

BEST AVAILABLE COPY

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE

For retail sale to and use only by Certified Applicators or persons under their direct supervision and only for those uses covered by the Certified Applicator's certification.

RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION

ONLY WHEN WEARING THE FOLLOWING PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING
(1) Wear water-proof pants, coat, hat, rubber boots or rubber overshoes (2) Wear safety goggles (3) Wear mask or respirator approved by the U.S. Bureau of Mines for methyl parathion protection (4) Wear heavy duty, natural rubber gloves

WORK SAFETY RULES
Keep all unprotected persons and children away from treated area or where there is danger of drift. Do not rub eyes or mouth with hands. If you feel sick in any way STOP work and get help right away. Call a doctor (physician) clinic or hospital — immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to methyl parathion and describe his condition. After first aid is given (see First Aid Treatment Section) and if a doctor cannot come, take victim to clinic or hospital.

IMPORTANT! Before removing gloves, wash them with soap and water. Always wash hands, face and arms with soap and water before smoking, eating or drinking.

AFTER WORK, take off all work clothes and shoes. Shower using soap and water. Wear only clean clothes when leaving job. Do not wear contaminated clothing. Wash protective clothing and protective equipment with soap and water after each use. Respirator should be cleaned and filter replaced according to instructions included with respirator.

POISON SIGNS (Symptoms)
Methyl parathion is a very dangerous poison. It enters the body on contact with all skin surfaces and eyes. Clothing wet with this material must be removed immediately. Exposed persons must receive prompt medical treatment or they may die. Some of the signs and symptoms of poisoning are: Headache, nausea, vomiting, cramps, weakness, blurred vision, pin point pupils, tightness in chest, labored breathing, nervousness, sweating, watering of eyes, drooping or frothing of mouth and nose, muscle spasms and coma.

FIRST AID TREATMENT
Call a doctor (physician), clinic, or hospital immediately. Explain that the victim has been exposed to methyl parathion and describe his condition.

IF BREATHING HAS STOPPED, start artificial respiration immediately and maintain until doctor sees victim.

IF SWALLOWED and victim is awake (conscious) make him vomit quickly. Induce vomiting by sticking finger down throat or by giving soapy or strong salty water to drink. Repeat until vomit is clear. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Have victim lie down and keep quiet. See doctor immediately.

IN CASE OF CONTACT, immediately flush eyes or skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. See doctor immediately.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN
Antidote — administer atropine sulfate in large doses. TWO to FOUR mg intravenously or intramuscularly as soon as cyanosis is overcome. Repeat at 5 to 10 minute intervals until signs of atropinization appear. 2-PAM chloride is also antidotal and may be administered in conjunction with atropine. DO NOT GIVE MORPHINE OR TRANQUILIZERS. Methyl parathion is a strong cholinesterase inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral nervous systems and producing cardiac and respiratory depression. At first sign of pulmonary edema, the patient should be given supplemental oxygen and treated symptomatically. Continued absorption of the poison may occur and fatal relapses have been reported after initial improvement. VERY CLOSE SUPERVISION OF THE PATIENT IS INDICATED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS.

POST TREATED AREA
Consult your State Agricultural Extension Service or Experiment Station regarding posting treated areas.

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:	
O,O-dimethyl O-p-nitrophenyl phosphorothioate*	71.7%
Aromatic Petroleum Solvent	15.8%
INERT INGREDIENTS:	
TOTAL	100.0%
*Methyl Parathion	
Contains 7.2 Pounds Methyl Parathion per gallon.	

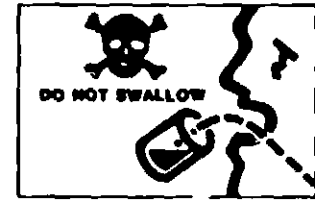
STOP — READ LABEL BEFORE USING!

POISON
SEE SIDE PANELS FOR ANTIDOTE AND PRECAUTIONS

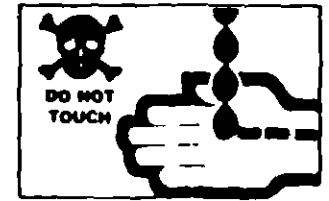


DANGER
KEEP OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN

NOT FOR HOME USE



CAN KILL IF SWALLOWED
This product can kill you if swallowed even in small amounts. Spray mist may be fatal if swallowed.



CAN KILL BY SKIN CONTACT
This product can kill you if touched by hands or spilled or splashed on skin, in eyes or on clothing (liquid goes through clothes).



CAN KILL IF BREATHED
This product can kill you if vapors or spray mist are breathed.

POISONOUS TO FISH AND WILDLIFE
This product is toxic to fish and wildlife. Birds and other wildlife in treated areas may be killed. Keep out of any body of water. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment, or by disposal of wastes. Snails and crabs may be killed at application rates recommended on this label. Do not apply where these are important resources. Apply this product only as specified on this label.

HIGHLY TOXIC TO BEES
This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on crops. Protective information may be obtained from your Cooperative Agricultural Extension Service.

GENERAL INFORMATION
RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 is useful for the control of pests of alfalfa, beans (dry, green, lima), cabbage and cole crops (brussels sprouts, cauliflower), collards, kale, mustard greens, corn, cotton, ginseng, peas, rice, small grains (barley, oats, rye, wheat, sorghum, speltz), sugar beets, sweet potatoes, tobacco, and tomatoes. RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 may be applied by ground sprayers, using the RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 in not less than 1 gallon of water per acre. Airplanes should apply the recommended amount of RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 in not less than 1 gallon of water per acre.

Where a dosage range is given use the lower rate on small or young insect infestations, use the higher rate on large or mature pest infestations. The amounts to use given in DIRECTIONS FOR USE are the amount of RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 to apply per acre per application unless otherwise stated otherwise in DIRECTIONS FOR USE. There are 16 fluid ounces to a pint. The hazards and precautions for handling RIVERSIDE METHYL PARATHION 7.2 are equally applicable to it after dilution with water.

DO NOT USE, POUR, SPILL, OR STORE NEAR FIRE.

READ ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USING THIS PRODUCT: Use in accordance with the information on this label may injure domestic animals, wildlife, aquatic life, desirable plants, create other chemical residues, or produce other undesirable results.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
ALFALFA: For control of Aphids (including Pea Aphid and Spotted Armyworm), Climbing Cutworms, Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, Lygus Stinkbugs, apply 5 to 8 fluid ounces; for Clover Leaf Weevils and Weevils, apply 12 fluid ounces to 1 1/4 pints. Do not apply later than 20 days prior to harvest, cutting, or forage during bloom period to avoid injury to honeybees.

CLOVER: For control of Alfalfa Weevil larvae, apply 5 to 8 fluid ounces when buds and shoots appear (before ragwort count reaches 25 per sweep); for Aphids, Armyworms, Green Leafhoppers, Lygus Bugs, Meas, and Thrips, apply 5 to 8 fluid ounces; for Cabbage Looper, apply 1 1/4 pints; for Cowpea Cuckoo, apply 3 fluid ounces to 1 1/4 pints. Do not apply later than 20 days prior to harvest, cutting, or forage during bloom period to avoid injury to honeybees.

BEANS (Dry, Green, Lima): For control of Aphids, Armyworm, Leafhoppers, Meas, and Plant Bugs (including Lygus Bugs), apply 1 1/4 pints; for Cabbage Looper, apply 1 1/4 pints; for Cowpea Cuckoo, apply 3 fluid ounces to 1 1/4 pints. Do not apply within 21 days of harvest.

CABBAGE AND COLE CROPS (Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Collards, Kale, Mustard Greens, etc.): For control of Aphids, Armyworms, and Thrips (including Lygus Bugs, etc.), apply 8 fluid ounces to 1 1/4 pints; for Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, apply 12 fluid ounces to 1 1/4 pints; for Imported Cabbageworm, Plant Bugs, and Stinkbugs, apply 1 1/4 to 1 3/4 pints. Do not apply 8 fluid ounces or less later than 10 days before harvest.

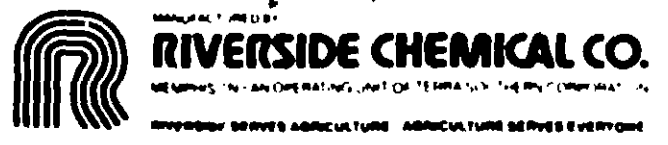
COLLARDS, KALE AND MUSTARD GREENS: For control of Flea Beetles, Leafhoppers, and Meas, apply 12 fluid ounces to 1 1/4 pints.

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METHYL PARATHION, LIQUID

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