

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

(GROUND WATER CONCERN)

For retail sale and use only by certified applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the certified applicator's certification. This product is also a "Restricted Use" herbicide due to Atrazine ground water concerns. Users must read and follow all precautionary statements and instructions for use in order to minimize potential for Atrazine to reach ground water.

WEED PRO

Atrazine 4L HERBICIDE

For season-long weed control in corn and sorghum. For weed control in certain other crops; in noncrop areas; and industrial sites.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS BY WEIGHT

ATRAZINE (2-chloro-4-ethylamino-6-isopropylamino-s-triazine)	40.8%
Related Compounds	2.2%
INERT INGREDIENTS	57.0%
TOTAL	100.0%

EPA Reg. No. 10107-153 EPA Est. No. 10107-NB-1
Atrazine 4L contains 4 lbs. active ingredients per gallon. Shake well before using. Use entire contents at one time.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

SEE ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE INSIDE BOOKLET

Mfg. for:

Cornbelt Chemical Company • P.O. Box 410 • McCook, Nebraska 68001

Aerial application: Use aerial application only where broadcast applications are specified. Apply in a minimum of 1 qt. of water for each quart of this product applied per acre. For postemergence treatments on corn and sorghum, apply recommended rate in a minimum of 2 gals. of water/A. Avoid applications under conditions where uniform coverage cannot be obtained or where excessive spray drift may occur.

Avoid application to humans or animals. Flagmen and loaders should avoid inhalation of spray mist and prolonged contact with skin, and should wash thoroughly before eating and at the end of each day's operation.

Application in water or liquid fertilizer: Nitrogen solution or complete liquid fertilizer may replace all or part of the water as a carrier for preemergence, preplant incorporated, or preplant surface ground application on corn and sorghum. Check the compatibility of this product with liquid fertilizer and/or nitrogen solution as shown below before use. Do not apply in nitrogen solution or complete liquid fertilizer after corn or sorghum emerges or crop injury may occur.

Compatibility Test: Since liquid fertilizers can vary, even within the same analysis, always check compatibility with herbicide(s) each time before use. Be especially careful when using complete suspension or fluid fertilizers as serious compatibility problems are more likely to occur. Commercial application equipment may improve compatibility in some instances. The following test assumes a spray volume of 25 gals. per acre. For other spray volumes, make appropriate changes in the ingredients. Check compatibility using this procedure:

1. Add 1 pint of fertilizer to each of 2 one-quart jars with tight lids.
2. To one of the jars, add 1/4 tsp. or 1.2 milliliters of a compatibility agent approved for this use, such as Compex® or Latron AG-44® (1/4 tsp. is equivalent to 2 pts. per 100 gals. spray). Shake or stir gently to mix.
3. To both jars add the appropriate amount of herbicide(s). If more than one herbicide is used, add them separately with dry herbicides first, flowables next, and emulsifiable concentrates last. After each addition, shake or stir gently to thoroughly mix. The appropriate amount of herbicides for this test follows:

Dry herbicides: For each pound to be applied per acre, add 1.5 level

IMPORTANT: Read the entire Directions for Use and the Conditions of Sale and Warranty before using this product. If terms are not acceptable, return the unopened product container at once.

Conditions of Sale and Warranty

The Directions for Use of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests. The directions are believed to be reliable and should be followed carefully. However, it is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness, or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application all of which are beyond the control of CORNBELT CHEMICAL CO. or the Seller. All such risks shall be assumed by the Buyer.

CORNBELT CHEMICAL CO. warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes referred to in the Directions for Use subject to the inherent risks referred to above. CORNBELT CHEMICAL CO. makes no other express or implied warranty of Fitness or Merchantability or any other express or implied warranty. In no case shall CORNBELT CHEMICAL CO. or the Seller be liable for consequential, special, or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. CORNBELT CHEMICAL CO. and the Seller offer this product, and the Buyer and use accept it, subject to the foregoing Conditions of Sale and Warranty, which may be varied only by agreement in writing signed by a duly authorized representative of CORNBELT CHEMICAL CO.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN POOR WEED CONTROL, CROP INJURY, OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons, except those knowingly involved in the application. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons. Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until sprays have dried. Because certain states may require more restrictive reentry intervals for various

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teaspoons to each jar.

Liquid herbicides: For each pint to be applied per acre, add 0.5 teaspoon or 2.5 milliliters to each jar.

4. After adding all ingredients, put lids on and tighten, and invert each jar ten times to mix. Let the mixtures stand 15 minutes and then look for separation, large flakes, precipitates, gels, heavy oily film on the jar, or other signs of incompatibility. Determine if the compatibility agent is needed in the spray mixture by comparing the two jars. If either mixture separates, but can be remixed readily, the mixture can be sprayed as long as good agitation is used. If the mixtures are incompatible, test the following methods of improving compatibility: (A) slurry the dry herbicide(s) in water before addition, or (B) add 1/2 of the compatibility agent to the fertilizer and the other 1/2 to the emulsifiable concentrate or flowable herbicide before addition to the mixture. If incompatibility is still observed, do not use the mixture.

Application in water plus emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate: Adding emulsifiable oil (petroleum-derived, petroleum-derived oil concentrate, or single or mixed crop-derived oil concentrate) to postemergence water-based sprays in corn and sorghum may improve weed control. However, under certain conditions, the use of either type of oil may seriously injure the crop. To minimize this possibility, observe the following directions:

Use one of the following properly emulsified:

1. A suitable oil concentrate containing at least 1% but not more than 20% suitable emulsifier or surfactant blend.
2. Petroleum-derived oil containing at least 1% suitable emulsifier.

Note: In the event of a compatibility problem when mixing oil with this product and water, a compatibility agent such as Compex® or Latron AG-44® should be used. Any of the above oils contaminated with water or other materials can cause compatibility problems and/or crop injury.

Mixing procedures - oil use: (1) Be sure sprayer is clean and not contaminated with any other materials, or crop injury or sprayer clogging may result. (2) Fill tank 1/4 full with clean water, nitrogen solution, or complete liquid fertilizer. (3) Agitation. (4) Be certain that the agitation system is working properly and sees a rippling or rolling action on the liquid surface. (5) Pour product

crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

Written or oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product. Oral warnings must be given which inform workers of areas or fields that may not be entered without specific protective clothing until sprays have dried, and appropriate actions to take in case of accidental exposure as described under Precautionary Statements on this label. When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarily understood by workers. Oral warnings must be given if there is reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers. Written warnings must include the following information: "CAUTION: Area treated with Weed Pro Atrazine 4L (date of application). Do not enter without appropriate protective clothing until sprays have dried. In case of accidental exposure, flush eyes or skin with plenty of water. Call a physician if irritation persists. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse."

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

General Information

This herbicide controls many annual broadleaf and grass weeds in corn, sorghum, sugarcane, and certain other crops specified on this label. It is also effective in noncrop areas and industrial sites for control of most annual and many perennial broadleaf and grass weeds. This product may be applied before or after weeds emerge.

Following many years of continuous use of this product and chemically related products, biotypes of some of the weeds listed on this label have been reported which cannot be effectively controlled by this and related herbicides. Where this is known or suspected, and weeds controlled by this product are expected to be present along with resistant biotypes, we recommend the use of this product in combinations or in sequence with other registered herbicides which are not atrazines. If only resistant biotypes are expected to be present, use a registered non-triazine herbicide. Consult with your state Agricultural Extension Service for specific recommendations.

Since this product acts mainly through root absorption, its effectiveness depends on moisture to move it into the root zone. If weeds develop, a shallow cultivation or rotary hoeing will generally result in better weed control.

This product is nonflammable.

directly from container into tank. (6) Continue filling tank until 90% full. Increase agitation if necessary to maintain surface action. (7) Add emulsifiable oil, oil concentrate, or tank mix herbicide(s) after this product is thoroughly suspended. (8) Finish filling tank. (9) Empty tank as completely as possible before refilling to prevent buildup of oil or emulsifiable concentrate residue. Maintain agitation to avoid separation of materials. (10) If an oil or emulsifiable concentrate film starts to build up in tank, drain it and clean with strong detergent solution or solvent. (11) Clean sprayer thoroughly immediately after use by flushing system with water containing a detergent.

Atrazine 4L Applied Alone - Corn or Grain Sorghum*

Preplant Surface-Applied, Preplant Incorporated, or Preemergence (or Postemergence at 4 pts./A With Oil)

Broadleaf and Grass Weeds Controlled

barnyardgrass (watergrass)	cocklebur	nightshade
giant foxtail**	groundcherry	pigweed
green foxtail	jimsonweed	purslane
large (hairy) crabgrass**	kocnia	ragweed
wild oats	lambsquarters	sickledod
witchgrass (<i>Panicum capillare</i>)	annual morningglory	velvetleaf
yellow foxtail	mustards	(buttonweed)

Postemergence with Emulsifiable Oil or Oil Concentrate in Water (2+2.4 pts./A)

Broadleaf Weed Controlled

annual morningglory	lambsquarters	rag weed	wild buckwheat
cocklebur	mustards	smartweed	
jimsonweed	pigweed	velvetleaf	

* Certain states may have established rate limitations within specific geographical areas. Consult your state lead pesticide control agency for additional information. It is a violation of this label to deviate from state use regulations. In Iowa, for example, maximum use rates have been established within a specified pesticide management area. Contact the Iowa Extension Service, the Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship or your CORNBELT CHEMICAL CO. representative for additional information.

** Indicates partial control only.

Avoid using near adjacent crops.

To avoid spray drift, do not apply as crop injury may result.

Where the use directions on textured soil and soil low in organic matter and soil high in organic

Note: CORNBELT CHEMICAL combination with other herbicide label or in literature published by the publisher.

Application Procedures

Ground application: Use of that provide accurate and uniform spacing and are of correct rate at the start of each otherwise specified, use a preplant incorporated, preplant applications (with or without

Use a pump with capacity sufficient agitation in tank to minimum of 20% bypass at propeller shear action for diameter provide a minimum of 10 gal. correctly positioned sprayer

Use screens to protect the pump placed on the suction side of the place a screen in the reach between the pump and boom manufacturer's recommendations

For band application, calculate band width in inches x row width in inches

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Corn

Preplant Surface-Applied and fine-textured with minimum IA, KS, KY, MN, NO, MT, NE, rate of Atrazine 4L shown in 45 days prior to planting and than 30 days prior to planting coarse-textured soils, do not

If weeds are present at the time of contact herbicide (for exact directions for use, precautions herbicide)

Note: To the extent possible, untreated soil to the surface

Preplant Incorporated (Broadcast) after plowing at rate in Table or after final seedbed preparation apply within two weeks prior

Preemergence (Broadcast) planting before weed emergence

Postemergence (Broadcast) 1.5 in. in height and before

Table 1: Broadleaf and Grass

Soil Texture

COARSE
Sand, loamy sand, sandy loam

MEDIUM
Loam, silt loam, silt, clay loam, sandy clay, or silty clay with

FINE
Loam, silt loam, silt, clay loam, sandy clay, or silty clay with and clay (including the dark

Peat, muck, and high organic

Broadleaf control (eastern CO, western KS, western NE, NE, NM, OK Panhandle, west TX, and eastern WY): On sand, loamy sand, sandy loam, mild to strongly alkaline soil, and all recently leveled soil, apply no more than 2.3 pts./A, either preplant surface, preplant incorporated, or preemergence. On other soils in these areas, apply rate in Table 1 for broadleaf and grass control.

Certain states may have established rate limitations within specific geographical areas. Consult your state lead pesticide control agency for additional information. It is a violation of this label to deviate from state use regulations. In Iowa, for example, maximum use rates have been established within a specified pesticide management area. Contact the Iowa Extension Service, the Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship or your CORNBELT CHEMICAL CO. representative for additional information.

Postemergence with emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate in water: Add the following volume of one of the type oils indicated for aerial or ground application unless the label specifies otherwise.

Type Oil	Ground Application	Aerial Application
Oil concentrate (Crop or Petroleum-derived)	1 qt./A	1/2-1 qt./A
Petroleum-derived oil	1 gal./A	2 qts./A

Note: Crop-derived or petroleum-derived oil concentrates should contain at least 1% but not more than 20% suitable emulsifier or surfactant blend. Petroleum-derived oils should contain at least 1% suitable emulsifier.

Broadleaf and grass control: For postemergence control of those weeds listed under Preplant Incorporated and Preemergence, broadcast 4 pts./A plus emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate after weed emergence, but before weeds reach 1.5 inches in height and before corn exceeds 12 inches in height.

Broadleaf control: For postemergence control of those weeds listed under Postemergence with emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate in water, broadcast 2.4 pts./A plus emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate before pigweed and lambquarters reach 6 inches in height and before all other weeds reach 4 inches in height. A cultivation may be necessary if all weeds are not controlled or if weeds regrow.

Precautions: For applications with emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate in water: (1) Inbred lines or any breeding stock may be severely injured by applications with emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate. (2) Adding other insecticides, herbicides, liquid fertilizers, or other materials is not recommended, because they may cause compatibility problems or crop injury. (3) Store and handle emulsifiable

Table 2: Tank Mixtures with Princep on Corn

Soil Texture	Broadcast rate/A			
	1:1 ratio ¹		1:2 Ratio ²	
	The Product	Princep 80W*	The Product	Princep 80W*
Sand, loamy sand, loam	2 pts.	1.25 lbs.	1.32 pts.	1.67 lbs.
Loam, silt loam, silt, clay loam, sandy clay loam, silty clay loam, sandy clay, or silty clay with low organic matter	2.4 pts.	1.5 lbs.	1.6 pts.	2 lbs.
Loam, silt loam, silt, clay loam, sandy clay loam, silty clay loam, sandy clay, or silty clay with medium to high organic matter, and clay (including dark prairie soils of the Corn Belt)	3 pts.	1.8 lbs.	1.92 pts.	2.4 lbs.

* For control of most weeds

** For control of expected heavy infestations of crabgrass and fall panicum.

¹ When using Princep Caliber 90 or Princep 4L, use equivalent rates. One lb. of Princep 80W equals 0.9 lb. of Princep Caliber 90 or 1.6 pts. of Princep 4L.

Princep 80W, Princep 4L, or Princep Caliber 90 plus Roundup: Use as tank mixture for preemergence and postemergence control of certain broadleaf and grass weeds where corn will be planted directly into a cover crop, established sod, or in previous crop residues. Refer to Roundup label for all directions, weeds controlled, precautions, and limitations.

Princep 80W, Princep 4L, or Princep Caliber 90 plus Gramoxone Extra: Use as tank mixture with Princep and Gramoxone Extra to kill existing vegetation and for residual weed control where corn will be planted directly into a cover crop, established sod, or in previous crop residues. Add this product and Princep to water in spray tank, agitating until thoroughly mixed. Then add Gramoxone Extra and a nonionic surfactant, such as X-77*. Continue agitation during application. Broadcast 2-4 pts. of this product plus 1.25-2.5 lbs. of Princep 80W (or 2-4 pts. of Princep 4L, or 1.1-2.2 lbs. of Princep Caliber 90) plus a suitable amount of Gramoxone Extra in 20-80 gals. of water per sprayed acre. Refer to the Gramoxone Extra label for the appropriate rates to utilize in this tank mixture. Apply before, during, or after planting, but before corn emerges. Add 0.5 pt. of a nonionic surfactant, such as X-77, per 100 gals. of spray mixture. Use the higher rate of Gramoxone Extra specified on the label if existing vegetation is 4-6 inches tall. This mixture will not control weeds taller than 6 inches.

oil and oil concentrate carefully. This product will partially control (suppress) yellow nutsedge (Cyperus esculentus) and Canada thistle (Cirsium arvense) when applied according to directions. For best results, apply each year until yellow nutsedge or Canada thistle is eliminated or reaches a level of infestation where neither weed is an economic problem. If yellow nutsedge or Canada thistle regrow following last application, cultivate once.

Problem weeds suppression

Yellow nutsedge and Canada thistle: This product will partially control (suppress) yellow nutsedge (Cyperus esculentus) and Canada thistle (Cirsium arvense) when applied according to directions. For best results, apply each year until yellow nutsedge or Canada thistle is eliminated or reaches a level of infestation where neither weed is an economic problem. If yellow nutsedge or Canada thistle regrow following last application, cultivate once.

Four alternative methods of use for partial control (suppression) of yellow nutsedge and Canada thistle are listed below in order of preference. If other weed species, such as annual grasses, are also expected, use alternative 2 or 4.

1. Broadcast 3 pts./A plus 1 gallon of emulsifiable oil or 1 qt. of oil concentrate. Apply after crop and yellow nutsedge or Canada thistle emerge, but before yellow nutsedge reaches a height of 3 inches or Canada thistle reaches a height of 5 inches. Repeat application before corn exceeds 12 inches in height.
2. Broadcast 3 pts./A preplant incorporated for control of yellow nutsedge, or broadcast 3 pts./A during or shortly after planting, but prior to crop or weed emergence for control of Canada thistle. Follow with an application of 3 pts./A plus 1 gallon of emulsifiable oil or 1 qt. of oil concentrate after corn and weeds emerge, but before yellow nutsedge or Canada thistle reaches a height of 6 inches and before corn exceeds 12 inches in height.
3. Broadcast 6 pts./A plus 1 gallon of emulsifiable oil or 1 qt. of oil concentrate after crop emerges, but before corn exceeds 12 inches in height. Apply after yellow nutsedge and Canada thistle emerge, but before yellow nutsedge is 3 inches tall or Canada thistle is 6 inches tall.
4. Broadcast 6 pts./A before, during, or shortly after planting, but before crop of weed emergence (yellow nutsedge control only).

Refer to further limitations and precautions on labels for this product, Princep, and Gramoxone Extra.

Precautions for all applications to corn: (1) To avoid crop injury and illegal residues, do not apply more than 3 lbs./A active ingredient (6 pts./A of this product) per calendar year. (2) For best control of velvetleaf and cocklebur, the application rate cannot be less than 2 lbs./A active ingredients, either alone or in tank mix combinations. (3) Following harvest, plow (moldboard or disk-plow) and thoroughly till soil in fall or spring to minimize possible injury to spring-seeded rotational crops, regardless of rate used.

Note for all applications to corn: Do not graze or feed forage from treated areas for 21 days following application, or illegal residues may result.

Rotational crops: (1) Do not rotate to any crop except corn or sorghum until the following year, or injury may occur. (2) If applied after June 10, do not rotate with crops other than corn or sorghum the next year, or crop injury may occur. (3) In the High Plains and Intermountain areas of the West where rainfall is sparse and erratic or where irrigation is required, use only when corn or sorghum is to follow corn or sorghum or when a crop of untreated corn or sorghum is to precede other rotational crops. (4) In eastern parts of the Dakotas, KS, western MN, and NE, do not rotate to soybeans if the rate applied to corn or sorghum was more than 4 pts./A or equivalent band application rate, or soybean injury may occur. (5) Injury may occur to soybeans planted the year following application on soils having a calcareous surface layer. (6) Do not plant sugar beets, tobacco, vegetables (including dry beans), spring-seeded small grains, or small-seeded legumes and grasses the year following application, or injury may occur.

Sorghum and Sorghum-xylan Hybrids (Grain and Forage Types)

Preplant Surface-Applied (Broadleaf and grass control): Use on medium- and fine-textured soil with minimum-tillage or no-tillage systems only in CO, IL, IN, IA, KS, KY, MN, MO, MT, NE, ND, SD, WI, and WY. Apply 2/3 the recommended rate of WEED PRO Atrazine 4L shown in Table 3 for the soil texture as a split treatment 30-45 days prior to planting and the remainder at planting. Applications made less than 30 days prior to planting may be as either a split or single treatment. Under dry conditions, irrigation after application is recommended to move WEED PRO Atrazine 4L into the soil.

If weeds are present at time of treatment, apply in a tank mix combination with a contact herbicide (for example, Gramoxone Extra or Roundup). Observe

Note: Do not use emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate when corn is wet or under stress, especially when using 6 pts./A of this product, as crop injury may occur. See "Precautions for applications with emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate in water" for additional directions.

Quickgrass suppression on land going into corn production

Split application: Broadcast 3 pts./A in early spring. Plow 1-3 weeks later. Apply a second application at 3 pts./A in spring before, during, or after planting, but before weeds are 1.5 inches high and before corn exceeds 12 inches in height. This split application will suppress quickgrass and control most annual broadleaf and grass weeds.

Quickgrass control on land going into corn production

Make a single broadcast application of 6 pts./A in spring before planting. Plow 1-3 weeks later. Follow-up in the fall by utilizing a suitable contact herbicide, such as Roundup.

Tank Mixtures for Corn

This product may be tank mixed with these herbicides for control of certain broadleaf and grass weeds in corn:

Dual® (metolachlor)	Lasso or Lasso EC + Roundup
Dual + Gramoxone Extra	Lasso or Lasso EC + Gramoxone Extra
Dual + Roundup (Glyphosate)	Gramoxone Extra
Dual + Princep*	Princep
Dual + Princep + Gramoxone Extra	Princep + Gramoxone Extra
Dual + Princep + Roundup	Princep + Roundup
Ramrod® (propachlor)	Roundup
Lasso® or Lasso EC (alachlor)	Sutan +*

Use tank mix directions appearing on the labels of the above herbicides when tank mixing with this product. Observe all precautions and limitations on labeling of products used in a particular tank mix.

Note: When the labels of the above herbicides refer to atrazine 80W, use

directions for use, precautions, and restrictions on the label of the contact herbicide.

Note: To the extent possible, do not move treated soil out of the row or move untreated soil to the surface during planting, or weed control will be diminished.

Preplant Incorporated (Broadleaf and grass control): Broadcast in spring after plowing at rate shown in Table 3. Apply before, during, or after final seedbed preparation. If soil is tilled or worked after application, avoid deep incorporation. For best results, apply within two weeks prior to planting.

Preemergence (Broadleaf and grass control): Apply during or shortly after planting, but prior to weed or crop emergence at rate shown in Table 3.

Table 3: Preplant Surface, Preplant Incorporated, and Preemergence Broadleaf and Grass Weed Control in Sorghum*

Soil Texture	Organic matter	Broadcast rate/A
COARSE Sand, loamy sand, sandy loam	any level	DO NOT USE (except for preemergence use on bedded sorghum in AZ and CA)
	less than 1%	3.2-4 pts.**
MEDIUM AND FINE Loam, silt loam, silt, clay loam, sandy clay loam, silty clay loam, sandy clay, silty clay, clay	1-1.5%	3.2-4 pts.**
	more than 1.5%	4-4.75 pts.**

* Do not apply preplant surface or preplant incorporated in AL, AR, FL, GA, LA, MS, NC, NM, OK, SC, TN, or TX. Do not apply preemergence in NM, OK, or TX, except in northeast OK and the TX Gulf Coast.

** Certain states may have established rate limitations within specific geographical areas. Consult your state lead pesticide control agency for additional information. It is a violation of this label to deviate from stated use regulations. In Iowa, for example, maximum use rates have been established within a specified pesticide management area. Contact the Iowa Extension Service, the Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship or your CORNBELT CHEMICAL CO. representative for additional information.

In case of planting failure, sorghum or corn may be replanted. Do not make a second broadcast application, or injury may occur. If originally applied in a band and sorghum or corn is replanted in untreated row middles, this product may be applied in a band to the second planting.

equivalent rates of WE, Princep 80W, Princep 4L, or Princep Caliber 90.

In addition to the weeds listed under Broadleaf and Grass Weeds in Corn or Pre-emergence, corn, and carpetweed. Broadcast tank mix before and weeds emerge, at weeds. Use the 1/2 rate for panicum. Cultivate a sh

Preplant Surface-Applied (Broadleaf and grass control): Broadcast in spring after plowing at rate shown in Table 3. Apply before, during, or after final seedbed preparation. If soil is tilled or worked after application, avoid deep incorporation. For best results, apply within two weeks prior to planting.

Preemergence (Broadleaf and grass control): Apply during or shortly after planting, but prior to weed or crop emergence at rate shown in Table 3.

Note: To the extent possible, do not move treated soil out of the row or move untreated soil to the surface during planting, or weed control will be diminished.

Preplant Incorporated (Broadleaf and grass control): Broadcast in spring after plowing at rate shown in Table 3. Apply before, during, or after final seedbed preparation. If soil is tilled or worked after application, avoid deep incorporation. For best results, apply within two weeks prior to planting.

Preemergence (Broadleaf and grass control): Apply during or shortly after planting, but prior to weed or crop emergence at rate shown in Table 3.

Table 4: Postemergence Broadleaf and Grass Weed Control in Sorghum*

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Preemergence broadleaf and grass weed control: Broadcast in spring after plowing at rate shown in Table 3. Apply before, during, or after final seedbed preparation. If soil is tilled or worked after application, avoid deep incorporation. For best results, apply within two weeks prior to planting.

Precautions for preplant surface and preplant incorporated in AZ and CA: To avoid sand soil or on sorghum on alkali soils or where subsoils may cause crop injury, apply within 8 months following

Preemergence (Broadleaf and grass control): Apply during or shortly after planting, but prior to weed or crop emergence at rate shown in Table 3.

Table 4: Postemergence Broadleaf and Grass Weed Control in Sorghum*

Soil Texture	Organic matter	Broadcast rate/A
COARSE Sand, loamy sand, sandy loam	any level	DO NOT USE (except for preemergence use on bedded sorghum in AZ and CA)
	less than 1%	3.2-4 pts.**
MEDIUM AND FINE Loam, silt loam, silt, clay loam, sandy clay loam, silty clay loam, sandy clay, silty clay, clay	1-1.5%	3.2-4 pts.**
	more than 1.5%	4-4.75 pts.**

* Do not apply preplant surface or preplant incorporated in AL, AR, FL, GA, LA, MS, NC, NM, OK, SC, TN, or TX. Do not apply preemergence in NM, OK, or TX, except in northeast OK and the TX Gulf Coast.

** Certain states may have established rate limitations within specific geographical areas. Consult your state lead pesticide control agency for additional information. It is a violation of this label to deviate from stated use regulations. In Iowa, for example, maximum use rates have been established within a specified pesticide management area. Contact the Iowa Extension Service, the Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship or your CORNBELT CHEMICAL CO. representative for additional information.

In case of planting failure, sorghum or corn may be replanted. Do not make a second broadcast application, or injury may occur. If originally applied in a band and sorghum or corn is replanted in untreated row middles, this product may be applied in a band to the second planting.

before it reaches boot stage. In all other areas, apply after sorghum reaches the 3-leaf stage but before it exceeds 12 inches in height. Add 1 gal. of emulsifiable oil/A for ground application and 0.5 gal./A for aerial application, or add 1 qt./A of oil concentrate for ground application. A cultivation may be necessary if all weeds are not controlled or if weeds regrow.

For the list of weeds controlled, see WEED PRO Atrazine 4L Applied Alone - Corn or Grain Sorghum - Postemergence with Emulsifiable Oil or Oil Concentrate in Water.

Precautions for applications with emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate in water. See "Precautions for applications with emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate in water" in Corn section.

Post emergence broadleaf weed control with surfactant (CO, Western KS, NM, OK, TX, and desert regions of AZ and CA only): Broadcast 2.4 pts./A plus 0.75-1.5 pts. of surfactant after sorghum reaches 6 inches in height, but before weeds exceed 1.5 inches in height. Apply only on sandy loam and finer textured soil.

Precautions for all applications to sorghum: (1) Heavy rain immediately following application tends to cause excessive concentrations of herbicide in seed furrow, resulting in possible crop injury. Do not apply to furrow-planted sorghum until furrows are leveled (plowed in). Level deep planter marks or seed furrows before application. (2) Application to sorghum growing under stress caused by minor element deficiency or to sorghum growing on highly calcareous soil may result in crop injury. (3) Following harvest, plow (moldboard or disk-lev) and thoroughly till soil in fall or spring to minimize possible injury to spring-seeded rotational crops, regardless of rate used. (4) Injury may occur if both the herbicide, preplant surface, preplant incorporated, or preemergence, and an arylating systemic insecticide applied in-furrow are used. (5) Do not apply more than 3 lbs. active ingredient (6 pts. of this product) per acre per calendar year.

Note: Do not graze or feed forage from treated areas for 21 days following applications, or illegal residues may result.

Rotational crops: See "Rotational crops" in Corn section.

Tank Mixtures for Grain Sorghum

Dual BE: Use as tank mixture with Dual BE for control of those weeds listed on the Dual BE label, as well as on this label. Use this tank mixture only on sorghum seed treated with Concep. Refer to the Dual BE label for all directions, precautions, and limitations.

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Apply 40 ounces of Landmaster BW plus 2 pts. or less of WEED PRO Atrazine 4L/A. Use 54 ounces Landmaster BW plus 4 pts. or less of WEED PRO Atrazine 4L/A. Use 64 ounces of Landmaster BW plus 6 pts. or less of WEED PRO Atrazine 4L. The addition of Ammonium Sulfate is recommended to increase the performance of Landmaster BW and WEED PRO Atrazine 4L. In Oregon and Washington, do not exceed 2 pts. of WEED PRO Atrazine 4L per acre. For ground applications, apply in 3 to 10 gallons of water per acre. For aerial applications, apply in 3 to 5 gallons of water per acre. Refer to the Landmaster BW label for further directions, precautions, and limitations.

Precautions: To avoid crop injury, (1) Do not use on sand soil. (2) Do not treat eroded hillides, caliche and rocky outcroppings, or exposed calcareous subsoil. (3) Do not treat soils of the Rosebud and Canyon Series in western NE and adjoining counties in CO and WY. (4) Do not treat soils with calcareous surface layers. (5) Avoid spray overlap.

Note: Do not graze treated areas within 6 months after application, or illegal residues may result.

Aerial application: In order to assure that spray will be controllable within the target area when used according to label directions, make applications at a maximum height of 10 ft., using low drift nozzles at a maximum pressure of 40 psi, and restrict application to periods when wind speed does not exceed 10 m.p.h.. To assure that spray will not adversely affect adjacent sensitive nontarget plants, apply WEED PRO Atrazine 4L alone by aircraft at a minimum upwind distance of 400 ft. from sensitive plants.

Roadside

To control certain annual weeds in established perennial grasses along road-sides in CO, KS, MT, NE, ND, SD, and WY, including cheatgrass (downy brome, chess), common (annual) broomweed, little barley, madusahead, sagewort, and tumble mustard, broadcast 2 pts./A in a minimum of 10 gals. of water by ground equipment in the fall before ground freeze, or after thawing in the spring, but before the established grasses green-up and before weeds emerge. Examples of desirable established grasses include big bluestem, bluegrass, bromegrass, buffalograss, crested wheatgrass, Indiangrass, little bluestem, side-oats grama, switchgrass, and Western wheatgrass. Apply only once per year. Temporary discoloration or other form of injury to the desirable perennial grasses may occur following application.

Note: To avoid illegal residues, (1) Do not cut or feed roadside grass hay. (2) Do not allow livestock to graze treated areas.

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Winter Weed Control in Texas

For postemergence control of winter weeds only, such as herb. seedling dock, and annual thistle on fall bedded land in the Gulf Coast and Blacklands of Texas. Apply 0.8-1 qt./A postemergence to the weeds in November or December to land that will be planted to corn, grain sorghum, or forage sorghum the following spring. For best results, add a suitable surfactant, such as X-77, at the rate of 0.5% of the spray volume, an emulsifiable oil at the rate of 1.0% of the spray volume, or an oil concentrate at the rate of 1 qt. per acre.

Normal weed control programs may be used in the following corn, grain sorghum or forage sorghum crop.

Note: Do not plant any crops except corn, grain sorghum, or forage sorghum the spring following this treatment, or illegal residues may result.

WEED PRO Atrazine 4L Alone - Chemical Fallow

Wheat-Sorghum-Fallow: To control annual broadleaf and grass weeds following wheat harvest and in the following sorghum crop when grown under minimum tillage, broadcast 6 pts./A to wheat stubble immediately following wheat harvest. If weeds are present at application, remove them with a sweep plow or other suitable implement after application, or use an approved contact herbicide before or after the application of WEED PRO Atrazine 4L. Plant sorghum into wheat stubble the following spring with minimum soil disturbance. Use a surface planter or a planter leaving a shallow furrow. If weeds are present at planting, remove them with a sweep plow or other suitable implement before planting.

For the list of weeds controlled, see WEED PRO Atrazine 4L Applied Alone - Corn or Grain Sorghum - Preplant Surface-Applied, Preplant Incorporated, or Preemergence.

Precautions: (1) Use only on silt loam or fir-textured soil or crop injury may result. (2) Wheat-sorghum-fallow cropping sequence must be followed. (3) Do not apply following sorghum harvest.

Note: To avoid illegal residues, do not graze or feed forage from treated area to livestock. To avoid illegal residues and crop injury, do not plant any crop other than those on this label within 18 months following treatment.

Wheat-Corn-Fallow (KS, NE): This product controls cheatgrass (downy brome, chess), kochia, mustards, pigweed, Russian thistle, wild lettuce, wild sunflower, and volunteer wheat during period after wheat harvest. Weed control may

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Sugarcane

For control of many broadleaf and grass weeds, including amaranths, crab-grasses, fireweed, flor's paintbrush, foxtails, junglerice and wuegrass, broadcast 5-8 pts./A of WEED PRO Atrazine 4L at time of planting or ratooning, but before sugarcane emerges. Broadcast aerially in a minimum of 5 gals. of spray per acre, or broadcast or band by ground equipment in a minimum of 20 gals. per acre, unless indicated otherwise. One additional application may be made over the sugarcane as it emerges, and two additional applications may be made in-line after emergence as directed sprays. Repeat treatments, where needed, may be applied broadcast, band, or in-line as suggested with the final application being prior to close-in. Do not exceed the rate of herbicide suggested for any one crop of sugarcane.

Note: Where high rates of WEED PRO Atrazine 4L are used alone, apply in a minimum of 1 qt. of water for each 1 qt. of WEED PRO Atrazine 4L applied per acre.

Aerial application: In order to assure that spray will be controllable within the target area when used according to label directions, make applications at a maximum height of 10 ft., using low drift nozzles at a maximum pressure of 40 psi, and restrict application to periods when wind speed does not exceed 10 m.p.h.. To assure that spray will not adversely affect adjacent sensitive nontarget plants, apply WEED PRO Atrazine 4L alone by aircraft at a minimum upwind distance of 400 ft. from sensitive plants.

Florida

For control of emerged portulaca weed: Apply 0.8-1.2 pts./A in at least 40 gals. of water as a directed spray by ground equipment prior to close-in. Add 4 pts. of surfactant for each 100 gals. of spray. Thoroughly cover weed foliage. For control of alexandergrass, large crabgrass, portulaca (aristery) weed, and spiny amaranth, use one of the following methods at planting or ratooning:

1. Apply 8 pts./A preemergence. Follow with one or two applications, as needed, postemergence to sugarcane and weed, at 4 pts./A. Treat before weeds exceed 1.5 inches in height.
2. Apply 1-3 times, as needed, at 4 pts./A postemergence to sugarcane and weeds. Treat before weeds exceed 1.5 inches in height.

Louisiana

For control of annual weeds during the summer fallow period, apply 4 pts./A to weed-free beds immediately after bed formation. Follow normal weed control program after planting.

Precautions: To avoid crop injury, (1) Do not apply more than 10 pts./A to any crop of sugarcane. (2) If making 4 pts./A application during summer fallow, do not exceed 8 pts./A during the remainder of the growing season, or

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extend into following corn crop grown under minimum tillage.

Follow directions for use, notes, and precautions in the "Wheat-Sorghum-Fallow" section above, substituting corn for references to sorghum.

Wheat-Fallow-Wheat (CO, KS, MT, NE, ND, SD, and WY): For preemergence control of cheatgrass (downy brome, chess), common lambsquarters, field pennycress, kochia, mustard, Russian thistle, wild lettuce, and suppression of volunteer wheat during fallow period of a wheat-fallow-wheat rotation, broadcast 1-2 pts./A on all soils except those listed under "Precautions." For control of pigweed and wild sunflower, use the higher rate. Apply to stubble ground. Treat only once during same fallow period.

Tank Mixtures for Chemical Fallow

Wheat-Sorghum-Fallow or Wheat-Corn-Fallow (KS, NE,)

Cyclone/Gramoxone Extra: If weeds are present at application, a tank mix with Cyclone/Gramoxone Extra may be used. Broadcast 6 pts. of WEED PRO Atrazine 4L plus a suitable amount of Cyclone/Gramoxone Extra in 20-60 gals. of water/A by ground equipment. Add 0.5-1 pt. of a nonionic surfactant, such as SPRAYFUSE 90, per 100 gals. of spray mixture. Add WEED PRO Atrazine 4L to spray tank first and thoroughly mix with water. Then add Cyclone/Gramoxone Extra, followed by surfactant. Use the higher rate of Cyclone/Gramoxone Extra specified on the label if weeds are 4-6 inches tall. This mixture will not control weeds taller than 5 inches. Apply to stubble ground. Treat only once during same fallow period. Refer to Gramoxone Extra/Cyclone label for further directions, precautions, and limitations.

Wheat-Fallow-Wheat (CO, KS, MT, NE, ND, SD, and WY)

Cyclone/Gramoxone Extra: If weeds are present at application, a tank mix with Cyclone/Gramoxone Extra may be used. Broadcast 1-2 pts. of WEED PRO Atrazine 4L plus a suitable amount of Cyclone/Gramoxone Extra in 20-60 gals. of water/A by ground equipment. Add 0.5-1 pt. of a nonionic surfactant, such as SPRAYFUSE 90, per 100 gals. of spray mixture. Add WEED PRO Atrazine 4L to spray tank first and thoroughly mix with water. Then add Cyclone/Gramoxone Extra, followed by surfactant. Use the higher rate of Cyclone/Gramoxone Extra specified on the label if weeds are 4-6 inches tall. This mixture will not control weeds taller than 5 inches. Apply to stubble ground. Treat only once during same fallow period. Refer to Cyclone/Gramoxone Extra label for further directions, precautions, and limitations.

If weeds are present at application and this product is used alone, use either an approved contact herbicide before or after treatment, or tillage after treatment.

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Illegal residues may result.

Texas

Use WEED PRO Atrazine 4L for control of bermyardgrass, pigweed, purslane and sunflower, in plant or ratoon sugarcane.

Apply 8 pts./A of WEED PRO Atrazine 4L preemergence. Follow with one or two applications, as needed, at 6 pts./A postemergence to sugarcane and weeds. For best results when weeds are emerged, add a nonionic surfactant at a concentration of 2 pts./100 gals. to the spray and apply before weeds exceed 1.5 inches in height.

Precautions: (1) Injury to sugarcane may occur when under moisture stress, when soil is of low adsorptive capacity, or when land is first cropped to sugarcane. (2) Do not apply after close-in. (3) Do not apply more than 20 pts./A to any one crop of sugarcane, or crop injury may result.

Turfgrasses for Sod (Florida only)

St. Augustine grass, Centipede grass, and Zoysia Grass

Broadcast 4-8 pts./A according to soil texture to control those weeds listed under WEED PRO Atrazine 4L Applied Alone - Corn or Grain Sorghum - Preplant Surface-Applied, Preplant Incorporated, or Preemergence.

Muck or peat	8 pts.	Old beds: Within 2 days after tilling sod. New beds: 3-4 days after springing or plugging
Sandy soil	4 pts.	Old beds: Within 2 days after tilling sod. New beds: 7-10 days after springing or plugging

If weeds regrow, apply an additional 4 pts./A on muck or peat, or 2 pts./A on sandy soil.

Precautions: To avoid crop injury, (1) Do not apply within 30 days prior to cutting

or tilling. (2) Do not apply in combination with surfactants or other spray additives. (3) Use only on turfgrasses reasonably free of infestations of insects, nematodes, and diseases. (4) On newly springed turfgrass, temporary slowing of growth may follow application.

Turfgrass for Fairways, Lawns, Sod Production and Similar Areas

*In states other than Florida. For use on turfgrasses for sod in Florida, see "Turfgrasses for Sod (Florida only)" section above.

Bermudagrass, Centipede grass, St. Augustine grass, and Zoysia Grass

Apply WEED PRO Atrazine 4L after October 1 before emergence of winter annual weeds for control of annual bluegrass, burclover, carpet burweed,

Use tillage to control planting. For the Gramoxone Extra application.

Landmaster II (CO)

If weeds are present Apply 40 ounces of A. Use 54 ounces of A. Use 64 ounces of A/A. For hard to 64 ounces of Landmaster II and/or exceed 2 pts. or less apply in 3 to 10 gals of water/A. Refer to and limitations.

Roundup RT (CO)

If weeds are present 12 ounces of Roundup RT per acre. Roundup RT is 1 percent nonion in Oregon and Was. Roundup RT will up to 26 ounces per acre recommended to Atrazine 4L plus A. For ground applications, apply for further direction used in certain counties. Check the

Landmaster BW (ND)

If weeds are present

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chickweed, corn Atrazine 4L will treatment. For section of the WEED PRO Atrazine 4L before the weeds are 1-2 ft. tall.

Where annual blue (1,000 sq. ft.). Use other weeds name sprigged turfgrass Ormond.

For continued sun days after the pre more than two app

Precautions: On slowing of growth injury, (1) Use of nematodes, and of NC (except fair areas of eastern C

(5) Do not apply a label. (6) Do not months after treatment. Do not use grass.

Note: Do not graze result.

Macademia Nut For preemergent crabgrass, foxtail, broadcast 4-8 pts necessary. Do not apply by air.

Queens Use only on established directed spray a mix preemergence, use the spray mix per acre 23

annual broadleaf and grass weeds, including fireweed, purslane, scarlet pimpernel, spanish needles, and sowthistle.

Notes: To avoid illegal residues, (1) Do not allow spray to contact foliage or fruit. (2) Do not apply more frequently than at 4 month intervals. (3) Do not apply more than 16 pts. of WEED PRO Atrazine 4L per year.

Conifers

For control of annual broadleaf and grass weeds prior to transplanting, after transplanting or in established conifers (including Douglas fir, grand fir, noble fir, white fir, Austrian pine, bishop pine, Jeffrey pine, knobcone pine, loblolly pine, lodgepole pine (Shore pine), Monterey pine, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine, slash pine, blue spruce, and Sitka spruce). Broadcast 4-8 pts. in a minimum of 5 gals. of water per acre by air or 10 gals. by ground before weeds are 1.5" tall. Apply to established trees between fall and early spring while trees are dormant. For new transplants, apply during or soon after transplanting. For applications prior to transplanting, allow sufficient precipitation to activate WEED PRO Atrazine 4L before transplanting. In areas where spring and summer rainfall is inadequate to activate WEED PRO Atrazine 4L, apply during fall prior to spring transplanting.

For the list of weeds controlled, see WEED PRO Atrazine 4L Applied Areas - Corn or Grain Sorghum - Preplant Surface-Applied, Preplant Incorporated, or Preemergence.

Quackgrass control: Broadcast 8 pts. in a minimum of 5 gals. of water per acre by air or 10 gals. by ground between fall and early spring while trees are dormant and before quackgrass is more than 1.5 inches tall.

Precautions: (1) In areas west of the Rocky Mountains (except the Great Basin), grazing may begin 7 months after a fall application or 3 months after a winter or spring application. (2) To prevent illegal residues, do not graze treated areas of the Great Basin, or areas east of the Rocky Mountains. (3) Temporary injury to trees may occur following use of WEED PRO Atrazine 4L on consolidated soil. (4) To avoid crop injury, do not apply to seedbeds. (5) Also apply only once per year.

Aerial application: In order to assure that spray will be controllable within the target area when used according to label directions, make applications at a maximum height of 10 ft. above vegetation, using low drift nozzles at a maximum pressure of 40 psi, and restrict application to periods when wind speed does not exceed 10 m.p.h. To assure that spray will not adversely affect adjacent sensitive nontarget plants, apply WEED PRO Atrazine 4L by aircraft

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at a minimum upwind distance of 400 ft. from sensitive plants.

Nonselective Weed Control on Noncrop Land

This product provides long-term weed control on industrial sites, highway medians and shoulders, railroad rights-of-way, lumberyards, petroleum tank farms, and in noncrop areas on farms, such as around buildings, equipment and fuel storage areas, along fences, and lanes. Do not use near adjacent desirable plants or in greenhouses, or injury may occur.

Apply before or soon after weeds begin growth. Make postemergence applications when weeds are young and actively growing. Use the higher rates on fine clay and muck soils. Use sufficient water to assure thorough coverage. Use at least 1 gal. of water for each quart of product; use more if practical.

Annual broadleaf and grass weeds (including barnyardgrass, cheatgrass, crabgrass, lambsquarters, foxtail, ragweed, puncturevine, and turkey mullein): Broadcast 4.8-10 qts./A.

For small areas, 0.28 pt. per 1,000 sq. ft. is equivalent to 10 qts./A.

Precautions: (1) Do not allow livestock to graze treated areas, or illegal residues may result. (2) Do not exceed 10 lbs. active ingredient (10 qts. of this product) per acre per calendar year.

Storage and Disposal

Storage

Ground water contamination may be reduced by diking and flooring of permanent liquid bulk storage sites with an impermeable material.

Pesticide Disposal

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal, or cleaning of equipment. Open dumping is prohibited. Wastes resulting from the use of this product are acutely toxic. Improper disposal of unused pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. Pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate that cannot be used according to label instructions must be disposed of according to federal, state or local procedures. For guidance in proper disposal methods, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office.

Container Disposal

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Triple rinse (or equivalent) and offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by open burning, if allowed by state and local authorities. If burned, keep out of smoke.

For minor spills, leaks, etc., follow all precautions indicated on this label and clean up immediately. Take special care to avoid contamination of equipment and facilities during cleanup procedures and disposal of wastes. In the event of a major spill, fire or other emergency, call CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300

Caliber® trademark of CIBA-GEIGY

Compac® trademark of KALO Agricultural Chemicals, Inc.

Concep® trademark of CIBA-GEIGY

Cyclone® trademark of ICI AMERICAS for paraquat

Deel® trademark of CIBA-GEIGY for metolachlor U.S. Patent No. 3,937,730

Granovone® trademark of ICI AMERICAS for paraquat

Landmaster II® and Landmaster BW® trademark of MONSANTO Company

Lasex® trademark of MONSANTO Company for alachlor

Latron AG-44® trademark of ROHM & HAAS

Princep® trademark of CIBA-GEIGY for simazine

Ramrod® trademark of MONSANTO Company for propachlor

Roundup® and Roundup RT® trademark of MONSANTO Company

Spryzuse 90® trademark of Corbett Chemical Co.

Sutan +® trademark of STAUFFER Chemical Company for butylate

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Precautionary Statements

Harmful if swallowed, inhaled or spray mist. Avoid contact.

Users are required to wear chemical resistant gloves, involved in mixing/loading rubber or neoprene gloves.

STATEMENT OF PRACTICE IF SWALLOWED: Call a Doctor or Poison Control Center. Drink one or two glasses of water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by a doctor.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air. If necessary, administer artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

IF IN EYES: Flush eyes with plenty of water.

Note to Physician: There is no known antidote for this pesticide. If ingested, induce emesis or activated charcoal may be administered.

Environmental Hazards

Atrazine can travel deep into the soil and may be used as a disinfectant. Users are advised not to apply to water table (ground water) in permeable, i.e., well-drain soils. Further information on the water table.

This product may not be applied to abandoned wells.

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic life. Do not apply where conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not apply to water when disposing of or

BEST

ACCEPTED

DEC 10 1961

Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act,
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under
EPA Reg. No. 10117-153

10117-153

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