

BINK FOR ECONOMIC TO REDICTION TO ATTACHED COMMENTS. BROADLEAF WEED KILLER

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

Alkanolamine Salts (Ethanol and Isopropanol Series) INERT INGREDIENTS 61.7% 2,4-D Acid Equivalent 2 Pounds per Gallon

CAUTION:

Causes irritation of skin and eyes. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

USDA REGISTRATION NO. 10088-5

CAUTION: DO NOT STORE WITH FOODSTUFFS

Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do NOT take internally. In case of contact flush eyes with plenty of water; wash skin with soap and water. Avoid breathing spray mist. DO NOT allow solution or spray drift to contact desirable plants. Among crops highly susceptible to 2,4-D injury are cotton, tobacco, blackeyed peas, beans, tomatoes, melons, other vegetables, grapes, fruit trees, some ornamentals, carpet grass and St. Augustine grass. (Coarse sprays are less likely to drift than fine mist sprays.) It is difficult to completely clean 2,4-D from sprayers or other equipment, therefore do not use such sprayers and other equipment for purposes where even trace amounts of this chemical may cause injury. Do not reuse shipping containers; destroy by crushing and burying. Avoid contamination of water intended for irrigation and domestic use. Do not transport with or store near seeds, fertilizers, insecticides or fungicides. Vapors from this product may injure susceptible plants in the vicinity. Do not use or store near heat or open flame. Consult agricultural experiment station or extension service "weed" specialists for specific recommendations as to dosage and time of application and for control of other weeds and woody plants. Note: keep spray tank agitated.

Apply only to areas that will not be grazed after treatment by milking animals or animals being finished for slaughter.

DIRECTIONS:

Lawn and Turf — To control dandelions, chickweed, plaintain, Japanese clover, oxalis, wild onions and certain other weeds, dilute 2 quarts BWK with 100 gallons of water to treat one acre. Wet foliage thoroughly. Water thoroughly before application. Do not apply during heat of day. If grass begins to yellow, water thoroughly and fertilize. Do not apply to grass only 3 or 4 months old. Temporary burning or yellowing may occur to Bent and Fescue grasses. Do not use on clover, Dichondra or Lippia lawns. Oxalis — Repeated treatment may be necessary. Wild Onions — Treat while young and before bulbils are formed, usually in late fall or early spring.

For Docks, Thistles, Morning Glory along fence rows and right of ways—Mix 1 gallon to 100 gallons of water to treat 1 acre. Wet plants thoroughly and repeat when necessary. For woody plants such as Poison Oak, Brambles, Poison Ivy, Sumac, Honeysuckle — Mix 8 ounces per gallon of water and drench thoroughly while plants are in full leaf. Repeat application in four weeks if necessary.

To Kill Stumps — Mix 1 pint in one quart of Kerosene or Diesel Oil. Spray all of the stump area thoroughly.

WARRANTY:

Seller makes no warranty of any kind, express or implied, concerning the results of use of this product. Buyer assumes all risk of use or handling whether in accordance with directions or not.

CONTROLS THE FOLLOWING WEEDS:

uttercups	Croton
itter Sneezeweed	Chervil
itterweed	Dandelion
roomweed	Docks
urdock	Fanweed
hickweed	False Strawberry
hicory	Jimsonweed
lovers	Honeysuckle
ocklebur	Poison lvy
offeeweed	Poison Oak

Pennyworts
Sheepsorrel
Oaks
Chokecherry
Sassafras
Wild Roses
Willows
Locust
Sumac
Elms
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Brambles	E
Brambles Cottonwood Aspens	R
Aspens	T
fochia	S
ambsquarters Mustards	S
Mustards	-٧
Peppergrass	V
Peppergrass Pigweed	W
Plantains	G
Prickly Lettuce	H
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Evening Primrose
Ragweed
Thistles
Shepherds Purse
Sunflower
Vetch
Wild Radish
Wild Carrot
Ground Ivy
Henbit

Knotweed
Oxalis
Heal All
Speedwei
Spotted Spurge
Wild Opion
Yarrow
Yellow Recket
Pluns
Maples
Many Others