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MAY 2 2 1991

Mr. S. K. Theodorakis ICI Agricultural Products Wilmington, DE 19897

Dear Mr. Theodorakis:

Subject: Amendment - Confidential Statement of Formula

DEMON® EC Insecticide

EPA Registration No. 10182-105

DEMON* TC Insecticide

EFA Registration No. 10182-107 Your Letter Dated March 21, 1991

The revised Confidential Statement of Formulas (CSFs) referred to above, submitted in connection with registration under Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as amended, are acceptable. Copies have been inserted in your files for the subject products.

Since both subject product's formulation contains less than 10% xylene range aromatic solvent, you may delete the footnote to the inert ingredient: "Contains mylene range aromatic solvent." Moreover, you should retest your formulation for flash point since the xylene range aromatic solvent content has been drastically reduced.

Sincerely,

George T. LaRocca Product Manager 13 Insecticide-Rodenticide Branch Registration Division (H7505C)

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

| CONCURRENCES | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------|---|---|---|--------------------|--------------|--|--|
| SYMBOL | 1667 | | | | | | | |
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| EPA Form 1\$20-1A (1/90) | | | Printed on Recycled | Pener | OFFICIAL FILE COPY | | | |

DEMON® TC INSECTICIDE

300 247159

ONLY FOR SALE TO, USE AND STORAGE BY COMMERCIAL PEST CONTROL OPERATORS

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

| Cypermethrin | | | | | | | |
|--|--------|----------|--|---|---|---|--------|
| $(\pm)q$ -cyano-(3-phenoxphenyl) methyl(\pm)-cis, trans- | 3-(2,2 | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxy | late* | • | | • | • | • | 25.3% |
| INERT INGREDIENTS | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | 100.0% |

*Cis/trans ratio: Min. 45% (±) cis and max. 55% (±) trans. DEMON TC contains 2 pounds active ingredient per gallon.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT:

IF IN EYES: Flush with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center. Vomiting should be supervised by a physician or the professional staff because of the possible pulmonary damages from aspiration of the solvent. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air. Apply artificial respiration if necessary.

FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY MEDICAL ASSISTANCE, CALL (800)-F-A-S-T-M-E-D (327-8633). FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY: Spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident Call CHEMIREC 1-800-424-9300

(Roundel) Agricultural Products
ICI Americas Inc.
Wilmington, Delaware 19897

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ACCEPTED

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Under the Federal Inventibility, Purposition and Enclosing for the Proposition Proposition

Net Contents: ONE U.S. GALLON (3.79 LITERS)

EPA Est. No. 5905-AR-1 EPA Reg. No. 10182-107 U.S. Patent No. 4,024,163

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMEN.S HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS WARNING

MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTIONS. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear protective clothing when spraying. Wear protective clothing, impermeable gloves and full face shield or goggles when handling or mixing concentrate. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remore contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is extremaly toxic to fish. Use with care when applying in areas adjacent to any body of water. Do not apply directly to water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops or weeds. Do not apply DEMON TC, or allow it to drift to crops or weeds on which bees are actively foraging. Additional information may be obtained from Cooperative Extension Service. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS: Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

GENERAL INFORMATION ON THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT

Chemicals for soil treatment are used to establish a barrier against termite attack. The chemical emulsion must be requately dispersed in the soil to provide a barrier between the wood in the structure and the termite colonies in the soil.

For the effective use of this product, it is necessary that the service technician be familiar with current control practices including trenching, rodding, subslab injection, and low-pressure spray applications. These techniques must be correctly employed to prevent or control infestations by subterranean termite species of Reticulitermes, Zootermopsis, Heterotermes and Coptotermes. Choice of appropriate procedures should include consideration of such variable factors as the design of the structure, water table, soil type, soil compaction, grade conditions, location and type of domestic water supplies and drainage systems. The biology and behavior of the termite species involved are important factors to be known as well as spected location of the colony and severity of the infestation within the souture to be protected.

Effective termite control also includes elimination of termite access to moisture by recommending repair of faulty construction grade and/or plumbing. Remove all wood and cellulose containing debris in contact with soil from crawl spaces, porches, and around foundations.

Yor advice concerning current control practices with relation to the specific local conditions, consult resources in structural pest control and the State regulatory agency.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE-SUBTERRANEAN TERMITE CONTROL

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. This labeling must be in the possession of the user at the time of application. Avoid contamination of public and private water supplies by following these precautions:

- Use anti-backflow equipment or procedures.
- Do not treat soil beneath structures that contain wells or cisterns.
- Care must be taken to avoid runoff. Do not treat soil that is water-saturated or frozen.

Consult State and local specifications for recommended distance of treatment areas from wells. Refer to Federal Housing Administration Specifications for guidance on preconstruction treatments.

After Treatment: Securely plug all holes drilled in construction elements of commonly occupied areas of structures, including unfinished basements, enclosed porches, garages, and workshops.

PRECONSTRUCTION SUBTERKANEAN TERMITE TREATMENT

Effective preconstruction subterranean termite control requires the establishment of an unbroken vertical and/or horizontal chemical barrier between wood in the structure and the termite colonies in the soil.

To meet F.H.A. termite-proofing requirements, follow the latest edition of the Housing and Urban Development (H.U.D.) Minimum Property Standards.

Use a 0.25-0.50% emulsion for subterranean termites. For a 0.25% emulsion mix 1 gallon of DEMON TC in 99 gallons of water. For a 0.50% emulsion mix 2 gallons of DEMON TC in 98 rallons of water.

After grading is completed and prior to pouring of the slab, slab-supported or constructed porches, and other critical areas, make the following treatments:

HORIZONTAL BARRIERS: Horizontal barriers may be established in arcas intended for covering such as floors, porches, and other critical areas, application shall be made by a low-pressure spray (less than 50 p.s.i.).

Apply the emulsion at the rate of I gallon per IO square feet to fill dirt. If fill is washed gravel or other coarse material, apply the emulsion at the rate of 14 gallons per 10 square feet.

If concrete slabs cannot be poured over soil the same day it has been treated a waterproof cover, such as poly thylene sheeting, should be placed over the soil. This is not necessary if it indation walls have been installed around the treated soil.

VERTICAL BARRIERS: Vertical barriers may be established around the base of foundations, plumbing, back-filled soil against foundation walls, and other critical areas: applications may be made by rodding and/or trenching. Apply the emulsion at the rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet per foot of depth. For example, a footing 3 feet deep would require 12 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet.

Outside and inside perimeter applications must be made by rodding and/or trenching. When rodding from grade or from the bottom of a shallow trench, rod holes should be spaced in a manner that will allow for application of a continuous chemical barrier. Rod holes should not extend beneath the top of the footings.

A trench need not be wider than 6 inches. Rod from the base of a shallow trench to the top of the footings. Low-pressure spray may be used to treat soil which will be replaced in the trench. Mix the emulsion with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench.

Soil should be treated around sewer lines, plumbing, or around any other utility extending from the soil through a slab.

HOLLOW MASONRY UNITS OF THE FOUNDATION: In preconstruction situations in which horizontal barrier application is not made to soil prior to pouring the footing treatment may be made through masonry voids to establish a continuous chemical barrier at the top of the footing. Apply at the rate of 2 gallons per 10 linear feet. Apply the emulsion so it will reach the footing.

CRAWL SPACES: For crawl spaces apply at the rate of 4 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet per foot of depth from grade to the top of the footing. Application may be made by rodding and/or trenching. Treatment should include both sides of foundation and around all piers and pipes.

- Rod holes should be spaced (about 1 foot) to provide a continuous chemical barrier.
- Trench need not be wider than 6 inches nor below the foundation. The emulsion should be mixed with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench.

POSTCONSTRUCTION TREATMENTS

Use a 0.25%-0.50% emulsion for subterranean termites. For a 0.25% emulsion mix 1 gallon of DEMON TC in 99 gallons of water. For a 0.50% emulsion mix 2 gallons of DEMON TC in 98 gallons of water.

Postconstruction applications may be made by subslab injection, rodding, and/or trenching using low-pressure spray (25 p.s.i.).

Do not apply emulsion until location of heat or air-conditioning ducts, vents, and water and sewer (or plumbing) lines are known and indentified. Caution must be taken to avoid contamination of these structural elements and airways.

SLAB-ON-GROUND: Apply the emulsion at the rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet. Application shall be made by sub-slab injection, trenching, and/or rodding.

Treat the soil from grade to the top of the footing along the outside and, where necessary, along the inside of the foundation perimeter. Treatment may also be required along one side of a partition wall (especially where the wall is connected to the flow by fixtures inserted in the slab) and along cracks, expansion joints, and other critical areas.

Drill holes should be spaced about 10 to 24 inches apart to provide a continuous chemical barrier. (For best results, application should be made with a lateral dispersion nozzle.)

Where necessary, drill through the foundation walls from the outside and inject the chemical just beneath the slab or along the inside of the foundation.

Along the outside of the foundation walls where shallow foundations exist (1 foot or less), dig a narrow trench approximately 6 inches wide and not below the top of the footing. Apply the emulsion at the rate of 2 gallons per 10 linear feet. As the soil is being replaced into the trench, apply another 2 gallons per 10 linear feet to the backfill.

When making soil applications to the foundations extending deeper than I foot, follow instructions under BASEMENTS - OUTSIDE PERIMETER. (See exception for monolithic slabs immediately following). Note: For monolithic slab construction a vertical barrier may be established along the outside of foundation walls from grade to the bottom of the monolithic poured concrete foundation. Where the foundation extends deeper than one foot, rod holes should not extend beneath the bottom of the monolithic poured concrete foundation.

HOLLOW MASONRY UNITS OF FOUNDATION WALLS: Treatment may be made through masonry voids to establish a continuous chemical barrier at the top of the footing. Apply at the rate of 2 gallons per 10 linear feet of footing. Where this treatment is necessary, access holes must be drilled below the sill plate and should be through a lower mortar joint as close as possible to the footing.

BASEMENTS: Apply the emulsion at the rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet per foot of depth from the grade to the top of the footing. For example a footing 3 feet deep would require 12 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet. Application shall be made by subslab injection, trenching, and/or rodding.

Inside Treatment may be required along inside of foundation walls and along one side of interior partition walls (or bearing walls) especially where the wall is connected by fixtures inserted in the floor. Application may also be necessary around sewer pipes, floor drains, conduits, or any cracks in the basement floor. Drill holes should be spaced about 10 to 24 inches apart to provide a continuous chemical barrier. Note: Sandy soils will tend to give less lateral disperison than clay soils. Spacing should be determined by soil type.

Outside Perimeter: Applications must be made by rodding and/or trenching. When rodding from grade or from the bottom of a shallow trench, rod holes should be spaced in a manner that will allow for application of a continuous chemical barrier. Rod holes should not extend beneath the top of the footings.

A trench need not be wider than 6 inches. Rod from the base of a shallow trench to the top of the footings. Low-pressure spray (25 p.s.i.) may be used to treat soil which will be replaced in the trench. Mix the emulsion with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench.

HOLLOW MASONRY UNITS OF THE FOUNDATION AND/OR BASEMENT WALL (BELOW GRADE): Treat so as to make a continuous chemical barrier in the voids. Apply the emulsion at the rate of 2 gallons per 10 linear feet. Apply the emulsion so it will reach the footing.

CRAWL SPACES: Apply the emulsion at the rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet per foot of depth from the grade to the top of the footing. For example, a footing 3 reet deep would require 12 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet. For best results application should be made by rodding and/or trenching.

Treat both sides of foundation and around all piers and pipes. When rodding from grade or from the bottom of a shallow trench, rod holes should be spaced in a manner that will allow for application of a continuous chemical barrier. Rod holes should not extend beneath the top of the footings.

A trench need not be wider than 6 inches. Rod from the base of a shallow trench to the top of the footings. Low-pressure spray (25 p.s.i.) may be used to treat soil which will be replaced in the trench. Mix the emulsion with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench.

To prevent subterranean termites from constructing tubes from soil to crawl space wood members above, an overall soil treatment of this product may be applied. Remove all cellulose debris before application of 1 gallon per 10 square feet overall. Use fans to exhaust crawl space air when working in a confined space. Wear appropriate protective clothing, gloves, and unvested goggles.

If adequate ventilation is not available in the crawl space wear a respirator approved by the Mine Safety and Health Administration during treatment. It is recommended that inadequately ventilated crawl spaces be brought into compliance with FHA Minimum Property Standards specifying 1 square foot of ventilator opening per 150 square feet of crawl space area.

BATH TRAPS: Where there is exposed soil beneath and around p. "bing/waste pipe entrances through a concrete slab, this soil may be treater with 0.5% dilution of this product.

An access door for inspection and treatment should be cut and installed if not already present. After inspection and removal of any wood (form boards) or cellular debris, treat the soil by rodding and/or flooding with 0.5% emulsion of this product.

POSTS, POLES, AND OTHER CONSTRUCTIONS:

Application may be made to create a chemical barrier in the soil around wooden construction such as signs and landscape ornamentation.

Use 1 gallon of emulsion per foot of depth for poles and posts less than six inches in diameter. For larger poles, use $l^{\frac{1}{2}}$ gallons of emulsion per foot of depth. For larger constructions, use 4 gallons per linear feet per foot of depth.

For treatments made during installation, the emulsion may be applied to the soil as it is replaced around the pole or post. Previously installed poles and posts may be treated by subsurface injection or treated by gravity-flow through holes made from the bottom of a trench around the pole or post. Treat on all sides to create a continuous chemical barrier. Apply to a depth of six inches below the bottom of the wood.

EXCAVATION TECHNIQUE: If treatment must be made in difficult situations such as near wells, cisterns along fieldstone or rubble walls along faulty foundation walls and around pipes and utility lines which lead downward from the structure to a well or pond, application may be made in the following manner:

- 1) Trench and remove soil to be treated onto heavy plastic sheeting or similar material.
- 2) Treat the soil at the rate of 4 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet per foot of depth of the trench. Mix the emulsion thoroughly into the soil taking care to prevent liquid from running of the liner.
- 3) After the treated soil has absorbed the liquid emulsion, replace the soil in the trench.

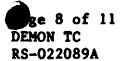
Prior to using this technique near wells or cisterns consult State, local or Federal agencies for information regarding approved treatment practices in your area.

TREATMENT OF WOOD IN PLACE FOR CONTROL
OF TERMITES, CARPENTER ANTS, CARPENTER BEES AND WOOD INFESTING BEETLES

In addition to subsurface applications, this product may be used for treating infested wood in place. It can be applied to wood by crack and crevice tool, coarse fan spray or injection. Overall broadcast spray applications must be limited to attics, crawl spaces, unfinished basements and similar generally unoccupied areas. In occupied indoor areas, treat wood trim and exposed beams by brush or coarse spray directed only onto the wood to be treated.

IMPORTANT: Do not apply emulsion until location of heat pipes, ducts, water and sewer lines and electrical conduits are known and identified. Caution must be taken to avoid puncturing and injection into these structural elements. Do not apply into electrical fixtures, switches, or sockets.

Remove pets, birds, and cover aquariums before spraying. Do not permit humans or pets to contact treated surfaces until the spray has dried.



During any applications to overhead interior areas of structures, cover surfaces below with plastic sheeting or similar material.

Do not use in food areas of food handling establishments, restaurants or other areas where food is commercially prepared or processed. Do not use in serving areas while food is exposed or facility is in operation. Serving areas are areas where prepared foods are served such as dining rooms but excluding areas where food may be prepared or held. In the home all food processing surfaces and utensils should be covered during treatment or thoroughly washed before reuse. Cover exposed food.

Nonfood areas are areas such as garbage rooms, lavatories, floor drains (to sewers), entries and vestibules, offices, locker rooms, machine rooms, boiler rooms, garages, mop closets and storage (after canning or bottling).

Not for use in USDA meat and poultry plants.

CONTROL G WOOD INFESTING BEETLES:

To control wood infesting insects such as powderpost beetle (Lyctidae), false powderpost beetles (Bostrichidae), deathwatch beetles (Anobiidae), old house borers (Cerambycidae) and ambrosia beetles (Scolytidae) in homes and other structures, apply as an emulsion containing .1% to .25% DEMON TC. For treatment of small areas, apply by brushing the emulsion evenly on wood surfaces. For large or overhead areas, apply as a coarse spray to the point of runoff. When spraying overhead interior areas of homes, apartment buildings, etc. spray to the point of runoff, cover all surfaces below the area being sprayed with piastics sheeting or other material which could be disposed of by placing in trash if contamination from dripping occurs. Sprayed surfaces should be avoided until spray has totally dried. Do not use in structures occupied by animals to be used for food purposes or which produce products for human consumption.

TERMITES ABOVE GROUND: For control of termites, subterranean aerial colonies, Formosan aerial colonies or drywood termites in localized areas of infested wood in structures, apply a 0.1% emulsion to voids and galleries in damaged wood and in spaces between wooden members of a structure and between wood and foundations where wood is vulnerable. Application may be made to inaccessible areas by drilling, and then injecting the emulsion with a crack and crevice injector into the damaged wood or void spaces. Application to attics, crawl spaces unfinished basements, or man-made voids may be made with a coarse fan spray of 0.1% emulsion to control workers and winged reproductive forms of termites in more shelter tubes. This type of

application is not intended to be a substitute for soil treatment for extensive infestation of drywood termites or other wood-infesting insects.

For termites active inside trees, utility poles and/or fence posts, drill to find the interior infested cavity and inject C.1% emulsion using treatment tool with a splashback guard.

Termite carton nests in trees or building voids may be injected with 0.25% - 0.50% emulsion using a pointed injection tool. Multiple injection points to varying depths may be necessary. It is desirable to physically remove carton nest material from building voids when such nests are found.

CARPENTER ANTS: For control of carpenter ants in houses and other structures, apply as a 0.25% emulsion for protection up to 5 weeks, a 0.5% emulsion for protection up to 11 weeks, and a 1.0% emulsion for protection up to 1 year, with retreatment semiannually as needed, around doors and windows and other places where carpenter ants enter the premises and where they crawl. Spray into cracks and crevices or through openings or small drilled holes into voids where these ants or their nests are present. Use no more than a sufficient amount of coarse spray to cover the area to the point of runoff. Do not exceed 1 gallon of dilute emulsion per 1000 square feet of treated surface.

For carpenter ants active inside trees, utility poles and/or fence posts, drill to find the interior infested cavity and inject 0.25% emulsion, for protection up to 1 week, using a treatment tool with a splashback guard. Reapply under heavy reinfestation pressure.

FIREWOOD PROTECTION FROM CARPENTER ANTS: Prior to laying in firewood, soil beneath the cord(s) may be treated with a 0.25%-0.50% emulsion at 1 gallon per 10 square feet to prevent carpenter ant infestation.

CARPENTER BEES: Use a 0.1% emulsion for control of carpenter bees. Liquid may be sprayed directly into gallery entrance holes. Following treatment, the entrance holes may be left open 24 hours to be certain that returning adult bees are killed. When there is no activity, the hole may be closed with wood putty.

RETREATMENT

Retreatment for subterranean termites should be made when there is evidence of reinfestation subsequent to the initial treatment, or there has been a disruption of the chemical barrier in the soil due to construction, excavations, landscaping, etc. Retreatment should be made as a spot application to these areas.

Retreatments may be made to vulnerable areas in accordance with the application techniques described above. This application should be made as a spot treatment to these areas. Routine or annual retreatment of the entire premises should be avoided.

OUTDOOR USE

FOR CONTROL OF ANTS, BEES, CENTIPEDES, COCKROACHES, CRICKETS, FIREBRATS, SOWBUGS MILLIPEDES, SILVERFISH, PILLBUGS, SPIDERS, FLIES, WASPS. Apply 0.1% solution as a residual spray to surfaces of building porches, screens, window frames, eaves, patios, lawns, refuse dumps, garages with either hand or power sprayer and in other areas where these pests are found.

BARRIER TREATMENTS

To help prevent infestation of buildings, apply a 0.1% solution to a band of soil and vegetation 6 to 10 feet wide around and adjacent to the building. Also, treat the building foundation to a height of 2 to 3 feet when pests are active and may find entrance. Apply as a coarse spray to thoroughly and uniformly wet the band areas, using 1 gallon of spray mix per 400 square feet.

NOTE:

For above ground treatments, use a 0.1% concentration. To prepare a 0.1% emulsion, add 0.5 fluid ounces of concentrate to 1 gallon of water. To prepare 50 gallons of emulsion, add 0.2 gallons (25.6 oz) of concentrate to 49.8 gallons of water. To prepare 100 gallons of emulsion, add 0.4 gallons (51.2 oz) of concentrate in 99.6 gallons of water. Use this spray at the rate of 1 gallon of diluted spray per 1000 square feet of surface area.

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT TO EDIBLE CROPS.

RECOMMENDATION FOR CONTROL OF CLUSTER FLY

Apply DEMON TC to the outside of the structure. Mix 1 oz. DEMON TC to 10 ozs. deodorized lightweight mineral oil; apply to 1,000 square feet of wall area. Use a fogging apparatus which delivers the material in a strong air carrier, producing a small particle size. The apparatus should be held within three feet of the surface being treated. Apply only when air movement is less than 2 miles per hour.

The surface treated should be dry at the time of application. Attics and unoccupied lots should be treated at the same time and at the same rate.

Generally the north side of structures need not be treated since flies seldom enter from areas of sunlit.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROHIBITIONS: Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited. Do not reuse empty container. STORAGE: Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food or feed. Protect from freezing. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with sand, earth or synthetic absorbent. Remove to chemical waste area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance. CONTAINER DISPOSAL: METAL CONTAINERS: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

PLASTIC CONTAINERS: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for lecycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

GLASS CONTAINERS: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other approved state and local procedures.

NOTICE TO BUYER AND USER: Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal use conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to Seller, and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. SELLER DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY. SELLER SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT AND SELLER'S SOLE LIABILITY AND BUYER'S AND USER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE REFUND OF THE PURCHASE PRICE.

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DEMONS TO INSECTICIDE

ONLY FOR SALE TO, USE AND STORAGE BY COMMERCIAL PEST CONTROL OPERATORS

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

| Cypermethrin | |
|---|---------|
| $(\pm)\alpha$ -cyano-(3-phenoxphenyl) methyl(\pm)-cis,trans-3-(2,2- | |
| dichloroethenyl)-2,2-dimethylcyclopropanecarboxylate* | . 25.3% |
| INERT INGREDIENTS | . 74.7% |
| Total | 100.07 |

*Cis/trans ratio: Min. 45% (±) cis and max. 55% (±) trans. DEMON TC contains 2 pounds active ingredient per gallon.

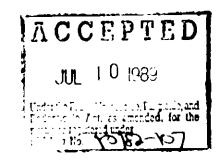
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN WARNING

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT:

IF IN EVES: Flush with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF SWALLOWED: Do not thing the vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center. Vomiting should be supervised by a physician or the professional staff because of the possible pulmonary damages from aspiration of the solvent. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air. Apply artificial respiration if necessary.

FOR 24-HOUR EMERGENCY MEDICAL ASSISTANCE, CALL (800)-F-A-S-T-M-E-D (327-8633). FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY: Spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident Call CHEMIREC 1-800-424-9300

(Roundel) Agricultural Products
ICI Americas Inc.
Wilmington, Delaware 19897



Net Contents: ONE U.S. GALLON (3.79 LITERS)

EPA Est. No. 5905-AR-1 EPA Reg. No. 10182-107 U.S. Patent No. 4,024,163

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MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTIONS. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Wear protective clothing when spraying. Wear protective clothing, impermeable gloves and full face shield or goggles when handling or mixing concentrate. Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish. Use with care when applying in areas adjacent to any body of water. Do not apply directly to water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of wastes. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops or weeds. Do not apply DEMON TC, or allow it to drift to crops or weeds on which bees are actively foraging. Additional information may be obtained from Cooperative Extension Service. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS: Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

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For advice concerning current control practices with relation to the specific local conditions, consult resources in structural pest control and the State regulatory agency.

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- Use anti-backflow equipment or procedures.
- Do not treat soil beneath structures that contain wells or cisterns.
- Care must be taken to avoid runoff. Do not treat soil that is water-saturated or frozen.

Consult State and local specifications for recommended distance of treatment areas from wells. Refer to Federal Housing Administration Specifications for guidance on preconstruction treatments.

After Treatment: Securely plug all holes drilled in construction elements of commonly occupied areas of structures, including unfinished basements, enclosed porches, garages, and workshops.

PRECONSTRUCTION SUBTERRANEAN TERMITE TREATMENT

Effective preconstruction subterranean termite control requires the establishment of an unbroken vertical and/or horizontal chemical barrier between wood in the structure and the termite colonies in the soil.

To meet F.H.A. termite-proofing requirements, follow the latest edition of the Housing and Urban Development (H.U.D.) Minimum Property Standards.

Use a 0.25-0.50% emulsion for subterranean termites. For a 0.25% emulsion mix 1 gallon of DEMON TC in 99 gallons of water. For a 0.50% emulsion mix 2 gallons of DEMON TC in 98 gallons of water.

After grading is completed and prior to pouring of the slab, slab-supported or constructed porches, and other critical areas, make the following treatments:

HORIZONTAL BARRIERS: Horizontal barriers may be established in areas intended for covering such as floors, porches, and other critical areas, application shall be made by a low-pressure spray (less than 50 p.s.i.).

Apply the emulsion at the rate of 1 gallon per 10 square feet to fill dirt. If fill is washed gravel or other coarse material, apply the emulsion at the rate of $1\frac{1}{2}$ gallons per 10 square feet.

If concrete slabs cannot be poured over soil the same day it has been treated a waterproof cover, such as polyethylene sheeting, should be placed over the soil. This is not necessary if foundation walls have been installed around the treated soil.

VERTICAL BARRIERS: Vertical barriers may be established around the base of foundations, plumbing, back-filled soil against foundation walls, and other critical areas: applications may be made by rodding and/or trenching. Apply the emulsion at the rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet per foot of depth For example, a footing 3 feet deep would require 12 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet.

Outside and inside perimeter applications must be made by rodding and/or trenching. When rodding from grade or from the bottom of a shallow trench, rod holes should be spaced in a manner that will allow for application of a continuous chemical barrier. Rod holes should not extend beneath the top of the footings.

A trench need not be wider than 6 inches. Rod from the base of a shallow trench to the top of the footings. Low-pressure spray may be used to treat soil which will be replaced in the trench. Mix the emulsion with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench.

Soil should be treated around sewer lines, plumbing, or around any other utility extending from the soil through a slab.

HOLLOW MASONRY UNITS OF THE FOUNDATION: In preconstruction situations in which horizontal barrier application is not made to soil prior to pouring the footing treatment may be made through masonry voids to establish a continuous chemical barrier at the top of the footing. Apply at the rate of 2 gallons per 10 linear feet. Apply the emulsion so it will reach the footing.

CRAWL SPACES: For crawl spaces apply at the rate of 4 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet per foot of depth from grade to the top of the footing. Application may be made by rodding and/or trenching. Treatment should include both sides of foundation and around all piers and pipes.

- Rod holes should be spaced (about 1 foot) to provide a continuous chemical barrier
- Trench need not be wider than 6 inches nor below the foundation. The emulsion should be mixed with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench.

POSTCONSTRUCTION TREATMENTS

Use a 0.25%-0.50% emulsion for subterranean termites. For a 0.25% emulsion mix I gallon of DEMON TC in 99 gallons of water. For a 0.50% emulsion mix 2 gallons of DEMON TC in 98 gallons of water.

Postconstruction applications may be made by subslab injection, rodding, and/or trenching using low-pressure spray (25 p.s.i.).

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Do not apply emulsion until location of heat or air-conditioning ducts, vents, and water and sewer (or plumbing) lines are known and indentified. Caution must be taken to avoid contamination of these structural elements and airways.

SLAB-ON-GROUND: Apply the emulsion at the rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet. Application shall be made by sub-slab injection, trenching, and/or rodding.

Treat the soil from grade to the top of the footing along the outside and, where necessary, along the inside of the foundation perimeter. Treatment may also be required along one side of a partition wall (especially where the wall is connected to the flow by fixtures inserted in the slab) and along cracks, expansion joints, and other critical areas.

Drill holes should be spaced about 10 to 24 inches apart to provide a continuous chemical barrier. (For best results, application should be made with a lateral dispersion nozzle.)

Where necessary, drill through the foundation walls from the outside and inject the chemical just beneath the slab or along the inside of the foundation.

Along the outside of the foundation walls where shallow foundations exist (1 foot or less), dig a narrow trench approximately 6 inches wide and not below the top of the footing. Apply the emulsion at the rate of 2 gallons per 10 linear feet. As the soil is being replaced into the trench, apply another 2 gallons per 10 linear feet to the backfill.

When making soil applications to the foundations extending deeper than I foot, follow instructions under BASEMENTS - OUTSIDE PERIMETER. (See exception for monolithic slabs immediately following). Note: For monolithic slab construction a vertical barrier may be established along the outside of foundation walls from grade to the bottom of the monolithic poured concrete foundation. Where the foundation extends deeper than one foot, rod holes should not extend beneath the bottom of the monolithic poured concrete toundation.

HOLLOW MASONRY UNITS OF FOUNDATION WALLS: Treatment may be made through masonry voids to establish a continuous chemical barrier at the top of the footing. Apply at the rate of 2 gallons per 10 linear feet of footing. Where this treatment is necessary, access holes must be drilled below the sill plate and should be through a lower mortar joint as close as possible to the footing.

BASEMENTS: Apply the emulsion at the rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet per foot of depth from the grade to the top of the footing. For example a footing 3 feet deep would require 12 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet. Application shall be made by subslab injection, trenching, and/or rodding.

Inside Treatment may be required along inside of foundation walls and along one side of interior partition walls (or bearing walls) especially where the wall is connected by fixtures inserted in the floor. Application may also be necessary around sewer pipes, floor drains, conduits, or any cracks in the basement floor. Drill holes should be spaced about 10 to 24 inches apart to provide a continuous chemical barrier. Note: Sandy soils will tend to give less lateral disperison than clay soils. Spacing should be determined by soil type.

Outside Perimeter: Applications must be made by rodding and/or trenching. When rodding from grade or from the bottom of a shallow trench, rod holes should be spaced in a manner that will allow for application of a continuous chemical barrier. Rod holes should not extend beneath the top of the footings.

A trench need not be wider than 6 inches. Rod from the base of a shallow trench to the top of the footings. Low-pressure spray (25 p.s.i.) may be used to treat soil which will be replaced in the trench. Mix the emulsion with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench.

HOLLOW MASONRY UNITS OF THE FOUNDATION AND/OR BASEMENT WALL (BELOW GRADE): Treat so as to make a continuous chemical barrier in the voids. Apply the emulsion at the rate of 2 gallons per 10 linear feet. Apply the emulsion so it will reach the footing.

CRAWL SPACES: Apply the emulsion at the rate of 4 gallons per 10 linear feet per foot of depth from the grade to the top of the footing. For example, a footing 3 feet deep would require 12 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet. For best results application should be made by rodding and/or trenching.

Treat both sides of foundation and around all piers and pipes. When rodding from grade or from the bottom of a shallow trench, rod holes should be spaced in a manner that will allow for application of a continuous chemical barrier. Rod holes should not extend beneath the top of the footings.

A trench need not be wider than 6 inches. Rod from the base of a shallow trench to the top of the footings. Low-pressure spray (25 p.s.i.) may be used to treat soil which will be replaced in the trench. Mix the emulsion with the soil as it is being replaced in the trench.

To prevent subterranean termites from constructing tube: from soil to crawl space wood members above, an overall soil treatment of this product may be applied. Remove all cellulose debris before application of 1 gallon per 10 square feet overall. Use fans to exhaust crawl space air when working in a confined space. Wear appropriate protective clothing, gloves, and unvested goggles.

If adequate ventilation is not available in the crawl space wear a respirator approved by the Mine Safety and Health Administration during treatment. It is recommended that inadequately ventilated crawl spaces be brought into compliance with FHA Minimum Property Standards specifying 1 square foot of ventilator opening per 150 square feet of crawl space area.

BATH TRAPS: Where there is exposed soil beneath and around plumbing/waste pipe entrances through a concrete slab, this soil may be treated with 0.5% dilution of this product.

An access door for inspection and treatment should be cut and installed if not already present. After inspection and removal of any wood (form boards) or cellular debris, treat the soil by rodding and/or flooding with 0.5% emulsion of this product.

POSTS, POLES, AND OTHER CONSTRUCTIONS:

Application may be made to create a chemical barrier in the soil around wooden construction such as signs and landscape ornamentation.

Use I gallon of emulsion per foot of depth for poles and posts less than six inches in diameter. For larger poles, use $1\frac{1}{2}$ gallons of emulsion per foot of depth. For larger constructions, use 4 gallons per linear feet per foot of depth.

For treatments made during installation, the emulsion may be applied to the soil as it is replaced around the pole or post. Previously installed poles and posts may be treated by subsurface injection or treated by gravity-flow through holes made from the bottom of a trench around the pole or post. Treat on all sides to create a continuous chemical barrier. Apply to a depth of six inches below the bottom of the wood.

EXCAVATION TECHNIQUE: If treatment must be made in difficult situations such as near wells, cisterns along fieldstone or rubble walls along faulty foundation walls and around pipes and utility lines which lead downward from the struct re to a well or pond, application may be made in the following manner:

- Trench and remove soil to be treated onto heavy plastic sheeting or similar material.
- 2) Treat the soil at the rate of 4 gallons of emulsion per 10 linear feet per foot of depth of the trench. Mix the emulsion thoroughly into the soil taking care to prevent liquid from running of the liner.
- 3) After the treated soil has absorbed the liquid emulsion, replace the soil in the trench.

Prior to using this technique near wells or cisterns consult State, local or Federal agencies for information regarding approved treatment practices in your area.

TREATMENT OF WOOD IN FLACE FOR CONTROL
OF TERMITES, CARPENTER ANTS, CARPENTER BEES AND WOOD INFESTING BEETLES

In addition to subsurface applications, this product may be used for treating infested wood in place. It can be applied to wood by crack and crevice tool, coarse fan spray or injection. Overall broadcast spray applications must be limited to attics, crawl spaces, unfinished basements and similar generally unoccupied areas. In occupied indoor areas, treat wood trim and exposed beams by brush or coarse spray directed only onto the wood to be treated.

IMPORTANT: Do not apply emulsion until location of heat pipes, ducts, water and sewer lines and electrical conduits are known and identified. Caution must be taken to avoid puncturing and injection into these structural elements. Do not apply into electrical fixtures, switches, or sockets.

Remove pets, birds, and cover aquariums before spraying. Do not permit humans or pets to contact treated surfaces until the spray has dried.

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During any applications to overhead interior areas of structures, cover surfaces below with plastic sheeting or similar material.

Do not use in food areas of food handling establishments, restaurants or other areas where food is commercially prepared or processed. Do not use in serving areas while food is exposed or facility is in operation. Serving areas are areas where prepared foods are served such as dining rooms but excluding areas where food may be prepared or held. In the home all food processing surfaces and utensils should be covered during treatment or thoroughly washed before reuse. Cover exposed food.

Nonfood areas are areas such as garbage rooms, lavatories, floor drains (to sewers), entries and vestibules, offices, locker rooms, machine rooms, boiler rooms, garages, mop closets and storage (after canning or bottling).

Not for use in USDA meat and poultry plants.

CONTROL OF WOOD INFESTING BEETLES:

To control wood infesting insects such as powderpost beetle (Lyctidae), false powderpost beetles (Bostrichidae), deathwatch beetles (Anobiidae), old house borers (Cerambycidae) and ambrosia beetles (Scolytidae) in homes and other structures, apply as an emulsion containing .1% to .25% DEMON TC. For treatment of small areas, apply by brushing the emulsion evenly on wood surfaces. For large or overhead areas, apply as a coarse spray to the point of runoff. When spraying overhead interior areas of homes, apartment buildings, etc. spray to the point of runoff, cover all surfaces below the area being sprayed with plastics sheeting or other material which could be disposed of by placing in trash if contamination from dripping occurs. Sprayed surfaces should be avoided until spray has totally dried. Do not use in structures occupied by animals to be used for food purposes or which produce products for human consumption.

TERMITES ABOVE GROUND: For control of termites, subterranean aerial colonies, Formosan aerial colonies or drywood termites in localized areas of infested wood in structures, apply a 0.1% emulsion to voids and galleries in damaged wood and in spaces between wooden members of a structure and between wood and foundations where wood is vulnerable. Application may be made to inaccessible areas by drilling, and then injecting the emulsion with a crack and crevice injector into the damaged wood or void spaces. Application to attics, crawl spaces unfinished basements, or man-made voids may be made with a coarse fan spray of 0.1% emulsion to control workers and winged reproductive forms of termites in mud shelter tubes. This type of

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application is not intended to be a substitute for soil treatment for extensive infestation of drywood termites or other wood-infesting insects.

For termites active inside trees, utility poles and/or fence posts, drill to find the interior infested cavity and inject 0.1% emulsion using treatment tool with a splashback guard.

Termite carton nests in trees or building voids may be injected with 0.25% - 0.50% emulsion using a pointed injection tool. Multiple injection points to varying depths may be necessary. It is desirable to physically remove carton nest material from building voids when such nests are found.

CARPENTER ANTS: For control of carpenter ants in houses and other structures, apply as a 0.25% emulsion for protection up to 5 weeks, a 0.5% emulsion for protection up to 11 weeks, and a 1.0% emulsion for protection up to 1 year, with retreatment semiannually as needed, around doors and windows and other places where carpenter ants enter the premises and where they crawl. Spray into cracks and crevices or through openings or small drilled holes into voids where these ants or their nests are present. Use no more than a sufficient amount of coarse spray to cover the area to the point of runoff. Do not exceed 1 gallon of dilute emulsion per 1000 square feet of treated surface.

For carpenter ants active inside trees, utility poles and/or fence posts, drill to find the interior infested cavity and inject 0.25% emulsion, for protection up to 1 week, using a treatment tool with a splashback guard. Reapply under heavy reinfestation pressure.

FIREWOOD PROTECTION FROM CARPENTER ANT: Prior to laying in firewood, soil beneath the cord(s) may be treated with a 0.25%-0.50% emulsion at 1 gallon per 10 square feet to prevent carpenter ant infestation.

CARPENTER BEES: Use a 0.1% emulsion for control of carpenter bees. Liquid may be sprayed directly into gallery entrance holes. Following treatment, the entrance holes may be left open 24 hours to be certain that returning adult bees are killed. When there is no activity, the hole may be closed with wood putty.

RETREATMENT

Retreatment for subterranean termites should be made when there is evidence of reinfestation subsequent to the initial treatment, or there has been a disruption of the chemical barrier in the soil due to construction, excavations, landscaping, etc. Retreatment should be made as a spot application to these areas.

Retreatments may be made to vulnerable areas in accordance with the application techniques described above. This application should be made as a spot treatment to hose areas. Routine or annual retreatment of the entire premises should be avoided.

OUTDOOR USE

FOR CONTROL OF ANTS, BEES, CENTIPEDES, COCKROACHES, CRICKETS, FIREBRATS, SOWBUGS MILLIPEDES, SILVERFISH, PILLBUGS, SPIDERS, FLIES, WASPS. Apply 0.1% solution as a residual spray to surfaces of building porches, screens, window frames, eaves, patios, lawns, refuse dumps, garages with either hand or power sprayer and in other areas where these pests are found.

BARRIER TREATMENTS

To help prevent infestation of buildings, apply a 0.1% solution to a band of soil and vegetation 6 to 10 feet wide around and adjacent to the building. Also, treat the building foundation to a height of 2 to 3 feet when pests are active and may find entrance. Apply as a coarse spray to thoroughly and uniformly wet the band areas, using I gallon of spray mix per 400 square feet.

NOTE:

For above ground treatments, use a 0.1% concentration. To prepare a 0.1% emulsion, add 0.5 fluid ounces of concentrate to 1 gallon of water. To prepare 50 gallons of emulsion, add 0.2 gallons (25.6 oz) of concentrate to 49.8 gallons of water. To prepare 100 gallons of emulsion, add 0.4 gallons (51.2 oz) of concentrate in 99.6 gallons of water. Use this spray at the rate of 1 gallon of diluted spray per 1000 square feet of surface area.

DO NOT APPLY THIS PRODUCT TO EDIBLE CROPS.

RECOMMENDATION FOR CONTROL OF CLUSTER FLY

Apply DEMON TC to the outside of the structure. Mix 1.oz. DEMON TC to 10 ozs. deodorized lightweight mineral oil; apply to 1,000 square feet of wall area. Use a fogging apparatus which delivers the material in a strong air carrier, producing a small particle size. The apparatus should be held within three feet of the surface being treated. Apply only when air movement is less than 2 miles per hour.

The surface treated should be dry at the time of application. Attics and unoccupied lots should be treated at the same time and at the same rate.

Generally the north side of structures need not be treated since flies seldom enter from areas of sunlit.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

PROHIBITIONS: Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Open dumping is prohibited. Do not reuse empty container. STORAGE: Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store near food or feed. Protect from freezing. In case of spill or leak on floor or paved surfaces, soak up with sand, earth or synthetic absorbent. Remove to chemical waste area.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance. CONTAINER DISPOSAL: METAL CONTAINERS: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

PLASTIC CONTAINERS: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, cr, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

GLASS CONTAINERS: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then dispose of in a sanitary landfill or by other approved state and local procedures.

NOTICE TO BUYER AND USER: Seller warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use. This warranty does not extend to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal use conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to Seller, and Buyer and User assume the risk of any such use. SELLER DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF FITNESS OR MERCHANTABILITY. SELLER SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL OR INDIRECT DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT AND SELLER'S SOLE LIABILITY AND BUYER'S AND USER'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE REFUND OF THE PURCHASE PRICE.