



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF
PREVENTION, PESTICIDES
AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

NOV 26 2003

Alice Walker, Ph.D.
Agent for Agriliance, LLC
481 Country Club Drive
Senatobia, MS 38668

Dear Dr. Walker

Subject: Magic Carpet™ Fertilizer With Barricade® 0.38%
Registration No. 9779-357 ✓
Application and Letter Dated November 8, 2003, Request
To Amend Register Described on Application as:
"Amendment to First Aid per PR Notice 2001-1"

The subject labeling amendments have been reviewed and found acceptable under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticides Act, FIFRA, as amended; provided that you:

1. Return the "If material is spilled" paragraph to the "Environmental Hazards" section, as it was.
2. As this product allows use by home owner, you must add the directions on disposal as instructed in PR Notice 2001-6.
3. If this product is marketed to homeowner, add more complete directions on applying this product to lawns and landscape ornamentals. The equipment that may be used and how to calibrate the equipment should be addressed. The directions as given on the proposed labeling is inadequate for a home owner use product, although it has been accepted for the commercial consumer.
4. The use of the descriptor "selective" to describe the pesticide product must be followed by a definition of the word as it is used in context with the labeling, or alternatively delete this descriptor where ever it occurs on this label.
5. Submit one copy of the final printed labeling prior to shipping under the revised labeling.

If these conditions are not complied with the registration

will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA, section 6(e). Your release for shipment of this product under the revised labeling constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the conditionally accepted labeling is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely yours,

/s/

Joanne I. Miller
Product Manager (23)
Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (7505C)

Enclosure

ProSource One MAGIC CARPET™ FERTILIZER WITH BARRICADE® 0.38%

*For selective preemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds in established turf grasses
(excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns and landscape ornamentals
(including established perennials & wildflower plantings).*

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

Prodiamine, [N³, N³-Di-n-propyl-2,4-dinitro-6-(trifluoromethyl)-m-phenylenediamine]..... 0.38%

OTHER INGREDIENTS: 99.62%

TOTAL 100.00%

Barricade® is a registered trademark of Syngenta.
Magic Carpet™ is a trademark of Agrilience, LLC.

Guaranteed Fertilizer Analysis	
(will vary depending on grade used)	
Total Nitrogen (N).....	00%
0.0% Ammoniacal nitrogen	
0.0% Urea nitrogen	
Available Phosphate (P ₂ O ₅).....	00%
Soluble Potash (K ₂ O).....	00%
Derived from urea, monoammonium phosphate, and potassium chloride.	

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION**

FIRST AID

If in Eyes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. • Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If on Skin or Clothing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If Inhaled	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move person to fresh air. • If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-877-424-7452 for emergency medical treatment information.	

EPA Reg. No. 9779-357

Distributed by:
AGRILIENCE, LLC
P.O. BOX 64089
St. Paul, MN 55164-0089

ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
In EPA Letter Dated:
NOV 26 2003

Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act,
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under EPA Reg. No.
9779-357

EPA Est. No. _____

Net Weight: _____

10/30/03D

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
CAUTION

Causes moderate eye injury (irritation). Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact while handling the material may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product has low solubility in water. At the limits of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

If material is spilled: Contain and sweep up material of spill for disposal or use per label instructions. Wash cleanup equipment to prevent contamination elsewhere. Excess quantities above normal application rates could result in damage to plants subject to spill. Water-in remainder, disc under, cover with layer of soil, or leave exposed to sunlight, as deemed appropriate to the situation.

Storage: Store in original container away from other fertilizer, feed, or food stuffs and separated from other pesticides.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal:

Paper Containers: Completely empty container into application equipment. Then dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or at an incineration facility, or; if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning locally. If burned, stay out of smoke.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This product is a selective preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- Established turf grasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns
- Landscape ornamentals
- Established perennials & wildflower plantings

This product controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seed germination and root development. Most effective weed control will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inches of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1-2 inches) incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

Not for use on plants being grown (1) for sale or other commercial use, (2) for commercial seed production, or (3) for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns and grounds.

Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with this product.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Do not apply aerially.

Do not apply to golf course putting greens.

Failure to follow the directions for use and precautions on this label may result in poor weed control, crop injury, or illegal residues.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

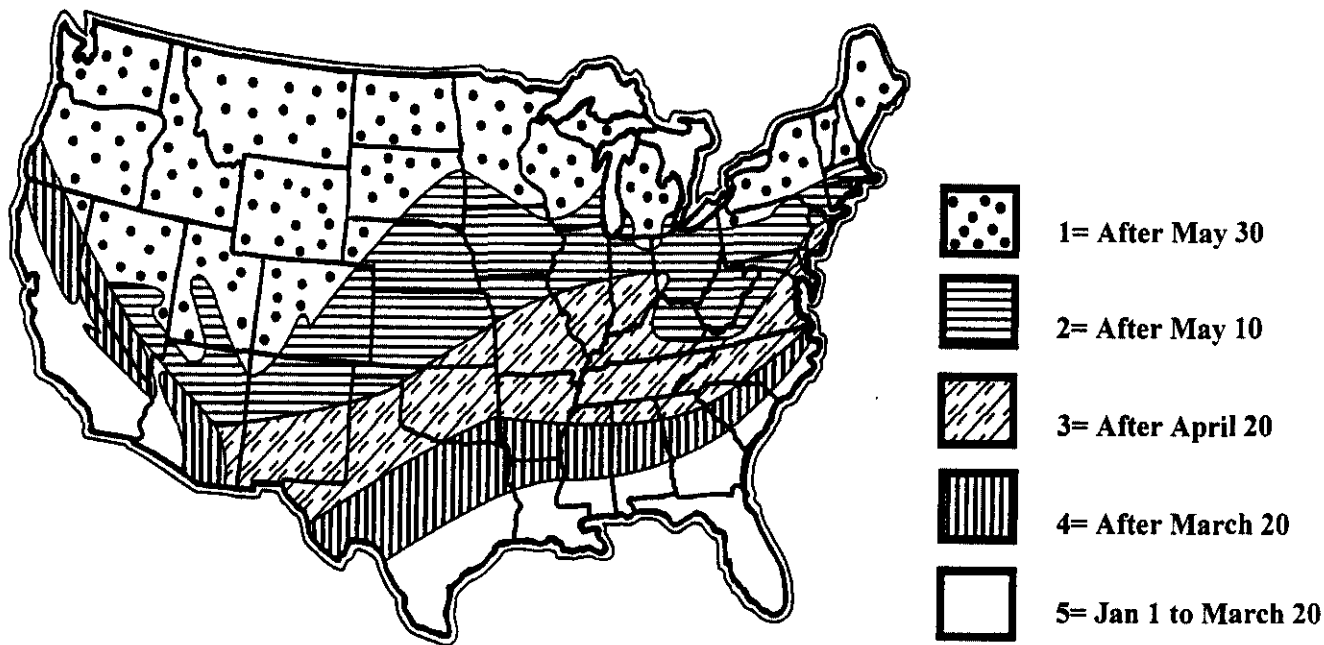
Apply uniformly through suitable, calibrated application equipment.

ESTABLISHED TURF

This product is a selective preemergence herbicide that, when properly applied, will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds in established turf grasses and lawns. The maximum amount of this product that may be applied per year is given for each turf grass species in the "Maximum Annual Rates" section of this label.

Most effective weed control in turf grasses will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inches of rainfall or irrigation prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application. See the map below for approximate crabgrass seed germination dates.

APPROXIMATE CRABGRASS SEED GERMINATION DATES



USE PRECAUTIONS

The following precautions apply to the use of this product in turf grasses and lawns:

- (1) Application of this product may thin emerged annual bluegrass and newly overseeded grasses.

- (2) Do not apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.
- (3) Do not cut (harvest) treated sod before 120 days after application. Do not apply to newly set sod until the following year.
- (4) Application of this product to turf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury.
- (5) Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control.
- (6) Do not apply this product to putting greens or areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass, or annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) are desirable species.

RATES OF APPLICATION

This product may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. All applications must be made prior to germination of the target weeds. This product will not control established weeds.

Maximum use rate selection should be based on turf species. The length of time of residual weed control provided by this product is related to the rate applied.

MAXIMUM ANNUAL RATES

This product is recommended for use on the turf grass species listed in the following table. Do not exceed the maximum yearly rate as given in the following table:

Maximum Application Rate Per Calendar Year by Turf Grass Species ¹		
Turf Species	Lbs. Product/A	Lbs. ai/A
Bermudagrass ² Bahigrass Centipedegrass Seashore Paspalum St. Augustinegrass Tall Fescue (including turf-type) Zoysia	400 ³	1.5
Buffalograss Kentucky Bluegrass Perennial Ryegrass	267	1.0
Creeping Red Fescue	200	0.75
Creeping Bentgrass	175	0.65

¹ These are the maximum rates per calendar year by species limitations.
² May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 139 lbs./A or 3.1 lbs./1000 sq. ft. Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded. Suppression only of Foxtail, Goosegrass and Rescuegrass due to reduced product rates used in sprigging situations.
³ Do not apply more than 400 lbs. of product per calendar year.

- Use higher rates of this product to achieve higher levels of fertility and longer periods of weed control for each turf type, but do not exceed the "Maximum Annual Rates" table.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

When used in accordance with this label this product will provide control of the following weeds:

Barnyardgrass	Carpetweed
Bluegrass, Annual (<i>Poa annua</i>)	Chickweed, Common
Crabgrass (large, smooth)	Chickweed, Mouseear (from seed)
Crowfootgrass	Henbit
Cupgrass, Woolly	Knotweed
Foxtails, Annual	Kochia
Goosegrass ¹	Lambsquarter, Common
Itchgrass	Pigweed
Johnsongrass (from seed)	Purslane, Common
Junglerice	Pusley, Florida
Lovegrass	Shepherdspurse ²
Panicum (Texas, Fall, Browntop)	Speedwell, Persian
Rescuegrass ³	Spurge, Prostrate
Signalgrass, Broadleaf	Witchgrass
Sprangletop	Woodsorrel, Yellow (from seed)

¹ In many areas a single application of 175 to 400 lbs./A of this product will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, most effective weed control may be obtained by making an initial application of 175 to 267 lbs./A followed after 60 to 90 days by a second application at doses that would not exceed those given in the "Maximum Annual Rates" table. Do not exceed the maximum rate for turf grass species listed in the "Maximum Annual Rates" table above.

² Applications for this weed should be made in late summer, fall, or winter prior to germination.

³ Suppression only.

Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rates recommended for each turf species. All applications must be made prior to germination of the weed seeds.

WHEN TO APPLY AFTER OVERSEEDING TURF

Do not apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.

WHEN TO OVERSEED AFTER APPLICATION

This product will inhibit the germination of turf species if overseeded too soon after application. Follow rates and intervals in the table below for best overseeding/reseeding results.

Magic Carpet Fertilizer with BARRICADE Rate (lb./A)		Months Before Overseeding		
Product	ai	North	Transition	South
132	.50	4	4	4
175	.66	5	4	4
195	.74	6	5	5
213	.80	---	6	6
267	1.00	---	7	7
305	1.14	---	---	9
345	1.50	---	---	10
400	1.50	---	---	12

LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

(including Established Perennials and Wildflower Plantings)

This product may be applied for residual preemergence weed control in ornamentals.

USE RATES

Apply this product at 175 to 400 lbs./A in fall and/or spring. Use higher rates of application for longer control periods. Sequential or single applications are allowed so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 400 lbs./A.

APPLICATION TIMING AND INFORMATION

This product is a preemergence herbicide and will not control emerged weeds. Most effective weed control in ornamentals will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inches of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inches) mechanical incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

Best weed control is obtained when this product is applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves. Prior to application of this product, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation or the use of an appropriate postemergence herbicide.

ESTABLISHED LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over the top, or directed application. Irrigation or rainfall soon after application will wash residues off plant foliage and activate this product in the soil.

NEWLY TRANSPLANTED LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

This product may be applied to newly transplanted ornamentals as a broadcast, over the top, or directed application. Delay application to allow soil to settle around new transplants and water thoroughly before applying this product. Apply this product after cuttings form roots and become established. Apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken to avoid any inhibition of the tissue union.

TOLERANT ORNAMENTAL SPECIES

This product will not harm most trees, shrubs, vines, and flowers. The species listed below are tolerant to this product. Best results will be obtained when this product is uniformly applied to the soil surface; avoid applying to ornamental shoots which may defeat the effort to get uniform distribution on the soil surface. This product may be applied over the top of these species.

When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought, or frost damage), some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to this product.

Scientific name

- Abies* spp.
- Abelia grandiflora*
- Acer palmatum*
- A. platanoides*
- Achillea* spp.
- Actinidia chinensis*
- Agapanthus africanus*
- Agapanthus orientalis*
- Akebia quintata*
- Allium cernuum*
- Anemone hybrida*
- Aquilegia* spp.
- Arctostaphylos densiflora*
- Arctotheca calendula*
- Artemisia* spp.
- Aster* spp.
- Aster X Frikartii*
- Athrium Filiz-femina*
- Aucuba japonica*
- Begonia* spp.
- Berberis gladwynensis*
- B. julianae*
- B. mentorensis*
- B. thunbergii*
- B. verruculosa*
- Bergenia cordifolia*
- Boltonia asteroides*
- Bougainvillea* spp.
- Buddleia davidii*
- Buxus microphylla*
- Callistemon viminalis*
- Calluna vulgaris*
- Campanula carpatica*
- Campis X Tagliabuana*

- Carpobrotus edulis*
- Cassia artemisoides*
- Ceanothus rigidus*
- Ceratostigma plumbagonoides*
- Chamaecyparis pisifera*
- Chrysanthemum nipponicum*
- Cleyera japonica*
- Citrus* spp.
- Coreopsis* spp.

- Cornus florida*
- C. stolonifera*
- Cortaderia selloana*
- Cotoneaster apiculatus*
- C. buxifolius*
- C. dammeri*
- C. microphyllus*
- Cretaegus* spp.
- Crocosmia* spp.

Common name

- Fir species** (Balsam, Fraser, Noble, etc.)
- Abelia: Sherwood
- Japanese Maple
- Norway Maple
- Yarrow: King Edward
- Kiwi*
- Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily)

- Five-Leaf or Chocolate Vine
- Lady's Leek, Nodding Onion
- Japanese Anemone
- Aquilegia: Red and Gold
- Vine Hill Manzanita
- Cape Weed
- Wormwood: Silver Mound, Castle
- Aster: Bonny Blue, Purple Dome

- Lady Fern: Fern Lady
- Japanese Aucuba
- Fibrous Begonia: Hardy Grandis
- Barberry
- Wintergreen Barberry
- Mentor Barberry
- Japanese Barberry
- Warty Barberry

- Snowbank
- Bougainvillea
- Butterfly-Bush (Dwarf Blue): Royal Red
- Japanese Boxwood
- Weeping Bottlebrush
- Scotch Heather
- Tussock Bellflower, (White Clips)
- Trumpet Creeper, Trumpet Flower, Madame Galen
- Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant)
- Feathery Cassia
- Wild Lilac

- False Cypress

- Cleyera
- Citrus species*
- Coreopsis (Calliopsis): Early Sunrise, Moonbeam
- Flowering Dogwood
- American Dogwood
- Pampas Grass
- Cranberry Cotoneaster
- Cotoneaster
- Bearberry Cotoneaster
- Rockspray Cotoneaster
- Hawthorne
- Lucifer

Cupressus sempervirens
Delosperma alba
Delosperma spp.
Delphinium spp.
Dianthus deltoides
D. gratianopolitanus
Dodonea viscosa
Echinacea pupurea
Elaeagnus pungens
Euonymus fortunei
E. japonica
E. kiautschovica
Fatsia japonica
Forsythia intermedia
F. suspensa
F. viridissima
Gaillardia spp.
Gardenia jasminoides
Gaura spp.
Gentiana dahurica
Geranium cinereum
Gladiolus spp.
Gypsophila repens
Hedera helix
Hellanthemum spp.
Hemerocallis spp.

Hibiscus
Hibiscus spp.
Hibiscus rosa-sinensis
Hosta plantaginea
H. Sieboldiana
Houttuynia cordata var. *variegata*
Hydrangea macrophylla
Ilex cornuta
I. crenata
I. opaca
I. pernyi
I. vomitoria
Inula ensifolia
Iris ensata
Iris siberica
Iris spp.
Jasminium nudiflorum
Juniperus chinensis
J. conferta
J. horizontalis
Juglans spp.
Justicia brandegeana
Lagerstromia indica
Lagerstromia indica X Fauriei
Lantana montevidensis
Lavender spp.
Leontopodium alpinum
Ligustrum sinense
Ligustrum amurense

Italian Cypress
 White Trailing Ice Plant
 Cooperi Pink
 Larkspur: Blue Elf
 Dianthus: Maiden Pinks "Zing"
 Cheddar Pink
 Hop Bush
 Coneflower, Purple; Magnus
 Silverberry
 Wintercreeper
 Japanese Spindle Tree (Evergreen Euonymus)
 Spreading Euonymus
 Japanese Aralia
 Border Forsythia
 Weeping Forsythia
 Greenstem Forsythia
 Gaillardia, Blanket Flower: "Goblin"
 Gardenia, Cape-Jasmine, Radicans

Gentian
 Cranesbill
 Gladiolus species**
 Baby's Breath
 English Ivy
 Sunrose
 Daylily: Aztec Gold, Stella de Oro, Tender Love
 Rose of Sharon**
 Mallow: Disco Belle White
 Chinese Hibiscus
 Hosta, Plantain Lily (Fragrant)
 Hosta, "Searsucker"

Bigleaf Hydrangea
 Chinese Holly
 Japanese Holly: Helleri
 American Holly
 Holly
 Yaupon Holly: Schillings

Sword-Leaved Iris: Jodlesong
 Siberian Iris: Cabernet
 Iris species**
 Winter Jasmine
 Chinese Juniper: Nick's Compact, Parsonnii
 Shore Juniper: Blue Pacific
 Creeping Juniper
 Walnut*
 Shrimp Plant
 Crape Myrtle
 Crape Myrtle: Tuscarora
 Weeping Lantana
 Lavender: Munstead
 Edelweiss
 Chinese Privet: Variegata
 Amur Privet

<i>L. japonicum</i>	Japanese Privet
<i>L. lucidum</i>	Glossy Privet (Waxleaf)
<i>Lilium</i> spp.	Lily: Jazz
<i>Liriope muscari</i>	Big Blue Lily: Turf: Silver Mound: Evergreen Giant
<i>Liriope Muscari</i> var. <i>variegata</i>	Liriope, Variegated
<i>Liriope spicata</i>	Liriope, Creeping
<i>Lobelia Cardinalis</i>	Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink
<i>Lonicera japonica</i>	Japanese Honeysuckle
<i>L. tatarica</i>	Tatarian Honeysuckle
<i>Loropetalum chinense</i>	Burgundy
<i>Lythrum</i> spp.	Loosestrife Modern Pink
<i>Magnolia</i> spp.	Magnolia species**
<i>Maleophora luteola</i>	Ice Plant
<i>Malus</i> spp.	Crabapple*
<i>Miscanthus sinensis</i>	Yaku Jima, Silberfeder
<i>Nandina domestica</i>	Heavenly Bamboo
<i>Narcissus</i> spp.	Narcissus species**
<i>Nerium oleander</i>	Oleander
<i>Olea europaea</i>	Olive*
<i>Ophiopogon japonicus</i>	Mondo Grass
<i>Osmanthus heterophyllus</i>	Osmanthus (False Holly): Gulf Tide
<i>Osteospermum fruticosum</i>	Trailing African Daisy
<i>Oxydendrum arboreum</i>	Sourwood
<i>Paeonia suffruticosa</i>	Tree Peony
<i>Pennisetum setaceum</i>	Fountain Grass (Dwarf)
<i>Perovskia atriplicifolia</i>	
<i>Persea americana</i>	Avocado*
<i>Photinia fraseri</i>	Fraser's Photinia (Redtip)
<i>Physotegia Virginiana</i>	Dragonhead, False: Vivid
<i>Picea</i> spp.	Spruce species**(Colorado Blue, Norway, etc.)
<i>Pieris japonica</i>	Lily-of-the-Valley Bush
<i>Pinus brutia</i>	Calabrian Pine
<i>P. canariensis</i>	Canary Island Pine
<i>P. elliotii</i>	Slash Pine
<i>P. halepensis</i>	Aleppo Pine
<i>P. nigra</i>	Austrian Pine
<i>P. palustris</i>	Longleaf Pine
<i>P. radiata</i>	Monterey Pine
<i>P. thunbergiana</i>	Japanese Black Pine
<i>P. strobus</i>	Eastern White Pine
<i>P. sylvestris</i>	Scotch Pine
<i>P. taeda</i>	Loblolly Pine
<i>P. virginiana</i>	Virginia Pine
<i>Pistachio</i> spp.	Pistachio*
<i>Pittosporum rhombifolium</i>	Queensland Pittosporum
<i>P. tobira</i>	Japanese Pittosporum
<i>Podocarpus macrophyllus</i>	Japanese Yew
<i>Prunus laurocerasus</i>	English Laurel
<i>Prunus</i> spp.	Almond, Apricot, Nectarine, Peach, Plum and Prune*
<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i>	Douglas Fir**
<i>Pyracantha coccinea</i>	Firethorn (Scarlet)
<i>P. fortuneana</i>	Firethorn
<i>P. koidzumii</i>	Firethorn

Pyrus spp.
Quercus shumardii
Quercus spp.
Raphiolepis indica
Raphiolepis umbellata
Rhododendron
 (including Azalea)

Rosmarinus officinalis
Rudbeckia spp.
Santolina virens
Saxifraga spp.
Scabiosa spp.
Sedum album
Sedum caudicola
Sedum dasyphyllum
Sedum spurium
Spiraea bumalda
Syzygium paniculatum
Taxus cuspidata
T. media
Teucrium spp.
Thalictrum dipterocarpum
Thuja occidentalis
Trachelospermum asiaticum
Tsuga canadensis
Tulipa spp.
Veronica spp.
Viburnum japonicum
V. odoratissimum
V. plicatum
V. rigidum
V. suspensum
V. tinus
V. trilobium
V. wrightii
Vinca major
Vinca minor
Vitis spp.
Weigela florida
Yucca aloifolia
Y. filamentosa

Bradford Pear sp.
 Oak, Shumard's Red
 Oak species
 Indian Hawthorne
 Yedda Hawthorn
 Coral Bells, Delaware Valley White, Flame
 Creeper, Formosa, George L. Tabor, Girard
 Crimson, Hino-crimson, PJM, Roseum
 Elegans, Wakeiebisu, White Gumpo
 Rosemary*
 Black-Eyed Susan: Goldstrum
 Santolina
 Saxifrage: Purple Dome
 Pincushion Flower
 Stonecrop
 Stonecrop: Lidakense
 Stonecrop
 Stonecrop: Dragon's Blood
 Spirea: Anthony Waterer
 Australian Brushcherry
 Japanese Yew
 Yew
 Germander
 Meadow Rue
 American Arborvitae
 Star Jasmine
 Canada Hemlock
 Tulip species
 Veronica, Speedwell: Sunny Border
 Japanese Viburnum
 Sweet Viburnum
 Japanese Snowball
 Canary Island Viburnum
 Arrowwood Viburnum
 Laurustinus
 Cranberry Bush
 Leatherleaf Viburnum
 Greater Periwinkle, Vinca
 Common Periwinkle, Vinca
 Grape*
 Old Fashioned Weigela
 Spanish Bayonet, Yucca
 Adam's Needle, Yucca

*Do not use on food-producing trees, vines, or plants.

**Not for use on container-grown plants.

Notice of Warranty: Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use. SELLER MAKES NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NOR IS ANY REPRESENTATIVE OF SELLER AUTHORIZED TO MAKE ANY SUCH WARRANTY OR MODIFY THESE TERMS. This warranty does not extend to the storage, handling or use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to Seller, and Buyer assumes the risk of any such storage, handling or use. Seller shall not be responsible for incidental or consequential damages, if any, resulting from a breach of warranty.