

**RECALCULATORY STATEMENTS**  
Hazards to Humans & Domestic Animals  
**CAUTION**

May cause irritation of eyes, nose, throat and skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not apply this product in such a manner as to directly or through drift expose workers or other persons. The area being treated must be vacated by unprotected persons.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD**

Do not apply directly to water or wetlands. Do not contaminate wells when disposing of equipment washwaters.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

Use in accordance with Federal law to use the product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.  
Do not enter treated areas without protective clothing until dusts have settled.  
Because certain states may require more restricted reentry intervals for use of crops treated with this product, consult your State Department of Agriculture for further information.

Written oral warnings must be given to workers who are expected to be in a treated area or in an area about to be treated with this product. (Include specific oral warnings which inform workers of areas or fields that may not be entered without specific protective clothing.) Period of time field must be vacated and appropriate actions to take in case of accidental exposure.) When oral warnings are given, warnings shall be given in a language customarily understood by workers. Oral warnings must be given if there is a reason to believe that written warnings cannot be understood by workers. Written warnings must include the following information: CAUTION. Area treated with (name of pesticide) on (date of application). Do not enter without appropriate protective clothing. If on skin, flush with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists. If on skin, wash with plenty of soap and water.

**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

**POTENTIAL HAZARD:** Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage, use, use or heating of equipment. Open dumping is prohibited. Avoid contamination of food or feed.

**PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:** Waste resulting from the use of the product may be disposed of in the usual approved waste disposal facility.

**CORNFACER DISPOSAL:** Commodity empty bag by羞ing and tapping sides and bottom to leach all clinging particles. Then dispose of bags in a sanitary landfill or by incineration. Follow by State and local authorities.

**NOTICE OF WARRANTY**

Cornbelt warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on such label only when used in accordance with the directions under normal use conditions. It is impossible to eliminate all risks inherently associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as weather conditions, presence of other materials, or the manner of use or application, all of which fall beyond the control of Cornbelt. In no case shall Cornbelt be liable for consequential, special or indirect damages resulting from the use or handling of the product. All such risks shall be assumed by the buyer. CORNBELT MAKES NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE WITH ANY OTHER EXCEPT AS STATED ABOVE.

**IMPORTANT**

Injury to citrus or desirable trees or other plants may result from failure to observe the following: do not apply or apply or flush equipment on or near desirable trees or other plants or on areas where they grow in orchard, in plantations, where the chemicals may be washed or moved into contact with the roots. Do not use on vines, weeds, shrubs, trees, citrus, citrus, or similar areas. Do not contaminate citrus wastewater. Keep from contact with fruits, buds, flowers, fungi, seeds and seeds. Thoroughly clean all tanks of HYKILL BROMACIL 10G from all citrus equipment immediately after use.

**GENERAL INFORMATION**

CORNFACER 10G is a granular product to be applied in dry form as a dry herbicide for control of annual and brush. It is non-corrosive to equipment, non-flammable and non-toxic.

CORNFACER 10G is an effective general herbicide for the control of many annual weeds at low rates and perennial weeds and brush at higher rates and is particularly useful for control of perennial grasses. It may be used on non-cropland for non-selective weed and brush control. Effects are slow to appear and may not become apparent until the chemicals have carried into the root zone of the weeds by moisture. The degree of control and duration of effect will vary with the amount of herbicide applied, soil texture, rainfall and other conditions.



# HYKILL BROMACIL 10G GRANULAR WEED KILLER

**ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

Bromacil (5-bromo-3-sec-butyl-6-methyluracil) ..... 10%

**INERT INGREDIENTS** ..... 90%

**TOTAL** ..... 100%

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN**

**CAUTION**

**STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT**

**If in eyes:** Flush with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

**If on skin:** Wash with plenty of soap and water.

EPA Reg. No. 10107-103

EPA Est. No. 10107-NB1

NET CONTENTS 50 LBS.

**MANUFACTURED FOR:**

Cornbelt Chemical Co.

P. O. Box 410

McCook, Nebraska 69001

**BEST AVAILABLE COPY**

**NON-CROPLAND USE WEED CONTROL**

HYKILL BROMACIL 10G should be applied as formulated with a seed spreader, a fertilizer spreader, or with any equipment which will distribute the chemical uniformly over the area to be treated.

To control moist weeds for an extended period of time on non-cropland areas such as Railroad, Highway and Pipeline Right-of-Ways, Petroleum Tank Farms, Lumberyards, Storage Areas and Industrial Plant Sites. Apply 24 to 48 lbs. per acre to control annuals such as cheat crabgrass, downy brome, foxtail, lambquarters, puncturevine, ragweed, ryegrass, turkey mullein and wild oats. When applied just prior to or after emergence of annuals, rates as low as 16 lbs. per acre controls many annual weeds and grasses in low rainfall areas and give short-term control in higher rainfall areas.

Apply 56 to 96 lbs. per acre to control perennials such as aster, bahiagrass, bluegrass, broomedge, dandelion, dog fennel, guineafowl, plantain, purpletop, redgrass (redtop), quackgrass, smooth brome and wild canary. In areas with low or seasonal rainfall, rates as low as 100 lbs. per acre control many perennial weeds and grasses.

Apply 120 to 240 lbs. per acre to control bermudagrass, bermudagrass, bluestem, dallisgrass, dogbane, horsetail, johnsongrass, nuttallgrass, saltgrass, and vaseygrass. Where limited rainfall (usually less than 4 inches) occurs during the active growth period such as some areas of the West, HYKILL BROMACIL 10G usually will not provide satisfactory control of hard-to-kill, deep-rooted perennial weeds such as johnsongrass.

**NOTE:** Use the higher levels of the dosage ranges on adsorptive soils (those high in organic matter or carbon).

**Re-treatment:** Apply 16 to 48 lbs. per acre when annual weeds and grasses reappear on sites where weed growth has been controlled.

**For Small Areas:** 1 cupful of HYKILL BROMACIL 10G per 250 sq. ft. is approximately 150 lbs. per acre.

**BRUSH CONTROL**

To control undesirable woody plants on non-cropland areas such as Railroad Right-of-Ways, Storage Areas, Industrial Plant Sites and Drainage Ditches:

Apply in spring or summer as a broadcast or basal (spot) treatment for use on drainage ditches.

**NOTE:** For effective brush control and prevention of damage to desirable vegetation, do not apply to brush standing in water, do not use water from treated ditches for irrigation, do not use in irrigation ditches nor on right-of-ways or other sites where marketable timber or other desirable trees or shrubs are immediately adjacent to the treated area.

**Broadcast Treatment:** Apply 64 to 96 lbs. per acre to control oak, pine, sweet gum, and willow. Apply 120 to 240 lbs. per acre to control brush such as American elm, cottonwood, hickory, sumac, and winged elm. Use the higher levels of the dosage ranges on adsorptive soils (those high in organic matter or carbon).

Moisture is necessary to activate the chemical, best results are obtained if moisture is supplied by rainfall or irrigation within two weeks of application.

**SELECTIVE USE IN CROPS**

**CITRUS (Oranges, Grapefruit, Lemons)**

**Trees Established for Four Years or More**

Because injury to citrus trees may result; do not use on soils low in organic matter (less than 1%) nor on poorly drained soils; do not apply more than 64 lbs. per acre per year; do not treat trees planted in irrigation furrows; do not treat diseased trees such as those with root rot. Avoid contact of foliage and fruit with spray. Do not use in orchards interplanted with other trees or desirable plants or in home citrus plantings. Treated areas may be planted to citrus trees one year after last application; do not replant to other crops within two years after last application as plant injury may result. Do not graze treated areas.

Make a single application per year during the period from winter to early summer; use at the following rates:

Soil Texture  
Sand, loamy sand  
Sandy loam  
Silt loam, clay loam

Use HYKILL BROMACIL 10G Per Acre  
32 to 40  
40 to 48  
48 to 64

Alternatively, make two applications of 24 to 32 lbs. HYKILL BROMACIL 10G per acre per year. In Florida, Texas, and Louisiana, apply in spring and summer; in California and Arizona, apply in fall and spring.

**NOTE:** Partial control usually occurs with a single treatment. Repeat applications are required to control perennials. HYKILL BROMACIL 10G controls the following:

Bermudagrass \_\_\_\_\_ All areas U.S.

Torpedograss, paragrass, pangrass, Bahiagrass \_\_\_\_\_ Florida

Johnsongrass \_\_\_\_\_ Texas, California

Nuttallgrass \_\_\_\_\_  
Control of perennials may be improved by cultivation prior to treatment; otherwise, avoid working the soil as long as weed control continues or else effectiveness of the treatment may be reduced.

**Torpedograss Control — Barrier Strip Treatment:** For use as torpedograss adjacent to citrus groves to prevent sp. seed of the weed into groove, apply 240 lbs. per acre. Treat a border strip 10 to 20 ft. wide adjacent to the citrus grove, but not closer than 10 ft. to the drip line of citrus trees. Examine treated area every four months after application and spot treat invading or surviving torpedograss at 240 lbs. per acre (5.5 lbs. per 1000 sq. ft.). For best results apply in late winter or early spring after the torpedograss has broken dormancy and is actively growing. For later season application where growth is rare, mow or disc the area prior to treatment.

1662

