

**RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE
(GROUND AND SURFACE WATER CONCERNS)**

FOR RETAIL SALE TO AND USE ONLY BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS OR PERSONS UNDER THEIR DIRECT SUPERVISION, AND ONLY FOR THOSE USES COVERED BY THE CERTIFIED APPLICATOR'S CERTIFICATION.

THIS PRODUCT IS A RESTRICTED USE HERBICIDE DUE TO GROUND AND SURFACE WATER CONCERNS. USERS MUST READ AND FOLLOW ALL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE POTENTIAL FOR ATRAZINE TO REACH GROUND AND SURFACE WATER.

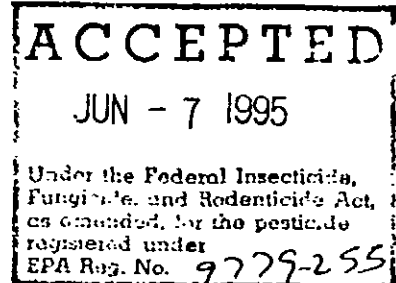
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ATRAZINE 4L

For weed control in corn, sorghum, and other crops

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS	43.0%
Atrazine (2-chloro-4-ethylamino-6-isopropylamino-s-triazine)	40.8%
Related Compounds	2.2%
INERT INGREDIENTS	57.0%
TOTAL	100.0%

Atrazine 4L contains 4 lbs. active ingredients per gallon.



KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

STATEMENT OF PRACTICAL TREATMENT

IF SWALLOWED: Contact your local poison control center, hospital, or physician. If the patient is unconscious, maintain breathing and heartbeat (cardiopulmonary resuscitation). If the patient is conscious and alert, induce vomiting (syrup of ipecac or stimulate the back of the throat with a finger). Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and apply respiration if indicated.

IF ON SKIN: Wash skin with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

IF IN EYES: Flush with plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

CAUTION

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

Harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin. Do not breathe dust or spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

NOTE TO PHYSICIANS: There is no specific antidote for atrazine. If this product is ingested, induce emesis or lavage stomach. The use of an aqueous slurry of activated charcoal may be considered.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Applicators and other handlers (other than mixers and loaders) must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, waterproof gloves, and chemical-resistant footwear plus socks.

Mixers and Loaders must wear long-sleeved shirt and long pants, waterproof gloves, chemical-resistant footwear plus socks, and protective eyewear.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240 (d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Read Additional PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.

EPA Reg. No. 9779-255

EPA Est. No. 9779-AR-13

Manufactured For
RIVERSIDE/TERRA CORP.

NET CONTENTS
GALS.

P.O. Box 6000, Sioux City, Iowa 51102-6000

Riverside Serves Agriculture. Agriculture Serves Everyone.

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USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water or areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Runoff and drift from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

Atrazine leaches readily and accepted label rates have been found to result in contamination of water supplies by way of groundwater. Therefore users are advised to avoid use of atrazine in well drained soils, particularly in areas having high groundwater tables. Ground water contamination may be reduced by diking and flooring of permanent liquid bulk storage sites with an impermeable material. This product may not be mixed/loaded, or used within 50 feet of all wells including abandoned wells, drainage wells, and sink holes. This product may not be mixed or loaded within 50 feet of intermittent streams and rivers, natural or impounded lakes and reservoirs. This product may not be applied aerially or by ground within 66 feet of the points where field surface water runoff enters perennial or intermittent streams and rivers or within 200 feet around natural or impounded lakes and reservoirs. If this product is applied to highly erodible land, the 66 foot buffer or set-back from runoff points must be planted to crop or seeded with grass or other suitable crop.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Where there are state/local requirements regarding atrazine use (including lower maximum rates and/or higher set-backs) which are different from the label, the more restrictive/protective requirements apply.

Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system.

For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water, is: coveralls, waterproof gloves, and chemical-resistant footwear plus socks.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep unprotected persons and pets out of treated areas until sprays have dried.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

DO NOT CONTAMINATE WATER, FOOD, OR FEED BY STORAGE OR DISPOSAL.

STORAGE

Store in a dry location away from children, animals, food, feeds, seeds, or other agricultural chemicals. Handle in accordance with information given under PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS. In the event of spillage or leakage, soak up material with absorbent clay, sand, sawdust, or other absorbent material. Scrape up and dispose of in accordance with information given under DISPOSAL. Repackage and relabel useable product in a sound container. In case of fire or other emergency, report at once by toll-free telephone to 800-424-9300.

DISPOSAL

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Triple rinse (or equivalent). Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

GENERAL INFORMATION

This herbicide controls many annual broadleaf and grass weeds in corn, sorghum, sugarcane, and certain other crops specified on this label. This product may be applied before or after weeds emerge.

FOLLOWING MANY YEARS OF CONTINUOUS USE OF THIS PRODUCT AND CHEMICALLY RELATED PRODUCTS, BIOTYPES OF SOME OF THE WEEDS LISTED ON THIS LABEL HAVE BEEN REPORTED WHICH CANNOT BE EFFECTIVELY CONTROLLED BY THIS AND RELATED HERBICIDES. WHERE THIS IS KNOWN OR SUSPECTED, WE RECOMMEND THE USE OF THIS PRODUCT IN COMBINATION WITH OTHER REGISTERED HERBICIDES WHICH ARE NOT TRIAZINES. CONSULT WITH YOUR STATE AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION SERVICE FOR SPECIFIC RECOMMENDATIONS.

SINCE THIS PRODUCT ACTS MAINLY THROUGH ROOT ABSORPTION, ITS EFFECTIVENESS DEPENDS ON MOISTURE TO MOVE IT INTO THE ROOT ZONE. IF WEEDS DEVELOP, A SHALLOW CULTIVATION OR ROTARY HOEING WILL GENERALLY RESULT IN BETTER WEED CONTROL.

This product is nonflammable.

Avoid using near adjacent desirable plants or in greenhouses, or injury may occur.

Where the use directions give a range of rates, use the lower rate on coarse-textured soil and soil low in organic matter; use the higher rate on fine-textured soil and soil high in organic matter.

Note: Seller does not recommend applications in combination with other herbicides or oils, except as specifically described on the label.

APPLICATION PROCEDURES

Ground Application: Use conventional ground sprayers equipped with nozzles that provide accurate and uniform application. Be certain that nozzles are uniformly spaced and are the same size. Calibrate sprayer before use and recalibrate at the start of each season and when changing carriers. Unless otherwise specified, use a minimum of 10 gallons of spray mixture per acre for all preplant, preemergence, and postemergence applications (with or without oil or surfactant) with ground equipment.

Use a pump with a capacity to (1) maintain 35-40 psi at nozzles, (2) provide sufficient agitation in tank to keep mixture in suspension, and (3) to provide a minimum of 20% bypass at all times. Use centrifugal pumps which provide propeller shear action for dispersing and mixing this product. The pump should provide a minimum of 10 gallons per minute per 100 gallons tank size circulated through a correctly positioned sparger tube or jets.

Use screens to protect the pump and to prevent nozzles from clogging. Screens placed on the suction side of the pump should be 16-mesh or coarser. Do not place a screen in the recirculation line. Use 50-mesh or coarser screens between the pump and boom, and where required, at the nozzles. Check nozzle manufacturer's recommendations.

For band applications, calculate amount to be applied per acre as follows:

$$\frac{\text{band width in inches}}{\text{row width in inches}} \times \text{broadcast rate per acre} = \text{amount needed per acre of field}$$

Aerial Application: Use aerial application only where broadcast applications are specified. Apply in a minimum of 1 quart of water for each quart of ATRAZINE 4L applied per acre. For postemergence treatments on corn and sorghum, apply recommended rate in a minimum of 2 gallons of water per acre. Avoid applications under conditions where uniform coverage cannot be obtained or where excessive spray drift may occur.

Application in Water or Liquid Fertilizer: Nitrogen solution or complete liquid fertilizer may replace all or part of the water as a carrier for preemergence or preplant ground application on corn and sorghum. Before using, check the compatibility of this product with liquid fertilizer and/or nitrogen solution as shown below. Do not apply in nitrogen solution or complete liquid fertilizer after corn or sorghum emerges, except as noted under Lay-by Treatment for corn, or crop injury may occur.

To determine the compatibility of ATRAZINE 4L alone or in tank mixtures, with fluid fertilizer, pour the products into a small container of fluid fertilizer in the proportions shown below. For different spray volume or herbicide rate, make appropriate changes in the ingredients.

For each pint of ATRAZINE 4L or other liquid or flowable product to be applied per acre, add 0.5 teaspoon or 2.5 milliliters of the product to one pint of fluid fertilizer (assuming a volume of 25 gallons per acre).

For each pound of a dry product to be applied per acre, add 1 level teaspoon or 5 milliliters of the product to one pint of fluid fertilizer (assuming a volume of 25 gallons per acre).

After thorough mixing, let stand for 5 minutes. If the herbicide/fertilizer combination remains mixed, or can be remixed readily, the mixture is compatible and can be sprayed. If it is not compatible, make a water slurry with the herbicide before adding the fertilizer and use the mixture only if this test shows it is compatible.

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Application in Water Plus Emulsifiable Oil or Oil Concentrate: Adding an emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate, such as Prime Oil or Prime Oil II, to postemergence water-based sprays on corn and sorghum may improve weed control. However, under certain conditions, the use of either type of oil may seriously injure the crop. To minimize this possibility, observe the following directions.

Use a crop oil containing 1-2% suitable emulsifier, or a suitable crop oil concentrate containing not more than 20% emulsifier or surfactant blend. Emulsifiable oil and oil concentrates contaminated with water or other materials can cause compatibility problems and/or crop injury.

Mixing Procedures-All Uses: (1) Be sure sprayer is clean and not contaminated with any other materials or crop injury or sprayer clogging may result. (2) Fill tank $\frac{1}{4}$ full with clean water, nitrogen solution, or complete liquid fertilizer. (3) Start agitation. (4) Be certain that the agitation system is working properly and creates a rippling or rolling action on the liquid surface. (5) Pour product directly from container into tank. (6) Continue filling tank until 90% full. Increase agitation if necessary to maintain surface action. (7) Add emulsifiable oil, oil concentrate or tank mix herbicide(s) after this product is thoroughly suspended. (8) Finish filling tank. (9) Empty tank as completely as possible before refilling to prevent buildup of oil or emulsifiable concentrate residue. Maintain agitation to avoid separation of materials. (10) If an oil or emulsifiable concentrate film starts to build up in tank, drain it and clean with strong detergent solution or solvent. (11) Clean sprayer thoroughly immediately after use by flushing system with water containing a detergent.

Rotational Crops - All Uses: (1) Do not rotate to any crop except corn or sorghum until the following year, or injury may occur. (2) If applied after June 10, do not rotate with crops other than corn or sorghum the next year, or crop injury may occur. (3) In the High Plains and Intermountain areas of the West where rainfall is sparse and erratic or where irrigation is required, use only when corn or sorghum is to follow corn or sorghum or when a crop of untreated corn or sorghum is to precede other rotational crops. (4) In eastern parts of the Dakotas, KS, western MN and NE, do not rotate to soybeans if the rate applied to corn or sorghum was more than 2.2 lbs./A or equivalent band application rate, or soybean injury may occur. (5) Injury may occur to soybeans planted the year following application on soils having a calcareous surface layer. (6) Do not plant sugar beets, tobacco, vegetables (including dry beans), spring-seeded small grains, or small-seeded legumes and grasses the year following application, or injury may occur.

ATRAZINE 4L applied alone—Corn or Grain Sorghum*

Preplant Surface-Applied, Preplant Incorporated or Preemergence (or Postemergence at 4 pts./A With Oil)

Broadleaf and Grass Weeds Controlled:

annual morningglory	mustards
barnyardgrass	nightshade
(watergrass)***	pigweed
cocklebur**	purslane
giant foxtail**	ragweed
green foxtail**	velvetleaf
groundcherry	(buttonweed)**
jimsonweed	wild oats
kochia	witch grass
lambsquarters	(Panicum capillare)***
large (hairy) crabgrass**	yellow foxtail***

Postemergence with Emulsifiable Oil or Oil Concentrate in Water (at 2.4 pts./A)

Broadleaf Weeds Controlled:

annual morningglory	pigweed
cocklebur	ragweed
jimsonweed	smartweed
lambsquarters	wild buckwheat
mustards	velvetleaf**

*Where there are state/local requirements regarding atrazine use (including lower maximum rates and/or greater setbacks) which are different from the label, the more restrictive/protective requirements must be followed.

Certain states may have established rate limitations within specific geographical areas. Consult your state lead pesticide control agency for additional information. It is a violation of this label to deviate from state use regulations.

** Partial control only.

***Partial control only on medium and fine-textured soils.

CORN

Preplant Surface-Applied (Broadleaf and grass control): Use on medium- and fine-textured soil with minimum-tillage or no-tillage systems only in CO, IA, IL, IN, KS, KY, MN, MO, MT, ND, NE, SD, WI, and WY. Apply the recommended rate of Atrazine 4L shown in Table 1 up to 45 days prior to planting. On coarse-textured soils, do not apply more than 2 weeks prior to planting. If an unsatisfactory length of weed control results from adverse environmental conditions following early treatment, a follow-up application of an appropriately labeled herbicide may be used. If the follow-up treatment includes atrazine, do not exceed the labeled rate for corn indicated in Table 1.

Preplant Incorporated (Broadleaf and grass control): Broadcast in spring after plowing at rate in Table 1. Apply before, during, or after final seedbed preparation. Avoid deep incorporation. For best results, apply within two weeks prior to planting.

Preemergence (Broadleaf and grass control): Apply during or shortly after planting before weed emergence at rate in Table 1.

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Postemergence (Broadleaf and grass control): Apply before weeds EXCEED 1.5 inches in height at rate in Table 1. Postemergence application to corn must be made before corn reaches 12 inches in height.

TABLE 1: BROADLEAF AND GRASS WEED CONTROL IN CORN*

FOR ALL SOIL APPLICATIONS PRIOR TO CROP EMERGENCE

On Highly Erodible Soils (as defined by SCS)

If conservation tillage is practiced leaving at least 30% of the soil covered with plant residues at planting, apply 4 pints/A as a broadcast spray.

If the soil coverage with plant residue is less than 30% at planting, a maximum of 3.2 pints/A may be applied.

On Soils Not Highly Erodible

Apply 4 pints/A as a broadcast spray.

FOR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION

If no atrazine was applied prior to corn emergence, apply 4 pints/A broadcast spray. If a postemergence treatment is required following an earlier herbicide application, the total atrazine applied may not exceed 5 pints per acre per calendar year.

*Broadleaf control (eastern CO, western KS, western NE, NM, OK Panhandle, west TX and eastern WY). On sand, sandy loams, mild to strongly alkaline soil, and all recently leveled soil, apply no more than 2.4 pts./A, either preplant or preemergence. On the other soils in these areas, apply rate in Table 1 for broadleaf and grass control.

In case of planting failure, corn may be replanted. Do not make a second broadcast application, as injury may occur. If originally applied in a band and corn is replanted in untreated row middles, this product may be applied in a band to the second planting. However, the maximum application rate for corn is 5 pts. per acre per calendar year.

Postemergence with Emulsifiable Oil or Oil Concentrate in Water: Add the following volume of one of the type oils indicated for aerial or ground application unless the oil label specifies otherwise:

Type Oil	Ground Application	Aerial Application
Oil Concentrate (Crop or Petroleum-derived)	1 quart/Acre	1/2 - 1 quart/ Acre
Petroleum-derived oil	1 gallon/Acre	2 quarts/Acre

Broadleaf and Grass Control: Broadcast 4 pts./A plus emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate after weed emergence, but before weeds reach 1.5 inches in height.

Broadleaf Control: Broadcast 2.4 pts./A plus emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate before pigweed and lambsquarters reach 6 inches in height and before all other weeds reach 4 inches in height. A cultivation may be necessary if all weeds are not controlled or if weeds regrow.

Precautions for Applications with Emulsifiable Oil or Oil Concentrate: (1) Do not apply when crop is under stress from prolonged cold, wet weather, poor fertilizer, or other factors, or when crop is wet and succulent from recent rainfall, or crop injury may occur. (2) Inbred lines or any breeding stock may be severely injured by applications with emulsifiable oil or oil concentrate. (3) Adding other insecticides, herbicides, liquid fertilizers, or other materials is not recommended because they may cause compatibility problems or crop injury. (4) Store and handle emulsifiable oil and oil concentrate carefully. Oil contaminated with even a small amount of water may not emulsify properly when added to the tank.

TANK MIXTURES FOR CORN

This product may be tank mixed with these herbicides for control of certain broadleaf and grass weeds in corn:

Dual*	Lasso* or Lasso EC
Dual + Gramoxone Extra*	Lasso or Lasso EC + Roundup
Dual + Roundup*	Lasso or Lasso EC + Gramoxone Extra
Dual + Simazine	Gramoxone Extra
Dual + Simazine + Gramoxone Extra	Simazine
Dual + Simazine + Roundup	Simazine + Gramoxone Extra
Bexton* or Ramrod*	Simazine + Roundup
Bladex*	Sutan +*
Roundup*	

*Use tank mix directions appearing on the labels of the above herbicides when tank mixing with this product. Observe all precautions and limitations on labeling of products used in a particular tank mix.

Note: When labels of the above herbicides refer to Atrazine 80W or Atrazine 90DF, use equivalent rates of ATRAZINE 4L. One lb. of 80W equals 1.6 pts. of ATRAZINE 4L. One lb. of 90DF equals 1.8 pts. of ATRAZINE 4L.

Princep 4L (4LC), Princep Caliber® 90, or Simazine 90DF

In addition to the weeds listed under ATRAZINE 4L "Applied Alone—Corn and Grain Sorghum"—Preplant or Preemergence, this combination also controls crabgrass, fall panicum, and carpetweed.

Broadcast tank mix before planting, at planting, or after planting, but before crop and weeds emerge at rates in Table 2. Use the 1:1 ratio for control of most weeds. Use the 1:2 ratio for expected heavy infestations of crabgrass and fall panicum. Cultivate shallowly if weeds develop.

Preplant: Apply in spring during or after final seedbed preparation. If soil is tilled or worked after application, avoid deep incorporation. For best results, apply within two weeks prior to planting.

Preemergence: Apply during or shortly after planting, but before crop and weeds emerge.

Refer to Corn sections of this label and to Princep 80W, Princep Caliber 90, or Princep 4L(4LC) labels for further directions, limitations, and precautions.

TABLE 2: TANK MIXTURES WITH SIMAZINE ON CORN:

	BROADCAST RATE PER ACRE			
	1:1 Ratio*		1:2 Ratio**	
Soil Texture	This Product	Simazine 90DF	This Product	Simazine 90DF
Sand, loamy sand, sandy loam	2 pts.	1.11 lbs.	1.32 pts.	1.48 lbs.
Loam, silt loam, silt, clay loam, sandy clay loam, silty clay loam, sandy clay, or silty clay with low organic matter	2.4 pts.	1.33 lbs.	1.6 pts.	1.78 lbs.
Loam, silt loam, silt, clay loam, sandy clay loam, silty clay loam, sandy clay, or silty clay with medium to high organic matter, and clay (including dark prairie soils of the Corn Belt)	3 pts.	1.6 lbs.	1.92 pts.	2.13 lbs.

*For control of above weeds

**For control of expected heavy infestations of crabgrass and fall panicum.

*When using Simazine 90DF or Princep 4L(4LC), use equivalent rates. One lb. of Simazine 90DF equals 1.8 pts. of Princep 4L(4LC).

Princep 4L(4LC), or Simazine 90DF plus Roundup: Use as a tank mixture for preemergence and postemergence control of certain broadleaf and grass weeds where corn will be planted directly into a cover crop, established sod, or in previous crop residues. Refer to Roundup label for all directions, weeds controlled, precautions, and limitations.

Princep 4L (4LC), or Simazine 90DF plus Gramoxone Extra: Use as a tank mixture with Princep and Gramoxone Extra to kill existing vegetation and for residual weed control where corn will be planted directly into a cover crop, established sod, or in previous crop residues. Add this product and Princep to water in spray tank, agitating until thoroughly mixed. Then add Gramoxone Extra* and a nonionic surfactant, such as Activate Plus. Continue agitation during application. Broadcast 2-4 pts. of this product plus 2-4 pts. Princep 4L(4LC), or 1.1-2.2 lbs. Princep Caliber 90 or Simazine 90DF) plus 1-2 pts. Gramoxone Extra in 20-60 gallons of water per acre. Apply before, during, or after planting, but before corn emerges. Add 0.5 pt. of a nonionic surfactant, such as Activate Plus, per 100 gallons of spray mixture. Use the 2 pt. rate of Gramoxone Extra if existing vegetation is 4-6 inches tall. This mixture will not control weeds taller than 6 inches.

*Refer to further limitations and precautions on labels for this product, Princep, Simazine 90DF and Gramoxone Extra

TABLE 3: TANK MIXTURES WITH SENCOR* ON CORN (POSTEMERGENCE):

PRODUCTS	RATE PER ACRE	DIRECTIONS
ATRAZINE 4L + SENCOR 4L	1 to 3 pints + 3 fluid ounces	Apply as a broadcast spray during the interval from corn emergence until corn is 12 inches tall. A non-ionic surfactant, such as <i>Activate Plus</i> at the rate of 1 quart per 100 gallons of spray solution may be added to improve weed control.
ATRAZINE 4L + SENCOR DF or SENCOR SOLUPAK	1 to 3 pints + 2 ounces	

Precautions for all applications to corn: (1) The maximum application rate for corn is 5 pts. per acre per calendar year. (2) Following harvest, plow (moldboard or disk-plow) and thoroughly till soil in fall or spring to minimize possible injury to rotational spring-seeded crops, regardless of rate used.

Note for all Applications to Corn: Do not graze or feed forage from treated areas for 21 days following application.

ROTATIONAL CROPS: (1) Do not rotate to any crop except corn or sorghum until the following year, or injury may occur. (2) If applied after June 10, do not rotate with crops other than corn or sorghum the next year, or crop injury may occur. (3) In the High Plains and Intermountain areas of the West where rainfall is sparse and erratic or where irrigation is required, use only when corn or sorghum is to follow corn or sorghum or when a crop of untreated corn or sorghum is to precede other rotational crops. (4) In eastern parts of the Dakotas, KS, western MN, and NE, do not rotate to soybeans if the rate applied to corn or sorghum was more than 4 pts./A or equivalent band application rate, or soybean injury may occur. (5) Injury may occur to soybeans planted the year following application on soils having a calcareous surface layer. (6) Do not plant sugar beets, tobacco, vegetables (including dry beans), spring seeded small grains, or small-seeded legumes and grasses the year following application or injury may occur.

SORGHUM AND SORGHUM-SUDAN HYBRIDS (Grain and Forage Types)

Preplant Surface-Applied (Broadleaf and grass control): Use on medium- and fine-textured soil with minimum-tillage or no-tillage systems only in CO, IA, IL, IN, KS, MN, MO, MT, ND, NE, SD, WI, and WY. Apply the recommended rate of Atrazine 4L shown in Table 3 up to 45 days prior to planting. If an unsatisfactory length of weed control results from adverse environmental conditions following early treatment, a follow-up application of an appropriately labeled herbicide may be used. If the follow-up treatment included atrazine do not exceed the labeled rate for corn indicated in Table 1. Under dry conditions, irrigation after application is recommended to move Atrazine 4L into the soil.

If weeds are present at time of treatment, apply in a tank mix combination with a contact herbicide (for example, Gramoxone Extra or Roundup). Observe directions for use, precautions, and restrictions on the label of the contact herbicide.

Note: To the extent possible, do not move treated soil out of the row or move untreated soil to the surface during planting, or weed control will be diminished.

Preplant Incorporated (Broadcast and grass control): Broadcast in spring after plowing at rate in Table 3. Apply before, during, or after final seedbed preparation. If soil is tilled or worked after application, avoid deep incorporation. For best results, apply within two weeks prior to planting.

Preemergence or At-Planting (Broadleaf and grass control): Apply during or shortly after planting, but prior to weed or crop emergence at rate in Table 3.

Postemergence (Broadleaf and grass control): Apply at rate in Table 3 before weeds exceed 1.5 inches in height. Postemergence application to sorghum must be made before sorghum reaches 12 inches in height.

TABLE 4: BROADLEAF AND GRASS WEED CONTROL IN SORGHUM*

FOR ALL SOIL APPLICATIONS PRIOR TO CROP EMERGENCE

On Highly Erodible Soils (as defined by SCS)

If conservation tillage is practiced leaving at least 30% of the soil covered with plant residues at planting, apply 4 pints/A as a broadcast spray.

If the soil coverage with plant residue is less than 30% at planting, a maximum of 3.2 pints/A may be applied.

On Soils Not Highly Erodible

Apply 4 pints/A as a broadcast spray.

FOR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION

If no atrazine was applied prior to sorghum emergence, apply 4 pints/A broadcast. If a postemergence treatment is required following an earlier herbicide application, the total atrazine applied may not exceed 5 pints per acre per calendar year.

*Do not apply preplant in AL, AR, FL, GA, LA, MS, NC, NM, OK, SC, TN or TX. Do not apply preemergence in NM, OK, or TX, except in northeast OK, and the TX Gulf Coast.

In case of planting failure, sorghum or corn may be replanted. Do not make a second broadcast application, or injury may occur. If originally applied in a band and sorghum or corn is replanted in untreated row middles, this product may be applied in a band to the second planting. However, the maximum application rate for sorghum is 5 pts. per acre per calendar year.

Preemergence broadleaf weed control in furrow irrigated bedded sorghum (AZ and CA only): For preemergence control of many broadleaf weeds, broadcast 1.6-2.4 pts. per acre after bed preparation during or after planting, but before sorghum and weeds emerge and before the first furrow irrigation. Follow with several regular irrigations, making sure to thoroughly wet all soil.

Precautions for Preemergence Application to Furrow Irrigated Bedded Sorghum in AZ and CA: To avoid possible sorghum injury, do not use on sand or loamy sand soil or on sorghum planted in furrows. Applications to sorghum growing on alkali soils or where cuts, fills, or erosion have exposed calcareous or alkali subsoils may cause crop injury. In case of crop failure, do not replant sorghum for 8 months following application. Corn may be planted immediately.

Postemergence Broadleaf Weed Control with Emulsifiable Oil or Oil Concentrate in Water: Broadcast 2.4 pts./A for control of many broadleaf weeds. Apply before pigweed and lambsquarters reach 8 inches in height and before all other weeds reach 4 inches in height. In CO, western KS, OK, TX and desert regions of AZ and CA, apply when sorghum is 6-12 inches in height. Do not apply after sorghum reaches 12 inches in height. In all other areas, apply after sorghum is completely emerged but before sorghum reaches 12 inches in height. Add 1 gal. of emulsifiable oil per acre for ground application and 0.5 gal. per acre for aerial application, or add 1 qt. per acre of oil concentrate for ground or air application. A cultivation may be necessary if all weeds are not controlled or if weeds regrow.

For a list of weeds controlled, see ATRAZINE 4L Applied Alone—Corn or Grain Sorghum—Postemergence with Emulsifiable Oil or Oil Concentrate in Water.

Precautions for Applications with Emulsifiable Oil or Oil Concentrate in Water: See Precautions for Applications with Emulsifiable Oil or Oil Concentrate in Water in Corn section.

Postemergence Broadleaf Weed Control with Surfactant (CO, western KS, NM, OK, TX, and desert regions of AZ and CA only): Broadcast 2.4 pts./A plus 0.75-1.5 pts. of surfactant after sorghum reaches 6 inches in height, but before weeds exceed 1.5 inches in height. Apply only on sandy loam and finer textured soil.

Precautions for All Applications to Sorghum: (1) Heavy rain immediately following application tends to cause excessive concentrations of herbicide in seed furrow, resulting in possible crop injury. Do not apply to furrow-planted sorghum until furrows are leveled (plowed in). Level deep planter marks or seed furrows before application. (2) Application to sorghum growing under stress caused by minor element deficiency or to sorghum growing on highly calcareous soil may result in crop injury. (3) Following harvest, plow (moldboard or disk-plow) and thoroughly till soil in fall or spring to minimize possible injury to spring-seeded rotational crops, regardless of rate used. (4) Injury may occur if both this herbicide, preplant or preemergence, and an at-planting systemic insecticide applied in-furrow are used.

Note: Do not graze or feed forage from treated areas for 21 days following application.

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Rotational Crops: See Rotational Crops in Corn section.

TANK MIXTURES FOR GRAIN SORGHUM

Dual 8E or Lasso: Use as tank mixture with Dual 8E or Lasso for control of those weeds listed on these labels, as well as on this label. Use this tank mixture only on Concep® treated sorghum seed. Refer to the Dual 8E or Lasso label for all directions, precautions, and limitations.

WINTER WEED CONTROL IN TEXAS

For postemergence control of winter weeds only, such as henbit, seedling dock, and annual thistle on fall bedded land in the Gulf Coast and Blacklands of Texas. Apply 0.8 to 1 quart per acre postemergence to the weeds in November or December to land that will be planted to corn, grain sorghum, or forage sorghum the following spring. For best results, add a suitable surfactant, such as X-77, at the rate of 0.5% of the spray volume, an emulsifiable oil at the rate of 1.0% of the spray volume, or an oil concentrate at the rate of 1 quart per acre.

Normal weed control programs may be used in the following corn, grain sorghum or forage sorghum crops.

Note: Do not plant any crops except corn, grain sorghum, or forage sorghum the spring following this treatment, or illegal residues may result.

ATRAZINE 4L Alone—Chemical Fallow

Wheat-Sorghum-Fallow: To control annual broadleaf and grass weeds following wheat harvest and in the following sorghum crop when grown under minimum tillage, broadcast 6 pts./A to wheat stubble immediately following wheat harvest. If weeds are present at application, remove them with a sweep plow or other suitable implement after application, or use an approved contact herbicide before or after the application of ATRAZINE 4L. Plant sorghum into wheat stubble the following spring with minimum soil disturbance. Use a surface planter or a planter leaving a shallow furrow. If weeds are present at planting, remove them with a sweep plow or other suitable implement before planting.

For a list of weeds controlled, see ATRAZINE 4L Applied Alone—Corn or Grain Sorghum—Preplant Incorporated or Preemergence

Precautions: (1) Use only on silt loam or finer textured soil. (2) Wheat-sorghum-fallow cropping sequence must be followed. (3) Do not apply following sorghum harvest.

Note: Do not graze or feed forage from treated area to livestock. Do not plant any crop other than those listed on this label within 18 months following treatment.

Wheat-Corn-Fallow (KS, NE): This product controls cheatgrass (downy brome, chess), kochia, mustards, pigweed, Russian thistle, wild lettuce, wild sunflower, and volunteer wheat during period after wheat harvest. Weed control may extend into following corn crop grown under minimum tillage.

Follow directions for use, notes and precautions in the Wheat-Sorghum-Fallow section above, substituting corn for references to sorghum.

Wheat-Fallow-Wheat (CO, KS, MT, NE, ND, SD, and WY): For preemergence control of cheatgrass (downy brome, chess), common lambsquarters, field pennycress, kochia, mustard, Russian thistle, wild lettuce and suppression of volunteer wheat during fallow period of wheat-fallow-wheat rotations, broadcast 1-2 pts./A on all soils except those listed under Precautions. For control of pigweed and wild sunflower, use the higher rate. Apply to stubble ground. Treat only once during same fallow period.

TANK MIXTURES FOR CHEMICAL FALLOW

Wheat-Sorghum-Fallow or Wheat-Corn-Fallow (KS, NE):

Gramoxone Extra: If weeds are present at application, a tank mix with Gramoxone Extra may be used. Broadcast 6 pts. of ATRAZINE 4L plus 1-2 pts. of Gramoxone Extra in 20-60 gal. of water per acre by ground equipment. Add 0.5-1 pt. of a nonionic surfactant, such as Activate Plus, per 100 gal. of spray mixture. Add ATRAZINE 4L to spray tank first and thoroughly mix with water. Then add Gramoxone Extra followed by surfactant. Use the 2 pt. rate of Gramoxone Extra if weeds are 4-6 inches tall. This mixture will not control weeds taller than 6 inches. Apply to stubble ground. Treat only once during same fallow period. Refer to Gramoxone Extra label for further directions, precautions, and limitations.

Wheat-Fallow-Wheat (CO, KS, MT, ND, SD, and WY):

Gramoxone Extra: If weeds are present at application, a tank mix with Gramoxone Extra may be used. Broadcast 1-2 pts. of ATRAZINE 4L plus 1-2 pts. of Gramoxone Extra in 20-60 gal. of water per acre by ground equipment. Add 0.5-1 pt. of a nonionic surfactant, such as Activate Plus, per 100 gal. of spray mixture. Add ATRAZINE 4L to spray tank first and thoroughly mix with water. Then add Gramoxone Extra followed by surfactant. Use the 2 pt. rate of Gramoxone Extra if weeds are 4-6 inches tall. This mixture will not control weeds taller than 6 inches. Apply to stubble ground. Treat only once during same fallow period. Refer to Gramoxone Extra label for further directions, precautions, and limitations. If weeds are present at application and this product is used alone, use either an approved contact herbicide before or after treatment, or tillage after treatment.

Use tillage to control weeds which escape during fallow period. Till before planting. For this product applied alone or in tank mixture with Gramoxone Extra, plant at least 2 inches deep and 12 months or more after application.

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Precautions: (1) Do not use on sand soil. (2) Do not treat eroded hillides, caliche and rocky outcroppings of exposed calcareous subsoil. (3) Do not treat soils of the Rosebud and Canyon Series in western NE and adjoining counties in CO and WY. (4) Do not treat soils with calcareous surface layers. (5) Avoid spray overlap.

Note: Do not graze treated areas within 6 months after application.

Aerial Application: In order to assure that spray will be controllable within the target area when used according to label directions, make applications at a maximum height of 10 ft. using low drift nozzles at a maximum pressure of 40 psi, and restrict application to periods when wind speed does not exceed 10 mph. To assure that spray will not adversely affect adjacent sensitive nontarget plants, apply ATRAZINE 4L alone by aircraft at a minimum upwind distance of 400 ft. from sensitive plants, or apply ATRAZINE 4L + Igran 80W at a minimum upwind distance of 500 ft. from sensitive plants. When applying ATRAZINE 4L and Igran 80W by aircraft, use a minimum of 5 gal. of water per acre.

ROADSIDES

To control certain annual weeds in established perennial grasses along roadsides in CO, KS, MT, ND, NE, SD, and WY, including cheatgrass (downy brome, chess), common (annual) broomweed, little barley, medusahead, sagewort, and tumble mustard, broadcast 2 pints per acre in a minimum of 10 gallons of water by ground equipment in the fall before ground freezes, or after thawing in the spring, but before the established grasses green-up and before weeds emerge. Examples of desirable established grasses include bigbluestem, bluegrama, bromegrass, buffalograss, crestedwheatgrass, Indiangrass, little bluestem, side-oats grama, switchgrass, and Western wheatgrass. Apply only once per year. Temporary discoloration or other form of injury to the desirable perennial grasses may occur following application.

Notes: To avoid illegal residues, (1) Do not cut or feed roadside grass hay. (2) Do not allow livestock to graze treated areas.

CONSERVATION RESERVE PROGRAM (CRP) (NE, OK, OR, and TX)

For control or suppression of the following weeds: annual ragweeds, barnyardgrass, black nightshade, cheat, cocklebur, downy brome, fall panicum, field pennycress, giant foxtail, yellow foxtail, Japanese brome, Kentucky bluegrass, kochia, lambsquarters, little barley, marehail, pigweed, prickly lettuce, smooth brome, and sunflower, refer to the directions, notes, and precautions below:

Pure stands of newly seeded big bluestem, switchgrass, and eastern gamagrass

Use only on loam, silt loam, silty clay loam, clay loam, and silty clay soils with at least 1% organic matter.

Establishment: Broadcast 2 quarts per acre of Atrazine 4L preplant incorporated or preemergence at time seeding and prior to emergence of weeds. Prepare a good firm seedbed. Plant 1/2 inch deep with a grassland drill (preferred method) or a conventional drill. If a conventional drill is used on prepared seedbeds, remove all tension from the disk openers. For best results, cutpack or roll after planting.

Renovation of existing stands of big bluestem and switchgrass planted on CRP acres

Broadcast 1-2 quarts per acre to existing stands of big bluestem and switchgrass prior to the emergence of weeds. Use the low rate on soils containing from 1-2% organic matter. Use the high rate on soils with 2% or more organic matter.

Renovation of existing stands of the following perennial range grasses planted on CRP acres: Blue gramma, Indiangrass, little bluestem, sand lovegrass, sideoats grama, and Western wheatgrass.

Broadcast 0.5-1 quart per acre in the spring prior to weed emergence, or in the fall before the ground freezes and prior to weed emergence after these species have been established for at least 1 growing season for control or partial control of the weeds listed above. Use the low rate for weeds controlled or suppressed easily. Use the higher rate on other weeds claimed in an earlier section of this label.

Aerial Application: Make applications at maximum height of 10 feet above vegetation. Use low drift nozzles at a maximum pressure of 40 psi. Restrict application to periods when wind speed does not exceed 10 mph to control drift. To assure that drift will not adversely affect adjacent sensitive nontarget plants, apply Atrazine 4L by aircraft at a minimum upwind distance of 400 feet from sensitive plants. Use 3-5 gallons per acre total water volume; use the higher water volume when a dense, heavy ground cover is present.

Notes: (1) Do not cut or feed grass hay to livestock. (2) Do not graze treated areas. (3) Do not use seeds for bird food. (4) Do not dump or spill product or dispose of containers within reach of livestock. (5) Follow all applicable restrictions for the Conservation Reserve Program.

Precautions: To avoid crop injury, make only 1 application per year. Slight discoloration of desirable grasses may occur following treatment. Injury may be enhanced when used on neutral or alkaline soils.

SEVERE DROUGHT CONDITION

Do not graze forage or cut forage for hay. Under severe drought conditions, the Conservation Reserve Program allows grazing and making of hay from CRP acres, as so specified by the local ASCS (Agricultural Stabilization & Conservation Service) office. This label does not allow grazing or making of hay from CRP acres that have been treated with atrazine under any circumstance.

TURF GRASSES FOR SOD (FLORIDA ONLY)

St. Augustine, Centipedegrass, and Zoysia Grass

Broadcast 4-8 pts. per acre according to soil texture to control those weeds listed under ATRAZINE 4L Applied Alone—Corn or Grain Sorghum—Preplant Incorporated or Preemergence.

Muck or Peat	8 pts.	Old beds: Within 2 days after lifting sod.
		New beds: 3-4 days after sprigging or plugging.
Sandy Soil	4 pts.	Old beds: Within 2 days after lifting sod.
		New beds: 7-10 days after sprigging or plugging.

If weeds regrow, apply an additional 4 pts. per acre on muck or peat, or 2 pts. per acre on sandy soil.

Precautions: (1) Do not apply within 30 days prior to cutting or lifting. (2) Do not apply in combination with surfactants or other spray additives, or injury may occur. (3) Use only on turfgrass reasonably free of infestations of insects, nematodes, and diseases. (4) On newly sprigged turfgrass, temporary slowing of growth may follow application.

TURFGRASS FOR FAIRWAYS, LAWNS, SOD PRODUCTION*, AND SIMILAR AREAS

*In states other than Florida. For use on turfgrass for sod in Florida, see "Turfgrass for Sod (Florida Only)" section above.

Bermudagrass, Centipedegrass, St. Augustinegrass, and Zoysia Grass:

Apply Atrazine 4L after October 1 before emergence of winter annual weeds for control of annual bluegrass, burclover, carpet burweed, chickweed, corn speedwell, henbit, hop clover, and spurweed. Atrazine 4L will control annual bluegrass even if it is emerged at time of treatment. For control of summer annual weeds listed in the preemergence portion of the Atrazine 4L Applied Alone—Corn or Grain Sorghum section of this label, also apply Atrazine 4L in late winter before the weeds emerge. Apply in a minimum of 15 gallons of water per acre or 1 gallon per 1,000 square feet.

Where annual bluegrass is the major weed, use 1 qt./A (22 ml or 0.75 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.). Use 2 qts./A (44 ml or 1.5 fl. oz. per 1,000 sq. ft.) for control of the other weeds named above. Do not exceed 1 qt./A per treatment on newly sprigged turfgrass or on hybrid Bermudagrass such as Tiflawn, Tifway, and Ormond.

For continued summer annual weed control, apply another 1 qt./A at least 30 days after the previous application, but not after April 15. However, do not make more than two applications of this product per year.

Precautions: On newly sprigged turfgrass and hybrid Bermudagrass, temporary slowing of growth and yellowing may occur following application. To avoid turf injury, (1) Use only on turfgrass reasonably free of infestations of insects, nematodes, and diseases. (2) Do not use on golf greens. (3) Do not use north of NC (except may be used in Virginia Coastal Plains) or west of the high rainfall areas of eastern OK and eastern TX. (4) Do not use on muck or alkaline soils. (5) Do not apply over the rooting area of trees or ornamentals not listed on this label. (6) Do not overseed with desirable turfgrass within 4 months before or 6 months after treatment. (7) Do not apply this product to newly seeded Bermudagrass until it has been overwintered and has a well-developed rhizome system. Do not exceed 2 qts. product/A within 12 months of seeding bermudagrass.

Note: Do not graze or feed turf clippings to animals or illegal residues may result.

MACADAMIA NUTS

For preemergence control of many broadleaf and grass weeds, including crabgrass, foxtail, wiregrass, Flora's paintbrush, spanishneedles, and fireweed, broadcast 4-8 pts. per acre before harvest and before weeds emerge. Repeat as necessary. Do not spray when nuts are on ground during harvest period. Do not apply by air.

SUGARCANE

For control of many broadleaf grass weeds, including amaranths, crabgrass, fireweed, Flora's paintbrush, foxtails, junglerice and wiregrass, broadcast 4-8 pts. per acre of ATRAZINE 4L at time of planting or ratooning, but before sugarcane emerges. Broadcast serially in a minimum of 5 gal. of spray per acre, or broadcast or band by ground equipment in a minimum of 20 gal. per acre, unless indicated otherwise. One additional application may be made over the sugarcane as it emerges, and two additional aerial applications may be made interline after emergence as directed sprays. Repeat treatments, where needed, may be applied broadcast, band, or interline as suggested with the final application being prior to close-in. Do not exceed the rate of herbicide suggested for any one crop of sugarcane.

Note: Where high rates of ATRAZINE 4L are used alone, apply in a minimum of 1 qt. of water for each 1 qt. of ATRAZINE 4L applied per acre.

Aerial application: In order to assure that spray will be controllable within the target area when used according to label directions, make applications at a maximum height of 10 ft- using low drift nozzles at a maximum pressure of 40 psi, and restrict application to periods when wind speed does not exceed 10 mph. To assure that spray will not adversely affect adjacent sensitive nontarget plants, apply ATRAZINE 4L alone by aircraft at a minimum upwind distance of 400 ft. from sensitive plants.

Florida

For control of emerged pelitory weed: Apply 0.8-1.2 pts. per acre in at least 40 gal. of water as a directed spray by ground equipment prior to close-in. Add 4 qts. of surfactant for each 100 gal. of spray. Thoroughly cover weed foliage.

For control of alexandergrass, large crabgrass, pelitory (artillery) weed, and spiny amaranth, use one of the following methods at planting or ratooning:

1. Apply 8 pts./A preemergence. Follow with one or two applications, as needed, postemergence to sugarcane and weeds, at 4 pts. per acre. Treat before weeds exceed 1.5 inches in height.
2. Apply 1-3 times, as needed, at 4 pts./A postemergence to sugarcane and weeds. Treat before weeds exceed 1.5 inches in height.

Louisiana

For control of annual weeds during the summer fallow period, apply 4 pints per acre to weed-free beds immediately after bed formation. Follow normal weed control after planting.

Precautions: To avoid crop injury, (1) Do not apply more than 10 quarts per acre to any one crop of sugarcane. (2) If making 4 pints per acre applications during the summer fallow period, do not exceed 8 quarts per acre during the remainder of the growing season, or illegal residues may result.

Texas

Use ATRAZINE 4L for control of barnyardgrass, pigweed, purslane and sunflower, in plant or ratoon sugarcane.

Apply 8 pts. per acre of ATRAZINE 4L preemergence. Follow with one or two applications, as needed, at 6 pts. per acre postemergence to sugarcane and weeds.

For best results when weeds are emerged, add a nonionic surfactant at a concentration of 2 qts. per 100 gal. to the spray and apply before weeds exceed 1.5 inches in height.

Precautions: (1) Injury to sugarcane may occur when under moisture stress, when soil is of low absorptive capacity, or when land is first cropped to sugarcane. (2) Do not apply after close-in. (3) Do not apply more than 20 pts. per acre to any one crop of sugarcane, or crop injury may result.

CONIFERS

For control of annual broadleaf and grass weeds prior to transplanting, after transplanting or in established conifers (including Douglas fir, grand fir, noble fir, white fir, Austrian pine, bishop pine, Jeffery pine, knobcone pine, loblolly pine, lodgepole pine (shore pine), monterey pine, ponderosa pine, Scotch pine, slash pine, blue spruce, and Sitka spruce): Broadcast 4-8 pts. in a minimum of 5 gal. of water per acre by air or 10 gal. by ground before weeds are 1.5 inches tall. Apply to established trees between fall and early spring while trees are dormant. For new transplants, apply during or soon after transplanting. For applications prior to transplanting, allow sufficient precipitation to activate ATRAZINE 4L before transplanting. In areas where spring and summer rainfall is inadequate to activate atrazine, apply during fall prior to spring transplanting.

For the list of weeds controlled, see ATRAZINE 4L Applied Alone—Corn or Grain Sorghum—Preplant Incorporated or Preemergence.

Quackgrass control: Broadcast 8 pts. in a minimum of 5 gal. of water per acre by air or 10 gal. by ground between fall and early spring while trees are dormant and before quackgrass is more than 1.5 inches tall.

NOTICE: Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use, but neither this warranty nor any other warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of this product contrary to label instructions, or under abnormal conditions, or under conditions not reasonably foreseeable to Seller, and Buyer assumes the risk of any such use. Seller shall not be responsible for incidental or consequential damages, if any, resulting from a breach of warranty.

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