply as a band application and incorporate with ground or power driven tillers.

Example: In 18-inch bands on 36-inch rows, use 1-3/4 pints per crop acre. See **DIRECTIONS FOR USE: Incorporation.**

OR

Before Planting and Before Bed Formation: Band application: Apply as a band, equivalent to 3-1/2 pints per acre broadcast basis. Cover with 3 to 4 inches of soil with bedding discs, middle busters or other suitable bed making equipment. Care should be taken not to fold in the band treatment.

OR

After Planting But Before Bed Formation: Apply 1-3/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per broadcast acre over planted crop and bed up immediately with bedding discs set to cover 3 to 4 inches of soil.

OR

After Planting and After Bed Formation: Apply EPTAM 7-E as a band at a rate equivalent to 3-1/2 pints per acre, broadcast basis. Rebed immediately after application with bedding discs set to cover with 3 to 4 inches of soil. Care should be taken not to fold in the band treatment.

OR

After Planting and After Bed Formation: Apply 1-3/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per broadcast acre. Rebed immediately after application with bedding discs set to cover with 3 to 4 inches of soil.

OR

DRAG-OFF (COME UP, WEEDING TIME)

Apply EPTAM 7-E as a band treatment after drag-off, at a rate equivalent to 3-1/2 pints per acre (broadcast basis) and cover with bedding discs set to cover with 3 to 4 inches of soil. Care should be taken not to fold in the band treatment.

OR

POSTEMERGENCE - LAY-BY

Incorporation: Apply and incorporate EPTAM 7-E at a rate equivalent to 3-1/2 pints per acre (broadcast basis) after potato plants have emerged from the soil. Apply as a directed spray to the soil in bands on both sides of the row.

Immediately cover the EPTAM with 3 to 4 inches of soil by rebedding with bedding discs. Care should be taken not to fold in the band treatment.

Example: Apply 2-1/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per crop acre as a directed spray to the soil in 12-inch bands on both sides of 36-inch rows. Do not apply within 45 days of harvest.

OR

Irrigation: Meter 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the irrigation water after clean cultivation. Do not apply within 45 days of harvest.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Southwestern Region

These recommendations are given as the broadcast (overall) rate of EPTAM 7-E per acre. For band treatment, use proportionately less material per acre depending on the width of band to be treated and the crop row spacing. Do not use band application on rocky ground because thorough incorporation is not possible.

ALFALFA*, BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL, CLOVERS, LESPEDEZA: Do not use EPTAM 7-E if a grass or grain nurse crop is to be planted with the legume. Do not use white dutch clover. Apply and incorporate 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre just before planting. Temporary crop stunting and sealing of the first leaves will occur if conditions for germination and growth are not optimum (e.g. lack of moisture), and will be relieved by irrigation or adequate rainfall.

* Alfalfa is sensitive to soil residues of Atrazine. Do not use EPTAM 7-E on alfalfa if Atrazine was applied within the previous 12 months.

AND/OR

ALFALFA (ESTABLISHED STANDS): Meter 2-1/4 to 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the irrigation water applied to established stands prior to weed emergence. Use the lower rate on very coarse textured soils. Do not apply within 14 days of harvesting or grazing alfalfa.

LADINO CLOVER (ESTABLISHED STANDS): Meter 2-1/4 to 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the irrigation water applied to established stands prior to weed emergence. Use the lower rate on very coarse textured soils. Do not apply within 45 days of harvesting or grazing.

BEANS, GREEN OR DRY: Do not use EPTAM 7-E on Adzuki beans, cowpeas (blackeye peas, blackeye beans), soybeans, lima beans, Mung beans, Garbanzo beans or other flat-podded beans except Romano. Under abnormal weather conditions, stunting may occur on Gratiot, Michilite, Sanilac, Seafarer, and Seaway varieties. Do not exceed 7 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre crop.

Before Or At Planting

Preplant (Flat-Planted): Apply and incorporate 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre just before planting. Rotary hoe lightly during or shortly after emergence of the beans to break any crust which occurs.

OR

Subsurface Application: Apply 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre preplant, or at planting. See DIRECTIONS FOR USE.

OR LAY-BY

Incorporation: At the time of the last cultivation, apply and incorporate 3-1/2 pints of EPTAM 7-E per acre. Apply as a directed spray to the soil at the base of the plants before bean pods start to form. Do not feed or pasture vines to livestock until 45 days after application.

TANK MIXTURES:

TABLE 6. EPTAM 7-E TANK MIXTURES FOR BEANS IN SOUTHWESTERN REGION. REFER TO TANK MIXTURE SECTION FOR USE DIRECTIONS.	
PRODUCTS	COMMENTS
EPTAM 7-E/Treflan E.C.	Green <u>and</u> Dry Beans
EPTAM 7-E/Treflan E.C./Amiben	Dry beans only
EPTAM 7-E/Lasso 4-E	Dry beans only
EPTAM 7-E/Prowl 4-E	Dry beans only
EPTAM 7-E/Sonalan E.C.	Dry beans only

CITRUS NURSERY STOCK AND YOUNG FIELD PLANTINGS (NON-BEARING ORANGE AND GRAPEFRUIT GROVES): After lining out, apply 3-1/2 to 7 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre as a directed spray to the soil. Incorporate with cultivation equipment, i.e., tree hoes and rotary hoes.

CITRUS (ORANGES, TANGERINES, GRAPEFRUIT): AFTER CLEAN CULTIVATION OR PRIOR TO WEED EMERGENCE in bearing citrus, apply 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre by flood or furrow irrigation. Meter EPTAM 7-E into the water during the entire irrigation period. Do not apply within 15 days of harvest.

COTTON: Non-Irrigated Areas Only

Application After Stand is Established: Apply 2-1/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per broadcast acre. Use specially designed injector units or sweeps for application. If incorporated application is to be made, use power driven rotary tillers set to a depth of 2 to 3 inches. Apply after cotton has 2 to 4 leaves. Do not apply after first bolls open. DO NOT APPLY CLOSER THAN 4 INCHES EITHER SIDE OF THE COTTON DRILL.

NOTE: Tandem discs may be used for incorporation in the skips of skip row cotton.

Cotton is susceptible to injury from EPTAM 7-E. Follow directions for use carefully to avoid crop injury.

PINE SEEDLING NURSERIES (LOBLOLLY, SLASH, LONGLEAF, SHORTLEAF): Apply and incorporate 7 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre 14 days prior to seeding.

POTATOES, IRISH: Do not exceed 7 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre per crop.

Preplant: Apply and incorporate 3-1/2 to 7 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre just before planting.

OR

DRAG-OFF (COME UP, WEEDING TIME)

Incorporation: Apply and incorporate 3-1/2 to 7 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre. For nutsedge control, use the higher rate. The field first must be "dragged-off", followed by EPTAM 7-E application and incorporation. Use spiked-tooth harrows or cultivation equipment for incorporation.

AND/OR LAY-BY

Incorporation: Apply and incorporate 3-1/2 to 7 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre after potato plants have emerged from the soil. Apply as a directed spray to the soil. Do not apply within 45 days of harvest.

OR

Irrigation: Meter up to 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the irrigation water after clean cultivation. Do not apply within 45 days of harvest.

SUGAR BEETS - POSTTHINNING:

Irrigation Water: Meter 2-1/4 to 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the first irrigation applied after the last cultivation for the season.

OR

Incorporation: Apply and incorporate 2-1/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre after thinning and clean cultivation and incorporate to a depth of 2 to 3 inches.

SWEET POTATOES:

Preplant: Apply and incorporate 2-1/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre on coarse textured soils or 3-1/2 pints per acre on medium and fine textured soils just before planting. Incorporate to maximum depth of 3 inches.

OR

Preplant - Bed-Over: Apply 1-3/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre on coarse textured soils or 2-1/4 pints per acre on medium and fine textured soils just before planting. Treat a band width equal to 1/3 of the total distance between rows.

Soil from areas adjacent to the band that is not treated is then placed on top of the treated band with bed shaping equipment forming the bed. Band depth in finished and planted bed should be 2 to 4 inches below the bed surface. Bed-over immediately after application.

OR

Preplant - Bed-Up: Apply 1-3/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre on coarse textured soils or 2-1/4 pints per acre on medium and fine textured soils just before planting. After preshaped beds have been dragged down, EPTAM 7-E is applied broadcast. Soil is then shaped into beds with bed shaping equipment so that the undisturbed EPTAM 7-E layer in the finished bed is 2 to 4 inches below the bed surface. Bed-up immediately after application.

OR

Postplant: Apply 8-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre immediately after planting or within 2 days after planting slips or vine cuttings. Apply to a dry soil surface and do not mix into the soil. If sweet potatoes are irrigated, EPTAM 7-E should be applied prior to irrigation. Apply as a solid overall spray.

RECOMMENDATIONS
Pacific Northwest Region

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

INCORPORATION DIRECTIONS:

EPTAM 7-E must be incorporated into the soil to prevent loss of the herbicide. Whenever possible, application and incorporation should be done in the same operation.

Soil Mixing (Incorporation) Directions:

For semiarid areas of Eastern Washington, Eastern Oregon and Idaho only: When application and incorporation are done in separate operations, EPTAM 7-E must be incorporated the same day as application. Application must be made on a dry soil surface (at least 1/2 inch deep) free from dew and incidental moisture.

Delay incorporation of dry bulk fertilizers for semiarid areas of Eastern Washington, Eastern Oregon and Idaho only: The application and incorporation of dry bulk fertilizer impregnated with EPTAM 7-E must be carried out on the same day. Application must be made on a dry soil surface (at least 1/2 inch deep) free from dew and incidental moisture.

Sprinkler incorporation of EPTAM 7-E in the semiarid areas of Eastern Washington, Eastern Oregon and Idaho only: Surface apply EPTAM 7-E after planting. The soil surface should be dry (at least 1/2 inch deep) and free from dew and incidental moisture. Incorporate using 1/2 to 3/4 inch of water within 36 hours following application. The application and incorporation must be done within five days after the last tillage operation, since poor results will occur if weeds have germinated.

CROP RECOMMENDATIONS

These recommendations are given as the broadcast (overall) rate of EPTAM 7-E per acre. For band treatment, use proportionately less material per acre depending on the width of band to be treated and the crop row spacing. Do not use band application on rocky ground because thorough incorporation is not possible.

ALFALFA*, BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL, CLOVERS, LESPEDEZA: Do not use EPTAM 7-E if grass or grain nurse crop is to be planted with the legume. Do not use white dutch clover. Apply and incorporate 2-1/4 to 4-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre just before planting. (Use lower rate on very coarse textured soils.) Temporary crop stunting and sealing of the first leaves will occur if conditions for germination and growth are not optimum (e.g. lack of moisture), and will be relieved by irrigation or adequate rainfall.

OR

ALFALFA*: Meter 2-1/4 to 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the irrigation water that is applied immediately after planting. (Use the lower rate on very coarse textured soils.)

* Alfalfa is sensitive to soil residues of Atrazine. Do not use EPTAM 7-E on alfalfa if Atrazine was applied within the previous 12 months.

AND/OR

ALFALFA (ESTABLISHED STANDS): Meter 2-1/4 to 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the irrigation water applied to established stands prior to weed emergence. Use the lower rate on very coarse textured soils. Do not apply within 14 days of harvesting or grazing alfalfa.

LADINO CLOVER (ESTABLISHED STANDS): Meter 2-1/4 to 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the irrigation water applied to established stands prior to weed emergence. Use the lower rate on very coarse textured soils. Do not apply within 45 days of harvesting or grazing.

BEANS, GREEN OR DRY: Do not use EPTAM 7-E on Adzuki beans, cowpeas (blackeye peas, blackeye beans), soybeans, lima beans, Mung beans, Garbanzo beans or other flat-podded beans except Romano. Under abnormal weather conditions, stunting may occur on Gratiot, Michilite, Sanilac, Seafarer, and Seaway varieties. Do not exceed 9 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre per crop.

Apply and incorporate 3-1/2 to 4-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre just before planting. Rotary hoe lightly during or shortly after emergence of the beans to break any crust which occurs.

OR

Subsurface Application: Apply 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre preplant, just before planting or at planting. See **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**.

OR LAY-BY

Incorporation: At time of last cultivation for the season, apply and incorporate 3-1/2 to 4-1/2 pints of EPTAM 7-E per acre for grass and broadleaf control. Apply as a directed spray to the soil at the base of the plants before bean pods start to form. Do not feed or pasture vines to livestock until 45 days after application.

OR LAY-BY

Subsurface: Prior to application, a clean cultivation must be made for all existing weed growth to be destroyed. Apply 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per broadcast acre or in a band treatment (using 2 shanks per row 5-1/2 inches apart, centered on the drill row with rows 38 inches apart) use 1-3/4 pints per acre. See **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**.

TANK MIXTURES:

TABLE 7. EPTAM 7-E TANK MIXTURES FOR BEANS IN PACIFIC NORTHWEST REGION. REFER TO TANK MIXTURE SECTION FOR USE DIRECTIONS.	
PRODUCTS	COMMENTS
EPTAM 7-E/Treflan E.C.	Green and Dry Beans
EPTAM 7-E/Treflan E.C./Amiben	Dry beans only
EPTAM 7-E/Dual 8-E	Dry beans only
EPTAM 7-E/Lasso 4-E	Dry beans only
EPTAM 7-E/Prowl 4-E	Dry beans only
EPTAM 7-E/Sonalan E.C.	Dry beans only

PEAS, GREEN PROCESSING (WESTERN WASHINGTON ONLY): Apply and incorporate 2-1/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre just before planting. Early stunting of crop may occur.

POTATOES, IRISH: Do not exceed 14 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre per crop.

The use of a Dammer/Diker following EPTAM 7-E application will cause untreated soil to be brought to the surface and may reduce weed control.

Preplant: Apply and incorporate just before planting 3-1/2 to 7 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre; use 4-1/2 pints per acre for quackgrass control and 7 pints per acre for hairy nightshade control.

Lay-By: Apply and incorporate 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre after potato plants have emerged from the soil. Apply as a directed spray to the soil. Do not apply within 45 days of harvest.

Irrigation: Meter 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the irrigation water after clean cultivation. Do not apply within 45 days of harvest.

TANK MIXTURES:

TABLE 8. EPTAM 7-E TANK MIXTURES FOR POTATOES IN PACIFIC NORTHWEST REGION. REFER TO TANK MIXTURE SECTION FOR USE DIRECTIONS.	
PRODUCTS	COMMENTS
EPTAM 7-E/Metribuzin	

SAFFLOWER: Apply and incorporate 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre per crop.

SUGAR BEETS: Postemergence (After The First True Leaves Have Formed): Do not exceed 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre per crop except for irrigation applications where 2 applications of 3-1/2 pints may be made.

Incorporation: Apply 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre after thinning and clean cultivation and incorporate to a depth of 2 to 3 inches.

OR

Irrigation Water: Meter 2-1/4 to 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the irrigation water after clean cultivation. Do not exceed 7 total pints EPTAM 7-E per acre per crop. Do not apply within 49 days of harvest.

OR

Subsurface Injection: Apply 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per broadcast acre, or in band treatment (using 2 shanks per row 5-1/2 inches apart, centered on the drill row with rows of 22 inches apart) use 1-3/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre. Prior to application, a clean cultivation must be made for all existing weed growth to be destroyed.

TABLE BEETS: Apply and incorporate 2-1/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre just before planting. (Under normal use table beets are susceptible to injury from EPTAM 7-E and when EPTAM 7-E is used the seeding rate should be increased 10 percent.)

WALNUTS: After clean cultivation or prior to weed emergence on well established trees, meter 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the irrigation water during the entire irrigation period.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Western Region

These recommendations are given as the broadcast (overall) rate of EPTAM 7-E per acre. For band treatment, use proportionately less material per acre depending on the width of band to be treated and the crop row spacing. Do not use band application on rocky ground because thorough incorporation is not possible.

ALFALFA*, BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL, CLOVERS, LESPEDEZA: Do not use EPTAM 7-E if a grass or grain nurse crop is to be planted with the legume. Do not use white dutch clover. Apply and incorporate 2-1/4 to 4-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre just before planting. (Use the lower rate on very coarse textured soils.) Temporary crop stunting and sealing of the first leaves will occur if conditions for germination and growth are not optimum (e.g. lack of moisture), and will be relieved by irrigation or adequate rainfall.

OR

ALFALFA*: Meter 2-1/4 to 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the irrigation water that is applied immediately after planting. (Use the lower rate on very coarse textured soils.)

Do not use EPTAM 7-E preemergence on nil irrigated (corrugated) alfalfa.

* Alfalfa is sensitive to soil residues of Atrazine. Do not use EPTAM 7-E on alfalfa if Atrazine was applied within the previous 12 months.

AND/OR

ALFALFA (ESTABLISHED STANDS): Meter 2-1/4 to 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the irrigation water applied to established stands prior to weed emergence. Use the lower rate on very coarse textured soils. Limit use to one application EPTAM 7-E per cutting. Up to 14 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre per year may be used if applied into the irrigation water. Do not apply within 14 days of harvesting or grazing alfalfa.

LADINO CLOVER (ESTABLISHED STANDS): Meter 2-1/4 to 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the irrigation water applied to established stands prior to weed emergence. Use the lower rate on very coarse textured soils. Do not apply within 45 days of harvesting or grazing.

ALMONDS: After making the last cultivation for the season, meter 2-1/2 to 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the irrigation water. Do not make more than 2 applications per season or exceed 7 pints per acre. Do not apply within 16 days of harvest.

BEANS, GREEN OR DRY: Do not use EPTAM 7-E on Adzuki beans, cowpeas (blackeye peas, blackeye beans), soybeans, lima beans, Mung beans, Garbanzo beans or other flat-podded beans except Romano. Under abnormal weather conditions stunting may occur on Gratiot, Michilite, Sanilac Seafarer and Seaway varieties. Do not exceed 8 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre per crop.

Preplant

Apply and incorporate 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre just before planting. Rotary hoe lightly during or shortly after emergence of the beans to break any crust which occurs.

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OR

Subsurface Application: Apply 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre preplant, just before planting or at planting. See **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**.

OR LAY-BY

Incorporation: At time of last cultivation for the season, apply and incorporate 3-1/2 to 4-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre for grass and broadleaf control. Apply as a directed spray to the soil at the base of the plants before beans pods start to form. Do not feed or pasture vines to livestock until 45 days after application.

OR LAY-BY

Subsurface: Prior to application, a clean cultivation must be made for all existing weed growth to be destroyed. Apply 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per broadcast acre or in a band treatment (using 2 shanks per row 5-1/2 inches apart, centered on the drill row with rows 38 inches apart) use 1-3/4 pints per acre. See **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**.

TANK MIXTURES:

TABLE 9. EPTAM 7-E TANK MIXTURES FOR BEANS IN WESTERN REGION. REFER TO TANK MIXTURE SECTION FOR USE DIRECTIONS.	
PRODUCTS	COMMENTS
EPTAM 7-E/Treflan E.C.	Green and Dry Beans
EPTAM 7-E/Treflan E.C./Amiben	Dry beans only
EPTAM 7-E/Lasso 4-E	Dry beans only
EPTAM 7-E/Prowl 4-E	Dry beans only
EPTAM 7-E/Sonalan E.C.	Dry beans only

CITRUS NURSERY STOCK AND YOUNG FIELD PLANTINGS (NONBEARING ORANGE, GRAPEFRUIT, AND LEMON GROVES): After lining out, apply 3-1/2 to 7 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre as directed spray to the soil. Incorporate with cultivation equipment, i.e., tree hoes and rotary hoes.

CITRUS (ORANGES, TANGERINES, GRAPEFRUIT, AND LEMONS): After clean cultivation or prior to weed emergence in bearing citrus, apply 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre by flood or furrow irrigation. Do not exceed 10-1/2 pints total EPTAM 7-E per acre per year when multiple applications are made. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

POTATO, IRISH: Do not exceed 14 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre per crop.

Preplant: Apply and incorporate just before planting 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre.

Drag-off: Apply and incorporate 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre. The field first must be dragged-off, then EPTAM 7-E applied and incorporated. Use spike-tooth harrows or cultivation equipment for incorporation.

AND/OR LAY-BY

Incorporation: Apply and incorporate 3-1/2 to 4-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre after potato plants have emerged from the soil. (Use lower rate on coarse textured soils). Apply as a direct spray to the soil. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.

OR

Irrigation: Meter 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the irrigation water after clean cultivation. Do not apply within 30 days of harvest.

SAFFLOWER: Apply and incorporate 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre just before planting.

SUGAR BEETS - Postemergence (After First True Leaves Have Formed).

Incorporation: Apply 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre after thinning and clean cultivation and incorporate to a depth of 2 to 3 inches.

OR

Irrigation Water: Meter 2-1/4 to 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the first irrigation applied after the last cultivation for the season. Two applications of 2-1/4 pints each should be made when beets are to be carried in the ground longer than the normal growing season.

OR

Subsurface Injection: Apply 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per broadcast acre, or in band treatment (using 2 shanks per row 5-1/2 inches apart, centered on the drill row) use 1-3/4 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre. Prior to application, a clean cultivation must be made for all existing weed growth to be destroyed. See **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**.

TANK MIXTURES:

TABLE 10. EPTAM 7-E TANK MIXTURES FOR SUGAR BEETS IN WESTERN REGION. REFER TO TANK MIXTURE SECTION FOR USE DIRECTIONS.	
PRODUCTS	COMMENTS
EPTAM 7-E/Treflan E.C.	California only.

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TOMATOES: Lay-By Application

(Northern California Counties only, i.e., Butte, Colusa, Contra Costa, Fresno, Glenn, Madera, Merced, Sacramento, San Joaquin, Solano, Stanislaus, Sutter, Yolo and Yuba).

For use on tomatoes at least 3 to 4 inches tall; on clay and clay loam soils only. **DO NOT USE ON SANDY SOILS.**

Apply EPTAM 7-E as a spray to the soil surface at a rate of 3-1/2 pints per acre. Incorporate immediately. For band applications reduce rates proportionately. **DO NOT APPLY WITHIN 2 INCHES OF THE CROP ROW.** Do not use where grain will be planted within 90 days. Do not irrigate for at least 5 days after application. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.

WALNUTS: After clean cultivation or prior to weed emergence on well established trees, meter 3-1/2 pints EPTAM 7-E per acre into the irrigation water during the entire irrigation period.

330456

TANKMIX COMBINATIONS

For broader spectrum weed control and increased control of certain broadleaf weeds EPTAM 7-E may be tank mixed with the following herbicides. On dry beans, EPTAM 7-E may be tank mixed with Treflan® herbicide, or with a combination of Treflan and Amiben® herbicides. On Irish potatoes, EPTAM 7-E may be tank mixed with metribuzin (Loxone® herbicide or Sencor® herbicide). Consult product labels and crop use directions for exact rates and application directions.

EPTAM 7-E/TREFLAN E.C. HERBICIDE TANKMIX

For Weed Control in Beans (Green and Dry)-All Regions, Sugar Beets-California Only, and Sunflowers-Northern Region (MN, SD, ND only)

A tankmix combination of EPTAM 7-E plus Treflan E.C. will give a broader spectrum of weed control than either product used separately.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Caution: ~~Do not graze or feed forage from treated fields to livestock.~~ Read both the EPTAM 7-E and Treflan E.C. labels carefully before using. Observe all cautions and limitations on labeling of both products.

Mixing: Add the recommended rates of both EPTAM 7-E and Treflan E.C. to the spray tank during filling and mix thoroughly. Apply in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

Additional Weeds Controlled by the Combination of EPTAM 7-E and Treflan E.C.

Annual Grasses

Bromegrass
Sprangletop
Cheat

Annual Broadleaves

Pigweeds (Spiny)
Lambsquarters
Carpetweed
Russian Thistle

Kochia
Knotweed
Stinging Nettle
Puncturevine

RECOMMENDATIONS

Beans, Green and Dry: The combination of EPTAM 7-E and Treflan E.C. should not be used on Adzuki beans, cowpeas (blackeye peas, blackeye beans), soybeans, lima beans, Mung beans, Garbanzo beans or other flat-podded beans except Romano.

Make application before planting, using the rates listed in the following table.

APPLICATION RATES PER BROADCAST ACRE			
EPTAM 7-E		TREFLAN E.C.	
		ORGANIC MATTER CONTENT	RATE
2-1/2 to 3-1/2 pints*	Coarse (sand)	0 to 2%	1 pint
	Coarse (sand)	2 to 5%	1 to 1-1/2 pints
	Medium (loam)	0 to 5%	1-1/2 pints
	Fine (clay)	0 to 5%	1-1/2 pints
	All soil types	5.1 to 10%	1-1/2 pints

*Use the higher rate for nutsedge control.

PLANTING INSTRUCTIONS

Dry Beans - Plant within 48 hours after incorporation. In the lighter soils under sprinkler irrigation, when it is necessary to irrigate beans after planting and before emergence, sufficient water should be applied to wet the soil well below the depth of planted seed.

Green Beans - Plant soon after incorporation to provide the maximum period of weed control.

Sugar Beets (California) - Apply as a broadcast spray over the top when plants are 2 to 6 inches tall, using the rates listed below.

APPLICATION RATES PER BROADCAST ACRE		
EPTAM 7-E	TREFLAN E.C.	
	SOIL TYPE	RATE
3-1/2 pints	Coarse (sand)	1 pint
	Medium (loam)	1-1/4 to 1-1/2 pints
	Fine (clay)	1-1/2 pints

Exposed beet roots should be covered with soil before application to reduce possibility of girdling. Set incorporation machinery to throw treated soil toward the plants in the row. Care should be taken that incorporation machinery does not damage the sugar beet taproot.

Sunflowers-(Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota) - Apply and incorporate just before planting. using the rates listed below.

APPLICATION RATES PER BROADCAST ACRE				
EPTAM 7-E SOIL TYPE		TREFLAN E.C. RATE		
		ORGANIC MATTER CONTENT	MINNESOTA EASTERN DAKOTAS	WESTERN DAKOTAS
2-1/4 pints	Coarse (sand)	0 to 2%	1 pint	1 pint
	Coarse (sand)	2 to 5%	1-1/2 to 2 pints	1-1/2 to 2 pints
	Medium (loam)	0 to 5%	1-1/2 pints	1-1/4 to 1-1/2 pints
	Fine (clay)	0 to 5%	2 pints	1-1/2 pints
	All soil types	5.1 to 10%	2 pints	2 pints

EPTAM 7-E/AMIBEN HERBICIDE TANKMIX

For Weed Control in Sunflowers in the Northern Region (Minnesota, North Dakota, and South Dakota Only)

A tankmix combination of EPTAM 7-E and Amiben will give improved control of many of the broadleaf weeds listed on the EPTAM 7-E label. The combination will also control wild mustard and kochia.

Caution: Do not graze treated fields of sunflowers or use these plants as livestock feeds.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Mixing: Pour the recommended amount of EPTAM 7-E into the spray tank during the filling operation. Then add the recommended amount of Amiben. Apply in 10 to 50 gallons of water per acre.

Soil Incorporation: The EPTAM 7-E and Amiben combination must be incorporated (mixed) thoroughly into the top 2 to 3 inches of soil immediately after spraying. Spraying and incorporation should be accomplished in the same operation if possible. This can be done by mounting the tank and boom right on the incorporation rig.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Apply and incorporate just before planting, using the rates given below.

BROADCAST RATES PER ACRE		
SOIL TEXTURE	EPTAM 7-E	AMIBEN
Coarse (sandy)	2-1/4 pints	4 pints
Medium (loams)*	2-1/4 to 3-1/2 pints	4 to 8 pints
Fine (clays)	3-1/2 pints	8 pints
All soil types with organic matter >3%	3-1/3 pints	8 pints
Peat or Muck	NOT RECOMMENDED	

*Use the higher rates with greater amounts of clay and organic matter.

EPTAM 7-E AND METRIBUZIN HERBICIDE TANKMIX

For Control of Weeds in Irish Potatoes - Pacific Northwest and Northern Regions

A tankmix combination of EPTAM 7-E and Metribuzin (Sencor 4, Sencor 50W, Sencor Sprayule 75%, Lexone 4, Lexone 50W or Lexone Dry Flowable 75%) can be applied to Irish potatoes to give a broader spectrum of weed control than either product used separately.

Before using EPTAM 7-E and Metribuzin (Sencor, Lexone) as a tankmix, read both the EPTAM 7-E and Metribuzin (Sencor, Lexone) labels carefully. Observe all cautions and limitations on labeling of both products.

Additional Weeds Controlled by The Tank Mixture of EPTAM 7-E and Metribuzin

Annual Grasses

Panicum, Fall
Panicum, Texas
Witchgrass

Annual Broadleaf Weeds

Cocklebur
Jimsonweed
Lambsquarters, Common
Hairy Nightshade
Pennsylvania Smartweed

Prickly Sida
Ragweed, Common
Sicklepod
Wild Mustard

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Mixing: Add the recommended rates of EPTAM 7-E and Metribuzin (Sencor, Lexone) to the spray tank during the filling operation. Add EPTAM 7-E last. Mix thoroughly. Apply in 20 to 30 gallons of water per acre.

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Soil Incorporation: The EPTAM 7-E and Metribuzin (Sencor, Lexone) combination must be incorporated (mixed) thoroughly into the top 2 to 3 inches of soil immediately after spraying.

Sprinkler Application: Apply through irrigation sprinkler system after planting as a preemergence application or as an early postemergence application until potatoes are 4 to 6 inches tall. Use the appropriate rate of EPTAM 7-E and Metribuzin (Sencor, Lexone) as indicated on the table below.

Premix the desired rate of Metribuzin (Sencor, Lexone) in the holding tank in 4 to 5 parts water to 1 part chemical. Add EPTAM 7-E last. Meter the chemical-water mixture into the sprinkler system at a rate proportionate to the acreage to be covered. For center pivot systems, apply 1/2 to 3/4 inch of water per acre. For solid set, wheel lines or hand lines, moisten the soil surface lightly first, then apply the herbicide mixture in 1/2 to 1 inch of water per acre. For best results, the soil should be wetted to a depth of 5-7 inches.

APPLICATION RATES:

Use the appropriate rates of EPTAM 7-E and Metribuzin (Sencor, Lexone) as indicated in the following table:

APPLICATION RATES PER BROADCAST ACRE			
	Pints EPTAM 7-E	Pints Sencor 4 or Lexone 4 or Pounds Sencor 50 or Lexone 50	Pounds Sencor Sprayule 75% or Lexone Dry Flowable 75%
COARSE SOILS Sand Sandy loam Loamy sand	3-1/2	1/2	1/3
FINE SOILS Loam Silt loam Sandy clay Clay loam	4-1/2	1/2 to 1	1/3 to 2/3

Use EPTAM 7-E plus Metribuzin (Sencor, Lexone) postemergence only on white-skinned potato varieties that are not early maturing.

EPTAM 7-E/DUAL® 8E HERBICIDE TANKMIX

For Weed Control in Dry Beans in the Northern and Pacific Northwest Regions

A tankmix combination of EPTAM 7-E plus Dual 8E will give better weed control than either product used separately.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Mixing: Add the recommended rates of both EPTAM 7-E and Dual 8E to the spray tank during filling and mix thoroughly. Apply in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

Soil Incorporation: Immediately after spraying, the EPTAM 7-E and Dual 8E combination must be incorporated thoroughly into the top 2 to 3 inches of soil.

Application Rates: Use the appropriate rates of EPTAM 7-E and Dual 8E as indicated in the following table:

APPLICATION RATES PER BROADCAST ACRE			
SOIL TYPE		DUAL 8E	
		Less than 3% Organic Matter	3% or Greater Organic Matter
Coarse (sand)	3-1/2 to 4-1/2 pints	1-1/4 pints	1-1/2 pints
Medium (loam)	3-1/2 to 4-1/2 pints	1-1/2 pints	2 pints
Fine (clay)	3-1/2 to 4-1/2 pints	2 pints	2 to 2-1/2 pints

Planting: Seeding should be done as soon as possible after treatment to obtain a maximum period of weed control.

EPTAM 7-E/SONALAN® E.C. HERBICIDE TANKMIX

For Weed Control in Dry Beans - All Regions

A tankmix combination of EPTAM 7-E plus Sonalan E.C. will give a broader spectrum of weed control than either product used separately.

Caution: Do not graze or feed forage from treated fields to livestock.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Mixing: Add the recommended rates of both EPTAM 7-E and Sonalan E.C. to the spray tank during filling and mix thoroughly. Apply in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

Soil Incorporation: The EPTAM 7-E and Sonalan E.C. combination must be incorporated thoroughly in the top 2 to 3 inches of soil immediately after spraying.

Application Rates: Use the appropriate rates of EPTAM 7-E and Sonalan E.C. as indicated in the following table:

APPLICATION RATES PER BROADCAST ACRE			
		AMOUNT OF SONALAN E.C.	
EPTAM 7-E (pints)	Soil Type	General Weed Control (pints)	Nightshade* and Groundcherry* (pints)
2-1/2 to 4-1/2	Coarse	1-1/4 to 2	3 to 3-1/2
	Medium	1-3/4 to 2-1/2	3-1/2 to 4
	Fine	2-1/4 to 3	4 to 4-1/4

Two incorporation passes are required for nightshade or groundcherry control.

The EPTAM 7-E/Sonalan E.C. tankmix more effectively controls the weeds listed for EPTAM 7-E alone plus these additional weeds:

Wild Buckwheat
 Groundcherry (Lanceleaf and Wrights)

Planting: Seeding should be done as soon as possible after treatment to obtain a maximum period of weed control.

EPTAM 7-E/LASSO® 4-E HERBICIDE TANKMIX

For Weed Control in Dry Beans in the Northern Region

A tankmix combination of EPTAM 7-E plus Lasso 4-E will give a broader spectrum of weed control than either product used separately.

In addition to the weeds listed on the label for EPTAM 7-E alone, the following annual broadleaf weeds can be controlled with an EPTAM 7-E/Lasso 4-E tankmix:

Common Ragweed *Ambrosia artemisiifolia*
 Pennsylvania Smartweed *Polygonum pensylvanicum*

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Mixing: Add the recommended rates of both EPTAM 7-E and Lasso 4-E to the spray tank during filling and mix thoroughly. Apply in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre.

Soil Incorporation: Immediately after spraying, the EPTAM 7-E and Lasso 4-E combination must be incorporated thoroughly into the top 2 to 3 inches of soil.

Application Rates: Use 2 to 3 pints of EPTAM 7-E plus 4 to 6 pints of Lasso 4-E. Use only the 4 pint rate of Lasso 4-E in Michigan. Use the higher rates of herbicides for heavy weed infestations and hard-to-control weeds.

Planting: Seeding should be done as soon as possible after treatment to obtain a maximum period of weed control.

EPTAM 7-E/TREFLAN/AMIBEN HERBICIDE TANKMIX

For Weed Control on Dry Field Beans - All Regions

EPTAM herbicide may be applied as a preplant soil incorporated tank mixture with Amiben and Treflan herbicides, or a tankmix of EPTAM and Treflan may be applied preplant soil incorporated and followed by a preemergence application of Amiben for weed control in dry beans in the Northern region of the U.S. When Amiben is applied preemergence, effectiveness depends on adequate rainfall after treatment. When applied according to directions, this three-way combination will give increased control of broadleaf weeds listed on the EPTAM label as well as control of additional broadleaf weeds and labeled grasses.

Weeds Controlled

Annual Grasses:

Annual Bluegrass	Johnsongrass seedlings
Barnyardgrass (Watergrass, Junglerice)	Lovegrass (Stinkgrass)
Bromegrass	Sandbur, Field
Crabgrass	Signalgrass (Brachiaria)
Cheat	Sprangletop
Foxtails (Giant, Green, Yellow)	Texas Panicum*
Goosegrass	Shattercane
	Wild Oats

*Suppression (partial control)

Broadleaf Weeds:

Annual Morningglory	Nettleleaf Goosefoot
Bintweed, Field	Nightshade (Black, Hairy)
Caperweed	Pigweed
Chickweed	Puncturevine
Corn Spurry	Purslane
Florida Pusley	Ragweed
Henbit	Russian Thistle
Knotweed	Shepherd's-purse
Kochia	Smartweed
Lambsquarters	Stinging Nettle

Perennial Weeds:

Nutsedge* (Purple, Yellow)

*Suppression (partial control)

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Dry Field Beans

Make treatments according to the following table:

CHEMICAL	TIMING	AMOUNTS OF FORMULATION PER ACRE
EPTAM 7-E	Preplant Soil Incorporated	2.5 pints
+		
TREFLAN 4-E	Preplant Soil Incorporated	1 pint
+		
AMIBEN	Preplant Soil Incorporated or Preemergence (surface)	6-8 pints

EPTAM/Amiben/Treflan or the EPTAM/Treflan tankmixes should be incorporated immediately after application with a field cultivator, tandem disc, mulch treader, rolling cultivator or a power driven tiller.

Apply in ten or more gallons of water per acre. Prepare the spray mixture by first filling the spray tank 1/2 to 2/3 full of water. With agitator running slowly add Amiben, followed by EPTAM and Treflan. Do not mix the concentrate before adding to water. Fill tank with remaining required water.

If sufficient rain does not occur within five (5) days after preemergence application of Amiben, a light cultivation or incorporation with a rotary hoe or similar tool is recommended.

EPTAM 7-E/RO-NEET® 6-E HERBICIDE TANKMIX

For Preplant Use in Sugar Beets - Northern Region (Michigan, Minnesota and The Red River Valley Area of North Dakota Only)

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

The EPTAM 7-E and RO-NEET 6-E combination is a selective tankmix which must be incorporated into the soil. This combination controls weeds by interfering with normal germination and seedling development. This tank mixture does not control established weeds. The EPTAM/RO-NEET combination will give equal to or greater control of the weeds listed on this label than either product used separately. This tank mixture can be applied only once per growing season. The combination may be used in the fall or in the spring.

Application Directions

During filling, pour the recommended rates of both EPTAM 7-E and RO-NEET 6-E into a properly calibrated, low-pressure boom sprayer having good agitation, and mix thoroughly. Apply the material uniformly in 10 to 50 gallons of water per acre. Check calibration frequently during application and observe the nozzles to ensure a uniform spray pattern. Do

not use single nozzle boom-jet type sprayers. The soil should be well-worked prior to application and dry enough to permit thorough mixing with incorporation equipment.

SPRING PREPLANT INCORPORATED APPLICATION RATES* (Pints/Acre)			
Soil Texture	Organic Matter %	EPTAM 7-E	RO-NEET 6-E
Loam or Coarser**	3 to 4.5	1.25	3.3
	4.5>	1.25	4.0
Loam to Clay Loam Clay Loam or Finer	3 to 4.5	1.25	3.3
	4.5>	1.75	3.3
	3 to 4.5	1.75	3.3
	4.5>	2.25	3.3

- * Make only one application per growing season. Do not apply the EPTAM 7-E/RO-NEET 6-E combination in the spring if either this combination or RO-NEET 6-E alone was applied in the fall.
- ** EPTAM 7-E should not be used on Loam or Coarser soils with less than 3% organic matter. RO-NEET 6-E at 4 to 5-1/3 pints/Acre should be used on these soils.

FALL PREPLANT INCORPORATED APPLICATION RATES* (Pints/Acre)			
Soil Texture	Organic Matter %	EPTAM 7-E	RO-NEET 6-E
Loam or Coarser**	3 to 4.5	1.25	4.0
	4.5>	1.25	4.0
Loam to Clay Loam Clay Loam or Finer	3 to 4.5	1.25	4.0
	4.5>	1.75	4.0
	3 to 4.5	2.25	2.67
	4.5>	2.25	4.0

- * Make only one application per growing season. Do not apply the EPTAM 7-E/RO-NEET 6-E combination in the spring if either this combination or RO-NEET 6-E alone was applied in the fall.
- ** EPTAM 7-E should not be used on Loam or Coarser soils with less than 3% organic matter. RO-NEET 6-E at 4 to 5-1/3 pints/Acre should be used on these soils.

Soil Incorporation: The EPTAM 7-E and RO-NEET 6-E tank mixture must be immediately incorporated (mixed) into the top 2 to 3 inches of soil after spraying to prevent loss of the herbicides.

GENERAL USE PRECAUTIONS

The EPTAM 7-E and RO-NEET 6-E combination may cause crop injury on very light sandy soil and when used under adverse environmental conditions that weaken crop seedlings.

A tank mixture of EPTAM 7-E and RO-NEET 6-E will give equal to or greater control of the following listed weeds than either product used separately. This combination does not control established weeds.

Green foxtail	<i>Setaria viridis</i>
Yellow foxtail	<i>Setaria glauca</i>
Wild Oats	<i>Avena fatua</i>
Yellow nutsedge	<i>Cyperus esculentus</i>
Purple nutsedge	<i>Cyperus rotundus</i>
Lambsquarters, common*	<i>Chenopodium album</i>
Pigweed, redroot*	<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i>

*Partial control only (suppression)

EPTAM 7-E/PROWL® 4-E HERBICIDE TANKMIX

For Weed Control In Dry Beans - All Regions

A tankmix combination of EPTAM 7-E plus Prowl 4-E will give a broader spectrum of weed control than either product used separately.

In addition to the weeds listed on the label for EPTAM 7-E alone, the following annual broadleaf weeds can be controlled with an EPTAM 7-E/Prowl 4-E tankmix:

Annual Spurge	<i>Euphorbia</i> spp.
Kochia	<i>Kochia scoparia</i>

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Apply the EPTAM 7-E/Prowl 4-E tankmix as a preplant soil incorporated treatment.

Mixing: Add the recommended rates of both EPTAM 7-E and Prowl 4-E to the spray tank during filling and mix thoroughly. Apply in 10 to 40 gallons of water per acre

Soil Incorporation: Immediately after spraying, the EPTAM 7-E and Prowl 4-E combination must be incorporated thoroughly into the top 2 to 3 inches of soil.

For semiarid areas of Eastern Washington, Eastern Oregon and Idaho only: When application and incorporation are done in separate operations, EPTAM 7-E and Prowl 4-E must be incorporated the same day as applied. Application must be made on a dry soil surface (at least 1/2 inch deep) free from dew and incidental moisture.

Application Rates: Use the appropriate rates of EPTAM 7-E and Prowl 4-E as indicated in the following tables:

IMPORTANT: Read the entire Directions for Use and the Conditions of Sale and Warranty before using this product.

CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITED WARRANTY:

The Directions for Use of this product are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as timing and method of application, weather and crop conditions, mixture with other chemicals not specifically recommended or other influencing factors in the use of the product, all of which are beyond the control of the seller. All such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label, subject to the inherent risks referred to above, when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to or beyond the control of Seller and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. SELLER DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY.

When Buyer or User claims losses or damages resulting from the use or handling of this product (including claims based on contract, negligence, strict liability or other legal theories), Buyer or User must promptly notify in writing Seller of any claims to be eligible to receive either of the remedies set forth below. The EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF BUYER OR USER and the LIMIT OF LIABILITY of Seller will be, at the election of Seller, refund of the purchase price paid for product bought, or replacement of amount of product used. SELLER SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT AND SELLER'S SOLE LIABILITY AND BUYER'S AND USER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE REFUND OF THE PURCHASE PRICE.

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APPLICATION RATES PER BROADCAST ACRE*		
Western, Southwestern and Southeastern Regions		
SOIL TYPE	EPTAM 7-E	PROWL 4-E
Coarse (sand)	2-1/2 to 4-1/2 pints	1 to 1-1/2 pints
Medium (loam)	3 to 4-1/2 pints	1-1/2 to 2 pints
Fine (clay)	3 to 4-1/2 pints	1-1/2 to 3 pints

APPLICATION RATES PER BROADCAST ACRE*			
Northern Region			
SOIL TYPE	ORGANIC MATTER	EPTAM 7-E	PROWL 4-E
Coarse (sand)	3% or less	2-1/2 to 4 pints	1 to 1-1/2 pints
	more than 3%	2-1/2 to 4 pints	1-1/2 pints
Medium (loam)	3% or less	3 to 4-1/2 pints	1-1/2 to 2 pints
	more than 3%	3 to 4-1/2 pints	1-1/2 to 2 pints
Fine (clay)	3% or less	3 to 4-1/2 pints	1-1/2 to 2 pints
	more than 3%	3 to 4-1/2 pints	2 to 2-1/2 pints

APPLICATION RATES PER BROADCAST ACRE*			
Pacific Northwest Region			
SOIL TYPE	ORGANIC MATTER	EPTAM 7-E	PROWL 4-E
Coarse (sand)	3% or less	3-1/2 to 4-1/2 pints	1 to 2 pints
	more than 3%	3-1/2 to 4-1/2 pints	2 pints
Medium (loam)	3% or less	3-1/2 to 4-1/2 pints	1-1/2 to 2-1/2 pints
	more than 3%	3-1/2 to 4-1/2 pints	2-1/2 to 3 pints
Fine (clay)	3% or less	3-1/2 to 4-1/2 pints	2 to 3 pints
	more than 3%	3-1/2 to 4-1/2 pints	3 pints

- * Use the higher recommended rate of EPTAM 7-E where hairy nightshade, black nightshade or nutsedge are present.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE - ORNAMENTAL SECTION

Soil Preparation: The soil to be treated should be loose and free of clods. All weed growth should be removed or thoroughly worked into the soil before application.

Application: The recommended rate of EPTAM 7-E should be applied as uniformly as possible. Apply to well-worked soil that is dry enough to permit thorough mixing with incorporation equipment. When treating around established plants, direct spray to soil surface for maximum coverage. Use one of the following appropriate means of application:

Low Pressure Herbicide Sprayer: For broadcast application use 10 to 50 gallons of water per acre. For band application (in front of power tiller) use less water depending upon row spacing and width of band desired. Check pressure and nozzles frequently to assure uniform application.

Hose Proportioner: Make sure proportioner is working properly. A more uniform application can be made by applying half the required amount of EPTAM 7-E over the area to be treated, then applying the remainder at right angles or crosswise.

Knapsack Sprayer: Apply as suggested for the hose proportioner.

Soil (mixing) Incorporation: Immediately after application, thoroughly mix EPTAM 7-E into the soil to a depth of 2 to 3 inches. Mix to a depth of 6 inches for nutsedge, quackgrass, bermudagrass and chrysanthemumweed (mugwort) control. Thorough soil mixing is necessary for good weed control.

Use the following equipment or other equipment which has proven satisfactory under local conditions.

Commercial Nursery:

Use nursery cultivator or rototillers for preplant broadcast (overall) applications, preplant band applications and postplant applications.

Home Garden:

Preplant Application - Rototiller.

Postplant Application - For annual weeds use hand rake or hoe or water in immediately after application to a depth of 2 to 3 inches. Where incorporation by hand raking is done, light watering after raking is recommended. For perennial weeds, incorporate to a depth of 6 inches with a rototiller.

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EPTAM 7-E CAN BE USED ON THESE ORNAMENTALS

HERBACEOUS PLANTS

Ageratum	Daylilies
Alyssum	Dianthus
Amaranthus	Marigold
Asters	Nasturtium
Balsam	Pansy
Begonia	Petunia
Chrysanthemum	Zinnia
Dahlia	

GROUND COVERS

Ajuga	Pachysandra
Gazania	Periwinkle (vinca minor)
Hypericum	Sedum
Ice Plant	Strawberry (ornamental)
Ivy	

EVERGREEN AND DECIDUOUS TREES AND SHRUBS

Azalea	Leucothoe
Berberis	Lilac
Boxwood	Linden
Camellia	Magnolia
Chamaecyparis	Maple
Citrus (Nonbearing)	Oak
Dogwood	Pieris
Euonymus	Pine
Fir	Podocarpus
Hemlock	Rhododendron
Holly (American and Japanese)	Spruce
Juniper	Viburnum
	Yew (Texas)

NOTE: All flowering bulbs, salvia, phlox, snap-dragon and ornamental pepper are susceptible to injury from an application of EPTAM 7-E.

RECOMMENDATIONS

For Annual Weed Control - Use EPTAM 7-E at the rate of 5-3/4 pints in 10 to 50 gallons of water per acre (2 fl. oz. per 1,000 square feet).

For Quackgrass, Nutsedge and Bermudagrass Control in Trees and Shrubs Only - Existing stands of these perennial grasses must be turned under and chopped up thoroughly before treatment. Use EPTAM 7-E at the rate of 7 pints in 10 to 50 gallons of water per acre (2.5 fl. oz. per 1,000 square feet).

For Mugwort (Chrysanthemumweed) Control in the Following Plants: Juniper, Japanese Holly, Ivy, Pachysandra, Petunias* - Use 17 pints of EPTAM 7-E in 10 to 50 gallons of water per acre (6 fl. oz. per 1,000 square feet). Mix thoroughly into the top 6 inches of soil. Apply 4 weeks before desired planting date.

* Not for use in California.

WHEN TO USE EPTAM 7-E

Herbaceous Plants and Ground Covers: Apply 2 weeks after transplanting or after growth starts in the spring.

Trees and Shrubs: Apply 2 weeks before transplanting balled and canned stock (only) and anytime after transplanting. Around established plants apply after growth starts in the spring.

APPENDIX I

EPTAM 7-E WITH FLUID FERTILIZERS

The following procedure is suggested for determining whether EPTAM 7-E may be combined with a specific fluid fertilizer for spray tank application.

Material Required:

1. EPTAM 7-E.
2. Fluid fertilizer to be used.
3. Adjuvant for fertilizer tankmix: Compex™, Sponto™ 168-D, Unite™, or equivalent. The adjuvant which provides the best emulsification depends on the specific fertilizer under consideration.
4. Two one-quart, wide-mouth glass jars with lid or stopper.
5. Measuring spoons (a 25 mL pipette or graduated cylinder provides more accurate measurement).
6. Measuring cup, 8 oz. (237 mL).

Procedure:

1. Pour a pint (about 473 mL) of the fluid fertilizer into each of the quart jars.
2. Add adjuvant to one of the jars and mix (see next rate table).
3. Add the EPTAM 7-E to both jars (see next rate table).
4. Close both jars with lid or stopper and mix the contents by turning the jars upside down ten times.
5. Inspect the surface and body of the mixtures -
 - (A) Immediately after completing the jar inversions,
 - (B) After allowing the jars to stand quietly for 30 minutes.
 - (C) And then again after turning the jars upside down ten times.

If a uniform mix cannot be made, the mixture should not be used. If either mixture remains uniform for 30 minutes, the combination may be used. Should either mixture separate after 30 minutes but readily remix uniformly with ten jar inversions, the mixture can be used if adequate agitation is maintained in the tank. If the mixture with adjuvant is satisfactory but the one without adjuvant is not, be sure to use the adjuvant in the spray tank. Add the adjuvant first at a rate of 3 pints per 100 gallons of fluid fertilizer; foaming can be minimized by using moderate agitation.

If nondispersible oil, sludge or clumps of solids form in the mixtures, the combination should not be used.

NOTE 1: For some combinations, premixing wettable powders in a little water in a pail before adding them to the spray tank will improve the compatibility of the final mixtures with EPTAM 7-E. This technique can be tested in the small-scale jar test by premixing the wettable powder in one-eighth (1/8) cup of water prior to addition to the pint of fluid fertilizer.

RATE TABLE FOR EPTAM 7-E AND ADJUVANT** WITH THE FLUID FERTILIZER		
Gallons of fluid fertilizer to be applied per acre	mL or Tsp. of EPTAM 7-E* to be added to 1 pint of fertilizer	
	7-E	
	mL.	tsp.
10	7	1-1/3
15	4	3/4
20	3	2/3
25	3	2/3
30	2	1/2
40	2	1/2

- * Based on field rate of 1 pound active ingredient per acre in the fertilizer volumes indicated. Increase volume proportionately to correspond with intended field rate in terms of pounds active ingredient per acre (e.g., for field rate of 4 pounds actual EPTAM 7-E in 40 gallons fertilizer per acre, add 8 mL or 2 tsp. EPTAM 7-E to each jar for compatibility testing purposes).
- ** Two (2) milliliters or one-half (1/2) teaspoon of adjuvant to be added to 1 pint of fluid fertilizer in order to equal the rate of 3 pints of adjuvant per 100 gallons of fluid fertilizer.

APPENDIX II

EPTAM 7-E IMPREGNATION ON DRY BULK FERTILIZERS

CAUTION: EPTAM 7-E alone or in combination with other herbicides must not be impregnated on ammonium nitrate, sodium nitrate or potassium nitrate. Such mixtures may cause explosion and fire.

All individual state regulations relating to bulk dry fertilizer blending, registration, labeling and application are the responsibility of the individual and/or company selling the fertilizer and EPTAM 7-E mixture.

EPTAM 7-E may be impregnated on many dry bulk fertilizers and applied and incorporated in the soil before planting for the control of grass and broadleaf weeds.

All EPTAM 7-E supplementary literature instructions and label recommendations regarding rates per acre, soil incorporation, application, cautions, general use precautions and other directions must be followed.

Test results have shown that EPTAM 7-E on bulk dry fertilizers gives weed control equal to EPTAM 7-E applied as a spray in water or liquid fertilizer. However, uniform impregnation of EPTAM 7-E on dry fertilizer particles and uniform application in the field are necessary to assure good results.

A minimum of 200 pounds and a maximum of 700 pounds of approved ingredients impregnated with EPTAM 7-E at the recommended rate must be applied per acre.

For impregnation EPTAM 7-E on dry fertilizers, use a closed rotary-drum mixer or a similar type of closed blender equipped with suitable spray equipment. The spray nozzle (or nozzles) should be positioned inside of the mixer to provide uniform spray coverage of the tumbling fertilizer.

The EPTAM 7-E should be sprayed uniformly onto the fertilizer using a fine spray pattern.

The physical properties of fertilizers vary, particularly in liquid absorptive capacity. When absorptivity is sufficient, simple spray impregnation of the fertilizer with EPTAM 7-E provides a satisfactory dry mixture.

If the absorptive capacity is inadequate, use of a highly absorptive powder is required to provide a dry, free-flowing mixture.

Micro-Cel™ E (Manville Sales Corp.) is the recommended absorbent powder. It should be added separately and uniformly to the prepared EPTAM 7-E fertilizer mixture in a quantity that is sufficient to provide a suitably free-flowing mixture. Generally less than 2% by weight of Micro-Cel E is required.

The amount of EPTAM 7-E actually required in the manufacture of individual fertilizer mixtures should be determined carefully for each production operation. This is necessary to ensure that the amount of EPTAM 7-E actually contained in the mixture applied to the soil represents the correct rate of use.

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Bulk fertilizer impregnated with EPTAM 7-E should be applied immediately, **NOT STORED**.
All bulk containers must be tightly covered while the product is being transported and applied
to reduce chances of EPTAM 7-E loss via volatilization.

EPTAM 7-E Physical Data

Specific Gravity (20/20°C): 0.954 (typical)

Pounds/Gallon (20°C): 7.94 (typical)

Flashpoint: 190°F (Tag. Closed Cup)

Viscosity: Sprayable down to minus 20°F.

Approved Dry Fertilizer Ingredients			
	N	P	K
Ammonium sulfate	21	0	0
Diammonium phosphate	18	46	0
Potassium chloride	0	0	60
Potassium sulfate	0	0	52
Super-phosphate (single)	0	20	0
Triple super-phosphate	0	46	0
Urea	45	0	0
Ammonium phosphate-sulfate	16	20	0
11-48-0	11	48	0

NOTE: K-Mag has been shown to be compatible with EPTAM 7-E and is approved for use.

RATE CHART FOR THE IMPREGNATION OF DRY BULK FERTILIZERS WITH EPTAM 7E			
Fertilizer Rate Per Acre	EPTAM 7E Rate Per Acre		
	3-1/2 pts. per acre	4-1/2 pts. per acre	7 pts. per acre
200 lbs.	17-1/2 qts./ton	22-1/4 qts./ton	35 qts./ton
250 lbs.	14 qts./ton	18 qts./ton	28 qts./ton
300 lbs.	11-2/3 qts./ton	15 qts./ton	23-1/3 qts./ton
350 lbs.	10 qts./ton	12-7/8 qts./ton	20 qts./ton
400 lbs.	8-3/4 qts./ton	11-1/4 qts./ton	17-1/5 qts./ton
450 lbs.	7-3/4 qts./ton	10 qts./ton	15-1/5 qts./ton
500 lbs.	7 qts./ton	9 qts./ton	14 qts./ton
550 lbs.	6-1/3 qts./ton	8-1/5 qts./ton	12-2/3 qts./ton
600 lbs.	5-7/8 qts./ton	7-1/2 qts./ton	11-3/4 qts./ton
650 lbs.	5-2/5 qts./ton	7 qts./ton	10-4/5 qts./ton
700 lbs.	5 qts./ton	6-2/5 qts./ton	10 qts./ton

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APPENDIX III

Flow Rates for EPTAM 7-E Using Various Tee Jet* Orifices (4916)**				
Tee Jet Orifice	Ounces Per Minute	cc Per Minute	Gallons Per Hour	Pounds Per Hour
.012	0.215	6.37	0.101	0.707
.014	0.286	8.45	0.134	0.938
.015	0.324	9.59	0.152	1.064
.016	0.375	11.10	0.176	1.232
.018	0.523	15.46	0.245	1.715
.020	0.510	18.04	0.286	2.002
.022	0.796	23.53	0.373	2.611
.024	0.896	26.50	0.420	2.940
.025	0.996	29.46	0.467	3.269
.026	1.111	32.87	0.521	3.647
.027	1.269	37.54	0.595	4.165
.029	1.284	37.98	0.602	4.214
.030	1.502	44.42	0.704	4.928
.032	1.641	48.52	0.769	5.383
.034	1.871	55.33	0.877	6.139
.035	2.091	61.83	0.980	6.860
.037	2.223	65.74	1.042	7.294
.039	2.539	75.08	1.190	8.330
.040	2.603	76.97	1.220	8.540
.041	2.807	83.03	1.316	9.212
.043	2.882	85.24	1.351	9.457
.045	3.334	98.61	1.563	10.941
.046	3.441	101.77	1.613	11.291
.047	3.678	108.77	1.724	12.068
.048	3.951	116.84	1.852	12.965
.051	4.102	121.32	1.923	13.461
.052	4.437	131.42	2.083	14.581
.054	4.849	143.41	2.273	15.911
.055	5.079	150.22	2.381	16.667
.057	5.333	157.73	2.500	17.500
.059	5.926	175.27	2.788	19.446
.063	6.272	185.49	2.940	20.580
.067	7.110	210.28	3.333	23.331
.070	8.205	242.65	3.846	26.922

* Registered trademark of Spraying Systems Co.

** Figures were taken at 70°F. and are approximate. Be sure occasionally to measure flow in the field to make certain you have the correct orifice and because rates vary with temperature. (Flow on an .037 orifice increases from 2.2 ounces at 70°F. to 2.4 ounces at 82°F.). Use a 300 mesh screen on orifice sizes below .014 and a 200 mesh screen on all others.

Add picture from pg. 46 of 1990 label book to Appendix III.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROHIBITIONS: Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited.

STORAGE: Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store near seeds, fertilizers or foodstuffs. Can be stored at temperatures as low as minus 50°F.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities.

FOR BULK AND MINI-BULK CONTAINERS

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Reseal container and offer for reconditioning, or triple rinse (or equivalent) and offer for recycling or reconditioning, or clean in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

CONTAINER PRECAUTIONS: Before refilling, inspect thoroughly for damage such as cracks, punctures, bulges, dents, abrasions, and damaged or worn threads on closure devices.

REFILL ONLY WITH EPTAM 7-E. The contents of this container cannot be completely removed by cleaning. Refilling with materials other than EPTAM 7-E will result in contamination and may weaken container.

After filling and before transporting, check for leaks.

Do not refill or transport damaged or leaking container.

CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!