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US ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
OFFICE OF PESTICIDES PROGRAMS
REGISTRATION DIVISION (TS-767)
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

EPA REGISTRATION NO.
9779-357

DATE OF ISSUANCE
Jun 17 1998

NOTICE OF PESTICIDE: REGISTRATION
 REREGISTRATION
(Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide,
and Rodenticide Act, as amended)

TERM OF ISSUANCE
Unconditional

NAME OF PESTICIDE PRODUCT
Magic Carpet Fertilizer with
BARRICADE®.38

NAME AND ADDRESS OF REGISTRANT (Include ZIP code)

Terra International, Inc.
600 Fourth St.
P.O. BOX 6000
Sioux City, IA 51102-6000

NOTE: Changes in labeling formula differing in substance from that accepted in connection with this registration must be submitted to and accepted by the Registration Division prior to use of the label in commerce. In any correspondence on this product always refer to the above U.S. EPA registration number.

On the basis of information furnished by the registrant, the above named pesticide is hereby Registered/Reregistered under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act.

A copy of the labeling accepted in connection with this Registration/Reregistration is returned herewith.

Registration is in no way to be construed as an indorsement or approval of this product by this Agency. In order to protect health and the environment, the Administrator, on his motion, may at any time suspend or cancel the registration of a pesticide in accordance with the Act. The acceptance of any name in connection with the registration of a product under this Act is not to be construed as giving the registrant a right to exclusive use of the name or to its use if it has been covered by others.

This product is registered in accordance with FIFRA section 3(c)(5) provided that you:

1. Add the phrase "EPA Registration No. 9779-357" to the label before you release the product for shipment.
2. Submit one (1) copy of the final printed labeling before you release the product for shipment.

If these conditions are not complied with, the registration will be subject to cancellation in accordance with FIFRA section 6(e). Your release for shipment of the product constitutes acceptance of these conditions. A stamped copy of the label is enclosed for your records.

Enclosure
Joanne I. Miller
Product Manager (23)
Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (7505C)

ATTACHMENT IS APPLICABLE

SIGNATURE OF APPROVING OFFICIAL

Joanne I. Miller

DATE

MAGIC CARPET FERTILIZER WITH BARRICADE® .38

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:

*Prodiamine, [N³, N³-Di-n-propyl-2,4-dinitro-6-(trifluoromethyl)-n-phenylenediamine]0.38%

OTHER INGREDIENTS:.....99.62%

TOTAL:100.00%

*Barricade® is a registered trademark of Novartis

Guaranteed Fertilizer Analysis (will vary depending on grade used)	
Total Nitrogen (N)	0.00%
0.0% Ammoniacal nitrogen	
0.0% Urea nitrogen	
Available Phosphate (P ₂ O ₅)	0.00%
Soluble Potash (K ₂ O)	0.00%
Derived from urea, monoammonium phosphate and potassium chloride.	

For selective preemergence control of grass and broadleaf weeds in established turf grasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns and landscape ornamentals (including established perennials & wildflower plantings)

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

CAUTION

**PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS
HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS**

CAUTION

Causes moderate eye injury (irritation). Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact while handling the material may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

STATEMENTS OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

- IF IN EYES: Flush thoroughly with water for several minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists.
- IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water. Rinse thoroughly. Get medical attention if irritation persists.
- IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product has low solubility in water. At the limits of solubility, this product is not toxic to fish. However, at concentrations above the level of water solubility, it may be toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in adjacent sites. Do not contaminate water when dispensing of equipment washwaters.

EPA Reg. No. 9779-

Manufactured For:
TERRA INTERNATIONAL, INC.
P.O. BOX 6000
SIOUX CITY, IA 51102-6000

**ACCEPTED
with COMMENTS
In EPA Letter Dated**

JUN 17 1998

**Under the Federal Insecticide,
Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act
as amended, for the pesticide
registered under EPA Reg. No.**

9779-351

EPA Est. No.)

NET WEIGHT:)

9/A/13/3)

If material is spilled: Contain and sweep up material of spill for disposal or use per label instructions. Wash cleanup equipment to prevent contamination elsewhere. Excess quantities above normal application rates could result in damage to plants subject to spill. Water-in remainder, disc under, cover with layer of soil, or leave exposed to sunlight, as deemed appropriate to the situation.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Storage: Store in original container away from other fertilizer, feed, or food stuffs and separated from other pesticides.

Pesticide Disposal: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

Container Disposal:

Paper Containers: Completely empty container into application equipment. Then dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or at an incineration facility, or; if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning locally. If burned, stay out of smoke.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

This product is a selective preemergence herbicide that provides residual control of many grass and broadleaf weeds in:

- Established turf grasses (excluding golf course putting greens) and lawns
- Landscape ornamentals
- Established perennials & wildflower plantings

This product controls susceptible weeds by inhibiting weed seed germination and root development. Most effective weed control will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inches of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1-2 inches) incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

Not for use on plants being grown (1) for sale or other commercial use, (2) for commercial seed production, or (3) for research purposes. For use on plants intended for aesthetic purposes or climatic modification and being grown in ornamental gardens or parks, or on golf courses or lawns and grounds.

Do not graze or feed livestock forage cut from areas treated with this product.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Do not apply aerially.

Do not apply to golf course putting greens.

FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE DIRECTIONS FOR USE AND PRECAUTIONS ON THIS LABEL MAY RESULT IN POOR WEED CONTROL, CROP INJURY, OR ILLEGAL RESIDUES.

APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Apply uniformly through suitable, calibrated application equipment.

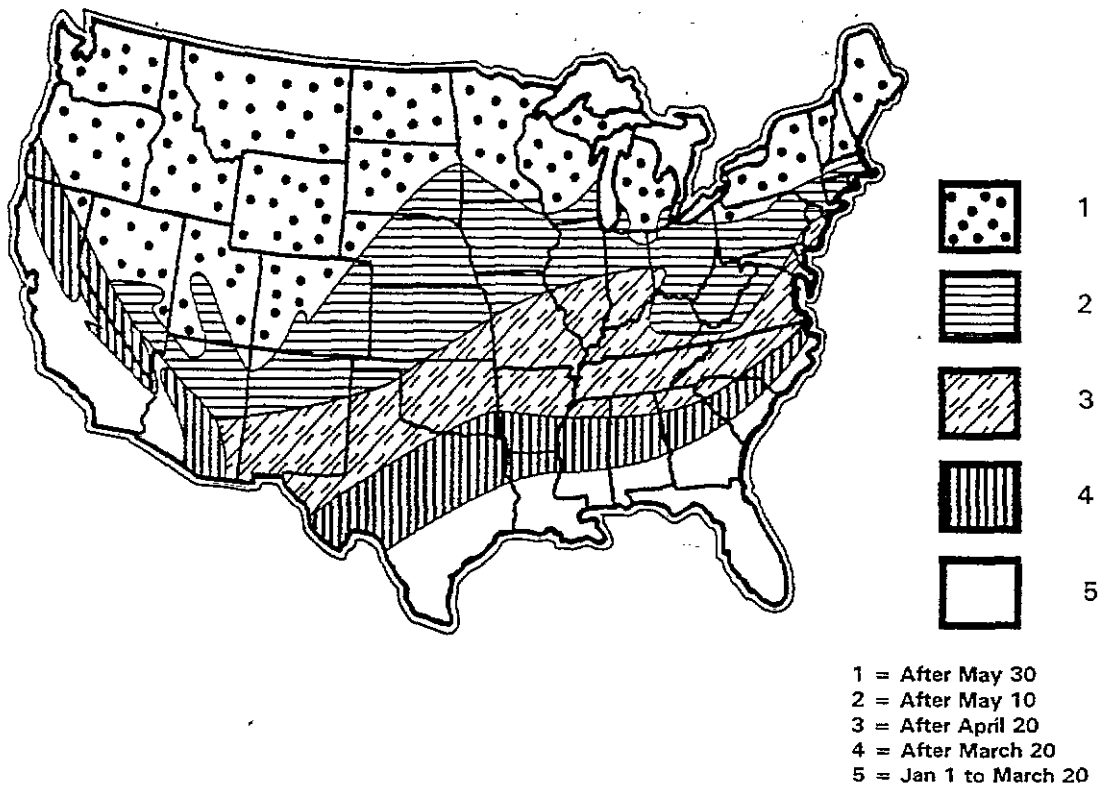
ESTABLISHED TURF

This product is a selective preemergence herbicide that, when properly applied, will control certain grass and broadleaf weeds in established turf grasses and lawns. The maximum amount of this product that may be applied per year is given for each turf grass species in the Maximum Annual Rates section of this label.

Most effective weed control in turf grasses will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inches of rainfall or irrigation prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application. See the map below for approximate crabgrass seed germination dates.

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•••••
•••••

CRABGRASS SEED GERMINATION DATES



USE PRECAUTIONS

The following precautions apply to the use of this product in turf grasses and lawns:

- (1) Application of this product may thin emerged annual bluegrass and newly overseeded grasses.
- (2) Do not apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.
- (3) Do not cut (harvest) treated sod before 120 days after application. Do not apply to newly set sod until the following year.
- (4) Application of this product to turf stressed by drought, low fertility, or pest damage may result in turf injury.
- (5) Disturbing the herbicide barrier with cultural practices such as disking may result in reduced weed control.
- (6) Do not apply this product to putting greens or areas where dichondra, colonial bentgrass, velvet bentgrass, or annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*) are desirable species.

RATES OF APPLICATION

This product may be applied as a single application or in sequential applications to control weeds germinating throughout the year. All applications must be made prior to germination of the target weeds. This product will not control established weeds.

Maximum use rate selection should be based on turf species. The length of time of residual weed control provided by this product is related to the rate applied.

MAXIMUM ANNUAL RATES

This product is recommended for use on the turf grass species listed in the following table. Do not exceed the maximum yearly rate as given in the following table:

Maximum Application Rate/Calendar Year of Magic Carpet Fertilizer with BARRICADE by Turf Grass Species ⁽¹⁾		
Turf Species:	Lbs. Product/A	Lbs. ai/A
Bermudagrass ⁽²⁾ Bahigrass Centipedegrass Seashore Paspalum St. Augustinegrass Tall Fescue (including turf-type) Zoysia	400	1.5
Buffalograss Kentucky Bluegrass Perennial Ryegrass	267	1.0
Creeping Red Fescue	200	0.75
Creeping Bentgrass	175	0.65

⁽¹⁾ These are the maximum rates per calendar year by species limitations.

⁽²⁾ May be used on newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass at rates not to exceed 139 lbs./A or 3.1 lbs./1000 sq. ft.. Newly sprigged or plugged Bermudagrass stolon rooting may be temporarily retarded. Suppression only of Foxtail, Goosegrass and Rescuegrass due to reduced product rates used in sprigging situations.

- Do not apply more than 400 lbs. of product per calendar year.
- Use higher rates of this product to achieve higher levels of fertility and longer periods of weed control for each turf type, but do not exceed the Maximum Annual Rates Table.

WEEDS CONTROLLED

When used in accordance with this label this product will provide control of the following weeds:

- | | |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Barnyardgrass | Carpetweed |
| Bluegrass, Annual (<i>Poa annua</i>) | Chickweed, Common |
| Crabgrass (large, smooth) | Chickweed, Mouseear (from seed) |
| Crowfootgrass | Henbit |
| Cupgrass, Woolly | Knotweed |
| Foxtails, Annual | Kochia |
| Goosegrass ¹ | Lambsquarter, Common |
| Itchgrass | Pigweed |
| Johnsongrass (from seed) | Purslane, Common |
| Junglerice | Pusley, Florida |
| Lovegrass | Shepherd's Purse ² |
| Panicum (Texas, Fall, Browntop) | Speedwell, Persian |
| Rescuegrass ³ | Spurge, Prostrate |
| Signalgrass, Broadleaf | Witchgrass |
| Sprangletop | Woodsorrel, Yellow (from seed) |

¹ In many areas a single application of 175 to 400 lbs./A of this product will control goosegrass. However, under heavy goosegrass pressure and/or an extended growing season, most effective weed control may be obtained by making an initial application of 175 to 267 lbs./A followed after 60 to 90 days by a second application at doses that would not exceed those given in the Maximum Annual Rate Table. Do not exceed the maximum rate for turf grass species listed in the Maximum Annual Rate Table above.

² Applications for this weed should be made in late summer, fall, or winter prior to germination.

³ Suppression only.

Sequential applications may be made so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rates recommended for each turf species. All applications must be made prior to germination of the weed seeds.

WHEN TO APPLY AFTER OVERSEEDING TURF

Do not apply to overseeded turf within 60 days after seeding or until after the second mowing, whichever is longer. Injury to desirable seedlings is likely if this product is applied before seedling secondary roots are in the second inch of soil, not thatch plus soil.

WHEN TO OVERSEED AFTER APPLICATION

This product will inhibit the germination of turf species if overseeded too soon after application. Follow rates and intervals in the table below for best overseeding/reseeding results.

Magic Carpet Fertilizer with BARRICADE Rate (lb./A)		Months Before Overseeding		
Product	ai	North	Transition	South
132	.50	4	4	4
175	.66	5	4	4
195	.74	6	5	5
213	.80	---	6	6
267	1.00	---	7	7
305	1.14	---	---	9
345	1.30	---	---	10
400	1.50	---	---	12

LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

(including Established Perennials and Wildflower Plantings)

This product may be applied for residual preemergence weed control in ornamentals.

USE RATES

Apply this product at 175 to 400 lbs./A in fall and/or spring. Use higher rates of application for longer control periods. Sequential or single applications are allowed so long as the total amount of product applied does not exceed the maximum annual application rate of 400 lbs./A.

APPLICATION TIMING AND INFORMATION

This product is a preemergence herbicide and will not control emerged weeds. Most effective weed control in ornamentals will be obtained when this product is activated by at least 0.5 inches of rainfall or irrigation, or with shallow (1 to 2 inches) mechanical incorporation, prior to weed seed germination and within 14 days following application.

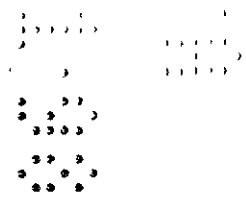
Best weed control is obtained when this product is applied to soil free of clods, weeds, and debris such as leaves. Prior to application of this product, control existing vegetation by hand weeding, cultivation or the use of an appropriate postemergence herbicide.

ESTABLISHED LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

This product may be applied to established ornamentals as a broadcast, over the top, or directed application. Irrigation or rainfall soon after application will wash residues off plant foliage and activate this product in the soil.

NEWLY TRANSPLANTED LANDSCAPE ORNAMENTALS

This product may be applied to newly transplanted ornamentals as a broadcast, over the top, or directed application. Delay application to allow soil to settle around new transplants and water thoroughly before applying this product. Apply this product after cuttings form roots and become established. Apply before budding/grafting or after buds/grafts have taken to avoid any inhibition of the tissue union.



TOLERANT ORNAMENTAL SPECIES

This product will not harm most trees, shrubs, vines, and flowers. The species listed below are tolerant to this product. Best results will be obtained when this product is uniformly applied to the soil surface; avoid applying to ornamental shoots which may defeat the effort to get uniform distribution on the soil surface. This product may be applied over the top of these species.

When plants are under stress (such as heat, drought, or frost damage) some cultivars of listed plants may be sensitive to this product.

Scientific name	Common name
<i>Abies</i> spp.	Fir species** (Balsam, Fraser, Noble, etc.)
<i>Abelia grandiflora</i>	Abelia: Sherwood
<i>Acer palmatum</i>	Japanese Maple
<i>A. platanoides</i>	Norway Maple
<i>Achillea</i> spp.	Yarrow: King Edward
<i>Actinidia chinensis</i>	Kiwi*
<i>Agapanthus africanus</i>	Lily-of-the-Nile (African Lily)
<i>Agapanthus orientalis</i>	
<i>Akebia quinata</i>	Five-Leaf or Chocolate Vine
<i>Allium cernuum</i>	Lady's Leek, Nodding Onion
<i>Anemone hepatica</i>	Japanese Anemone
<i>Aquilegia scab.</i>	Aquilegia: Red and Gold
<i>Arctostaphylos densiflora</i>	Vine Hill Manzanita
<i>Arctotheca cuneata</i>	Cape Weed
<i>Artemisia</i> spp.	Wormwood; Silver Mound, Castle
<i>Aster</i> spp.	Aster: Bonny Blue, Purple Dome
<i>Aster X Frikardii</i>	
<i>Athrium Filix-femina</i>	Lady Fern; Fern Lady
<i>Aucuba japonica</i>	Japanese Aucuba
<i>Begonia</i> spp.	Fibrous Begonia: Hardy Grandis
<i>Berberis glaucocymensis</i>	Barberry
<i>B. julianae</i>	Wintergreen Barberry
<i>B. mentorensis</i>	Mentor Barberry
<i>B. thunbergii</i>	Japanese Barberry
<i>B. verruculosa</i>	Warty Barberry
<i>Bergenia cordifolia</i>	
<i>Boltonia asteroides</i>	Snowbank
<i>Bougainvillea</i> spp.	Bougainvillea
<i>Buddleia davidi</i>	Butterfly-Bush (Dwarf Blue); Royal Red
<i>Buxus microcarpa</i>	Japanese Boxwood
<i>Callistemon viminalis</i>	Weeping Bottlebrush
<i>Calluna vulgaris</i>	Scotch Heather
<i>Campanula medium</i>	Tussock Bellflower, (White Clips)
<i>Campis X Tregliana</i>	Trumpet Creeper, Trumpet Flower, Madame Galen
<i>Carpobrotus edulis</i>	Hottentot Fig (Ice Plant)
<i>Cassia artemisioides</i>	Feathery Cassia
<i>Ceanothus rigidus</i>	Wild Lilac
<i>Ceratostigma diurnagoneas</i>	
<i>Chamaecyparis nana</i>	False Cypress
<i>Chrysanthemum japonicum</i>	
<i>Cleyera japonica</i>	Cleyera
<i>Citrus</i> spp.	Citrus species*
<i>Coreopsis</i> spp.	Coreopsis (Calliopsis): Early Sunrise, Moonbeam
<i>Cornus florida</i>	Flowering Dogwood
<i>C. stolonifera</i>	American Dogwood
<i>Cortaderia selicaria</i>	Pampas Grass
<i>Cotoneaster adicusus</i>	Cranberry Cotoneaster
<i>C. buxifolius</i>	Cotoneaster
<i>C. dammeri</i>	Bearberry Cotoneaster
<i>C. microphyllus</i>	Rockspray Cotoneaster

*Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants.
**Not for use on container grown plants.

Scientific name

Cretaegus spp.
Crocosmia spp.
Cupressus sempervirens
Delosperma alba
Delosperma spp.
Delphinium spp.
Dianthus deltoides
D. gratianopolitanus
Dodonea viscosa
Echinacea purpurea
Elaeagnus pungens
Euonymus fortunei
E. japonica
E. kiautschovica
Fatsia japonica
Forsythia intermedia
F. suspensa
F. viridissima
Gaillardia spp.
Gardenia jasminoides
Gaura spp.
Gentiana dahurica
Geranium cinereum
Gladiolus spp.
Gypsophila repens
Hedera helix
Hellanthemum spp.
Hemerocallis spp.
Hibiscus
Hibiscus spp.
Hibiscus rosa-sinensis
Hosta plantaginea
H. Sieboldiana
Houttuynia cordata var. *variegata*
Hydrangea macrophylla
Ilex cornuta
I. berryi
I. crenata
I. opaca
I. vomitoria
Inula ensifolia
Iris ensata
Iris siberica
Iris spp.
Jasminium nudiflorum
Juniperus chinensis
J. conferta
J. horizontalis
Juglans spp.
Justicia brandegeana
Lagerstromia indica
Lagerstromia indica X *Fauriei*
Lantana montevidensis
Lavender spp.
Leontopodium alpinum
Ligustrum sinense
Ligustrum amurense
L. japonicum
L. lucidum
Lilium spp.
Liriope muscari

Common name

Hawthorne
 Lucifer
 Italian Cypress
 White Trailing Ice Plant
 Cooperi Pink
 Larkspur: Blue Elf
 Dianthus; Maiden Pinks "Zing"
 Cheddar Pink
 Hop Bush
 Coneflower, Purple; Magnus
 Silverberry
 Wintercreeper
 Japanese Spindle Tree (Evergreen Euonymus)
 Spreading Euonymus
 Japanese Aralia
 Border Forsythia
 Weeping Forsythia
 Greenstem Forsythia
 Gaillardia, Blanket Flower: "Goblin"
 Gardenia, Cape-Jasmine, Radicans

 Gentian
 Cranebill
 Gladiolus species**
 Baby's Breath
 English Ivy
 Sunrose
 Daylily: Aztec Gold, Stella De Oro, Tender Love
 Rose of Sharon**
 Mallow: Disco Belle White
 Chinese Hibiscus
 Hosta, Plantain Lily (Fragrant)
 Hosta, "Searsucker"

 Bigleaf Hydrangea
 Chinese Holly
 Japanese Holly; Helleri
 American Holly
 Holly
 Yaupon Holly; Schillings

 Sword-Leaved Iris; Jodlesong
 Siberian Iris; Cabernet
 Iris species**
 Winter Jasmine
 Chinese Juniper; Nick's Compact, Parsonnii
 Shore Juniper; Blue Pacific
 Creeping Juniper
 Walnut*
 Shrimp Plant
 Crape Myrtle
 Crape Myrtle; Tuscarora
 Weeping Lantana
 Lavender; Munstead
 Edelweiss
 Chinese Privet; Variegata
 Amur Privet
 Japanese Privet
 Glossy Privet (Waxleaf)
 Lily; Jazz
 Big Blue Lily; Turf; Silver Mound; Evergreen Giant

*Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants.

**Not for use on container grown plants.

Scientific name

- Liriope Muscari* var. *variegata*
- Liriope spicata*
- Lobelia Cardinalis*
- Lonicera japonica*
- L. tatarica*
- Loropetalum chinense*
- Lythrum* spp.
- Magnolia* spp.
- Maleophora luteola*
- Malus* spp.
- Miscanthus sinensis*
- Nandina domestica*
- Narcissus* spp.
- Nerium oleander*
- Olea europaea*
- Ophiopogon japonicus*
- Osmanthus heterophyllus*
- Osteospermum fruticosum*
- Oxydendrum arboreum*
- Paeonia suffruticosa*
- Pennisetum setaceum*
- Perovskia atriplicifolia*
- Persea americana*
- Photinia fraseri*
- Physotegia Virginiana*
- Picea* spp.
- Pieris japonica*
- Pinus brutia*
- P. canariensis*
- P. elliotii*
- P. halepensis*
- P. nigra*
- P. palustris*
- P. radiata*
- P. thunbergiana*
- P. strobus*
- P. sylvestris*
- P. taeda*
- P. virginiana*
- Pistachio* spp.
- Pittosporum rhombifolium*
- P. tobira*
- Podocarpus macrophyllus*
- Prunus laurocerasus*
- Prunus* spp.
-
- Pseudotsuga menziesii*
- Pyracantha coccinea*
- P. fortuneana*
- P. koidzumii*
- Pyrus* spp.
- Quercus Shumardii*
- Quercus* spp.
- Raphiolepis indica*
- Raphiolepis umbellata*

Common name

- Liriope, Variegated
- Liriope, Creeping
- Cardinal Flower, Indian Pink
- Japanese Honeysuckle
- Tatarian Honeysuckle
- Burgundy
- Loosestrife; Modern Pink
- Magnolia species**
- Ice Plant
- Crabapple*
- Yaku Jima, Silberfeder
- Heavenly Bamboo
- Narcissus species**
- Oleander
- Olive*
- Mondo Grass
- Osmanthus (False Holly): Gulf Tide
- Trailing African Daisy
- Sourwood
- Tree Peony
- Fountain Grass (Dwarf)
-
- Avocado*
- Fraser's Photinia (Redtip)
- Dragonhead, False; Vivid
- Spruce species** (Colorado Blue, Norway, etc.)
- Lily-of-the-Valley Bush
- Calabrian Pine
- Canary Island Pine
- Slash Pine
- Aleppo Pine
- Austrian Pine
- Longleaf Pine
- Monterey Pine
- Japanese Black Pine
- Eastern White Pine
- Scotch Pine
- Loblolly Pine
- Virginia Pine
- Pistachio*
- Queensland Pittosporum
- Japanese Pittosporum
- Japanese Yew
- English Laurel
- Almond, Apricot, Nectarine,
- Peach, Plum and Prune*
- Douglas Fir**
- Firethorn (Scarlet)
- Firethorn
- Firethorn
- Bradford Pear sp.
- Oak, Shumard's Red
- Oak species
- Indian Hawthorne
- Yedda Hawthorn

*Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants.

**Not for use on container grown plants.

Scientific name
Rhododendron ...
(including Azalea)

Common name
'Coral Bells'
'Delaware Valley White'
'Flame Creeper'
'Formosa'
'George L. Tabor'
'Girard Crimson'
'Hino-crimson'
'PJM'
'Roseum Elegans'
'Wakeiebisu'
'White Gumpo'
Rosemary*
Black-Eyed Susan; Goldstrum
Santolina
Saxifrage; Purple Dome
Pincushion Flower
Stonecrop
Stonecrop; *Lidakense*
Stonecrop
Stonecrop; Dragon's Blood
Spirea; Anthony Waterer
Australian Brushcherry
Japanese Yew
Yew
Germander
Meadow Rue
American Arborvitae
Star Jasmine
Canada Hemlock
Tulip species
Veronica, Speedwell; Sunny Border
Japanese Viburnum
Sweet Viburnum
Japanese Snowball
Canary Island Viburnum
Arrowwood Viburnum
Laurustinus
Cranberry Bush
Leatherleaf Viburnum
Greater Periwinkle, Vinca
Common Periwinkle, Vinca
Grape*
Old Fashioned Weigela
Spanish Bayonet, Yucca
Adam's Needle, Yucca

Rosmarinus officinalis
Rudbeckia spp.
Santolina virens
Saxifraga spp.
Scabiosa spp.
Sedum album
Sedum cauticola
Sedum dasyphyllum
Sedum spurium
Spiraea Bumalda
Syzygium paniculatum
Taxus cuspidata
T. media
Teucrium spp.
Thalictrum dipterocarpum
Thuja occidentalis
Trachelospermum asiaticum
Tsuga canadensis
Tulipa spp.
Veronica spp.
Viburnum japonicum
V. odoratissimum
V. plicatum
V. rigidum
V. suspensum
V. tinus
V. trilobium
V. wrightii
Vinca major
Vinca minor
Vitis spp.
Weigela florida
Yucca aloifolia
Y. filamentosa

*Do not use on food producing trees, vines, or plants.
**Not for use on container grown plants.

NOTICE: Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use, but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to Seller, and Buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

