TRIFIC 60DF

A water dispersible granule for the preemergence control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds

ACTIVE INGREDIENT

STOP--READ LABEL BEFORE USING. -

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

DANGER/PELIGRO

PRECAUCION AL-USUARIO: Si ustad-no las inglas, no uso-este preducto hesta-que la etiquata la heya side explicada ampliamento:

Si ustad no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (Il you do not understand the label, find appreciae to explain it to you in detall.)

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF IN EYES: Hold eyes open and flush with steady gentle stream of water for 15 minutes. Call a physician.

IF SWALLOWED: Promptly drink a large quantity of milk, egg white, gelatin solution, or if not available, large quantities of water. Avoid alcohol. Call a physician. Note to Physician—Probable mucosal damage may contra-indicate the use of gastric lavage.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS DANGER HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Corrosive. Causes severe eye irritation. Do not get in eyes, on akin, or on elething. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid breathing spray mist. When handling or applying, wear protective elething such as goggles or fees shield and rubber gloves. Wash theroughly with seep and water after handling. Remove contaminated elething and wash before rause. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals.

Applicators and other handlers must west long-sleeved shirt and long pants, waterproof gloves, shoes plus socks, protective eyewear and chemical-resistant headgest for overhead exposure..

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been dranched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not return them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and not water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

See Page 2 for additional PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.

EPA Reg. No. 9779-308

Manufactured For RIVERSIDE/TERRA CORPORATION P.O. Box 6000, Sioux City, Iowa 51102-6000 Riverside Serves Agriculture. Agriculture Serves Everyone.

ACCEPTED

MAR 16 1995

Under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act. as amended, for the pesticide registered under EPA Reg. No. 9779-308

NET CONTENTS 16.66 LBS.

BEST COPY AVAILABLE

2/94/01D

When handlers use plosed systems, enclosed babs, or stroratt in a manner that meets the requirementa listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170,240 (d) (4-8)), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Court stocks was hards before earling streeting streeting spot, tieting tobacce of tieting the toller. Bernove Cothing the Cothing Street Stre

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift or runoff from treatment areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring squatic sites. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. -

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

Do not supply this product on a way that will content workers or other persons; either directly or through drift. Only protected hereflers may be in the area during application. For any requirements a specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of egricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and amergency assistance, it also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, waterproof gloves, and shoes plus socks.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL DO NOT CONTAMINATE WATER, FOOD OR FEED BY STORAGE OR DISPOSAL.

STORAGE

Store in a dry, cool location away from children, animals, foods, feeds, seeds, and other agricultural chemicals. Handle in accordance with information given under PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS. In the event of spillage, scrape up spillage, if spillage is not suitable for use, dispose of in accordance with information given under DISPOSAL. Repackage and relabel useable product in a sound container. In case of fire or other emergency, report at once by toll-free telephone to 800-424-9300.

DISPOSAL

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then dispose of empty bag in a senitary landfill or by incineration, or if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

Applied according to directions and under normal growing conditions, Trific 60DF will not harm the treated crep. Over application may result in crop injury or a soil residue. Uneven application or improper soil incorporation can result in errotic weed control or crop injury. Seedling disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture, high selt concentration or drought may weaken crop seedlings and increase the possibility of damage from Trific 60DF. Under these conditions, delayed crop development or reduced yields may result.

In Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Nevada, New Mexico, Oragon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming, sugar beuts, red beets or spinach should not be planted for 12 months after a spring application or for 14 months after a fall application of Trific 60DF. Flow the land to a depth of 12 inches prior to planting sugar heets to prevent the possibility of crop injury. Sorghum (milo), prospernillet, corn, dats, and annual or perennial grass crops or grass mixtures should not be planted for 14 months after a spring application or for 16 months after a fall application to avoid crop injury. If land has not been irrigated, do not plant any of these crops for 18 months after a spring application or 20 months after a fall application.

In those portions of Kenses, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, and Texas where at least 20 inches of irrigation and/or rainfall (total) was used to produce the crop, sorghum, oats, and annual or perennial grass crops or grass mixtures ahould not be planted for 12 months after an application of Trific 60DF.

If less than 20 inches of total water was used to produce the crop, do not plant sorghum, proso millet, oscs and annual or perennial grass crops or grass mixtures for 18 months after an application of Trific 60DF. Cool, wet weather conditions during the early stage of growth may increase the possibility of injury to sorghum.

In all other areas receiving greater than 20" rainfall per year, moldboard plow before planting sugar beets where a apring application of triffuralin was made the previous year.

Vegetable crops other than those listed on this label should not be planted within 5 months following the application of Trific 600F.

Do not use Trific 60DF on any crop grown in Pecos county or Reeves county, Texas or in the state of Montana.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Distribution of the contract					
General Information					
	ļad ,				
	ls Controlled				
Tank Mixee / Meeds Conf	třolled				
Sencor Awxone	.				
Canopy	**				
Command [®]	, ,				
Z2X 7250					
2 16/12/11/11					
2020/2020/11		•			
77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77					
5 (2/3)(3) (3) (3)	setryne or Caperol®				
	meturon or Cotoran® 🔻				
Riverside Diuro	on or Karmex®	<i>. ,</i>			
Vername					
Soil Preparation	í			,	
	ections				
and the first of the second					
Fertilizer/Mixing					•
30 x 3 x 6					
2007, 255					
*************		. 			
7					
7.77					
Chicory/Endiver	8	, 			
Cole Crops		,			
Corn (Field)					, . <i>.</i> ,
Cotton					
2401 37					
29. 3/2					
7/29/2010					
Walland Leve					
0.00.000			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•
					4 4 4
Opening thry bu					
					dan kalendari
					,
	<i></i>				,
time (Canola)	<i>d</i>				
					• • • •
Soybeans	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
2.20.000.000.000				• • • • •	
Super Beets		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Bugarcane					
Sunflower				,	

Tomate) 48						 																					_								-			
Trees 6	ind N	în	٠ý	ήđ	\$ 3,		 	٠.	-					 		-						 		 -												-			
Under Wheat	Paye	d S	Šuř	fac	Ģ ¥		 •	٠.	•			٠.		 •	 •					٠.	•						٠.		٠.					 -			 •		
Wheat			٠.			•	 •		•		٠		•		 ٠	•	•	٠.	٠	٠.	•	 •	•		٠.	٠				•		٠.	 •	 •	٠.	-	 •	٠.	٠

GENERAL INFORMATION

Trific 60DF is a preemergence herbicide which is incorporated into the soil to provide long-lasting control of annual grasses and broadleaf weeds. Trific 60DF controls weeds by killing their seeds as they germinate. It does not control established weeds. Incorporation assures effective control regardless of weather conditions and permits shallow cultivation, rotary hosing and hand hosing without reducing its weed control activity.

WEEDS AND	GRASSES CONTROLLED	
	GRASSES	
Annual bluegrass	Poa annua	
Barnyardgrass (Watergrass)	Echinochlos sp.	
Brachiaria (Signalgrass)	Brachiaria sp.	
Bromegrass (Cheatgrass,	-	
Downy brome)	Bromus tectorum	
Cheat (Chess)	Bromus secalinus	
Crabgrass (Large crabgrass,	Digitaria ≄p.	
Smooth crabgrass)	İ	
Fall panicum	Panicum dichotom.	
Foxtails (Bottlegrass,		
Bristlegrass,		
Foxteil millet,		
Giant foxtail,		
Green foxtail,		
Pigeongrass,		
Robust foxteil,		
Yellow foxtail)	Setaria sp.	
Guineagrass	Panicum maximum	
Italian Iyograss	Lollum multiflorum	
Johnsongrass	Sorghum halapense	
(Seedling and Rhizome)		
Junglerice	Echinochlos col.	
Raouigrass (Itchgrass)	Rottoboellia exalt.	
Red rice (see special instructions in	Oryza pativa	
√ śoybeán section)		
Sandbur (Burgrass)	Cenchrus incertus	
Sprangletop	Leptochloa filifor	
Stinkgrass (Lovegrass)	Eragrostis cilianensis	
Texas panicum	Panicum texanum	
(Buffalograss, Coloradograss)		
Wild cane (Shattercane)	Sorghum bicolor	
Wooly cupgrass	Eriochica villoss	

	BROADLEAF WEEDS		
Carpetweed Chick weed	Mollugo verticillata Stellaria media		
Field Bindweed	Convolvulus arvensis		
Florida pusley (Florida purslane, Mexican clover, Pusley)	Richardia scabra		•
Goosefoot	Chenopodium hybridum		:
Henbit (fall application only)	Lamium amplexicaule		
Knotweed	Polygonum aviculare	: !!	•
Kochia (Fireweed, Mexican fireweed)	Kochia scoparia	, ,	
Lambsquarters	Chenopodium elbum		
Pigweed (Carelessweed, Prostrate pigweed, Redroot, Rough pigweed, Spiny pigweed)	Amaranthus spp.	•	•
Puncture vine (Western U.S. only) (Celtrop, Gostheed)	Tribulus terrestris		
Pursiane	Portulaca oleracea		
Russian thistle (Tumbleweed)	Salsola kali		,
Stinging nettle (Nettle)	Urtica dioica		

Trific 60DF alone will not control certain resistant weeds such as cocklebur, jimsonweed, ragweed, velvetleaf, and nutsedge.

TANK MIXES

Trific 60DF, in tank mixture with other products, will control the following additional weeds:

Trific 60DF/Sencor* or Lexone* Tank Mix (see Soybean section for instructions) In soybean: **Jimsonweed** Datura stramonium Mallow, Venice (Flower-of-an-hour) Hibiscum trionum Musterd, wild (Charlock, Field Brassica kaber musterd) Prickly sids (Teaweed, Spiny sida) Sida spinosa Regweed, common Ambrosia artemisifolia Sesbania, hemp (Coffeebeen, Indigo) Sesbania exaltata Smartweed (Pennsylvania) Polygonum pensylvanicum Velvetleaf (Butterprint, Buttonweed, Abutilon theophrasti Cottonweed, Elephant's ear, Indian mallow, Piermarker)

Control of cocklebur, morningglory and giant ragweed may be erratic ranging from poor to excellent depending upon soil temperature, time of weed germination, depth of weed seed in the soil and amount and tirring of soil moisture. Control may be improved with timely cultivation. Where cocklebur is a serious problem, an overlay of Sencor or Lexone may be preferred to the Trific 60DF/Sencor or Trific 60DF/Lexone tank mix.

Trific 60DF/Canopy* Tank Mix (Do not use in California) (See Soybean section for instructions)								
In soybean: Controlled Cocklebur, common Florida beggarweed Hemp sesbania Hophornbeam copperleaf Jimsonweed Morningglory (Entireleaf) (Ivyleaf) (Pitted) (Smallflower) (Tell) Partially Controlled Purple nutsedge	Prickly sida (Teaweed) Ragweed (Common) (Giant) Sicklepod Smartweed Spotted spurge Sunflower Velvetleaf							

Large seeded weeds, germinating deep in the soil, such as morningglory, sicklepod, cocklebur, and grant ragweed or weeds with subsequent flushes may require a cultivation or an application of a postemergence herbicide for season-long control.

Service (Netherly Area):	Southern Cross	4 .
Carreson partieum	Correspon particum	
	Section posterior	• • • • •
	Purple foxtel	•
Spirited States	Valveteet Started anode	•
	Produy ada	•
Priordy stda	Cockiebur	
Common raginaed	Common ragweed	
dimentified	Dayflorer	
Brantwood	Florida beggarweed	
Lady a Thumb	Jimsanyééed	
Permeylvania	Tropic croton	* * * *
Tropic proton	Curly dock	
	Pitted morningglory Pénnéylvanis smartweed	

Trific 60DF/Preview® Tank Mix. (Do not use in California) (See Soybean section for instructions)								
In soybean:								
Controlled								
Cockiebur, common	Prickly side							
Hophornbeam copperleaf	(Teaweed)							
Jimsonweed	Regweed, common							
Mustards	Smertwead, ennual							
Pigweed	Spotted spurge							
(Pelmer emaranth)	Sunflower							
(Smooth)								
(Tall waterhemp)								
Partially Controlled								
Burcucumber	Nutsedge species							
Eastern black nightshade	Ragweed, giant							
Morningglary								
(Tall)								
(Ivyleaf)								
(Pitted)								
(Entireleaf)								
(Pitted)								

Large seeded weeds, germinating deep in the soil, such as morningglory, sickleped, cocklebur, and giant ragweed or weeds with subsequent flushes may require a cultivation or an application of a postemergence herbicide for season-long control.

Trific 60DF/Vernam⁵ Tank Mix (see Soybean and Peanut sections for instructions)							
In soybean and peanut:							
Morningglory, annual	lpomoea sp.						
Coffeeweed	Sesbania exaltata						
Purple nutsedge	Cyperus rotundus						
Velvetleaf (Buttonweed)	Abutilon theophrasti						
Yellow nutsedge Cyperus esculentus							

Trific 60DF/Eptam® Tank Mix (see Dry Bean and Potato sections for instruction)								
n dry bean and potato:								
Henbit	Lamium amplexicate							
Nightshade, black	Solenum nigrum							
Nightshade, hairy	Solanum sarrachoides							
Nutsedge	Cyperus sp.							
Ragweed, common	Ambrosia artemisiifolia							
Smartweed, Pennsylvania	Polygonum pensylvanicum							
Velvetieaf (Buttonweed)	Abutilon theophrasti							
Wild oat	Avena fatua							

Triffe #ODF/Attiszine Tenk Mix (#64/Corn #ection for Instructions)						
Wild hate Wild hate Contrabus Contrabus Contrabus Anthum morningglory Musterd Disco, nightshada Contract, ragweed Ecidence Valvadasi	Aveni fenis. Peridian suppliere Xenthioum strumarium Physelis sep: Deture strumonium Ipomose app. Brassics kaber Solenum nigrum Ambrosia strumilifolia Cassis obtusifolia Abution theophrasti					

Trific 60DF/Riverside® Prometryne or Caparol® Tank Mix

(see Cotton section for instructions)

In cotton:

Annual morningglory Groundcherry, annual

Malva Mustard, wild

Prickly side (Teaweed) Ragweed Sn.artweed

Wild oat

ipomoea sp.

Physalis so. Malva 20. Brassica kaber

Side spinosa Ambrosia artemisifolia Polygonum pensylvanicum

Avene fatue

The tank mix also controls shallow germinating seedlings of cocklebur and coffeeweed.

Trific 60DF/ftiversides Fluorneturon or Cotorans Tank Mix or Overlay (see Cotton section for instructions)

In cotton:

Cocklebur

Groundcherry, Wright Jimsonweed

Morningglory, annual Prickly sida (Teaweed)

Ragweed Ryegrass Sesbania Sicklepod Smartweed Tumbleweed

Velvetleaf (Buttonweed)

Xanthium strumarium

Physalis so.

Datura stramonium Ipomoea sp. Sida spinosa

Ambrosia artemisiifolia

Lolium sp.

Sesbania exaltata Cassia obtusifolia Polygonum pensylvanicum

Amaranthus albus Abutilon theophrasti

Trific 60DF Preplant Followed by Riverside Diuran of Karmex* Overlay =:

(see Cotton section for instructions)

In cotton:

Dogfennel

Groundcherry, annual Morningglory, annual

Pennycress Ragweed Shepherdspurse Velvetgrass Wild lettuce Wild mustard

Eupatorium capillifolium

Physalis sp. lpomoea sp. Thiaspi sp.

Brassica kaber

Ambrosia artemisifolia Capsella bursa pastoris Hulcus lanatus Lactuce sp.

Trific 60DF/Zorial® Rapid 80 Tank-Mix (See Cotton Section for Instructions)

Cotton

Spuried whode Troube traten

Anoda cristata Crotion clanduloque

SOIL PREPARATION

Good soil preparation is essential for best results. Destroy existing weeds before herbicide application. Chaptand thoroughly mix crop residue into the soil to a depth of at least 4 to 6 inches by deep plowing or discing before application. Use machinery that breeks up large clods.

Before application determine soil texture in order to apply the correct rate. Rates given in this booklet refer to the following soil texture groups.

Coarse soils: sand, loamy sand, sandy loam

Medium soils: foam, sitty clay loam, sitt loam, sitt, sandy clay loam

Fine soils: clay, clay foam, sitty clay foam, sitty clay, sandy clay, sandy clay foam.

Sitty clay loam and sandy clay loam soits are transitional soits and may be classified as either medium or fine textured soits. If silty clay loam or sandy clay loam soils are predominantly sand or silt, they are usually classified as medium textured soils. If they are predominantly clay, they are usually classified as fine textured soils.

MIXING AND APPLICATION DIRECTIONS

Trific 60DF is a water dispersible granule to be mixed with water or most liquid fertilizers and applied as a spray before or in the same operation as soil incorporation.

SCREEN MESH SIZE RECOMMENDATION: Trific 60DF should be used with a 50 mesh size screen or coarser. A smaller screen size may result in particle build-up on screen and pressure loss to spray tips.

GROUND APPLICATION: Apply in 5 to 40 gallons of water/acre (broadcast basis) using any properly calibrated (ow-pressure aprayer that will uniformly apply the apray. Pour the recommended amount of product into the apray tank during the filling operation and mix thoroughly before apraying. As the amount of water decreases, the importance of accurate calibration and uniform application increases. Check the aprayer daily. Do not apply the herbicide to soils which are wet or in poor condition or to soils which are subject to prolonged periods of flooding.

AERIAL APPLICATION: For best results apply to a dry soil surface at a spray volume of from 5 to 10 gallons/acre. Adjust pump pressure, nozzle arrangements, flying speed and height to provide uniform application. Use markers or flagmen to assure proper application spray widths. Do not apply when the wind is blowing at a velocity of 5 mph or greater.

INCORPORATION DIRECTIONS

<u>Before Planting</u>: For best results the herbicide must be incorporated within 24 hours after application. A second incorporation is required at any time prior to planting using the equipment in a different direction from the first. Incorporation should place the product into the top 2 or 3 inches of the final seedbed. Variable weed control may result from delayed incorporation if the herbicide is applied to a wet, warm soil surface or if the wind velocity is 10 mph or higher.

After Planting: Which incorporating after planting (check crops approved for incorporation after planting), use P.T.O.-driven equipment or Rolling Cultivators and adjust to till the soil over the seed or throw treated soil toward the crop. Avoid disturbing the seed or mechanically damaging the crop.

In Bedded Culture: For effective weed control in bedded culture the product should be incorporated into the top 2 to 3 inches of the final seedbed. When applying prior to bedding, apply and incorporate one time. The bedding operation serves as the second incorporation. When applying after bedding, knock off beds to planting height before application and incorporation on bedded ground. Avoid removal of treated soil from the seedbed before or during the planting operation. This will expose untreated soil and allow weeds to germinate in the drill row.

Equirment: For incorporation use machinery which pulverizes large clods and mixes the herbicide thoroughly with the soil. Thorough incorporation may be achieved with the following: Disc, set to cut 4 to 6 inches deep and operated in two different directions at 4 to 6 mph; Field Cultivator, set to cut 3 to 4 inches deep and operated at 5 mph or more; Rolling Cultivator, set to cut 2 to 4 inches deep and operated two times at 6 to 8 mph (adequate for use on coarse and medium textured soils only); Bed Conditioner, set to cut 2 to 4 inches deep and operated one time at 4 to 6 mph (adequate for use on coarse and medium textured soils only); Mulch freader and other similar disc-type implements, set to cut 3 to 4 inches deep and operated at 5 to 8 mph in two different directions; P.T.O.-driven equipment (tillers, cultivators, hoes), set to cut 2 to 3 inches deep with rotors spaced to provide a clean sweep of the soil and operated one time (they should not be operated at a speed greater than 4 mph).

APPLICATION WITH LIQUID FERTILIZERS

Trific 60DF may be mixed with most liquid fertilizer materials. The combination of Trific 60DF with solutions and suspension-type fertilizers provides weed and grass control equal to the same rates of Trific 60DF applied in water. Follow Trific 60DF label recommendations regarding rates per acre, crops, incorporation directions, special instructions, cautions and special precautions.

Individual state regulations relating to liquid fertilizer mixing, registration, labeling and applications are the responsibility of the individual and/or company selling the fertilizer and chemical mixture.

COMPATIBILITY TESTING: Trific 60DF alone or in tank mixture with dry flowables, wettable powders (WP), aqueous suspensions (AS), flowables (F), liquids (L), or solutions (S) may not combine properly with some fluid fertilizer materials. Small quantities should always be tested before full-scale mixing. This will determine whether a compatibility agent is needed, and which agent does the best job. There are many other surfactants on the market which were not designed for use with liquid fertilizers. Use the following test to select the correct agent for your mixture.

- 1. Put 1 pint of liquid fertilizer in a quart jar.
- 2. Add 1 to 4 teaspoon(s) of the dry flowable, WP, AS, F or L formulation (depending on the recommended rate perisons) to the liquid fertilizer. Close jar and egitate until the materials are dispersed evenly in the fertilizer. If the materials do not disperse well, it may be necessary to slurry the chemicals in water before adding to the fertilizer.
- 3. After dispersing the materials (Step 2), add 3 to 4 tesspoons of Trific 60DF to the jar and stake well. Add solution herbicides to the mixture last and agitate. Observe the jar for about 10 minutes. If the maturial, rise to the surface and form a thick layer which will not redisperse when agitated, a compatibility agent is needed. If the mixture is casily redispersed to its original state with slight agitation, no agent is needed but good agitation must be provided in the fertilizer spray tank.
- 4. If the need for a compatibility agent is indicated. Using a clean quartier, start at Step 1 above, add ½ teaspoon of the compatibility agent to the liquid fertilizer, mix well, then repeat Steps 2 and 3.

Riverside Combine has been thoroughly tested and approved as an effective compatibility agent which will enable the mixture to remain uniform with little or no separating for one half hour or longer. If slight separation does occur, 2 to 3 inversions of the jet should give a uniform remix. If curds form which will not redisperse, more Riverside Combine or another agent should be tried.

Use a clean jar for each test. The compatible mixture will have a uniform appearance and will be relatively easy to keep mixed with gentle agitation of the jar.

LIQUID FERTILIZER MIXING INSTRUCTIONS: Water dispersible granules, such as Trific 60DF, can be mixed with liquid fertilizers. In all cases, continuous agitation is required to prevent the Trific 60DF from forming nondispersible clumps. When used with a high potash or heavy clay suspension fertilizer, Trific 60DF should be added through an inductor system if available. When necessary, a compatibility agent can be used to enhance dispersion (see COMPATIBILITY TESTING). The use of compatibility agents is especially important when tank mixing water dispersible granules with dry flowables (DF), wettable powders (V/P), aqueous suspensions (AS), flowables (F), liquids (L), or solutions (S) in liquid fertilizer. If the dispersion is not uniform and the Trific 60DF rises to the surface of the fertilizer, the Trific 60DF may combine with the wettable powder, flowable, or suspension to form lumps which are difficult to redisperse. Any one of a number of compatibility agents is helpful in causing water dispersible granules to form dispersed mixtures with liquid fertilizers. These compatibility agents can be used at rates as low as 1 ½ to 2 pints per ton of liquid fertilizer and should be mixed well with the fertilizer before adding the water dispersible granules. Read the label on the compatibility agents and follow the directions.

Riverside Combine and other phosphate ester-type surfactants are designed to be used with liquid fertilizers. They usually do not work as compatibility agents in tank mixtures in plain water.

Application - Spread the fertilizer/pesticide mixture with a properly calibrated applicator. Be certain the material is applied — uniformly to the soil surface.

Incorporation - Follow normal Trific 60DF incorporation procedures.

FERTILIZER IMPREGNATION

Trific 60DF may be applied when coated on or impregnated in dry granular fertilizer for preplant incorporated weed control. All recommendations, cautions and special precautions on this label must be followed along with state regulations relating to dry bulk fertilizer blending, impregnating and labeling. Also, follow the precautions on the label of any other product mixed with Trific 60DF

GENERAL BLENDING DIRECTIONS: Trific 60DF may be coated on or impregnated in dry bulk fertilizers using rotary drum blenders or blending augers. Do NOT impregnate Trific 60DF or tank mixes containing Trific 60DF on or in fertilizers containing ammonium nitrate or straight limestone. Use a minimum of 200 pounds and a meximum fo 450 pounds dry fertilizer per acre. Use equipment that gives uniform distribution of the herbicide throughout each batch of impregnated fertilizer. Non-uniform impregnation can cause crop injury or unsatisfactory performance.

- A. Trific 60DF may be used as the only herbicide or in tank mixes where an EC or other liquid herbicide acts as the sticking agent. A minimum of 1-2 gallons of liquid per ton of dry furtilizer is required to evenly break down and mix Trific 60DF.
 - 1. While the fertilizer is blending, add Trific 60DF
 - 2. If a tank mix, add the other product(s).
 - 3. Add 1-2 gallons of 28% UAN or diesel fuel per ton of dry fertilizer.
 - Continue blending thoroughly (3 minutes or more for rotary blenders).
 - 5. When necessary, add a drying agent to ensure a spreadable herbicide/fertilizer mixtu.e.
- B. Pre-slurried Trific 60DF can be used alone or in a tank mix for impregnation. When necessary, add a drying agent to ensure a spreadable herbicide/fertilizer mixture.

CLEAN OUT: The equipment used to impregnate or apply fertilizer impregnated with Trific 60DF or combinations including Trific 60DF must be cleaned out by running at least 1,000 pounds of fertilizer not impregnated with Trific 60DF through the impregnating equipment and application equipment, if the next batch of material is to be applied to a crop for which Trific 60DF or the tank mix herbicide is not registered.

APPLICATION: Spread the fertilizer/chemical mixture with a properly calibrated applicator. Applying the material uniformly to the soil surface is essential. Incorporate within 24 hours after application. See "Incorporation" section for more details.

Use the following formula to calculate the amount of Trific 60DF to be impregnated per ton of dry bulk fertilizer:

Pounds of Trific 60DF/Acre X

2,000

Pounds Fertilizer/A

Pounds Trific 60DF

Per Ton Fertilizer

CROP RECOMMENDATIONS

Where applicable, rates are given for eastern United States and western United States. The dividing line between eastern and western states is the point where the average rainfell/year is a minimum of 20 to 25 inches.

Rates are given for broadcast application; for band application use proportionally less amount of product.

ALFALFA (Established)

Use restricted to Western U.S. only.

Apply to established alfalfa stands at a broadcast rate/acra of 1 % lbs. on coarse soil and $1\frac{2}{3}$ lbs., on medium and finé soifs. Use incorporation equipment that will ensure thorough soil mixing with a minimum of damage to the established alfalfa.

ASPARAGUS (Established)

Follow recommended soil preparation, application and incorporation procedures for Trific 60DF.

Trific 60DF can be applied to established asparagus as a single or as a split application. In the winter or early spring, apply Trific 60DF to asparagus after ferns are removed but before spears emerge. Or, apply after harvest in the late spring or early summer before ferning begins. Trific 60DF will suppress volunteer seedling asparagus and field bindweed if the following recommended rates and application schedules are used.

Follow recommended soil preparation, application and incorporation procedures for Trific 60DF.

Broadcast Rates Per Acre								
	Tr	ific" 60DF						
	Split Application	Single Application						
Soil Texture	Before + After Harvest Harvest	Before or After Harvest Harvest						
Coarse Medium Fine	(pounds) 3 + 3 1¼ + 1¼ 14 + 14	(pounds) 1 \(\frac{2}{3} \) 2 \(\text{or} \) 3 \(\frac{1}{3} \) 0 \(\text{or} \) 3 \(\frac{1}{3} \)						

^{*}In any single calendar year, the maximum Trific 60DF to apply is $1\frac{2}{3}$ pounds per acre on coarse soils; $2\frac{1}{2}$ pounds on medium soils; and $3\frac{1}{3}$ pounds on fine soils.

BARLEY - TRIFIC GODF ALONE

Trific 60DF is recommended as a postplant incorporated treatment to control foxtail (pigeongrass).

Apply Trific 60DF at a broadcast rate of 👸 pound per acre on coarse and medium soils and 1¼ pounds on fine soils.

Plant 2 to 3 inches deep in a well-tilled seedbed. Apply Trific 60DF after seeding but before the crop emerges. To incorporate, use flex-tine or diamond harrows operated two times in different directions, at speeds of at least 5 mph. Incorporate by operating equipment 1 to 1½ inches deep. Application and the first incorporation should be done in the same operation if possible. Both incorporations must be done within 24 hours.

BARLEY (FALL APPLICATION) - FOXTAIL/PIGEONGRASS CONTROL

Trific 60DF may be fall applied for foxtail/pigeongrass control in barley planted the following spring. Trific 60DF may be applied to ground that has a manageable trash level, has been fallowed or pretilled. The first incorporation is required within 24 hours after application. A second incorporation is required prior to planting to destroy emerged weeds and to ensure an even distribution of Trific 60DF treated soil.

Apply Trific 60DF at a broadcast rate of g pound per acre on coarse and medium soils and 1% pounds on fine soils.

BARLEY (ACREAGE CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM) - FOXTAIL CONTROL

Trific 60DF may be applied in the spring as a preplant soil incorporated treatment for foxtail control in spring seeded barley grown on land used in acreage conservation reserve programs.

Trific 60DF should be applied at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ pound per acre on coarse-textured soils and 1% pounds per acre on medium- and fine-textured soils. Do not exceed this rate or crop injury may occur.

Planting Directions--Barley should be seeded approximately 2 inches deep. --

Precaution—Use of this practice may result in a slight stand reduction. Follow the most severe grazing restrictions imposed either by the pesticide label or by the USDA Acreage Conservation Reserve Program, whichever is longer. Consult the local ASC office or other state agency to determine the period of the USDA grazing restriction.

BARLEY - TRIFIC SODE/FAR-GO TANK MIX

Trific 60DF/Fer-Go applied as a postplant incorporated treatment will control foxtail (pigeongrass) and wild out. --

Plant 2 to 3 inches deep in a well-tilled seedbed. Apply Trific 60DF/Far-Go after seeding but before crop emerges. To incorporate, use flex-tine or diamond harrows two times, operated in different directions, at speeds of at least 5 mph. Incorporate by operating equipment 1 to 1% inches deep. Application and the first incorporation should be done in the same operation if possible; if not, incorporate immediately after application.

Broadcast Rates Per Acre							
Soil Texture	Trific 60DF	Far-Go					
Coarse	ຄູ່ lb.	2 ½ pts.					
Medium	g lb.	2 ½ pts.					
Fine	1 ¼ lbs.	2 ½ pts.					

Precaution: Over application may result in crop injury. Read the Far-Go label carefully before using.

BEANS

DRY BEANS AND CASTOR BEANS

Apply and incorporate before planting at the following:

	Broadcast rate/acre	
Soil Texture	Eastern U.S.	Western U.S.
Coarse	ਤੂੰ lb.	₹ tb.
Medium	1 ¼ lbs.	1 - 1 ¼ lbs.
ine	1 2 lbs.	1 1/4 lbs.
to 5% organic matter	1 ¼ - 1 ² / ₃ lbs.	1 % - 1 ² / ₃ lbs.
5.1 to 10% organic matter	1 🔓 lbs.	1 ² / ₃ lbs.

For dry beans grown in Idaho, Oregon, and Washington only, apply any time between October 15 and December 31 at a broadcast rate/acre of $\frac{\pi}{8}$ lb. on coarse soil, 1 - 1% lbs. on medium soil, 1% lbs. on fine soil.

DRY BEANS - TRIFIC 60DF/EPTAM TANK MIX

Apply from two days before planting (up to planting in the eastern US) at the following:

	Broadcast rate/acre		
Soil Texture	Trific 60DF		Eptem 7E
	Eastern U.S.	Western U.S.	
Coerse	គ្គី មែ.	g lb.	2%-3% pts.
Medium	1 ¼ lbs.	1 -1 % tbs.	2%-3% pts.
Fine	1§ lbs.	1 ¼ lbs.	2¼-3½ pts.
2 to 5% organic matter	1¼ - 1 § lbs.	1% - 15 ibs.	2½-3½ pts.
5.1 to 10% organic matter	1§ lbs.	1 ² / ₃ lbs.	2½-3½ pts.

Precautions: This combination should not be used on soybean, black-eyed peas (beans), lima beans and other flatpodded beans except Romano. Do not use the foliage from a crop treated with this tank-mix for feed or for grazing.

Observe all directions, precautions and limitations on both products' labeling.

GUAR BEANS, MUNGBEANS, LIMA BEANS, SNAP BEANS

Apply and incorporate before planting at a broadcast rate/acre of 1 pt. on coarse soil and 1 ½ pts. on medium and fine soils.

CARROTS

Apply and incorporate before planting at the following:

	Broadcast rate/acre	
Soil Texture	Eastern U.S.	Western U.S.
Coarse	ģ lb.	g Hb.
Medium	1 % lbs.	1 - 1 ¼ lbs.
Fine	1 § lbs.	1 ¼ ibs.
2 to 5% organic matter	1 % - 1 ² lbs.	1¼ - 1 ² / ₃ lbs.
5.1 to 10% organic matter	1 2 lbs.	1 ² / ₃ lbs.

CELERY

Both direct-seeded and transplant.

Apply and incorporate before planting or transplanting at the following:

	Broadcast rate/acre
Soil Texture	Western U.S. only
Coarse	្វី lb.
Medium	1 - 1 ½ lbs.
Fine	1 ¼ lbs.
2 to 5% organic matter	1 ⅓ - 1 € lbs.
5.1 to 10% organic matter	1§ lbs.

CHICORY/ENDIVES

Apply Trifle 600F at the following tates and incorporate before planting.

Bioadoust Rate/Acie	
Soil Texture Triffa 600F	
Coarse	2 tb.
Midlim	4 % lbs.
Fine	1g iba.
2% to 5% organis matter	1 % - 15 lbs.
5.1.20.10% pryanic matter	15 lbs.

COLE CROPS BROCCOLI, BRUSSELS SPROUTS, CABBAGE, CAULIFLOWER

For transplants, apply and incorporate before transplanting at the following:

	Broadcast rate/acre	
Soil Texture	Eastern U.S.	Western U.S.
Coarse	₹ lb.	≟ lb.
Medium	1 ¼ lbs.	1 - 1 ¼ lbs.
Fine	1 	1 1/4 lbs.
2 to 5% organic matter	1 ¼ lbs.	1¼ - 1ឡ lbs.
5.1 to 10% organic matter	۱٩́ lbs.	1숙 lbs.

For direct-seeded, apply and incorporate before planting at the following:

	Broadcast rate/acre	
Soil Texture	Eastern U.S.	Western U.S.
Coarse	$\frac{7}{8}$ lb	ਤੂੰ lb
Medium	ੂੰ lb	7 (b
Fine	1 ¼ lbs.	i lb
2 to 5% organic matter	1 % lbs.	
5.1 to 10% organic matter		1 ¼ lbs.

Direct-seeded cole crops have exhibited marginal tolerance to recommended rates. Stunting or reduced stands may occur.

CORN (FIELD CORN) AND GRAIN SORGHUM (MILO)

Apply Trific 60DF to field corn or grain sorghum (8 inches or taller) as an over-the-top or directed spray to effectively control weeds ———listed for Trific 60DF.

Soil Preparation--Cultivate before a Trific 60DF application to insure loose, friable soil, to remove established weeds, and to cover the base of plants with soil

Application Directions--Trific 60DF should be applied and incorporated at the recommended rates for the soil texture when the crop is well established (8 inches or taller). Trific 60DF may be applied either as an over-the-top spray or as a directed spray. Drop nozzles should be used if foliage prevents uniform coverage of soil surface. Soil incorporation may be accomplished with only one pass of a sweep-type cultivator or a properly adjusted rolling cultivator.

The sweep-type cultivator should have 3 to 5 sweeps per row middle and be operated at 6 to 8 mph. Set the middle sweeps so as to avoid exposing untreated soil. Adjust the incorporation tools to prevent crop injury.

Broadcast rate/acre	
Soil Texture	Trific 60DF
Course	हुँ - ਨੂੰ lɔ.* ਤ · 1 ½ ibs.
Medium	
Fine	1 ¼ - 1 € ibs.

Use the lower rates when light weed pressure is anticipated and the higher rates when heavy weed pressure is anticipated.

*Corn Only: Apply $\frac{3}{8}$ to 1% lbs. per acre in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Virginia to control fall panicum and Texas panicum.

Precaution: Do not apply Trific 60DF to corn grown for seed. Do not apply Trific 60DF to corn or sorghum as a preplant or pre-emergence treatment, or crop injury may occur.

TRIFIC GODFIATRAZINE TANK MIX

Title SODE may be applied in tank-mix combination with attractive plus an amulalifiable off or oil cancernysts when com is at the 2-less each weeks are no more than 1% inches high: A 24-48 hour interval is required for the post-emergence activity of attractive activity. Attractive activity of attractive activity is 7 officeral may be activitied by incorporation or one-half such of rain or impation.

COTTON

Preemergence application.

Apply and incorporate before planting, at planting, immediately after planting, at the following:

	Broadcast rate/acre	
Soil texture	Eastern U.S.	Western U.S.
Coerse	ਰੂੰ lb.	n lb.
Medium	1 % lbs.	1 - 1 % lbs.
Fine	1 § lbs.	1 1/4 lbs.
2 to 5% organic matter	1 % lbs.	1% - 15 fbs.
5.1 to 10% organic matter	1 🖁 - 2 lbs.	1 € lbs.

When incorporating after planting, care must be taken not to disturb the seed.

Postemergence and lay-by application,

Apply any time up to lay-by but not less than 90 days before harvest. Direct lay-by applications to the soil between the rows and beneath emerged cotton plants. Use the same rates as for preemergence application.

Fall application.

Apply and incorporate any time from October 15 to December 31. The ground may be left flat or bedded-up over winter. On bedded ground, knock beds down to desired height before planting, moving some treated soil from beds into furrows. Where soil is left flat over winter, be careful not to turn up untreated soil during apring bedding operations. Destroy established weeds during seedbed preparation. If weeds become established in furrows due to uncovering of untreated soil during bedding, destroy these weeds before planting. In the fell, do not apply Trific 60DF to soils which are wet or subject to prolonged periods of flooding.

In Alabama, Arkansas, Northern Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, SE Missouri bootheel, New Mexico, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Texas, apply and incorporate at a broadcast rate/acre of 1\(\frac{2}{3}\) lbs. on coarse and medium soils and 2 lbs. on fine soil.

In Arizona and Nevada, apply and incorporate at a broadcast rate/acre of 1 % lbs. on coarse soil, 1 \(\frac{2}{3} \) lbs. on medium soil, 2 lbs. on fine soil.

In states other than those listed above, apply and incorporate at a broadcast rate/acre of $\frac{7}{8}$ lb. on coarse soil, 1 % lbs. on medium soil, 1 $\frac{9}{8}$ lbs. on fine soil, 1 % lbs. on soils with 2 to 5% organic matter, 1 $\frac{9}{8}$ to 2 lbs. on soils with 5.1 to 10% organic matter.

Incorporation with Bedding Implements.

Bedding implements (listers and hippers) may be used to soil incorporate Trific 60DF for weed control in cotton. Because bedding implements do not provide thorough soil mixing under all conditions, closely follow directions to optimize weed control. Weed control resulting from single pass incorporation with bedding equipment will be reduced compared to conventional double pass incorporation. Use the application rate recommended above for the soil texture to be treated.

Soil Preparation.

Crop Residues or Existing Weeds: Ground cover, such as crop residues or existing weeds, can interfere with uniform soil incorporation of Trific 60DF. A manageable level of such ground cover or crop residues, if excessive, should be reduced by appropriate soil tillage prior to application.

General Soil Conditions: The soil surface should be smooth enough to allow for uniform application and efficient incorporation of Trific 60DF. Apply Trific 60DF when soil moisture is sufficient to allow the breakup of large clods and uniform mixing during the incorporation process.

Use Directions for Bedding Equipment.

A lister or disk bedder may be used to incorporate Trific 60DF. Operate the implement according to the manufacturer's use directions in order to produce beds of the desired height. A ripper shank, sweep or chisel shank should be mounted on the bedder in a position behind the spray nozzles but shead of the bedder tool to help distribute Trific 60DF in the center of the bed. The use of bed tillage equipment such as rolling cultivators, P.T.O. driven rod weeders or bed conditioners after the bedding operation will provide additional soil mixing. Avoid deep tillage which might bring untreated soil to the surface resulting in loss of weed control. Weather conditions, cultural practices, bed tillage and planting procedures can effect the distribution of Trific 60DF treated soil. Weed control obtained will be dependent upon how uniformly Trific 60DF treated soil is distributed over the soil surface at the time of planting.

If trifluralin treated soil is moved exposing untreated soil during bed tillage or planting, a band application of Trific 60DF at planting or a postemergence application may be required to restore uniform weed control.

Precautions.

Do not incorporate with the bedding equipment if the soil is too wet for uniform soil mixing.

Special applications.

For the control of Fall Penicum, apply and incorporate at a broadcast rate/acre of 1% lbs. on both coarse and medium soils.

For the control of Rhizome Johnsongrass in all cotton producing states, except Arizona and California, apply a double-rate Trific 60DF program for 2 years in a row.

Applications can be made in spring, any time before planting for two years in a row or between October 15 and December 31 for two years in a row at a broadcast rate/acre of $\frac{1}{3}$ lbs. on coarse soil, 2½ lbs. on medium soil and $3\frac{1}{3}$ lbs. on fine soil. Proper preparation of the soil before application and deep incorporation is essential for best results. Use a chisel plow or similar implement to bring the rhizomes to the top of the soil. Then follow with a disc two times to cut the rhizomes into 2 to 3 inch pieces. Some Johnsongrass plants may escape; timely cultivation during the crop season is necessary. In the season following a double-rate treatment, plant only rice and those crops for which Trific 60DF can be applied as a preplant treatment or injury may result.

For the control of Pigweed and Seedling Johnsongrass in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, SE Missouri, North and South Carolina, Tennessee and Southern Virginia, apply Trific 60DF, preplant, at a broadcast rate/acre of $\frac{2}{3} < 1\%$ lbs. on coarse soil, 1% < 1% lbs. on medium soil, 1% lbs. on fine soil (2% lbs. in Louisiana).

For a more complete control of all listed grasses and weeds in counties along the Texas Gulf Coast (limited to Brazoria, Calhoun, Chembers, Fort Bend, Gelveston, Harris, Jackson, Jefferson, Liberty, Matagorda, Orange, Victoria, Waller and Wharton counties), apply up to 2 weeks before planting at a broadcast rate/acre of 1% lbs. on coarse soil, 1% lbs. on medium soil, 2% lbs. on fine soil.

Precautions: Cotton should be planted after early season adverse weather conditions have passed, especially when using higher rate programs. Cool, wet weather early in the growth cycle causes additional stress to the cotton plant. This may result in reduced stands, delayed maturity, and reduced yields.

TRIFIC 60DF/RIVERSIDE PROMETRYNE OR CAPAROL AL TANK MIX

For cotton grown in Arizona, New Mexico and Texas, apply to the flat soil surface before discing at the following:

Broadcast rate/acre		
Soil Texture	Trific 60DF	Prograde Promettyre, of Caparol 41.
Coarse	а њ.	#2.pts//
Medium	1 - 1½ tbs.	Moto:
Fine	1 ² / ₃ lbs.	Kinic

^{*}Do not use on sand and loamy sand soils. For band application the user should apply proportionally less.

Carefully follow the procedures on the Prometryne of Caparol label. After the Prometryne of Caparol is well mixed, add the Trific - 60DF and agitate continuously.

Precautions: Do not use this tank-mix on the cut areas of newly leveled fields, in areas of excess salt, and where flooding over the beds is likely to happen. Do not plent cotton in tractor wheel depressions. These conditions may cause crop injury. On mulch-planted cotton, water back only after cotton seedlings are well established.

Crop rotation: Cabbage, okra, onion, and peas may be planted in the fall after a spring application of the mixture. --

Winter barley, winter rye and winter wheat can be planted in the fall also if they are plowed down and not used for food or feed.

Observe all directions, precautions and limitations on both products' labeling. --

TRIFIC 60DF/RIVERSIDE® FLUOMETURON OR COTORAN® 4L TANK MIX

Except in Arizona and California.

Apply and incorporate at the following:

	Broadcast r	ate/acre
Soil texture	Trific 60DF	Riverside Hubmaturon of Cotoran 4L
Coarse	έ lb.	2 pts.
Medium	1 ½ lbs.	3.2 ptg.
Fine	۱۶ lbs.	4 ptá.

Use 15-40 gallons of clean water/acre.

Carefully follow the procedures on the <u>Fluometuron</u> or Cotoran label. After the <u>Fluometuron</u> or Cotoran is well mixed, add the Trific 60DF and agitate continuously.

Precautions: Do not plant crops other than cotton on the treated land within 6 months a' er application of this tank-mix or crop injury may result. Do not feed foliage from treated cotton plant or gin tresh to livestock. Do not mix with liquid fertilizers.

In West Texes, do not use on sandy, loamy sand or fine sandy loam soils. Do not use on cotton planted in furrows.

In Arkanses, Louisiana, and Mississippi, use 1.6 pts. of Plantage of Cotoran in tank-mix with Trific 60DF on sandy loam soils low in organic matter.

In New Mexico, do not plant treated land with crops other than cotton until one year after the last application. Do not use on sandy loam soils with less than 1 percent organic matter.

Observe all directions, precautions and limitations on both products' labeling.

COTORAN OVERLAY: Apply Trific 60DF as recommended and then **Riverside Busineturon** or Cotoran **4**, as a preemergence surface treatment at **2 16 4 pts**,/acre. On light soil and sandy soils low in organic matter, use the lower rate. Refer to Riverside or Cotoran label for cautions, precautions and instructions.

TRIFIC SOOF/ZORIAL® RAPID SO TANK-MIX

Tiffic #ODF may be used in tank-mix combination with Zone!* Rapid #0 to control weeds fasted on the Trific 60DF label, plus those leted for the tank mix. Follow use directions for Trific 60DF alone, and add Zone! Rapid 80 as directed on the Zone! Rapid 80 label.

TRIFIC 60DF PREPLANT FOLLOWED BY RIVERSIDE DIVIGO SODE OR KARMEX 80W OVERLAY

For cotton grown east of the Mississippi River, Arkenses, SE Missouri, Louisiana, and eastern Texas, apply and incorporate Trific 60DF before planting at usual rates. Then make a preemergence application of Diuron BODF of Karmex 80W at $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. for coarse soils, $\frac{2}{3}$ lb. for medium soils, and 1 lb. for fine soils.

Precautions: Do not use Discon or Karmex on sandy or low organic soils. Do not allow grazing on cotton treated with Karmex. Refer to Karmex 80W label for additional instructions, cautions and precautions.

CUCURBITS CANTALOUPES, CUCUMBERS, WATERMELONS

Use restricted to Western US including Texas.

Apply to postplant emerged at the following:

Soil texture	Broadcast rate/acre
Coarse	g tb.
Medium	1 - 1½ lbs.
Fine	1 % lbs.
2 to 5% organic matter	1½ - 1 ² / ₃ lbs.
5.1 to 10% organic matter	1 [∞] / ₃ ibs.

Use the higher rate in areas receiving more than 20" average annual rainfall.

Apply as directed spray to the soil between the rows and beneath the plants which are in the 3 to 4 true-leaf stage. Care should be taken that incorporation machinery does not damage the plants.

Triffe SODF can be used as an incorporated treatment in autumn only for control of specific weeds in flax seeded the following spring. Apply following rates and incorporate to a managem depth of 2-3 inches within 24 hours. Before apring seeding, do a Whallow incorporation, then pack the seadbed and seed using a press strill or hoe will to a maximum depth of 1 ½ inches.

Broadcest Application Riffes (ptis/recre)		
Soil Texture	Trific 60DF	
Coarse	ਜ਼ੌ 15 ₁	
Mediúm	1 % ibs.	
Fine	15 ibs.	

FORAGE LEGUMES

Trific 60DF can be used as a preplant incorporated broadcast applied treatment for preemergence control of many annual grasses and broadleaf weeds in direct seeded forage legumes used as a cover crop in the acreage conservation reserve program.

Apply and incorporate Trific 60DF following recommended procedures on the label. Apply Trific 60DF at the following:

Soil texture	Broadcast rate/acre
Coerse	ថ្មី lb.
Medium	g - 1 % lbs.
Fine	1 ¼ lbs.

Follow the more severe grazing restrictions imposed either by the pesticide label or by the USDA Conservation Use Program, whichever is longer. Consult the local ASC committee or other State Agency to determine the period of the USDA grazing restriction.

Precautions: Some stand reductions may occur with this use; however, excellent weed control will allow time for establishment of a quality stand.

GREENS

TURNIP GREENS (for processing), COLLARDS, KALE, MUSTARD GREENS Apply and incorporate before planting at a broadcast rate/acre of 🖁 fb. on coarse soils and 1 % lbs. on medium and fine soils. 📈

MUSTARD

For mustard grown for seed or processing for food in Minnesota and North Dakota, see "Greens" above.

HOPS

Apply and incorporate while the crop is dormant at a broadcast rate/acre of ϵ , ib. on coarse soil, 1-1% lbs. on medium soil, 1% lbs. on fine soil and soils with 2 to 10% organic matter.

MINT

(Established Peppermint and Spearmint)

Apply at a rate of $\frac{2}{8}$ lb. on coarse soil, 1 lb. on medium soil and 1% lbs. on fine soil during dormant period.

Use incorporation equipment that will insure thorough soil mixing with minimum damage to the crop.

OKRA

Apply and incorporate before planting, at planting or immediately after planting at the following:

	Broadcast rate/s	acre
Soil texture	Eastern U.S.	Western U.S.
Coarse	를 lb.	g lb.
Medium	1 % lbs.	1 - 1 ½ tbs.
Fine	1 ² / ₃ lbs.	1 1/4 lbs.
2 to 5% organic matter	1 ¼ - 1 ² / ₃ lbs.	1 % - 1 ² / ₃ lbs.
5.1 to 10% organic matter	1 ≰̃ lbs.	1 🖣 lbs.

ONIONS (Dry Bulb Only)

Trific 60DF may be used as an incorporated treatment. Apply as a directed epray between rows. Use shields to prevent contact with exposed builtie or foliage. Do not apply less than 60 days before harvest.

Incorporate 2-4 inches deep with one pass of a sweep-type or rolling cultivator. Avoid covering onion bulbs with treated soil, and spoid injuring bulbs while cultivating. Do not use this treatment under high moistures or high selenity conditions or grop injury could result.

Broedgest Re	e (pts./ecre)
Soil Texture	Triffic 60DF
Conraé	र्ड → र ्ड के.
Medkum	2 - 1% Iba.

PEANUTS

Spanish peanuts grown in Texas and Oklahoma only.

Apply and incorporate before planting, at planting or immediately after planting at a broadcast rate/acre of $\frac{7}{8}$ lb. on coarse soil. ϵ Care should be taken not to disturb the seed when incorporating after planting.

TRIFIC 60DF/VERNAM TANK MIX

Apply up to 10 days prior to planting, incorporate immediately after application at a broadcast rate/acre of $\frac{2}{3}$ lb. of Trific 60DF and $2\frac{1}{3}$ pts. of Vernam 7E.

Observe all directions, precautions and limitations on both products' labeling. -

PEAS

ENGLISH PEAS, DRY PEAS

Apply and incorporate before planting at a broadcast rate/acre of $\frac{2}{3}$ lb. on coarse and medium soils and 1% lbs. on fine soil.

TRIFIC 60DF/FAR GO TANK MIX

In Idaho, Oregon and Washington, the tank mix combination of Trific 60DF plus Far-Go will provide control of wild oat in addition to other annual grasses and broadleaf weeds controlled by trifluralin.

Application Rates: Broadcast § to, per acre on coarse and medium soils; § to, on fine soils. Use 1% quarts of Far-Go per acre for all soil textures,

Incorporation Directions: Apply and incorporate up to 3 weeks before planting. Follow recommended incorporation procedures for Trific 60DF.

Precautions: Do not apply to lentils. Leaf crinkling and delayed maturity of peas may occur, particularly on clay points in the Northwest; this is usually more than offset by a reduction of wild oat. Do not use foliage from treated peas for feed or forage. Refer to the cautions, precautions, and directions on the Far-Go label.

Fall application.

For dry and English peas grown in Idaho, Oregon and Washington only, apply and incorporate any time between October 15 and December 31 at a broadcast rate/acre of \$\frac{1}{8}\$ lb. on coarse soit, 1-1% lbs. on medium soil and 1% lbs. on fine soil. Destroy established weeds during seedbed preparation. Do not apply in the fall to soils which are wet or are subject to prolonged periods of flooding.

SOUTHERN PEAS

Apply and incorporate before planting at the following:

	Broadcast rate/acre		
Soil texture	Eastorn U.S.	Western U.S.	
Coarse	ਤੂੰ lb.	ੂੰ l b.	
Medium	1 ¼ lbs.	1 - 1 1/4 lbs.	
Fine	1 § ibs.	1 ¼ lbs.	
2 to 5% organic matter	1 ¼ - 1 ² / ₃ lbs.	1% - 1 ² / ₃ lbs.	
5.1 to 10% organic matter	1 § lbs.	1€ lbs.	

PEPPERS

Apply and incorporate before transplanting at the following:

Broadcast rate/acre		
Soil texture	Eastern U.S.	Western U.S.
Coarse	₹ lb.	ੂੰ lb.
Medium	1 ¼ lbs.	1 - 1% lbs.
Fine	1 3 lbs.	1 ¼ lbs.
2 to 5% organic matter	1 ¼ lbs.	1 ¼ - 1 ² / ₃ lbs.
5.1 to 10% organic matter	1 2 ibs.	15 lbs.

Do not apply after transplanting.

POTATOES

Not recommended for use in the state of Maine.

Apply after planting, before emergence or immediately following drag off or after the potato plants have fully emerged.

Broadcast rate/acre		
Soil texture	Eastern U.S.	Western U.S.
Coerse	<u> </u>	⁷ ਫ਼ਿ lb.
Medium	1 % lbs.	1 - 1% lbs.
Fine	1 ² / ₃ lbs.	1 % lbs.
2 to 5% organic matter	1 ¼ 1bs.	1¼ → 1ឡ lbs.
5.1 to 10% organic matter	1≟ lbs.	1∮ lbs.

Care should be taken so that incorporation machinery does not demage potato seed pieces or elongating sprouts. Set incorporation equipment so that bed and furrow will be uniformly covered by the product. If the layer of Trific 60DF treated soil is not uniform, potato emergence may be retarded and stem brittleness can occur. When applying and incorporating after potato plants have fully emerged, do not completely cover the foliage with treated soil.

Split application in Idaho, Oregon, and Washington.

Co all soils apply and incorporate $\frac{9}{8}$ lb, before planting and $\frac{9}{8}$ lb, after planting when potato plants have fully emerged. --

Precautions: Do not apply to soil containing 2% or more organic matter. -

TRIFIC 60DF/EPTAM* TANK MIX

For potatoes grown in Kanses, Minnesota, Nebraska, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota and Texas, apply after planting, but prior to crop emergence. In areas where potatoes are normally dragged off the mixture should be applied and incorporated up to or immediately following drag off.

		Broadcas	st rate/acre
Soil Texture	Trific	60DF	Eptam 7E
	Eastern U.S.	Western U.S.	
Coarse	គ្គំ lb.	₹ lb.	1 % - 7 pts.*
Medium	ੂੰ - 1 ¼ lbs.	ਤੂੰ - 1 ¼ lbs.	1 % - 7 pts.*
Fine	ੂੰ - 1ਵ੍ਹੇ lbs.	ਤੂ-1¼ lbs.	1 % - 7 pts.*
2 to 5% organic matter	1 ¼ lbs.	1 % lbs.	1 % - 7 pts."
5.1 to 10% organic matter	1-	1 ² / ₃ lbs.	1 ¾ - 7 pts.'

[&]quot;Use higher rates for nutsedge control.

Precautions: Do not graze or feed forage to livestock from fields treated with this mixture.

For potatoes grown in Washington, Idaho, and Oregon, apply and incorporate before planting at a broadcast rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. of Trific 60DF/acre and 3½ pts. of Eptam 7E/acre on all soils.

Precautions: Do not use this tank mixture both before and after planting in the same season. Do not use foliage from treated crops for feed or forage. Observe all directions, precautions and limitations on both products' labeling.

RAPE (CANOLA)

For use in all states except Alaska. Trific 60DF may be applied in the fall or early spring prior to seeding. Set incorporation equipment to incorporate to a depth of 3 to 4 inches. Apply $\frac{1}{8}$ lb. on coarse soil, 1% lbs. on medium soil, and $\frac{1}{8}$ lbs. on fine soil.

RADISHES

Apply as a preplant incorporated treatment.

Broadcast Rete		
Soil Texture	Triffic 60DF	
Confine	ž tb.	
FACE OF THE PARTY /b>	1§3bs.	
Fine	1- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	

SAFFLOWER

Apply and incorporate in the apring before plunting or in the fall between October 15 and December 31 at the following:

Sroadcast rate/acre		
Soil texture	Eastern U.S.	Western U.S.
Coarse	غ اله.	2 lb.
Medium	1 ¼ lbs.	1 - 1 % lbs.
Fine	1∳ lbs.	1 ¼ lbs.
2 to 5% organic matter	1 ¼ tbs.	1 ¼ lbs.
5.1 to 10% organic matter	1- 2 lbs.	1§ - 2 lbs.

Fail application.

For safflower grown in Arizona, California, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming: Apply and incorporate anytime between October 15 and December 31 at a broadcast rate/acre of 1% lbs. on coarse soil, 1\frac{9}{3} lbs. on medium soil, 2 lbs. on fine soil. Ground may be left flat or bedded-up over winter. On bedded ground, knock beds down to desired height before planting, moving some treated soil from tops into furrows. Where soil is left flat over winter, take care during spring bedding operations to prevent turning up untreated soil. Destroy established weeds during seedbed preparation. If weeds become established in furrows due to uncovering of untreated soil during listing, destroy these weeds before planting.

Precautions: Do not apply in the fall to soils which are wet or are subject to prolonged periods of flooding.

SOYBEAN

Apply and incorporate before planting at the following:

Soil texture	Broadcast rate/acre	
Coarse	ੂੰ tb.	
Medium	₹ ¼ lbs.	
Fine	1 ² / ₃ (bs.	
2 to 5% organic matter	1 1/4 tbs.	
5.1 to 10% organic matter	1 ² / ₃ - 2 lbs.*	

^{*} Except charcoal soils in Arkansas, Louisiana and Mississippi (sce below).

Newly cleared land often contains high organic matter (5 to 10%) and charcoal which results from burning debris. This tends to bind Trific 60DF reducing its weed control activity. Higher rates are therefore necessary, but increased rates can cause crop injury if charcoal or organic matter is not present. In the burn row a high level of charcoal is present; consequently, poor weed control may result even with an increased rate. Apply and incorporate at a broadcast rate/acre of 1% - 2 lbs. on coarse soil, 2 lbs. on medium soil, 2% lbs. on fine soil.

Fall application.

Apply anytime between October 15 and December 31. Ground may be left flat or bedded-up over winter. On bedded ground, knock beds down to desired height before planting, moving some treated soil from tops into furrows. Where soil is left flat over winter, take care during spring bedding operations to prevent turning up untreated soil. Destroy established wonds during seedbed preparation. If weeds become established in furrows due to uncovering of untreated soil during listing, destroy these weeds before planting.

In Alabama, Arkansas, Northern Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, Southeastern Missouri bootheel, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Texas: Apply and incorporate at a broadcast rate/acre of 1\hat{\hat{\cutech}} lbs. on coarse and medium soils and 2 lbs. on fine soil.

In states other than those listed above: Apply and incorporate at a broadcast rate/acre of $\frac{1}{6}$ lb. on coarse soil, 1% lbs. on medium soil and $\frac{1}{5}$ lbs. on fine soil, 1% lbs. on coarse soil with 2 to 5% organic matter, $\frac{1}{3}$ to 2 lbs. on soils with 5.1 to 10% organic matter.

Precautions: Do not apply to soils which are wet or subject to prolonged periods of flooding or where rice was grown the previous year.

Special applications.

For the control of Fall Panicum, apply at a broadcast rate/scre of 1 f lbs. on both coarse and medium soils. -

For more complete control of Pigweed and Seedling Johnsongrass in Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, and Southern Virginia: Apply at a broadcast rate/acre of $\frac{2}{8}$ - 1% lbs. on coarse soil, 1% - 1 $\frac{2}{3}$ lbs. on medium soil, 1 $\frac{2}{3}$ lbs. on fine soil (2% lbs. in Louisiana).

For more complete weed control in the Texas Gulf Coast (limited to Brazoria, Calhoun, Chambers, Fort Bend, Galveston, Harris, Jackson, Jefferson, Liberty, Metagorda, Orange, Victoria, Waller and Wharton counties): Apply up to 2 weeks before planting at a broadcast rate/acre of 1 ½ lbs. on coarse soil, 1 ½ lbs. on medium soil, 2 ½ lbs. on fine soil.

For suppression or partial control of Red Rice in Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Texas: Apply as directed at double the normal rate the first year and at the normal rate the second year. Apply and incorporate anytime in the spring before planting at the following:

Broadcast rate/acre		
Soil texture	1st Year	2nd Year
Coarse	1 ² / ₃ lbs.	த் lb.
Medium	2½ fbs.	1 ¼ lbs.
Fine	3 ½ fbs.	1 g ibs.
2 to 5 % organic matter	2 ½ lbs.	1 ¼ lbs.
5.1 to 10% organic matter	3 1bs.	1 g · 2 lbs.

If a combination of high organic matter and charcoal are present, apply in the second year the rates labeled for charcoal soils in Louisiana, Arkansas and Mississippi (1 ¼-2 lbs. on coarse soil, 2 lbs. on medium soil, 2 ½ lbs. on fine soil).

Crop rotation: The second year plant only those crops for which Trific 60DF has been registered as a preplant treatment, or crop injury may result.

Precautions: Do not plant rice the second year. Rice may be planted the third year.

For the control of Rhizome Johnsongrass in eastern United States and Texas: Apply in a row for two consecutive years according to the program that best fits your cultural practices: As spring application, anytime in spring before planting; as fall application, between October 15 and December 31; as split application, directed under both spring and fall applications.

Broadcast rate/acre		
Soil texture	Spring or Fall	Split Spring and Fall
Coarse	1 🕏 lbs.	န် lb.
Medium	2 ½ lbs.	1 % lbs.
Fine	3 ½ lbs.	1∜ lbs.
2 to 5% organic matter	2½ ibs.	1 % lbs.
5.1 to 10% organic matter	3 ½ lbs.	1 € ibs.

Soil Preparation—Proper preparation of the soil before application is very important for satisfactory results. Use a chisel plow or similar implement to bring rhizomes to the top of the soil. Then follow with a disc two times before application to cut the rhizomes into small (2 to 3 inch) pieces and to destroy any emerged johnsongrass.

Incorporation—Deep incorporation is essential for good Rhizome Johnsongrass control. Incorporate Trific 60DF thoroughly with a disc set to cut 4 to 6 inches deep and operate at 4 to 6 mph. Two passes are necessary, with the second pass in a different direction from the first.

Cultivation--Some Johnsongrass plants will escape. Timely cultivations during the crop season to remove escaped plants are necessary to obtain commercially acceptable control.

Crop Rotation: In the season following a double rate treatment, plant only rice or those crops for which Trific 60DF can be applied as a preplant treatment or injury may result.

For the control of Wild Cane (shattercane).

Wild Cene can germinate from greater soil depth than most other weed seeds. So veral "flushes" or germinating times are common in one season. Commercially acceptable control of Wild Cene can be obtained with increased rates of Trific 60DF.

Land preparation: Work the soil to destroy existing grasses and weeds. Thoroughly mix crop residues into the soil to 4 depth of 4 to 6 inches.

Application: Apply before planting at a broadcas' rate/acre of \$\frac{7}{8}\$ lb. on coarse soil, 1\frac{7}{8}\$ lbs. on medium soil, 2 lbs. on fine soil.

Incorporation: Deep incorporation is essential to good Wild Cane control. Incorporate thoroughly with a disc set to cut 4 to 6 inches deep and operate in 2 different directions at 4 to 6 mph. Cultivations during the crop season will also contribute to control.

Precautions: Plant soybeans after early season adverse weather conditions have passed; do not plant soybeans deeper than 2 inches. Crop injury in the form of delayed growth may occur under adverse cool, wet weather conditions early in the sileson when Trific 60DF is used according to these recommendations.

TRIFIC 60DF/SENCOR" OR LEXONE" TANK MIX

Trific 60DF/Sencor or Lexone controls grasses and weeds controlled by Trific 60DF alone plus additional weeds listed for the mixture. The tank mix can be applied from two weeks before planting up to planting.

Broadcast_rate/acre			
Soil texture	Trific BODF	Sencor 50WP/4 or Lexone 50WP/4L	Sencor DF or or Lexone DF
Coarse	ត់ tb .	⅓ lb./pt.	1/3 lb.
Medium	1 ¼ lbs.	% lb./pt.	% lb.
Fine	1§ lbs.	11b./pt.	- ₹ Nb.

Do not use on coarse soils with less than 1% organic matter.

Precautions: Do not plant any crop other than soybeans within 4 months after treatment. Over application, uneven application or improper soil incorporation can result in erratic weed control or crop injury. Seedling disease, cold weather, deep planting, excessive moisture, soil pill over 7.5, high selt concentration or drought may weaken crop seedlings and increase possibility of damage from the application of this tank mix. These additional factors may also delay crop development or reduce yields when Sencor or Lexone is applied. Observe all cautions and limitations on the Sencor and Lexone labels. Do not use the foliage from soybeans treated with the Trific 60DF/Sencor or Trific 60DF/Lexone tank mix for feed or forage.

Additional Sencor and Lexone precautions: Do not use Sencor or Lexone on Tracy, Semmes. Altona, Vansoy, or Coker 102 soybeans. These varieties are sensitive to Sencor or Lexone and crop injury may result. Seed must be planted at least 1½ inches but not more than 2 inches below the soil surface before a Sencor or Lexone application. Do not apply Sencor or Lexone at these rates more than once per season. Do not replant areas treated with Sencor or Lexone with any crop other than soybeans within 4 months after treatment. Injury to soybeans may occur if Sencor or Lexone is used on soils having a calcareous surface or pH of 7.5 or higher, or if used in conjunction with soil-applied organic phosphate pesticides.

For the control of Rhizome Johnsongrass.

Apply up to two weeks before planting for two consecutive years at the following:

broadcast rate/acre			
Soil texture	Trific 60DF	Sencor 50WP/4 or Lexone 50WP/4L	Sencor DF or or Lexone DF
Coarse	1५ lbs.	% lb./pt.	. 1b.
Medium	2 ½ lbs.	% lb./pt.	% Њ.
Fine	3 ½ lbs.	1 lb./pt.	₹ lb.

Do not use on coarse soils with less than 1% organic matter.

Read and follow all additional precautions listed for Trific 60DF/Sencor or Lexone tank mix above.

TRIFIC 60DF/CANOPY" FANK MIX (Do Not Use in California)

Apply Trific 60DF/Canopy as a preplant incorporated tank mix treatment. Follow recommended soil preparation, application and incorporation procedures for Trific 60DF. Plant soybeans within two (2) weeks after application.

Broadcast rate/acre				
Soil Texture Trific 60DF 0.5-3% O.M. or 3-5				
Coarse	≟ lb.	6-8 oz.	8-10 oz.	
Medium	1 ¼ lbs.	8·10 oz.	10-12 oz.	
Fine	1 ਜ਼ੀ lbs.	10 12 oz.	12 14 oz.	

Do not apply Canopy to soil with less than %% organic matter.

Use higher rates of Canopy on soils with higher organic matter or heavy pressure from large deep germinating weed seeds.

Where Canopy is applied, plant soybean seed 1 ½ to 2" deep on a flat or raised seedbed only, or crop injury may occur.

Soybean injury may occur where Canopy is applied if excessive rainfall occurs after application but before soybeans germinate.

Precautions: Read the Canopy label carefully for cautions and precautions relating to environmental hazards, planting of rotation crops, sprayer contamination and cleanup, soil pH, organic matter and soil texture use restrictions, soybean variety planting restrictions, restrictions where Atrazine or Scepter were used the previous year, restrictions concerning use with organic phosphate pesticides, grazing restrictions, and other directions, precautions and limitations before applying the Trific 60DF/Canopy tank mix.

TRIFIC 60DF/PREVIEW TANK MIX (Do Not Use in California)

Apply Trific 60DF/Preview as a preplant incorporated tank mix treatment. Follow recommended soil preparation, application, and incorporation procedures for Trific 60DF. Plant soybeans within two (2) weeks after application.

Broadcast rate/acre				
Soil Texture Trific 60DF		Preview Dispersible Grenutes 0.5-3% O.M. or 3-5% O.M.		
Coarse	ថ្លី Nb.	6 oz.	7 oz.	
Medium	1 ¼ lbs.	7 oz.	8 oz.	
Fine	1 <mark>경</mark> lbs.	8 oz.	9-10 oz.	

Do not apply Preview to soil with less than %% organic matter.

Use higher rates of Preview on soils with higher organic matter or heavy pressure from large, deep germinating weed seeds.

Where Preview is applied, plant soybean seed 1 ½ to 2" deep on a flat or raised seedbed only, or crop injury may occur.

Soybean injury may occur where Preview is applied if excessive rainfall occurs after application but before soybeans germinate.

Precautions: Read the Preview label carefully for cautions and precautions relating to environmental hazards, planting of rotation crops, sprayer contamination and cleanup, soil pH, organic matter and soil texture use restrictions, soybean variety planting restrictions, restrictions where Atrazine or Scepter were used the previous year, restrictions concerning use with organic phosphate pesticides, grazing restrictions, and other directions, precautions and limitations before applying the Trific 60DF/Preview tenk mix.

TRIFIC 600F/COMMAND® TANK-MIX

(Not for use in California)

Tark Mix: Apply as a preplent incorporated treatment to control of weeds listed for Trifferellin, as well as additional weeds listed for the tark mix. Triffe 600F may also be mixed with the Command*/Lexons* or Sendor* tark mix as directed on the Command label, Observe all precautions on the Command label to avoid injury to adjacent crops.

Broadcast Rate		
Solf Tearture	Trific 80DF	Command 4EC
Casree	7 tb./ecto	.75 pts./acre
Medium	1 % the./ecre	1.12 pts./ecre
ffine	1§ Walecre	1.5 pts./acre

TRIFIC 60DF/VERNAM® TANK MIX

Apply up to 10 days prior to planting at the following:

Broadcast rate/acre		
Soil texture	Trific 60DF	Vernam 7E
oerse	₫ lb.	1%-2 ¹ / ₃ pts.
edium	1 % Ibs.	2½ -3 pts.*
ine	1 € lbs.	3-3% pts.

*Use higher rates for nutsedge, wild cane and velvetleaf control. Observe all directions, precautions and limitations on both products' labeling.

TRIFIC 60DF PREPLANT INCORPORATED FOLLOWED BY OVERLAY TREATMENTS. (Do Not Use in California). Apply Trific 60DF as a preplant incorporated treatment. Additional weeds tolerant to trifluralin may be controlled by using overlay preemergence applications of Amiben, Canupy, Dual, Germini, Lasso, Lexone, Lorox Plus, Preview, Scepter or Sencor. Consult these product labels for additional weeds controlled, application directions and precautions before use.

SUGAR BEETS

Apply as a broadcast, over-the-top spray to plants immediately after blocking or thinning when plants are between 2 and 6 inches tall. Exposed beet roots should be covered with soil prior to application to reduce possibilities of girdling. Care should be taken that incorporation machinery does not damage the taproot.

Broadcast rate/acre		
Soil texture	Eastern U.S.	Western U.S.
Coarse	g lb.	1 pt.
Medium	1 % lbs.	11/4-11/5 pts.
Fine	1 % lbs.	1 ½ pts.

Special application.

Incorporation with a tine-tooth harrow in Colorado, Ideho, Kansas, Montana, Nebraska, Oregon, Texas, Utah, Washington, Wyoming. A properly operated tine-tooth harrow can provide adequate incorporation of the herbicide for effective weed control in sugar beets. Operate the tine-tooth harrow two times over the field in opposite directions at a speed of 3 to 6 mph and set the harrow to cut 1 to 2 inches deep. Care should be taken to insure that the tine-tooth harrow does not damage the sugar beet taproot.

SUGARCANE

Use restricted to eastern United States.

Plant Cape

Apply and incorporate twice a year at a broadcast rate/acre of $1\frac{2}{3}$ to $3\frac{1}{3}$ lbs. for all soil textures. Make the first application in the fall on firmly packed beds immediately after the seed pieces are planted.

Make the second application in the spring before or shortly after the cane emerges. Loosen rain-packed beds 2 to 3 inches deep before the spring application. Care should be taken so that incorporation machinery does not damage the seed pieces or emerging shoots.

Plant and Ratoon Cane (grown in Louisiana and Texas only).

Apply and incorporate at a broadcast rate/acre of $1\frac{2}{3}$ tos $3\frac{1}{3}$ lbs. for all soil textures. Make application in the spring after the beds have been shaved or false shaved before or shortly after the cane emerges up to lay-by. Loosen rain-packed bed 2 to 3 inches deep before application. Care should be taken so that incorporation machinery does not damage seed pieces or emerging roots.

Postplant in Hawaii (only for control of most annual grasses including guineagrass).

Apply to surface after planting (for plant cane) or after harvesting (for ration cane) before weeds and cane emerge at a broadcast rate/acre of 5 to $6\frac{2}{5}$ lbs. for all soil textures. In plant cane the bads should be formed or rolled before application. In ration cane, the crop residue should be removed before application. If large amounts of crop residues are present, Trific 60DF will not be effective. Apply just before anticipated rainfall or sprinkle irrigate immediately after application.

Itchgrass control (in Louisiana only).

Apply and incorporate on either plant or ration cane at a broadcast rate/acre of $3\frac{1}{2}$ fbs. for all soil textures. Apply in the spring from before or shortly after the cane emerges up to lay-by. Follow directions above for sugarcane lay-by application in Louisiana and Texas.

SUNFLOWER

Apply and incorporate in the spring or in the fall between October 15 and December 31 at the following:

	Broadcast rate/	acre
Soil texture	Eestern U.S.	Western U.S.
Coarse	ਤੂੰ lb.	ភ្នំ lb.
Medium	1 ¼ lbs.	1 - 1 1/4 lbs.
Fine	1 § lbs.	1 % lbs.
2 to 5% organic matter	1 ¼ + 1 2 lbs.	1% - 1 ² lbs.
5.1 to 10% organic matter	1 🛉 lbs.	15 lbs.

TOMATOES

For direct-seeded tomatoes, apply at blocking or thinning as a directed spray to soil between the rows and beneath the plants, and incorporate.

For transplant, apply and incorporate before transplanting. Do not apply after transplanting.

	Broadcast rate/acre		
Soil texture	Eastern U.S.	Western U.S.	
Coarse	_e lb.	p lb.	
Medium	1 ¼ lbs.	1 - 1 ½ lbs.	
Fine	1 2 lbs.	1 ¼ lbs.	
2 to 5% organic matter	1 ¼ lbs.	1 ¼ - 1 3 lbs.	
5.1 to 10% organic matter	1 🖁 lbs.	1§ lbs.	

TREES AND VINEYARDS

EASTERN U.S.

For new planting of vineyards, citrus and pecan trees, apply and incorporate before planting at the following:

Soil texture	Broadcast rate/acre
Coarse	ਤੂੰ lb.
Medium	1 ½ lbs.
Fine	1 ² / ₃ lbs.
2 to 5% organic matter	1 ¼ lbs.
5.1 to 10% organic matter	1 ද lbs.

For the far-bearing established plantings of citrus and pecan trees and bearing plantings, of grapefruit, lemon, orange, pecan, tangelo, and tangerine trees, apply at a broadcast rate/acre of $1\frac{1}{3}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. for all soil textures. Apply as a directed spray to soil around the trees and use incorporation methods not injurious to the trees. For continued weed control in citrus areas, apply twice a year at an interval of approximately 4 to 6 months.

WESTERN U.S.

For new plantings of almond, apricot, citrus, nectarine, peach, pecan, and walnut trees, apply and incorporate before planting at the following:

Soil texture	Broadcast rate/acre
Coarse	ტ lb.
Medium	1 - 1 % lbs.
Fine	1 ¼ lbs.
2 to 5% organic matter	ģ - 1 ¼ lbs.
5.1 to 10% organic matter	1 ද lbs.

For new plantings of vineyards, apply before planting at the following:

Soil texture	Broedcast rate/acre
Coarse	7 - 1 % lbs.
Medium	1¼ - 1⅓ lbs.
Fine	2% - 3 ¹ / ₁ lbs.
2 to 10% organic matter	2 ½ - 3 ½ lbs.

Do not use more than $1\frac{2}{3}$ lbs./acre on heat-treated grape rootings.

For post-plant applications on bearing and non-bearing established plantings of vineyards, almonds, apricot, grapefruit, lemon, nectarine, orange, peach, pecan, plum, prune, tangelo, tangerine and walnut trees, apply at a broadcast rate/acre of $\frac{12}{3}$ to $\frac{12}{3}$ to $\frac{12}{3}$ to all soil textures. Apply as a directed apray to the soil around the trees or vines and use incorporation methods not injurious to the trees or vines. Do not apply to vineyards within 60 days of harvest. For continued weed control in citrus trees, apply twice a year at an interval of about 4 to 6 months.

Special application.

For Rhizome Johnsongrass control (Western U.S. only).

Commercially acceptable control of Rhizome Johnsongrass can be obtained with post-plant applications in bearing and non-bearing established plantings of vineyards, almond, apricot, grapefruit, lemon, nectarine, orange, peach, pecan, tangelo, tangerines, and walnut trees. Work the soil thoroughly to bring the rhizomes nearer the surface. Apply for two years in a row at a broadcast rate/acre of $3\frac{1}{3}$ lbs. on all soil textures each year. Incorporate thoroughly with a disc set to cut 4 to 6 inches deep and operate 2 times at 4 to 6 mph. Some Johnsongrass plants will escape. Timely cultivations are necessary.

Precautions: Do not use the $3\frac{1}{3}$ lbs. rate on new plantings; do not apply to vineyards within 6 months of harvest; do not interplant orchards or vineyards with other crops; if the Trific 60DF treated vineyards and orchards are diverted to other crop uses, plant only those crops for which Trific 60DF has been registered as a preplant treatment.

For Field Bindweed control in vineyards, almond, apricot, grapefruit, lemon, nectarine, orange, peach, pecan, tangelo, and tangerine. Apply in the spring with a specially designed spray blade which applies at a soil depth of 4 to 6 inches at a broadcast rate/acre of $3\frac{1}{3}$ lbs. on all soil textures in 40-80 gallons of water/acre. Destroy all weeds and grasses with soil tillage before applying.

Precaution: Some soils develop cracks as they dry after rainfall or irrigation and Field Bindweed may emerge. Prevent or eliminate cracks by shallow discing or other tillage.

WHEAT

WHEAT (WINTER) grown in Idaho, Oregon and Washington.

Apply any time during a period from 3 weeks up to immediately prior to planting at a broadcast rate/acre of 1½ lbs. on coarse and medium soils and 1½ lbs. on fine soils. Incorporate, with a flexible tine-tooth harrow set to cut 1 to 2 inches deep and operate at 3 to 6 mph, one time within 24 hours after application and a second time, in a different direction, prior to planting. Do not till the soil with a disc after the material has been incorporated with a flexible tine harrow.

Precaution: Wheat planted in direct contact with treated soil may suffer crop injury in the form of delayed emergence and development. Use deep or semi-deep furrow drills.

WHEAT (WINTER) fallow soil application in Washington and Oregon.

Apply any time from May to September prior to the fall planting at a broadcast rate/acre of 1% lbs. on coarse and medium soils and $1\frac{2}{3}$ lbs. on fine soil. Incorporate, with a flexible tine-tooth harrow set to cut 1 to 2 inches deep and operate at 3 to 6 mph, one time within 24 hours after application and a second time, in a different direction, prior to planting. Do not till the soil with a disc after the material has been incorporated with a flexible tine harrow.

Precaution: Wheat planted in direct contact with treated soil may suffer crop injury in the form of delayed emergence and development. Use deep or semi-deep furrow drills.

WHEAT (SPRING AND DURUM)

Trific 60DF is recommended as a postplant incorporated treatment to control foxtail (pigeongrass).

Apply Trific 60DF at a broadcast rate of g lb, per acre on coarse and medium soils and 1% lbs, on fine soils.

Plant 2 to 3 inches deep in a well-tilled seedbed. Apply Trific 60DF after seeding but before the crop emerges. To incorporate, use flex-tine or diamond harrows operated two times in different directions, at speeds of at least 5 mph. Incorporate by operating equipment 1 to 1% inches deep. Application and the first incorporation should be done in the same operation if possible. Both incorporations must be done within 24 hours.

WHEAT (SPRING AND DURUM) - TRIFIC 60DF/FAR-GO TANK MIX

Trific 60DF/Far-Go applied as a postplant incorporated treatment will control foxtail (pigeongrass) and wild oat.

Plant 2 to 3 inches deep in a well-tilled seedbed. Apply Trific 60DF/Far-Go after seeding but before crop emerges. To incorporate, use flex-tine or diamond harrows two times, operated in different directions, at speeds of at least 5 mph. Incorporate by operating equipment 1 to 1% inches deep. Application and the first incorporation should be done in the same operation if possible. If not, incorporate immediately after application.

	Broadcast rate/acre		
	Trific 60DF	Far-Go	
Soil Texture	Durum Spring Wheat	Durum Spring Wheat	
Coarse	چ (b.	2 pts	
Medium	⊭ lb	2 pts.	
Fine	1 ½ lbs.	2 pts.	

Precaution: Overapplication may result in crop injury. Read the Far-Go label carefully before using.

FALL APPLICATION

General (Eastern U.S.): See specific crop for recommendations. For all crops for which there are no specific fall application instructions and for which Trific 60DF is recommended as a preemargence application, use the rates listed for spring applications. Do not apply Trific 60DF in the fall for sugarbeets, potatoes, and direct-seeded tomatoes.

Apply and incorporate Trific 60DF any time between October 15 and December 31. Ground may be left flat or bedded-up over winter. On bedded ground, knock beds down to desired height before planting, moving some treated soil from beds into furrows. Where soil is left over winter, be careful not to turn up untreated soil during spring bedding operations. Destroy established weeds during seedbed preparation. If weeds become established in furrows due to uncovering of untreated soil during bedding, destroy these weeds before planting. Do not apply Trific 60DF in the fell to soils which are wet, are subject to prolonged periods of flooding or where rice was grown the previous year.

UNDER PAVED SURFACES

Directions for Use and Site Preparation:

Trific 60DF should be used only where the area to be treated has been prepared according to good construction practices. If rhizomes, stolons, tubers or other vegetative plant parts are present in the site, they should be removed by scalping with grader blade to a depth sufficient to insure their complete removal.

Application should be made only when final grade is established or after additions of base rock. Do not move soils following Trific 60DF application and do not apply Trific 60DF to areas where asphalt is to be layed directly on top of soil. Paving should follow Trific 60DF applications as soon as possible.

Application Directions:

Apply Trific 60DF to insure thorough coverage of the base rock layer. Apply the following amount of Trific 60DF:

Broadcast Application Rates/Acre		
Per 1000 sq. ft.	Per Acre	
.46 to .63 pounds	20 to 27 pounds	

^{*}SENCOR is a registered trademark of Parent Co. of Farbenfabriken Bayer Gmbh,

NOTICE: Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use. If a lack of commercially acceptable control occurs, purchaser must notify Terra within thirty (30) days after the first planting or after application of Trific 60DF to the treated crop, whichever occurs later. Neither this warranty nor any other warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to Seller, and Buyer assumes the risk of any such use.

^{*}KARMEX, *LEXONE, *CANOPY, and *PREVIEW are registered trademarks of E.I. Du Pont de Namoura & Co., Inc.

^{*}EPTAM and *VERNAM are registered trademarks of ICI Americas, Inc.

^{*}COTORAN and *CAPAROL are registered trademarks of Ciba-Geigy Corp.

^{*}FAR-GO is a registered trademark of Monsanto Co.

^{*}COMMAND is a registered trademark of FMC Corporation.

ZORIAL is a registered trademark of Sandoz Ltd.