

9779-363

02/08/2001

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US ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
OFFICE OF PESTICIDES PROGRAMS
REGISTRATION DIVISION (75-767)
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

EPA REGISTRATION NO.

9779-363

DATE OF ISSUANCE

FEB - 8 2001

TERM OF ISSUANCE

Unconditional

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE: REGISTRATION
 REREGISTRATION

(Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide,
and Rodenticide Act, as amended)

NAME OF PESTICIDE PRODUCT

Magic Carpet[®] Fertilizer with
BARRICADE[®] .26

NAME AND ADDRESS OF REGISTRANT (Include ZIP code)

Agrilience, LLC
P.O. Box 64089
St. Paul, MN 55164-0089

NOTE: Changes in labeling formula differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above U.S. EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby Registered/Reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act.

A copy of the labeling accepted in connection with this Registration/Reregistration is returned herewith.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an indorsement or approval of this product by this Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(5) provided that you:

1. Add the phrase "EPA Registration No. 9779-363" to the label before you release the product for shipment.
2. Submit one (1) copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Joanne I. Miller
Product Manager (23)
Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (7505c)

enclosure

ATTACHMENT IS APPLICABLE

SIGNATURE OF APPROVING OFFICIAL

Joanne I. Miller

DATE

FEB - 8 2001

MAGIC CARPET™ FERTILIZER WITH BARRICADE® .28

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:	
*Prodiamine, [N ³ , N ³ -Di-n-propyl-2,4-dinitro-6-(trifluoromethyl)-m-phenylenediamine].....	0.28%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	
	99.72%
TOTAL:	
	100.00%

*Barricade® is a registered trademark of Novartis
 *Magic Carpet™ is a registered trademark of Agriliance, LLC

Guaranteed Fertilizer Analysis (will vary depending on grade used)	
Total Nitrogen (N)	00%
0.0% Ammoniacal nitrogen	
0.0% Urea nitrogen	
Available Phosphate (P ₂ O ₅).....	00%
Soluble Potash (K ₂ O).....	00%
Derived from urea, monoammonium phosphate and potassium chloride.	

For selective preemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds in established turf grasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns and landscape ornamentals (including established perennials & wildflower plantings)

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

CAUTION

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye injury (irritation). Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact while handling the material may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

FIRST AID

If in Eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If on Skin or Clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If Inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-228-5635 Ext. 299 for emergency medical treatment information.	

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product has low solubility in water. At the limits of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

EPA Reg. No. 9779-
 Manufactured For:
 Agriliance, LLC
 P.O. Box 64089, St. Paul, MN 55164-0089

**ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
In EPA Letter Dated**

EPA Est. No.
 NET WEIGHT:

FEB - 8 2001

**Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under EPA Reg. No.**

9779-363

If material is spilled: Contain and sweep up material of spill for disposal or use per label instructions. Wash cleanup equipment to prevent contamination elsewhere. Excess quantities above normal application rates could result in damage to plants subject to spill. Water-in remainder, disc under, cover with layer of soil, or leave exposed to sunlight, as deemed appropriate to the situation.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Store in original container away from other fertilizer, feed, or food stuffs and separated from other pesticides.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal:

Paper Containers: Completely empty container into application equipment. Then dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or at an incineration facility, or; if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning locally. If burned, stay out of smoke.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This product is a selective preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- Established turf grasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns
- Landscape ornamentals
- Established perennials & wildflower plantings

This product controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seed germination and root development. Most effective weed control will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inches of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1-2 inches) incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

Not for use on plants being grown (1) for sale or other commercial use, (2) for commercial seed production, or (3) for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns and grounds.

Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with this product.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Do not apply aerially.

Do not apply to golf course putting greens.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN POOR WEED CONTROL, CROP INJURY, OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

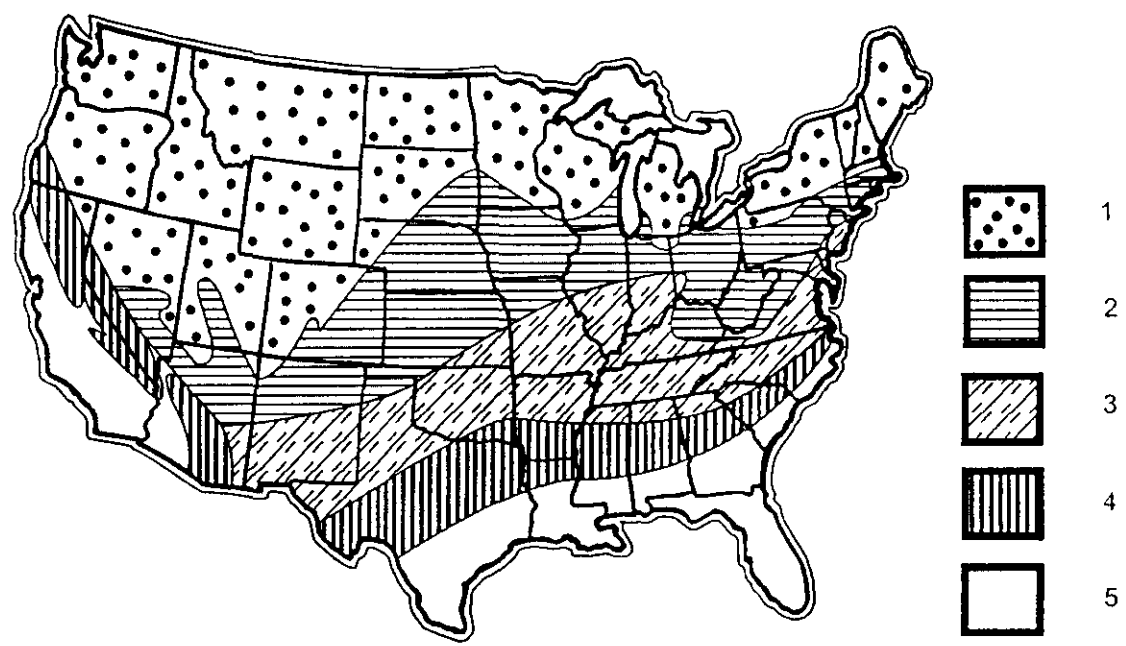
Apply uniformly through suitable, calibrated application equipment.

ESTABLISHED TURF

This product is a selective preemergence herbicide that, when properly applied, will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds in established turf grasses and lawns. The maximum amount of this product that may be applied per year is given for each turf grass species in the **Maximum Annual Rates** section of this label.

Most effective weed control in turf grasses will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inches of rainfall or irrigation prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application. See the map below for approximate crabgrass seed germination dates.

APPROXIMATE CRABGRASS GERMINATION DATES



- 1 = After May 30
- 2 = After May 10
- 3 = After April 20
- 4 = After March 20
- 5 = Jan 1 to March 20

USE PRECAUTIONS

The following precautions apply to the use of this product in turf grasses and lawns:

- (1) Application of this product may thin emerged annual bluegrass and newly overseeded grasses.
- (2) Do not apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.
- (3) Do not cut (harvest) treated sod before 120 days after application. Do not apply to newly set sod until the following year.
- (4) Application of this product to turf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury.
- (5) Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control.
- (6) Do not apply this product to putting greens or areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass, or annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) are desirable species.

RATES OF APPLICATION

This product may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. All applications must be made prior to germination of the target weeds. This product will not control established weeds.

Maximum use rate selection should be based on turf species. The length of time of residual weed control provided by this product is related to the rate applied.

MAXIMUM ANNUAL RATES

This product is recommended for use on the turf grass species listed in the following table. Do not exceed the maximum yearly rate as given in the following table:

Maximum Application Rate/Calendar Year of Magic Carpet Fertilizer with BARRICADE by Turf Grass Species ⁽¹⁾		
Turf Species:	Lbs. Product/A	Lbs. ai/A
Bermudagrass ⁽²⁾ Bahia grass Centipedegrass Seashore Paspalum St. Augustinegrass Tall Fescue (including turf-type) Zoysia	530	1.5
Buffalograss Kentucky Bluegrass Perennial Ryegrass	353	1.0
Creeping Red Fescue	265	0.75
Creeping Bentgrass	230	0.65

⁽¹⁾ These are the maximum rates per calendar year by species limitations.
⁽²⁾ May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 183 lbs./A or 4 lbs./1000 sq. ft. Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded. Suppression only of Foxtail, Goosegrass, and Rescuegrass due to reduced product rates used in sprigging situations.

- Do not apply more than 530 lbs. of product per calendar year.
- Use higher rates of this product to achieve higher levels of fertility and longer periods of weed control for each turf type, but do not exceed the **Maximum Annual Rates Table**.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

When used in accordance with this label this product will provide control of the following weeds:

- | | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Barnyardgrass | Carpetweed |
| Bluegrass, Annual (<i>Poa annua</i>) | Chickweed, Common |
| Crabgrass (large, smooth) | Chickweed, Mouseear (from seed) |
| Crowfootgrass | Henbit |
| Cupgrass, Woolly | Knotweed |
| Foxtails, Annual | Kochia |
| Goosegrass ¹ | Lambsquarter, Common |
| Itchgrass | Pigweed |
| Johnsongrass (from seed) | Purslane, Common |
| Junglerice | Pusley, Florida |
| Lovegrass | Shepherd's Purse ² |
| Panicum (Texas, Fall, Browntop) | Speedwell, Persian |
| Rescuegrass ³ | Spurge, Prostrate |
| Signalgrass, Broadleaf | Witchgrass |
| Sprangletop | Woodsorrel, Yellow (from seed) |

¹ In many areas a single application of 230 to 530 lbs./A of this product will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, most effective weed control may be obtained by making an initial application of 230 to 353 lbs./A followed after 60 to 90 days by a second application at doses that would not exceed those given in the **Maximum Annual Rate Table**. Do not exceed the maximum rate for turf grass species listed in the **Maximum Annual Rate Table** above.

² Applications for this weed should be made in late summer, fall, or winter prior to germination.

³ Suppression only.

Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rates recommended for each turf species. All applications must be made prior to germination of the weed seeds.

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WHEN TO APPLY AFTER OVERSEEDING TURF

Do not apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.

WHEN TO OVERSEED AFTER APPLICATION

This product will inhibit the germination of turf species if overseeded too soon after application. Follow rates and intervals in the table below for best overseeding/reseeding results.

Magic Carpet Fertilizer with BARRICADE Rate (lb./A)		Months Before Overseeding		
Product	Rate	North	Transition	South
178	.50	4	4	4
235	.66	5	4	4
264	.74	6	5	5
285	.80	---	6	6
357	1.00	---	7	7
407	1.14	---	---	9
464	1.30	---	---	10
530	1.50	---	---	12

LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS
(including Established Perennials and Wildflower Plantings)

This product may be applied for residual preemergence weed control in ornamentals.

USE RATES

Apply this product at 235 to 530 lbs./A in fall and/or spring. Use higher rates of application for longer control periods. Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 530 lbs./A.

APPLICATION TIMING AND INFORMATION

This product is a preemergence herbicide and will not control emerged weeds. Most effective weed control in ornamentals will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inches of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inches) mechanical incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

Best weed control is obtained when this product is applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves. Prior to application of this product, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation, or the use of an appropriate postemergence herbicide.

ESTABLISHED LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over the top, or directed application. Irrigation or rainfall soon after application will wash residues off plant foliage and activate this product in the soil.

NEWLY TRANSPLANTED LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

This product may be applied to newly transplanted ornamentals as a broadcast, over the top, or directed application. Delay application to allow soil to settle around new transplants and water thoroughly before applying this product. Apply this product after cuttings form roots and become established. Apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken to avoid any inhibition of the tissue union.

TOLERANT ORNAMENTAL SPECIES

This product will not harm most trees, shrubs, vines, and flowers. The species listed below are tolerant to this product. Best results will be obtained when this product is uniformly applied to the soil surface; avoid applying to ornamental shoots which may defeat the effort to get uniform distribution on the soil surface. This product may be applied over the top of these species.

When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought, or frost damage) some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to this product.

Table 1. Tolerant Ornamental Species – All States

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Abies</i> spp.**	Fir species** (Balsam, Fraser, Noble, etc.)
<i>Acer palmatum</i>	Japanese Maple
<i>A. platanoides</i>	Norway Maple
<i>Actinidia chinensis</i> *	Kiwi*
<i>Agapanthus africanus</i>	Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily)
<i>Arctostaphylos densiflora</i>	Vine Hill Manzanita
<i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	Cape Weed
<i>Aucuba japonica</i>	Japanese Aucuba
<i>Berberis gladwynensis</i>	Barberry
<i>B. julianae</i>	Wintergreen Barberry
<i>B. mentorensis</i>	Mentor Barberry
<i>B. thunbergii</i>	Japanese Barberry
<i>B. verruculosa</i>	Warty Barberry
<i>Buxus microphylla</i>	Japanese Boxwood
<i>Callistemon viminalis</i>	Weeping Bottlebrush
<i>Calluna vulgaris</i>	Scotch Heather
<i>Carpobrotus edulis</i>	Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant)
<i>Cassia artemisoides</i>	Feathery Cassia
<i>Ceanothus rigidus</i>	Wild Lilac
<i>Chamaecyparis pisifera</i>	False Cypress
<i>Cleyera japonica</i>	Cleyera
<i>Citrus</i> spp.*	Citrus species*
<i>Cornus florida</i>	Flowering Dogwood
<i>C. stolonifera</i>	American Dogwood
<i>Cortaderia selloana</i>	Pampas Grass
<i>Cotoneaster apiculatus</i>	Cranberry Cotoneaster
<i>C. buxifolius</i>	Cotoneaster
<i>C. dammeri</i>	Bearberry Cotoneaster
<i>C. microphyllus</i>	Rockspray Cotoneaster
<i>Cretaeagus</i> spp.	Hawthorne
<i>Cupressus sempervirens</i>	Italian Cypress
<i>Delosperma alba</i>	White Trailing Ice Plant
<i>Dodonea viscosa</i>	Hop Bush
<i>Elaeagnus pungens</i>	Silverberry
<i>Euonymus fortunei</i>	Wintercreeper
<i>E. japonica</i>	Japanese Spindle Tree (Evergreen Euonymus)
<i>E. kiautschovica</i>	Spreading Euonymus
<i>Fatsia japonica</i>	Japanese Aralia
<i>Forsythia intermedia</i>	Border Forsythia
<i>F. viridissima</i>	Greenstem Forsythia
<i>Gaillardia</i> spp.	Gaillardia, Blanket Flower: "Goblin"
<i>Gardenia jasminoides</i>	Gardenia, Cape-Jasmine

*Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants.

**Not for use on container grown plants.

Scientific name

Gladiolus spp.**
Hedera helix
*Hibiscus***
Hibiscus rosa-sinensis
Ilex cornuta
I. crenata
I. opaca
I. pemyi
I. vomitoria
Inula ensifolia
Iris spp.**
Jasminium nudiflorum
Juniperus chinensis
J. conferta
J. horizontalis
Juglans spp.*
Justicia brandegeana
Lagerstromia indica
Ligustrum amurense
L. japonicum
L. lucidum
Liriope muscari
Lonicera japonica
L. tatarica
Magnolia spp.**
Maleophora luteola
Malus spp.*
Nandina domestica
Narcissus spp.**
Nerium oleander
*Olea europaea**
Ophiopogon japonicus
Osteospermum fruticosum
Oxydendrum arboreum
*Persea americana**
Photinia fraseri
Picea spp.**
Pieris japonica
Pinus brutia
P. canariensis
P. elliotii
P. halepensis
P. nigra
P. palustris
P. radiata
P. strobus
P. sylvestris
P. taeda
P. virginiana
Pistachio spp.*
Pittosporum rhombifolium
P. tobira
Podocarpus macrophyllus
Prunus laurocerasus
Prunus spp.*

*Pseudotsuga menziesii***
Pyracantha coccinea
P. fortuneana
P. koidzumii
Pyrus spp.
Quercus spp.
Raphiolepis indica

Common name

Gladiolus species**
 English Ivy
 Rose of Sharon**
 Chinese Hibiscus
 Chinese Holly
 Japanese Holly
 American Holly
 Holly
 Yaupon Holly

Iris species**
 Winter Jasmine
 Chinese Juniper
 Shore Juniper; Blue Pacific
 Creeping Juniper
 Walnut*
 Shrimp Plant
 Cape Myrtle
 Amur Privet
 Japanese Privet
 Glossy Privet (Waxleaf)
 Big Blue Lilyturf
 Japanese Honeysuckle
 Tatarian Honeysuckle
Magnolia species**
 Ice Plant
 Crabapple*
 Heavenly Bamboo
Narcissus species**
 Oleander
 Olive*
 Mondo Grass
 Trailing African Daisy
 Sourwood
 Avocado*
 Frasier's Photinia (Redtip)
 Spruce species** (Colorado Blue, Norway, etc.)
 Lily-of-the-Valley Bush
 Calabrian Pine
 Canary Island Pine
 Slash Pine
 Aleppo Pine
 Austrian Black Pine
 Longleaf Pine
 Monterey Pine
 Eastern White Pine
 Scotch Pine
 Loblolly Pine
 Virginia Pine
 Pistachio*
 Queensland Pittosporum
 Japanese Pittosporum
 Japanese Yew
 English Laurel
 Almond, Apricot, Nectarine,
 Peach, Plum and Prune*
 Douglas Fir**
 Firethorn (Scarlet)
 Firethorn
 Firethorn
 Bradford Pear sp.
 Oak species
 Indian Hawthorne

Scientific name

Rhododendron

Common name

'Coral Bells'

(including Azalea)	'Formosa'
	'PJM'
	'Roseum Elegans'
<i>Rosa banksie</i>	Lady Bank's Rose
<i>Rosmarinus officinalis*</i>	Rosemary*
<i>Santolina virens</i>	Santolina
<i>Sedum album</i>	Stonecrop
<i>Syzygium paniculatum</i>	Japanese Boxcherry
<i>Taxus cuspidata</i>	Japanese Yew
<i>T. media</i>	Yew
<i>Thuja occidentalis</i>	American Arborvitae
<i>Trachelospermum asiaticum</i>	Star Jasmine
<i>Tsuga canadensis</i>	Canada Hemlock
<i>Tulipa</i> spp.	Tulip species
<i>Viburnum japonicum</i>	Japanese Viburnum
<i>V. odoratissimum</i>	Sweet Viburnum
<i>V. plicatum</i>	Japanese Snowball
<i>V. rigidum</i>	Canary Island Viburnum
<i>V. tinus</i>	Laurustinus
<i>V. trilobium</i>	Cranberry Bush
<i>V. wrightii</i>	Leatherleaf Viburnum
<i>Vinca major</i>	Vinca
<i>Vinca minor</i>	Dwarf Periwinkle
<i>Vitis</i> spp.*	Grape*
<i>Weigela florida</i>	Old Fashioned Weigela
<i>Yucca aloifolia</i>	Spanish Bayonet, Yucca
<i>Y. filamentosa</i>	Adam's Needle, Yucca

*Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants.

**Not for use on container grown plants.

Table 2. Tolerant Ornamental Species/Varieties – All States Except CA

Scientific Name	Common name
<i>Abella grandiflora</i>	Abella: Sherwood
<i>Achilles</i> spp.	Yarrow: King Edward
<i>Agapanthus orientalis</i>	
<i>Akebia quintara</i>	Five-Leaf or Chocolate Vine
<i>Allium cernuum</i>	Lady's Leek, Nodding Onion
<i>Anemone hybrida</i>	Japanese Anemone
<i>Aquilegia</i> spp.	Aquilegia: Red and Gold
<i>Artemisia</i> spp.	Wormwood; Silver Mound, Castle
<i>Aster</i> spp.	Aster; Bonny Blue, Purple Dome
<i>Aster X frikartii</i>	
<i>Athyrium filix-femina</i>	Lady Fern; Fern Lady
<i>Begonia</i> spp.	Fibrous Begonia: Hardy Grandis
<i>Bergenia cordifolia</i>	
<i>Boltonia asteroides</i>	Snowbank
<i>Bougainvillea</i> spp.	Bougainvillea
<i>Buddleia davidii</i>	Butterfly-Bush (Dwarf Blue); Royal Red
<i>Caillstemon citrinus</i>	Crimson Bottlebrush
<i>Campanula carpatica</i>	Tussock Bellflower, (White Clips)
<i>Campis X Tagliabuana</i>	Trumpet Creeper, Trumpet Flower, Madame Galen
<i>Ceratostigma plumbagonoides</i>	
<i>Chrysanthemum nipponicum</i>	
<i>Coreopsis</i> spp.	Coreopsis (Calliopisi): Early Sunrise, Moonbeam
<i>Crocsmia</i> spp.	Lucifer
<i>Delosperma</i> spp.	Cooperi Pink
<i>Delphinium</i> spp.	Larkspur: Blue Elf
<i>Dianthus deltoides</i>	Dianthus; Maiden Pinks "Zing"
<i>D. gratuabioikutabys</i>	Cheddar Pink
<i>Echinacea pupurea</i>	Coneflower, Purple; Magnus
<i>Forsythia suspense</i>	Weeping Forsythia
<i>Gaillardia</i> spp.	Gaillardia, Blanket Flower: "Goblin"
<i>Gaura</i> spp.	
<i>Gentiana dahurica</i>	Gentian
<i>Geranium cinereum</i>	Cranesbill

<i>Gypsophila repens</i>	Baby's Breath
<i>Hellanthenum spp.</i>	Sunrose
<i>Hemerocallis spp.</i>	Daylily: Aztec Gold, Stella De Oro, Tender Love
<i>Heucherella spp.</i>	Caral Bell: Bridget Bloom
<i>Hibiscus spp.</i>	Mallow: Disco Belle White
<i>Hosta plantaginea</i>	Hosta, Plantain Lily (Fragrant)
<i>H. Sieboldiana</i>	Hasta, "Searsucker"
<i>Houttuynia cordata var. variegata</i>	
<i>Hydrangea macrophylla</i>	Bigleaf Hydrangea
<i>Inula ensifolia</i>	
<i>Iris ensata</i>	Sword-Leaved Iris: Jodlesong
<i>Iris siberica</i>	Siberian Iris: Cabernet
<i>Juniperus davurica</i>	Parsoni
<i>Lagerstromia indica X Fauriei</i>	Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora
<i>Lantana montevidensis</i>	Weeping Lantana
<i>Lavender spp.</i>	Lavender; Munstead
<i>Leontopodium alpinum</i>	Edelweiss
<i>Ligustrum sinense</i>	Chinese Privet; Variegata
<i>Lilium spp.</i>	Lily; Jazz
<i>Liriope spicata</i>	Liriope, Creeping
<i>Lobelia Cardinalis</i>	Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink
<i>Loropetalum chineense</i>	Burgundy
<i>Lythrum spp.</i>	Loosestrife; Modern Pink
<i>Miscanthus sinensis</i>	Yaku Jima, Silberfeder
<i>Oenothera missouriensis</i>	Evening Primrose
<i>Osmanthus heterophyllus</i>	Osmanthus (False Holly): Gulf Tide
<i>Paeonia suffruticosa</i>	Tree Peony
<i>Pennisetum setaceum</i>	Fountain Grass (Dwarf)
<i>Perovskia atriplicifolia</i>	
<i>Physotegia virginiana</i>	Dragonhead, False; Vivid
<i>Quercus Shumardii</i>	Oak, Shumard's Red
<i>Raphiolepis umbellata</i>	Yedda Hawthorn
<i>Rhododendron</i> (including Azalea)	'Delaware Valley White'
	'Flame Creeper'
	'Girard Crimson'
	George L. Tabor'
	'Wakeiebisu'
	'White Gumpo'
<i>Rudbeckia spp.</i>	Black-Eyed Susan; Goldstrum
<i>Saxifraga spp.</i>	Saxifrage; Purple Dome
<i>Scabiosa spp.</i>	Pincushion Flower
<i>Sedum cauticola</i>	Stonecrop; Lidakense
<i>Sedum dasyphyllum</i>	Stonecrop
<i>Sedum spurium</i>	Stonecrop; Dragon's Blood
<i>Spiraea Bumalda</i>	Spiraea: Anthony Waterer
<i>Syzygium paniculatum</i>	Australian Brushcherry
<i>Teucrium spp.</i>	Germander
<i>Thalictrum dipterocarpum</i>	Meadow Rue
<i>Veronica spp.</i>	Veronica, Speedwell; Sunny Border
<i>Viburnum suspensum</i>	Arowood Viburnum

Notice of Warranty

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