# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Harris Diazinch ÅG 500 is an emulsifable solution which, when diluted with water according to the directions below, is intended for the control of insect pests of agricutlural crops. Do not use in barns or dwellings. Do not use on livestock.

In the directions for use given below, best control is obtained when application is made at first sign of insects. Application should be repeated as necessary to maintain control.

## **USE PRECAUTIONS**

Observe number of days before harvest for last application noted in parenthesis by each food crop. Do not apply when honey bees are foraging in the garden.

## **FIELD AND FORAGE FOLIAR INSECTS**

Unless otherwise stated, foliar application of Harris Diazinon AG 500 should always be applied to field and forage crops as a spray in a minimum of two gals. of water per acre for aerial applications and a minimum of ten gals. of water per acre for ground application. ALFALFA AND CLOVER · Spotted Alfalfa Aphids, Yellow Clover Aphids, Pea Aphids, Leafhoppers, Plant Bug Nymphs, Mites; Apply '4 - 1-pt. per acre. Grasshoppers: Apply 1 pt. per acre. Following the above applications, dairy and beef cattle and sheep [1] may be grazed immediately following application [2] may be fed green alfalfa or clover immediately following cutting, and [3] may be fed hay provided alfalfa or clover not cut for hay for 7 days following treatment. Do not spray livestock directly with either air or ground equipment. Do not treat during bloom to avoid injury to pollinating insects. CLOVER - Striped Ground Crickets: Broadcast 1 - 2 pts. per acre following seeding in the fall but prior to clover emergence.

## **FIELD AND FORAGE SOIL INSECTS**

Unless otherwise stated, soil application of Harris Diazinon AG 500 should always be applied to field and forage crops as a spray in a minimum of 5 gals. of water per acre for ground applications.

ALFALFA and CLOVER · Cutworms [Surface and Subterranean]: Broadcast 2 - 4 gts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately 2 - 3 inches for Surface Cutworms, 3 · 6 inches for Subterranean Cutworms.



## **INSECTICIDE for control of certain insects** on fruits, nuts, vegetables, field crops, and ornamentals. For specific insects controlled, refer to label directions.

## **ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:**

+ O, O-diethyl O-(2-isopropyl-6-methyl-4-pyrimidinyl) phosphorothioate Xylene.

**INERT INGREDIENTS:** 

+ Diazinon is the Reg. T.M. of CIBA-GEIGY

EPA REG. NO. 10107-19 EPA EST. NO. 10107-NB-1

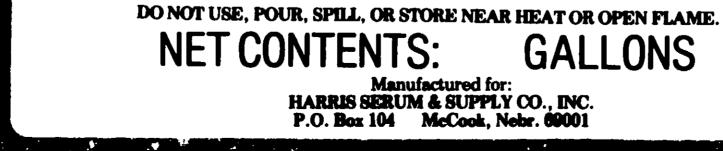
# WARNING - Keep out of reach of children

May be fatal if swallowed. May be absorbed through skin. Do not breathe spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contamination of food and feed. Do not use on humans or household pets. Do not permit children or pets to go on to the prayed grass until spray has completely dried.

This product is toxic to fish, shrimp, crab, birds and other wildlife. Birds feeding on treate ' areas may be killed. Keep out of lakes, streams, ponds, tidal marshes and estuaries. Shrimp and crab may be killed at application rates recommended on this label. Do not apply where these are important resources. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contiminate water by cleaning of equipment, or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultura! Extension Service.

Do not reuse empty drum. Return to drum reconditioner or destroy by perforating or crushing and burying in a safe place away from water supplies.



48.00 per cent 35.37 per cent 16.63 per cent

TOTAL 100.00 per cent

# GALLONS

## **READ CAREFULLY** AND FOLLOW ALL LABEL DIRECTIONS WHEN **USING THIS PRODUCT**

Harris Diazinon AG 500 is registered for use on the following crops:

Alfalfa Almonds **Apricots** Beets Bermudagrass Blueberries Broccoli **Brussels Sprouts** Cabbage **Caneberries** Carrots Cauliflower Celerv Cherries Clover Collards Cotton Cowpeas **Cranberries** Cucumbers Endive Field Corn Figs. Filberts Grapefruit

Grapes Hops Kale Kumquats. Lawns Len ons Lespedeza Lettuce Lina Beans Lines Melons **Nectarines** Olives. Onions **Oranges** Ornamentals **Parsnips** Pasture Grass Peaches Peanuts Peas Pecans Peppers **Pineapples** Plums

**Pole Beans Potatoes** Prunes Radishes Rangeland Snap Beans Sorghum Soybeans Spinach Squash Strawberries Sugar Beets Sugarcane Sweet Corn Swiss Chard Tangelos Tangerines Tobacco **Tomatoes Turnips** Turnip Tops Walnuts Watercress (Hawii only)

## PLEASE SEE BOOKLET **ATTACHED TO THIS CONTAINER** FOR COMPLETE LIST OF USE **DIRECTIONS FOR INSECT** CONTROL ON THE ABOVE CROPS

NOTICE: Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of application weather and rop conditions, matures with other chemicals not specifically recommended, and other influencing factors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the seller. Buyer assumes all risk of use, storage or handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given herewith

# **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Harris Diazinon ÅG 500 is an emulsifable solution which, when diluted with water according to the directions below, is intended for the control of insect pests of agricutlural crops. Do not use in barns or dwellings. Do not use on livestock.

In the directions for use given below, best control is obtained when application is made at first sign of insects Application should be repeated as necessary to maintain control

## **USE PRECAUTIONS**

Observe number of days before harvest for last application noted in parenthesis by each food crop. Do not apply when honey bees are foraging in the garden.

## FIELD AND FORAGE **FOLIAR INSECTS**

Unless otherwise stated, foliar application of Harris Diazinon AG 500 should always be applied to field and forage crops as a spray in a minimum of two gals. of water per acre for aerial applications and a minimum of ten gals. of water per acre for ground application. ALFALFA AND CLOVER · Spotted Alfalfa Aphids, Yellow Clover Aphids, Pea Aphids, Leafhoppers, Plant Bug Nymphs, Mites; Apply 4 - 1-pt. per acre. Grasshoppers: Apply 1 pt. per acre. Following the above applications, dairy and beef cattle and sheep [1] may be grazed immediately following application [2] may be fed green alfalfa or clover immediately following cutting, and [3] may be fed hay provided alfalfa or clover not cut for hay for 7 days following treatment. Do not spray livestock directly with either air or ground equipment. Do not treat during bloom to avoid injury to pollinating insects. CLOVER - Striped Ground Crickets: Broadcast 1 - 2 pts. per acre following seeding in the fall but prior to clover emergence

## **FIELD AND FORAGE SOIL INSECTS**

Unless otherwise stated, soil application of Harris Diazinon AG 500 should always be applied to field and forage crops as a spray in a minimum of 5 gals. of water per acre for ground applications.

ALFALFA and CLOVER - Cutworms [Surface] and Subterranean): Broadcast 2 - 4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately 2 · 3 inches for Surface Cutworms, 3 - 6 inches for Subterranean Cutworms.



## INSECTICIDE for control of certain insects on fruits, nuts, vegetables, field crops, and ornamentals. For specific insects controlled, refer to label directions.

### ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

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+ O. O-diethyl O-(2-isopropyl-6-methyl-4-pyrimidinyl) phosphorothioate **Xylene** 

**INERT INGREDIENTS:** 

+ Diazinon is the Reg. T.M. of CIBA-GEIGY

EPA REG. NO. 10107-19 EPA EST. NO. 10107-NB-1

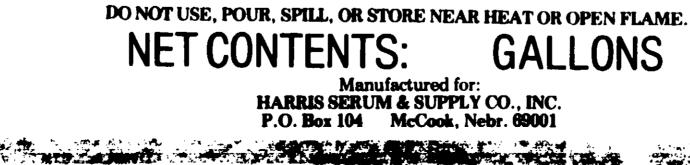
# WARNING - Keep out of reach of children

May be fatal if swallowed. May be absorbed through skin. Do not breathe spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contamination of food and feed. Do not use on humans or household pets. Do not permit children or pets to go on to the sprayed grass until spray has completely dried.

This product is toxic to fish, shrimp, crab, birds and other wildlife. Birds feeding on treated areas may be killed. Keep out of lakes, streams, ponds, tidal marshes and estuaries. Shrimp and crab may be killed at application rates recommended on this label. Do not apply where these are important resources. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from areas treated. Do not contiminate water by cleaning of equipment, or disposal of wastes. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

Do not reuse empty drum. Return to drum reconditioner or destroy by perforating or crushing and burying in a safe place away from water supplies.



48.00 per cent 35.37 per cent 16.63 per cent

TOTAL 100/00 per cent

GALLONS

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## **READ CAREFULLY** AND FOLLOW ALL LABEL DIRECTIONS WHEN **USING THIS PRODUCT**

Harris Diazinon AG 500 is registered for use on the following crops.

Alfalia Almonds Apricots. Beets Bermudagrass Blueberries Broccoli Brussels Sprout Cabbage Caneberries Carrot-Cauhtiower Celerv Chernies Clover Collards Cotton Compeas **Cranberries** Cucumbers Endive Field Corn Fig-Filberts Grapetruit

(irappes Hops Kale Kumquats Lawns. Lemons Lespedeza. Lettuce Linia Beatts Limes Melons Nectarines Olives Onions Oranges Ornamentals Parsnips Pasture Grass Peaches Peanuts Peas Pertains Peppers Pineapples Plums

Pole Beans Fotator ~ Prunes Radishes Rangeland Shap Beans Sorghum Soubeaus Spinach Squash Strawberries Notar Beets Sugarcane Sweet Corn Swiss Chard Tangelos Tangerines Tobacco Tomatoes Turnips. Turnip Tops Walnuts Watercress (Hawn only)

## PLEASE SEE BOOKLET **ATTACHED TO THIS CONTAINER** FOR COMPLETE LIST OF USE **DIRECTIONS FOR INSECT** CONTROL ON THE ABOVE CROPS

NOTICE: Follow areas and entry of the grand method of of the text of attack with the to macals not specificans, less compositions and other unique concerfactors in the use of this product are beyond, he control of the willer Buyer assumes all risk of use storage in handling of this material not in strict accordance with directions given berewith



# Insecticide

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for control of certain insects, on fruits, nuts, vegetables, field crops, and ornamentals, Complete **Directions for Use.** 

#### **ACTIVE INGREDIENTS** +O, O-diethyl O-(2-iso) inyl) phosphorothioate Xylene inert ingredients

+ Diaxinon is the Reg. T.M. of CIBA-GEIGY

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# E.P.A Reg. No 10107-19

#### Warning: Keep out of reach of children.

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#### DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL, OR STORE NEAR HEAT OR OPEN FLAME

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## **General Information**

Diazinon AG 500 is an emulsifiable solution which, when diluted with water according to directions, is intended for the control of insect pests of agricultural crops. Do not use in barns or dwellings. Do not use on livestock.

In the directions for use, best control is obtained when application is made at first sign of insects. Application should be repeated as necessary to maintain control.

#### **USE PRECAUTIONS**

Observe number of days before harvest for last application noted in parenthesis by each food crop. Do not apply when honey bees are foraging in the garden.

NOTE: The California Department of Agriculture has set a 5-day reentry for Diazinon on citrus, grapes, peaches and nectarines. Five days should lapse between the time of application and the time a worker may enter the field to engage in any activity requiring substantial contact with treated foliage. When a mixture of two or more organic phosphate pesticides is applied in combination, the interval shall be prolonged by adding to the longest applicable interval an additional 50 per cent of that interval.

## Fruit and Nut Crops

## NOTE: Unless otherwise stated, the rates listed below should be applied as a dilute full cover spray.

#### Almonds

Mites, Twig Borers: Apply  $1-1\frac{1}{2}$  pts. per 100 gals of water.

Parlatoria Scales, San Jose Scales: Mix 1-11/2 pts. Diaxinon plus 2-3 gals. dormant oil per 100 gals. of water and apply as a dormant spray. Almond hulls may be used for feed for livestock.

#### Apricots [10]

Aphids, Brown Mites, (Clover Mites), Two Spotted Spider Mites, Olive Scale Crawlers, San Jose Scale Crawlers: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply when aphids, mites and scale crawlers first appear. Olive Scale Crawlers: Mix 1/2 pt. Diaxinon AG 500 plus  $1\frac{1}{2}$  gals. of light medium horticultural oil per 100 gals. of water. Apply when scale crawlers are present.

Apricot Mealybugs: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply as a cover spray from petal fall to June.

#### **Blueberries** [7]

Cranberry Fruitworms, Cherry Fruitworms, Blueberry Maggots, Aphids, Thrips, Two-Spotted Mites: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply up to 200 gals. of spray per acre.

## Fruit and Nut Crops

Leafhoppers, Thrips, Aphids, Two-Spotted Mites, Raspberry Sawflies: Apply 2 pts. per acre in a minimum of 100 gals. of water.

Raspberry Fruitworms: Apply at the above rates when blossom buds separate and repeat application immediately before blossoms open.

Dryberry Mites: Apply 1-2 qts. per acre in a minimum of 100 gals. of water. Apply as a dormant spray in early spring, when canes are still on the ground and buds are closed. Make a second application when the buds are well developed, but still closed. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

Raspberry Crown Borers (Raspberry Root Borers): Apply 2 qts. per acre in a minimum of 100 gals. of water as a drench to the crown area and to the lower canes. Apply either in the spring before berries begin to form, or in the fall after the harvest.



#### Caneberries [Blackberries, Boysenberries, Dewberries, Loganberries, **Raspberries**]

## Fruit and Nut Crops

## Cherries [10]

Eye-Spotted Bud Moths, Fruit-Tree Leaf Rollers: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply in cover sprays as necessary, beginning with petal fall.

Leafhoppers: Apply 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water in 3 - 5 applications beginning at petal fall and continuing through the growing season, or apply as infestations develop.

Cherry Fruit Flies: Mix  $\frac{1}{2}$  - 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Make 3 or 4 applications, beginning when adult cherry fruit flies begin to emerge and repeat at 10 day intervals.

Black Cherry Aphids: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply as a cover spray when aphids appear and repeat after 10 days.

San Jose Scale Crawlers: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply during the pre-pink stage or when crawlers first appear.

Cherry Rust Mites: Mix  $\frac{1}{2}$  - 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply as a supplemental spray after harvest.



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## Fruit and Nut Crops

Citrus Fruits [Grapefruit, Lemons, Limes, Oranges, Tangelos, Tangerines, Citrus Citron, Kumquats and Hybrids of these.]

Citrus Aphids, Fruit-Tree leaf Rollers, Cottony-Cushion Scale Crawlers and Soft Scale Crawlers: Apply  $\frac{1}{2}$  - 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water (Maximum 1000 gals. per acre) as a thorough cover spray when aphids and crawler stages of scale insects first appear.

Fruit-Tree Leaf Rollers: Use  $\frac{1}{2}$  - 1 pt. per 100 gals. of spray (maximum 1000 gals. per acre) when an average of 50 per cent of eggs in egg masses have hatched in the spring.

Citrus Thrips: Apply 1 pt. in 100 gals of water (maximum 1000 gals. per acre) when thrips first appear.

Citrus Snow Scales: Apply 1 - 2 pts. per 100 gals. of water (maximum 1000 gals. per acre) as a post bloom spray and again as a summer spray. For heavy snow scale infestations use the higher dosage rate. Thorough coverage of tree trunks, limbs and twigs is essential.

Do not apply during bloom. Do not apply to citrus within 21 days of harvest. Shrimp and crab may be killed at application rates recommended on this label. Do not apply where these are important resources.

## Fruit and Nut Crops

## Fruit and Nut Crops

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Aphids, Brown Mites (Clover Mites, Two-Spotted Spider Mites, Olive Scale Crawlers, San Jose Scale Crawlers: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply when aphids, mites and scale crawlers first appear.

Oriental Fruit Moths: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water and apply at 100 per cent petal fall. Make 2 additional applications at 10 -15 day intervals. Time the last application to peak adult oriental fruit moth flight, if possible.

Peach Twig Borers: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water and apply to peaches in May and June.

Leafhoppers (Peaches only): Apply 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water in 3 - 5 applications beginning at petal fall and continuing through the growing season, or apply as infestations develop.

Figs [5] Vinegar Flies (Drosophila spp.), Dried Fruit Beetles: Apply 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water.

### **Filberts**

acre.

acre.

Cranberries [7]

Filbert Leaf Rollers, Aphids: Apply 1 - 2 qts. in 250-400 gals. of water per acre, as a thorough cover spray.

Black Headed Fireworms: Apply 2 qts. in 400 gals. of water per

Cranberry Fruitworms: Apply 3 qts. in 400 gals. of water per

## Grapes

Pacific Spider Mites, Leafhoppers, Grape Berry Moths, Grape Leaf Folders: Apply 1 - 2 pts. per acre in a minimum of 100 gals. of water as a thorough cover spray. Do not apply within 18 days of harvest.

Drosophila Spp: Apply 12 - 18 fl. oz. per acre in a minimum of 100 gals. of water as a thorough cover spray, or apply when insects first appear. Make additional applications at weekly intervals as necessary.

Do not apply within 7 days of harvest.

## Olives

Olive Scales: Mix 3/4 - 1 pt. of Diaxinon AG 500 plus 11/2 gals. of light medium summer horticultural oil per 100 gals, of water. Apply as a cover spray in June or July. Do not apply during bloom to avoid injury to pollinating insects or within 75 days of harvest.

#### Peaches [20] and Nectarines [10]

Olive Scale Crawlers: Mix 1/2 pt. of Diazinon AG 500 plus 11/2 gals. light medium horticultural oil per 100 gals. of water. Apply when scale crawlers are present.

White Peach Scale (Peaches only) As a post-harvest spray, apply 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>-2 pts. per 100 gals. of water, timed to coincide with peak crawler and immature scale activity. Under conditions of heavy infestations, 2 applications may be necessary.

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Fruit and Nut	Crops
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Aphids, Mites, Pecan Nut Casebearers, Walnut Caterpillars: Apply 1-3 qts. per acre as a foliage spray in a minimum of 100 gals. of water. Do not apply after husks crack.

#### PINEAPPLES

Scales: Apply 5 qts. of Diazinon AG 500 plus 2 gals. of light or medium horticultural oil in 500 gals. of water per acre to the vegetative slips on the plants following harvest of pineapple.

Mealybugs: Apply 2 qts. per acre in a minimum of 100 gals of water. May be applied on day of harvest.

Pineapple forage and refuse may be fed to livestock 7 days following last application.

#### Plums and Prunes [10]

Brown Mites (Clover Mites), European Red Mites: Apply 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Leaf Curl Plum Aphids, Mealy Plum Aphids, Thistle Aphids: Apply 1/2 - 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water.

Walnuts Aphids, Mites: Apply 1 qt. per acre as a foliage spray in a minimum of 100 gals. of water. Codling Moths, Scale Crawlers, Walnut Caterpillars: Apply 3 qts. per acre as a foliage spray in a minimum of 100 gals. of water.

Do not apply after the husks open.

## Fruit and Nut Crops

#### **STRAWBERRIES**[5]

Aphids, Two-Spotted Spider Mites: Apply 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water per acre.

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Cyclamen Mites: Apply 1 qt. per 100 gals. of water per acre, directing spray to plant crowns. Plants should be sufficiently agitated to assure thorough coverage of foliage. Make additional applications, if necessary, after harvest.

Mole Crickets: Broadcast 1 qt. per acre when insects are present. Apply 1 - 2 days before transplanting and mix into the top 1-2 inches of soil immediately.

Strawberry Leaf Rollers: Mix <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> - 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water. Apply 200 gals. of spray per acre when blossoms show color.

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## **Vegetable Foliar Insects**

Unless otherwise stated, foliar applications of Diazinon AG 500 should always be applied to vegetable crops as a spray in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre for aerial applications and a minimum of 10 gals. of water per acre for ground applications.

## Beans [Pole Beans, Snap Beans, Lima Beans] Black Bean Aphids, Mexican Bean Beetles, Leaf Miners: Apply $1 - 1\frac{1}{2}$ pts. per acre.

Cucumber Beetles: Apply 3/4 pt. in 100 gallons of water per acre.

Do not apply within 7 days of bean harvest. Bean forage or bean hay may be fed to dairy and beef cattle and sheep. Wait 4 days following treatment if forage is to be cut for hay.

#### Lima Beans

Dipterous Leaf Miners, Leafhoppers, Mites: Apply 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Be. orage or bean hay may be fed to dairy and beef cattle and sheep. Wait 4 days following treatment if forage is to be cut for hay.

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**Brussels** Sprouts [7] Aphids, Diamondback Moths, Imported Cabbageworms: Apply 1 pt. per acre. Generally, applications at 7 - 10 day intervals will be required.

**Celery** [10] Aphids, Flea Beetles: Apply 1 pt. in 100 gals. of water per acre. plants should be market trimmed (tops removed) before being shipped or used. Tops should not be used for feed or forage.

Collards [10], Kale [10], Turnip Tops [10], Swiss Chard [12] Aphids, Imported Cabbageworms, Diamondback Moths, Harlequin Cabbage Bugs: Apply 1/2 - 1 pt. per acre.

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## **Vegetable Foliar Insects**

Broccoli [5], Cauliflower [5], Cabbage [7] Aphids, Diamondback Moths, Imported Cabbageworms: Apply <sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub> - 1 pt. per acre. Applications at 7 - 10 day intervals will usually be required.

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Carrots [10] Aphids: Apply 1 pt. per acre.

## **Vegetable Foliar Insects**

Cucumbers [7] Aphids, Serpentine Leaf Miners, Thrips: Apply 1 pt. per acre.

Lettuce and Endive [10] Aphids, Dipterous Leaf Miners: Apply <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> - 1 pt. per acre.

#### Melons and Squash

[Cantaloupes, Casabas, Crenshaws, Honeydew Melons, Muskmelons, Persian Melons, and hybrids of these: Watermelons and their hybrids: Summer and Winter squash.] Aphids, Leafhoppers, Mites: Apply 1 - 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> pts. per acre.

Serpentine Leaf Miners, Thrips: Apply  $\frac{1}{2}$  - 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply to melons and winter squash within 3 days, or to summer squash within 7 days of harvest.

Onions [10] Onion Thrips: Apply 1 pt. per acre.

#### Peas

Aphids, Leaf Miners: Apply 3/4 -1 pt. per acre. Peas may be picked immediately. Pea vines and pea vine hay may be fed to dairy and beef cattle and sheep. Wait 4 days following treatment if forage is to be cut for hay.

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## **Vegetable Foliar Insects**

#### Peppers [5]

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Aphids, Serpentine Leaf Miners: Apply 1/2 pt. per acre.

#### Potatoes [35]

Aphids, Flea Beetles, Colorado Potato Beetles, Dipterous Leaf Miners: Apply at the rate of  $\frac{1}{2}$  -  $\frac{3}{4}$  pt. per acre.

Banded Cucumber Beetles, Leafhoppers, Southern Armyworms: Apply <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> - 1 pt. per acre.

#### Radishes, Parsnips and Turnips [10]

Aphids, Flea Beetles, Dipterous Leaf Miners: Apply  $\frac{1}{2}$  - 1 pt. per acre.

## Spinach [10] and Beets[14]

Aphids, Dipterous Leaf Miners: Apply  $\frac{1}{2}$  - 1 pt. per acre.

Squash (Summer and Winter) See Melons and Squash Section.

#### Sweet Corn

Corn Earworms: Apply  $1 - 1\frac{1}{4}$  qts. per acre when silks first appear. Two or three repeat applications at 2 - 3 day intervals will usually be necessary. Corn may be picked immediately following last application. Corn forage may be fed to dair; and beef cattle and sheep.

## **Vegetable Foliar Insects**

Refer also to Corn under Field and Forage Foliar Insects and

Aphids, Dipterous Leaf Miners: Apply 1/2 pt. per acre. To

Banded Cucumber Beetles, Fall Armyworms, Southern

Vinegar Flies (Drosophila spp.): Apply  $\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}$  pts. per acre.

Cyclamen Mites: Mix 1 pt. per 100 gals. of water and apply to

one acre as a thorough cover spray. Spray should be directed into the crowns and growing tips of plants. If infestation is heavy, make a second application no later than 10 days after the

first application. Repeat applications as necessary.

control leaf miners, weekly applications are usually required.

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Tomatoes [1]

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Field and Forage Soil Insects.

Watercress (Hawaii only) [5]

Armyworms: Apply <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> - 1 pt. per acre.

Weekly applications are usually required.

## Vegecame Soil Insects

Unless otherwise stated, soil applications of Diazinon AG 500 should always be applied to vegetable crops as a spray in a minimum of 5 gals. of water per acre for ground applications.

#### Cutworms [Surface and Subterranean]

Broccoli **Brussels Sprouts** Cabbage Cantaloupes Cauliflower Celery Collards Cucumbers Endive (Escarole)

Kale Lettuce Lima Beans Muskmelons Parsley Peas Peppers Potatoes

Snap Beans Spinach Summer Squash Sweet Corn Swiss Chard Tomatoes Watermelons Winter Squash

Broadcast 2 - 4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately, 2 - 3 inches for surface cutworms, 3 - 6 inches for subterranean cutworms.

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Vegetable Soil Insects	Ve

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Garden Symphylans (		Onion M Onions		
Cabbage Carrots Corn. Lettuce	Peas Pole Beans <b>Radishes</b> Red Beets	Snap Beans Tomatoes Turnips		Furrow drench t
- 8 inches immediately	acre just prior to plantin y. This preplant treatme as cutworms (surface a	ent will also control	Ľ	Broadca planting
	aggots and wireworms.			Root Ma Broccoli Applicat into the or in the
Mole Crickets				
Broccoli Brussels Sprouts Cabbage Cauliflower Collards	Endive (Escarole) Kale Lettuce Mustard Peppers	Radishes Tomatoes Turnips	۲ ۲	Transpla gals. of per acre either b drop no: water to stress a
applications to plant l	acre when insects a beds or field 1 - 2 days ng and work into so	prior to sowing of		Radishes acre (1 - at planti

## egeraine Soil Insects

### nion Maggots

urrow Application: Apply 1 qt. per acre in sufficient water to rench the seed furrow at planting time.

roadcast Application: Broadcast 2 - 4 qts. per acre just prior to anting. Work into soil 3 - 4 inches immediately.

#### oot Maggots

roccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage and Cauliflower. Broadcast pplication: Broadcast 2 - 3 qts. per acre and immediately work to the soil 3 - 4 inches, before seeding, either in the seed bed r in the field, or before transplanting.

ransplant Water (Drench) Application: Mix  $\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{2}$  pt. in 50 als. of transplant water, when 200 - 300 gals. of water are used er acre. May be applied at the rate of  $\frac{1}{2}$  - 1 cupful per plant, ither by hand or by tractor-mounted sprayer equipped with rop nozzles to direct spray to the base of the plant. Transplant rater treatments may result in stand reduction due to plant tress at time of transplanting.

adishes: Mix 1 qt. in 50 gals. of water. Apply 80 - 100 gals. per cre (1 - 1 1/3 gals. per 1,000 linear feet of row) in the seed furrow planting time.

## **Vegetable Soil Insects**

#### Wireworms

Broccoli Brussels Sprouts Cabbage Cantaloupes Carrots

Cauliflower Celery Collards Cucumbers Endive (Escarole) Kale Lettuce Lima Beans Muskmelons Onions Parsley Peas Peppers

Potatoes Snap Beans Spinach Summer Squash Sweet Corn Sweet Potatoes Swiss Chard Tomatoes Watermelons Winter Squash

Broadcast 3 - 4 qts. per acre prior to planting and work into soil 4 - 8 inches immediately.

#### Potatoes

Wireworms: Broadcast 3 - 6 qts. per acre prior to planting. Immediately disk or harrow into soil 4 - 8 inches.

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## **Field and Forage Folier Insects**

Unless otherwise stated, foliar applications of Diazinon AG 500 should always be applied to field and forage crops as a spray in a minimum of 2 gals. of water per acre for aerial applications and a minimum of 10 gal. of water per acre for ground application.

#### Alfalfa and Clover

Spotted Alfalfa Aphids, Yellow Clover Aphids, Pea Aphids, Leafhoppers, Plant Bug Nymphs, Mites: Apply 3/4 - 1 pt. per acre.

Grasshoppers: Apply 1 pt. per acre.

Following the above applications, dairy and beef cattle and sheep (1) may be grazed immediately following application, (2) may be fed green alfalfa or clover immediately following cutting, and (3) may be fed hay provided alfalfa or clover is not cut for hay for 7 days following treatment.

Do not spray livestock directly with either air or ground equipment. Do not treat during bloom to avoid injury to pollinating insects.

# **Field and Forage Foliar Insects**

Clover Striped Ground Crickets: Broadcast 1 - 2 pts. per acre following seeding in the fall, but prior to clover emergence.	Co Spi Lea
Corn	gal
Use a minimum of 1 gal. of water for aerial applications and 5 gals. of water for ground application.	Do cot
Corn Rootworm Adults: Apply ½ - 1 pt. per acre.	Но
Corn Leaf Aphids: Apply 1 - 2 pts. per acre. Complete coverage of the upper portions of the plants is essential. Repeat applications as necessary.	Ap Soi Use
Mites: Apply 1 pt. per acre when infestations first appear. Repeat applications as necessary.	gal Soi
Grasshoppers: Apply 1 pt. per acre.	hea day
Sap Beetles: Apply 2 - 2½ pts. per acre. Add 1 - 2 gals. of soluble mineral oil per acre to the spray mixture. Consult State Agricultural Experiment Stations or State Extension Service Specialists for proper timing of sprays.	Mi rep
Corn may be picked immediately following last application. Corn forage may be fed to dairy and beef cattle and sheep.	Gro and per tre

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## **Field and Forage Foliar Insects**

#### tton

oider Mites, Aphids, Leafhoppers, Lygus Bugs, Cotton afworms, Cotton Leaf Perforators: Apply 1 - 2 pts. in 5 - 25 ls. of water per acre. Repeat as infestation warrants.

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not apply within 14 days of harvest. Do not graze treated tton plants, or feed gin waste to livestock.

#### ops [14]

ohids, Mites: Apply 1 qt. per acre.

#### rghum

se a minimum of 1 gal. of water for aerial applications and 5 ls. of water for ground applications.

rghum Midge: Apply  $\frac{1}{2}$  - 1 pt. per acre when 90 per cent of ads have emerged from the boot. Repeat application within 4 YS.

ites: Apply 1 pt. per acre when infestation first appears and peat applications as necessary.

reenbug: Apply 1 pt. per acre when infestation first appears d repeat as necessary. (Texas and Oklahoma - Apply 1/2 - 1 pt. r acre.) Crop may be fed to livestock immediately following eatment. Do not apply within 7 days of harvesting of grain.

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## **Field and Forage Foliar Insects**

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Sugar Beets Beet Leafhoppers, Dipterous Leaf Miners, Aphids: Apply 3/4 - 1 pt. per acre.	Unles should minin
Grasshoppers: Apply 1 pt. per acre. Note: Tops may be fed to beef and dairy animals.	
Sugarcane Aphids: Apply <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> - 1 pt. per acre. Allow 1 day between last application and harvest. Bagasse and forage may be fed to livestock.	Alfalf Cutwo acre j inche cutwo
Tobacco Aphids, Flea Beetles: Apply ½ - ¾ pt. per acre. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.	Corn Corn Band Make

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Grasshoppers: Apply 1 pt. per acre. Do not apply within 14 days of harvest.

## **Field and Forage Soil Insects**

ss otherwise stated, soil applications of Diazinon AG 500 ld always be applied to field and forage crops as a spray in a mum of 5 gals. of water per acre for ground applications.

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## fa and Clover

vorms (Surface and Subterranean): Broadcast 2 - 4 qts. per just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately 2 - 3 es for surface cutworms, 3 - 6 inches for subterranean orms.

### Rootworm Larvae

Band Application at Planting Time: Apply 1 - 2 qts. per acre. Make application in the seed furrow or apply  $2\frac{1}{2} - 5$  oz per 1,000 linear feet of corn row in a 4 - 7 inch band directly behind the planter shoe. For band treatment refer to the row spacing chart for amounts recommended per acre.

## **Field and Forage Soil Insects**

er acre	Rate p	Linear Feet		
Postemergence basal treatment	Planting time application	of Corn row/acre	Row specing	
14-28 oz.	28-56 oz.	10,890	48''	
15.5-31 oz.	31-62 oz.	12,455	42''	
16-32 oz.	32-64 oz.	13,068	40''	
$(\frac{1}{2}-1 \text{ qt.})$	(1-2 qts.)			
17.5-35 oz.	35-70 oz.	13,939	38''	
18-36 oz.	36-72 oz.	14,250	36''	
22-44 07.	44-88 oz.	17,424	30''	
27.5-55 oz.	55-110 oz.	21,780	24''	
32-64 oz.	64-128 oz.	26,136	20''	
(1-2 qts.)	(2-4 qts.)	·		
44-88 oz.	88-176 oz.	34,848	15''	

#### SUGGESTED RATES ACCORDING TO ROW SPACING FOR CORN ROOTWORM LARVAE CONTROL

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Note: For row spacings not listed, calculate the appropriate dosage based on the 40-inch row figure.

Postemergence Basal Treatment: Apply 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> - 2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> oz. per 1,000 linear feet of corn row in sufficient water to thoroughly wet base of corn plant and a narrow band of soil next to the plant. Refer to the row spacing chart for amounts recommended per acre. Cover treated band with 2 - 3 inches of soil using a disk hiller or cultivator immediately after spraying. Application should be made at the first sign of corn rootworm larvae, but not later than June 24 in the Middle Corn Belt, or July 1 in the Northern Cor Belt.

utworms (Surface and Subterranean): Broadcast 2 - 4 gts. per cre. For surface cutworms, apply just prior to planting or when arvae first appears and work into soil 1 - 2 inches immediately. o not apply later than layby.

or subterranean cutworms, apply just prior to planting and ork into soil 3 - 6 inches immediately.

Vireworms: Apply 3 - 4 qts. per acre prior to planting and work to soil 4 - 8 inches immediately.

Corn may be picked immediately following last application. Corn forage may be fed to dairy and beef cattle and sheep.

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## **Field and Forage Soil Insects**

Seed Corn Maggots: Broadcast 2 - 4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into soil 2 inches immediately.

#### Cowpees

Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean): Broadcast 2 - 4 qts. per acre, just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately, 2 - 3 inches for surface cutworms, 3 - 6 inches for subterranean cutworms.

#### Lespedeza

Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean): Broadcast 2 - 4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately 2 - 3 inches for surface cutworms, 3 - 6 inches for subterranean cutworms.

#### Peanuts

Cutworms: Apply 2 qts. per acre in a 12-inch band over the row. Through coverage of the foliage is essential. Begin application when small larvae appear. Two or three additional applications at three-week intervals may be necessary Do not apply within 21 days of peanut harvest. Livestock (1) may be fed peanut hulls, (2) may be fed peanut forage 7 days following treatment and (3) may be fed peanut hay 21 days following treatment.

#### Sorghum

Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean): Broadcast 2 - 4 qts. per acre just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately, 2 - 3 inches for surface cutworms, 3 - 6 inches for subterranean cutworms.

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#### Soybeans

Cutworms (Surface and Subterranean): Broadcast 2 - 4 qua per acre just prior to planting. Work into the soil immediately, 2 - 3 inches for surface cutworms, 3 - 6 inches for subterranean cutworms.

#### Sugar Beets

Wireworms: Broadcast 3 - 4 qts. per acre just prior to planting, and work into soil 4 - 8 inches immediantely. Tops may be fed to beef and dairy animals.

#### Sugarcane

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Wireworms: Apply 1 gal. per acre in a 12-inch band centered over the furrow. Make application directly to seed pieces in open furrow at covering time.

## Field and Forage Soil Insects

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<b>Tobacco</b> <b>Cutworms: Broadcast 2 - 3 qts. per acre three to four weeks</b> <b>before transplanting and work into the soil 2 - 4 inches</b> <b>immediately</b> .	Unle appli aeria for g
Green June Beetle Larvae: Mix ¼ pt. in 50 gals. of water and apply as a drench (100 gals. per 100 sq. yds.) to uprooted areas of plant beds with sprinkling can.	Bern Past
Mole Crickets: Broadcast 1 qt. per acre, when insects are present. Make application to beds or fields 1 - 2 days prior to sowing of seed or transplanting, and work into soil 1 - 2 inches immediately.	Thrij Dair
	follo follo follo
Seed Corn Maggots: Broadcast 3 pts. per acre, 3 - 4 weeks before transplanting. Work into soil 2 inches immediately.	10110
Wireworms: Broadcast 2 - 3 qts. per acre, 3 - 4 weeks before transplanting. Work into soil 6 - 9 inches immediately.	Do n

## Range, Pasture and Grassland Insects 31

less otherwise stated, Diazinon AG 500 should always be olied as a spray in a minimum of 1 gal. of water per acre for ial applications and a minimum of 5 gals. of water per acre ground applications.

#### mudagrass and Forage Grasses [other than Range and sture Grasses]

rips, Whiteflies Grasshoppers: Apply 1 pt. per acre.

iry and beef cattle, and sheep may be grazed immediately owing application and may be fed green forage immediately owing cutting, and forage grasses may be cut for hay 7 days owing treatment.

not repeat application for 30 days.

#### 32 **Range, Pasture and Grasslands Insects**

#### Rangeland, Pasture, Ditch Banks, Roadsides, Wasteland, Noncrop Areas, and Barrier Strips.

Grasshoppers: Apply 3/4 - 1 pt. per acre in water or oil (minimum of 1 gal. of oil per acre) when insects first appear, preferably in the nymphal stage. Thorough coverage of the foliage is essential.

Dairy and beef cattle and sheep (1) may be grazed immediately following application, (2) may be fed green forage immediately following cutting, and (3) may be fed hay provided grass is not cut for hay for 21 days if the spray is a water solution, or for 30 days if the spray is an oil solution. Do not spray livestock directly with either air or ground equipment. Do not repeat application for 30 days.

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To control certain insects on Arborvitae, Azalea, Birch, Boxwood, Camellia, Carnation, Chrysanthemum, Douglas Fir, Elm, Gladioli, Hawthorn, Holly, Juniper, Lilac, Locust, Maple, Oak, Pine, Plum, Poplar, Rhododendron, Rose, Spruce, and

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Willow, apply the recommended rates indicated below:

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## **Ornamental Insect Control**

Insects	Rate per 3 gals. water	Rate per 100 gals. water
Aphids, Bagworms, Carnation Bud Mites, Carnation Shoot Mites, Clover Mites, Cyclamen Mites, Dipterous Leaf Miners, European Pine Shoot Moths, European Red Mites, Flea Beetles, Holly Bud Moths, Leafhop- pers, Obscure Root Weevils, Omni- vorous Leaf Tiers, Privet Mites, Scale Crawlers (Cottony-Cushion, Lecan- ium, Pine Needle, San Jose, Soft Scale), Thrips, Two-Spotted Mites, Webworms, Whiteflies.	4∕2 fl. oz.*	1 pt.*

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## **Ornamental Insect Control**

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insects	Rate per 3 gals. water	Rate per 100 gals. water
Apple-and-Thorn Skeletonizers, Coton easter Webworms, Fall Webworms, Hemlock Chermes, Oak Loopers, Oblique-banded Leaf Rollers, Pear Slags, Tent Caterpillars	1½ fl. oz.	3 pts.

\*1 Fl. oz. - 2 tablespoons

16 fl. oz. - 1 pt.

Do not use on certain Ferns, Poinsettia, Hibiscus, Papaya, Pilea and Gardenia, since injury to the plants may occur.

Mimosa Webworms: Mix  $\frac{1}{2}$  fl. oz. in 3 gals. of water (or 1 pt. in 100 gals of water) and apply as a thorough foliar spray when adults first appear. Make a second and third application at 4 - 5 yeek intervals.

To control insects listed below, apply recommended rates. For control of Ants, Brown Dog Ticks, Clover Mites, Crickets, Earwigs, Fleas, Millipedes, Sowbugs and Collembola (Springtails) which are commonly found near the house and may enter the house, spray a 5-ft. band of soil around the house, as well as the house foundation wall to a height of 2 - 3 ft. Repeat application if necessary.

Boxelder Bugs: Spray bugs outside the home with  $1\frac{1}{4} - 2\frac{1}{2}$  fl. oz. ( $2\frac{1}{2} - 5$  tablespoons) in 1 gal. water. At the same time, thoroughly spray around foundation, windows, doors, tree trunks, and into cracks and other places where the insects hide.

#### Billbugs and White Grubs Japanese beetle larva, European chafer and Southern chafer

Apply 4 fl. oz. 1,000 sq. ft. of lawn. Water grass thoroughly after application. For grub control, make application any time between late July and early October. For billbug control, apply when activity is first observed or when chewed or brown grass is present, indicating damage from this insect.

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36		I	awn Insect Control	
insocis	Rate - 1,000 Diazinon AG 500	sq. ft. Water	Kemarks	
Lawn Chinch Bugs	2-3 fl. oz. or 3-6 fl. oz	25 gals.	Use higher rate for longer residual control and in lawns of dense growth.	
Auts, Army- worms, Clover Mites, Collem- bola [Spring- tails], Crickets, Cutworms, Dig- ger Wasps, Ear- wigs, Frit Flies, Lawn Billbugs, Sod Webworms [Lawn Moths], Sowbugs			Spot spray and hills and Wasp ground nest open- ings.	
		3 gals.	For lawn billbugs, irrigate the lawn thoroughly im- mediately after treatment. For frit flies, mow grass and water well before treatment but delay appli- cation until grass is dry. Do not water again until necessary.	
Brown Dog Ticks, Bermuda Mites, Chiggers, Fleas, Leafhoppers	• •	3 gals	Do not apply to animals, For brown dog ticks, spray grass and under shrubbery, particularly near house.	
Millipedes	8 fl. oz	3 gals		
Rhodes Grass Scales	5 fl. oz.	25 gals	Apply when crawlers first emerge.	
Contracting the second s			اليوالي في الأوافا الواري في الأربالي في الله الكتاب المسمور	

Alternately make application in 3 gals. of water per 1,000 sq. ft. and thoroughly water immediately following application.

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#### orest insects

ne [Seed Orchards, Plantations, Forests]

rkansas Sawfly (Loblolly Sawfly): Apply <sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub> pt. per acre over the tree canopy. Application should be made at or near the completion of egg hatch. Aerial applications should be made ith a minimum of 2 gals. of spray per acre, in swaths not more han 90 ft. wide. Repeat application as needed.

OTICE: Follow directions carefully. Timing and method of oplication, weather and crop conditions, mixtures with other micals not specifically recommended, and other influencing ctors in the use of this product are beyond the control of the ller. Buyer assumes all risks of use, storage or handling of this aterial not in strict accordance with directions given herewith.

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