Mease read instructions on	357 reverse before completing form.	9/14/1998	Form Approved.	14 OMB No. 2070-006	0. Approval expires 05-31-98
\$epa	United States Environmental Protectic Weshington, DC 204		X	Registration Amendment Other	OPP Identifier Number 252174
	Applicatio	on for Pesticid	e - Section		
1. Company/Product Numb	* 9779-357		roduct Manager J. Mille	er	Proposed Classification
4. Company/Product (Name Magic Carpet	Fertilizer with Barrie	calle 38 PM#	23	Ľ	
5. Name and Address of A Terra Inter 600 Fourth 51 Sioux City,	national, Inc. Hect, R.O. Bax 6000 IA 51102-6000	6. Expe (b)(i), my to:			th FIFRA Section 3(c)(3) composition and labeling
Check if th	is is a new address		t Name		
		Section - II			
Amendment - Exple Resubmission in res	ponse to Agency letter dated	<u> </u>	Final printed label Agency letter date "Me Too" Applica Other - Explain be	ition. S	DTIFICATION EP 1 4 1998
Atte	ation of Alternationate Brand Name Attached	es: Drive	r's Edge	<i>tertilizer</i>	tice 23-2 with Barricade .38 Th Barricade .38
		Section - II			
1. Material This Product W	/III Be Packaged In:				
Child-Resistant Packaging Yes* No * Certification must submitted	Unit Packaging Yes No If "Yes" No. per Unit Packaging wgt. No. per	Water Soluble Pa Yes No If "Yes" Package wgt	No. per container	2. Type of Contain Plasti Glass Paper Other	c c
3. Location of Net Content	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	etail Container 50 16s.		cation of Label Direc On Label On Label	ompanying product
6. Manner in Which Label i	s Affixed to Product Litho Pape Sten	graph pr r glued ciled	X Other	in plastic	sleeve
		Section - IV			
	te items directly below for identificati		· · · ·		
Name Steve R	ogosheske	Title 5r. Regist	tration sp	ecialist Teleph	ione No. (Include Area Code) 2 7 9 - 8 71 4
	Certific tements I have made on this form an any knowingly false or misleading str le law.	d all attachments the			6. Lete Application Reserved (Stamped)
2. Signature	zohecke	3. Title Sr. Regist	tration Sp.	ecialist	
4. Typed Name C Steven E.	Rogosheske	5. Date Aug	28, 199	P	

EPA Form 8570-1 (Rev. 8-94) Previous editions are obsolete.

NOTIFICATION

This notification is consistent with the provisions of PR Notice 95-2 and EPA regulations at 40 CFR 152.46, and no other changes have been made to the labeling or the Confidential Statement of Formula of this product. I understand that it is a violation of 18 U.S.C. Sec., 1001 to willfully make any false statement to EPA. I further understand that if this notification is not consistent with the terms of PR Notice 95-2 and 40 CFR 152.46, this product may be in violation of FIFRA and I may be subject to enforcement action and penalties under sections 12 and 14 of FIFRA.

DRIVER'S EDGE[™] FERTILIZER WITH BARRICADE[®] .38

SEP 1 4 1998

NOTIFICATION

ACTIVE INGREDIENT: *Prodiamine, [N ³ , N ³ -Di- <u>n</u> -propyl-2,4-dinitro-6-{trifluoromethyl}- <u>m</u> -phenylenediamine]0.38%	
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	

"Barricade" is a registered trademark of Novartis

Guaranteed Fertilizer Analysis (will vary depen	ding on grade used)
0.0% Ammoniacal nitrogen	
0.0% Urea nitrogen	
Available Phosphate (P2Os)	
Soluble Potash (K ₂ O)	
Derived from urea, monoammonium phosphate	

For selective preemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds in established turf grasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns and landscape ornamentals (including established perennials & wildflower plantings)

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

CAUTION

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye injury (irritation). Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact while handling the material may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

STATEMENTS OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF IN EYES: Flush thoroughly with water for several minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists. IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water. Rinse thoroughly. Get medical attention if irritation persists. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product has low solubility in water. At the limits of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

EPA Reg. No. 9779-357	EPA Est. NJ.
Manufactured For: TERRA INTERNATIONAL, INC.	NET WEI(-H'):
P.O. BOX 6000 SIOUX CITY, IA 51102-6000	9//.12/8

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If material is spilled: Contain and sweep up material of spill for disposal or use per label instructions. Wash cleanup equipment to prevent contamination elsewhere. Excess quantities above normal application rates could result in damage to plants subject to spill. Water-in remainder, disc under, cover with layer of soil, or leave exposed to sunlight, as deemed appropriate to the situation.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Store in original container away from other fertilizer, feed, or food stuffs and separated from other pesticides.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal:

<u>Paper Containers:</u> Completely empty container into application equipment. Then dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or at an incineration facility, or; if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning locally. If burned, stay out of smoke.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This product is a selective preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- Established turf grasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns
- Landscape ornamentals
- Established perennials & wildflower plantings

This product controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seed germination and root development. Most effective weed control will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inches of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1-2 inches) incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

Not for use on plants being grown (1) for sale or other commercial use, (2) for commercial seed production, or (3) for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns and grounds.

Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with this product.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Do not apply aerially.

Do not apply to golf course putting greens.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN POOR WEED CONTROL, CROP INJURY, OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Apply uniformly through suitable, calibrated application equipment.

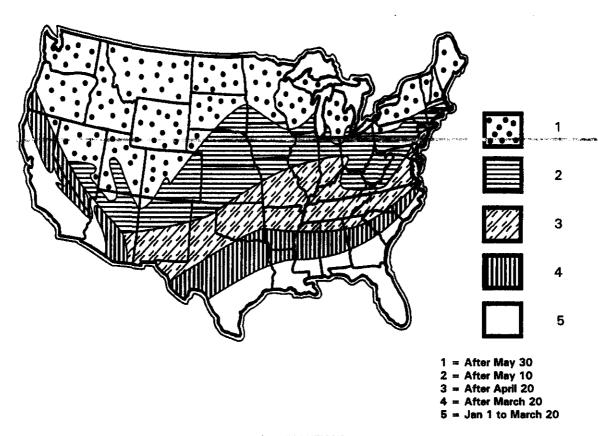
ESTABLISHED TURF

This product is a selective preemergence herbicide that, when properly applied, will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds in established turf grasses and lawns. The maximum amount of this product that may be applied per year is given for each turf grass species in the **Maximum Annual Rates** section of this label.

Most effective weed control in turf grasses will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inches of rainfall or irrigation prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application. See the map below for approximate crabgrass seed germination dates.

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CRABGRASS SEED GERMINATION DATES



USE PRECAUTIONS

The following precautions apply to the use of this product in turf grasses and lawns:

(1) Application of this product may thin emerged annual bluegrass and newly overseeded grasses.

(2) Do not apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.

(3) Do not cut (harvest) treated sod before 120 days after application. Do not apply to newly set sod until the following year.

(4) Application of this product to turf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury.

(5) Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control.

(6) Do not apply this product to putting greens or areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass, or annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) are desirable species.

RATES OF APPLICATION

This product may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. All applications must be made prior to germination of the target weeds. This product will not control established weeds.

Maximum use rate selection should be based on turf species. The length of time of residual weed control provided by this product is related to the rate applied.

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MAXIMUM ANNUAL RATES

This product is recommended for use on the turf grass species listed in the following table. Do not exceed the maximum yearly rate as given in the following table:

	Application Rate/Calendar zer with BARRICADE by T	
Turf Species:	Lbs. Product/A	Lbs. ai/A
Bermudagrass ⁽²⁾ Bahiagrass Centipedegrass Seashore Paspalum St. Augustinegrass Taff Fescue (including turf-type) Zoysia	400	1.5
Buffalograss Kentucky Bluegrass Perennial Ryegrass	267	1.0
Creeping Red Fescue	200	0.75
Creeping Bentgrass	175	0.65

⁽¹⁾ These are the maximum rates per calendar year by species limitations.

⁽²⁾ May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 139 lbs./A or 3.1 lbs./1000 sq. ft.. Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded. Suppression only of Foxtail, Goosegrass and Rescuegrass due to reduced product rates used in sprigging situations.

• Do not apply more than 400 lbs. of product per calendar year.

. Use higher rates of this product to achieve higher levels of fertility and longer periods of weed control for each turf type, but do not exceed the Maximum Annual Rates Table.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

When used in accordance with this label this product will provide control of the following weeds:

Parnvardaraec

Barnyardgrass	Carpetweed
Bluegrass, Annual (Poa annua)	Chickweed, Common
Crabgrass (large, smooth)	Chickweed, Mouseear (from seed)
Crowfootgrass	Henbit
Cupgrass, Woolly	Knotweed
Foxtails, Annual	Kochia
Goosegrass ¹	Lambsquarter, Common
Itchgrass	Pigweed
Johnsongrass (from seed)	Purslane, Common
Junglerice	Pusley, Florida
Lovegrass	Shepherd's Purse ²
Panicum (Texas, Fall, Browntop)	Speedwell, Persian
Rescuegrass ³	Spurge, Prostrate
Signalgrass, Broadleaf	Witchgrass
Sprangletop	Woodsorrel, Yellow (from seed)

¹ In many areas a single application of 175 to 400 lbs./A of this product will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, most effective weed control may be obtained by making an initial application of 175 to 267 lbs./A followed after 60 to 90 days by a second application at doces + that would not exceed those given in the Maximum Annual Rate Table. Do not exceed the maximum rate for furf grass species listed in the Maximum Annual Rate Table above.

² Applications for this weed should be made in late summer, fall, or winter prior to germination

³ Suppression only.

Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rates recommended for each turf species. All applications must be made prior to germination cf. the weed seeds. ъĴ

WHEN TO APPLY AFTER OVERSEEDING TURF

Do not apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.

WHEN TO OVERSEED AFTER APPLICATION

This product will inhibit the germination of turf species if overseeded too soon after application. Follow rates and intervals in the table below for best overseeding/reseeding results.

	Edge Fertilizer with ICADE Rate (Ib./A)		Months Before Overseeding	
Product	ai	North	Transition	South
132	.50	4	4	4
i75	.00	Ö	4	4
195	.74	6	5	5
213	.80		6	6
267	1.00		7	7
305	1.14			9
345	1.30			10
400	1.50			12

LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS (including Established Perennials and Wildflower Plantings)

This product may be applied for residual preemergence weed control in ornamentals.

USE RATES

Apply this product at 175 to 400 lbs./A in fall and/or spring. Use higher rates of application for longer control periods. Sequential or single applications are allowed so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 400 lbs./A.

APPLICATION TIMING AND INFORMATION

This product is a preemergence herbicide and will not control emerged weeds. Most effective weed control in ornamentals will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inches of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inches) mechanical incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

Best weed control is obtained when this product is applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves. Prior to application of this product, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation or the use of an appropriate postemergence herbicide.

ESTABLISHED LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over the top, or directed application. Irrigation or rainfall soon after application will wash residues off plant foliage and activate this product in the soil.

NEWLY TRANSPLANTED LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

This product may be applied to newly transplanted ornamentals as a broadcast, over the top, or directed application. Delay application to allow soil to settle around new transplants and water thoroughly before applying this product. Apply this product after cuttings form roots and become established. Apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken to avoid any inhibition of the tissue union.

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TOLERANT ORNAMENTAL SPECIES

This product will not harm most trees, shrubs, vines, and flowers. The species listed below are tolerant to this product. Best results will be obtained when this product is uniformly applied to the soil surface; avoid applying to ornamental shoots which may defeat the effort to get uniform distribution on the soil surface. This product may be applied over the top of these species.

When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought, or frost damage) some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to this product.

Scientific name Abies spp.

Abelia grandiflora Acer palmatum A. platanoides Achillea spp. Actinidia chinensis Agapanthus africanus Agapanthus orientalis Akebia quintata Allium cernuum Anemone hybrida Aquilegia spp. Arctostaphylos densiflora Arctotheca calendula Artemesia spp. Aster spp. Aster X Frikartii Athrium Filiz-femina Aucuba japonica Begonia spp. Berberis gladwynensis B. julianae B. mentorensis B. thunbergii B. verruculosa Bergenia cordifolia Boltonia asteroides Bougainvillea spp. Buddleia davidii

Buxus microphylla Callistemon viminalis Calluna vulgaris Campanula carpatica Campis X Tagliabuana

Carpobrotus edulis Cassia artemisoides Ceanothus rigidus Ceratostigma plumbagonoides Chamaecyparis pisifera Chrysanthemum nipponicum Cleyera japonica Citrus spp. Coreopsis spp. Cornus florida C. stolonifera Cortaderia selloana Cotoneaster apiculatus C. buxifolius C. dammeri C. microphyllus

*Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants. **Not for use on container grown plants. Common name Fir species** (Balsam, Fraser, Noble, etc.) Abdie: Sherwood Japanese Maple Norway Maple Yarrow: King Edward Kiwi* Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily)

Five-Leaf or Chocolate Vine Lady's Leek, Nodding Onion Japanese Anemone Aquilegia: Red and Gold Vine Hill Manzanita Cape Weed Wormwood; Silver Mound, Castle Aster: Bonny Blue, Purple Dome

Lady Fern; Fern Lady Japanese Aucuba Fibrous Begonia: Hardy Grandis Barberry Wintergreen Barberry Mentor Barberry Japanese Barberry Warty Barberry

Snowbank Bougainvillea Butterfly-Bush (Dwarf Blue); Royal Red Japanese Boxwood Weeping Bottlebrush Scotch Heather Tussock Beilflower, (White Clips) Trumpet Creeper, Trumpet Flower, Madame Galen Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant) Feathery Cassia Wild Lilac

False Cypress

Cleyera Citrus species* Coreopsis (Calliopsis): Early Sunrise, Moonbeam Flowering Dogwood American Dogwood Pampas Grass Cranberry Cotoneaster Cotoneaster Bearberry Cotoneaster Rockspray Cotoneaster

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Scientific name Cretaegus spp. Crocosmia spp. Cupressus sempervirens Delosperma alba Delosperma spp. Delphinium spp. Dianthus deltoides D. gratianopolitanus Dodonea viscosa Echinacea pupurea Elaeagnus pungens E. japonica E. kiautschovica Fatsia japonica Forsythia intermedia F. suspense F. viridissima Gaillardia spp. Gardenia jasminoides Gaura spp. Gentiana dahurica Geranium cinereum Gladiolus spp. Gypsophila repens Hedera helix Hellanthemum spp. Hemerocallis spp. Hibiscus Hibiscus spp. Hibiscus rosa-sinensis Hosta plantaginea H. Sieboldiana Houttuynia cordata var. variegata Hydrangea macrophylla llex cornuta I. bernyi I. crenata I. opaca I. vomitoria Inula ensifolia Iris ensata Iris siberica Iris spp. Jasminium nudiflorum Juniperus chinensis J. conferta J. horizontalis Juglans spp. Justicia brandegeana Lagerstromia indica Lagerstromia indica X Fauriei Lantana montevidensis Lavender spp. Leontopodium alpinum Ligustrum sinense Ligustrum amurense L. japonicum L. lucidum Lilium spp. Liriope muscari

Common name Hawthorne Lucifer **Italian Cypress** White Trailing Ice Plant Cooperi Pink Larkspur: Blue Elf Dianthus; Maiden Pinks "Zing" **Cheddar Pink** Hop Bush Coneflower, Purple; Magnus Silverberry wintercresper-Japanese Spindle Tree (Evergreen Euonymus) Spreading Euonymus Japanese Aralia **Border Forsythia** Weeping Forsythia Greenstem Forsythia Gaillardia, Blanket Flower: "Goblin" Gardenia, Cape-Jasmine, Radicans

Gentian Cranesbill Gladiolus species** Baby's Breath English Ivy Sunrose Daylily: Aztec Gold, Stella De Oro, Tender Love Rose of Sharon** Mallow: Disco Belle White Chinese Hibiscus Hosta, Plantain Lily (Fragrant) Hosta, "Searsucker"

Bigleaf Hydrangea Chinese Holly Japanese Holly; Helleri American Holly Holly Yaupon Holly; Schillings

Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong Siborian Iris; Cabernet Iris species* Winter Jasmine Chinese Juniper; Nick's Compact, Parsonnii Shore Juniper; Blue Pacific **Creeping Juniper** Walnut* Shrimp Plant Crape Myrtle Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora Weeping Lantana Lavender; Munstead Edelweiss Chinese Privet: Variegata Amur Privet Japanese Privet Glossy Privet (Waxleaf) Lily; Jazz Big Blue Lily; Turf; Silver Mound; Everyreen Giant

*Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants. **Not for use on container grown plants. Scientific name Liriope Muscari var. variegata Liriope spicata Lobelia Cardinalis Lonicera japonica L. tatarica Loropetalum chinense Lythrum spp. Magnolia spp. Maleophora luteola Malus spp. Miscanthus sinensis Nandina demacilea Narcissus spp. Nerium oleander Olea europaea Ophiopogon isponicus Osmanthus heterphyllus Osteospermum fruticosum Oxydendrum arboreum Paeonia suffruticosa Pennisetum setaceumi Perovskia atriplicifolia Persea americana Photinia fraseri Physotegia Viginiana Picea spp. Pieris japonica Pinus brutia P. canariensis P. elliottii P. halepensis P. nigra P. palustrus P. radiata P. thunbergiana P. strobus P. sylvestris P. taeda P. virginiana Pistachio spp. Pittosporum rhombifolium P. tobira Podocarpus macrophyllus Prunus laurocerasus Prunus spp. Pseudotsuga menziesii

Pyracantha coccinea P. fortuneana P. koidzumii Pyrus spp. Quercus Shumardii Quercus spp. Raphiolepis indica Raphiolepsis umbellata Liriope, Variegated Liriope, Creeping Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink Japanese Honeysuckle **Tatarian Honeysuckle** Burgundy Loosestrife; Modern Pink Magnolia species * * Ice Plant Crabapple* Yaku Jima, Silberfeder i leaveniy Semboo Narcissus species * * Oleander Olive* Mondo Grass Osmanthus (False Holly): Gulf Tide **Trailing African Daisy** Sourwood **Tree Peony** Fountain Grass (Dwarf) Avocado* Frasier's Photinia (Redtip) Dragonhead, False; Vivid Spruce species ** (Colorado Blue, Norway, etc.) Lilv-of-the-Valley Bush Calabrian Pine Canary Island Pine Slash Pine Aleppo Pine Austrian Pine Longleaf Pine Monterey Pine Japanese Black Pine Eastern White Pine **Scotch Pine Loblolly Pine** Virginia Pine Pistachio* Queensland Pittosporum Jepanese Pittosporum Japanese Yew **English Laurel** Almond, Apricot, Nectarine, Peach, Plum and Prune* Douglas Fir**

Firethorn (Scarlet)

Oak, Shumard's Red

Indian Hawthorne

Yedda Hawthorn

Firethorn

Firethorn Bradford Pear sp.

Oak species

Common name

*Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants. **Not for use on container grown plants.

Scientific name Rhododendron (including Azalea)

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Rosmattics Metholis Rudbeckia spp. Santolina virens Saxifraga spp. Scabiosa spp. Sedum album Sedum cauticola Sedum dasyphyllum Sedum spurium Spiraea Burnalda Syzygium paniculatum Taxus cuspidata T. media Teucrium spp. Thalictrum dipterocarpum Thuja occidentalis Trachelospermum asiatum Tsuga canadensis Tulipa spp. Veroniac spp. Viburnum japonicum V. odoratissimum V. plicatum V. rigidum V. suspensum V. tinus V. trilobium V. wrightii Vinca major Vince minor Vitis spp. Weigela florida Yucca aloifolia Y. filamentosa

Common name 'Coral Bells' 'Delaware Valley White' 'Flame Creeper' 'Formosa' 'George L. Tabor' 'Girard Crimson' 'Hino-crimson' 'PJM' 'Roseum Elegans' 'Wakeiebisu' 'White Gumpo' losemery Black-Eved Susan; Goldstrum Santolina Saxifrage; Purple Dome **Pincushion Flower** Stonecrop Stonecrop; Lidakense Stonecrop Stonecrop; Dragon's Blood Spirea: Anthony Waterer Australian Brushcherry Japanese Yew Yew Germander Meadow Rue American Arborvitae Star Jasmine Canada Hemiock Tulip species Veronica, Speedwell; Sunny Border Japanese Viburnum Sweet Viburnum Japanese Snowball Canary Island Viburnum Arrowood Viburnum Laurustinus **Cranberry Bush** Leatherleaf Viburnum Greater Periwinkle, Vinca Common Periwinkle, Vinca Grape* Old Fashioned Weigela Spanish Bayonet, Yucca Adam's Needle, Yucca

*Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants. **Not for use on container grown plants.

NOTICE: Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use, but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to Seller, and Buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

